"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; probably showers tomorrow; northwest winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 86; min., 66.
☞For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXIII...No. 24,276. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1924. TWO CENTS in Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

SENATE, 236 TO 17, AUTHORIZES HERRIOT TO GO TO LONDON

Poincare Warns French Premier That He Will Be Judged by Results Alone.

NEW POLICY ON THE RHINE

Nationalist Theme of Delayed Evacuation Accepted by Government Before the Vote.

QUESTIONED ON WAR DEBTS

Herriot Replies That He Can Only Appeal to the Allies' Spirit of Equity.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 11.—Before obtaining in the Senate tonight a vote enabling him to go to the London conference, Premier Herriot agreed to accept the Nationalist theme that the five, ten and fifteen year delays for the evacuation of the Rhine bridgeheads had not yet, almost five years after the Treaty of Versailles went into effect, begun to run.

M. Millerand, when he was Premier three years ago, first enunciated the doctrine that until Germany began to currently fulfill her treaty obligations, the periods fixed for the Rhineland evacuation had not begun. Premier Poincaré made this point one of the foundations of his foreign policy.

Premier Herriot's acceptance of this position is especially significant now, because the Germans demand that in return for accepting the Dawes plan they shall obtain definite assurances as to the Rhineland occupation, and it is their view that in next January, when the treaty shall have been in effect for five years, Cologne should be evacuated. While Premier MacDonald of Great Britain has made no statement on this point, other leaders in the British Labor Party have said that the British should withdraw.

Despite this concession, M. Herriot scarcely obtained a vote of which he may boast, for there were only 236 Senators who voted for him, with 17 against him, out of 430 members of the upper house. M. Poincaré, who issued such a long warning to Premier Herriot last night, voted for him tonight with the understanding that he would be held in strict accounting for his work in London.

Before the speech of M. Herriot, today Senator Daucet offered a speech of caution in which he made a pessimistic review of the French fiscal situation. He was in favor of the Dawes plan as the best way out of a bad situation, but pleaded that France should remain strong militarily against another effort of Germany to escape payments. He thought that in view of the many reductions of French claims against the Reich France had the right to ask a reduction of what she owed to the Allies. He was sorry that England and France did not take this view, and expressed the opinion that France could never pay.

Foreign Debt and Budget.

"The budget of France cannot be shaped to take into account the foreign debt, which today stands at 120,000,000,000 francs," he said. "With the menace of such a debt, no budget is possible. This question must be finished with. France has never denied her debt, but with what is she going to pay? Is she going to try to pay these one hundred and twenty billions with the hundred billions which she may get under the Dawes plan? If so how shall we pay for our reconstruction?"

Confronting the Senate frankly with the knowledge that a majority of its members really were against him, Premier Herriot said he regretted that the debate preliminary to the London conference had gone so far. He protested against being tied with chains, but said that he would try to bear some of them.

Admitting the serious divergence between the British and French views, he said that the good will of Premier MacDonald, which he was trying to match, was the best factor in the situation. He asked the Senate to forget the bitter dispute which arose over the Chequers meeting, and to pay attention only to the most recent statement of the two Premiers.

Premier Herriot urged the necessity of putting the experts' plan into force at once and said that General Dawes and his colleagues had recommended cooperation between the Allies and Germany, and that he and Premier MacDonald were going to try to permit the minimum of politics to enter into their negotiations. His statement that he would protect the commission on reparations brought a number of interruptions from those who had observed that Premier MacDonald, in his speech last night in the House of Commons, showed that he had not accepted the French view.

M. Poincaré drily remarked that while what M. Herriot said was interesting the agreement he would bring back from London would be more important. The former Premier asked the Senate to permit Premier Herriot to go to London and to reserve its judgment for fruits in his labors. In fact, before the end of the debate, M. Poincaré was defending Premier Herriot.

Hopes America Will Help.

The Premier made an interesting statement to the effect that by taking the most optimistic view of what the Dawes plan would bring to France, the total could not be much more than 40,000,000,000 gold marks in present values, because the present value of payments

Continued on Page Three.

BELL-ANS FOR ACUTE INDIGESTION
relieves the most severe attacks.—Adv.

Long Island Fare Increases Suspended Until Nov. 22

ALBANY, N. Y., July 11.—The Public Service Commission has suspended until Nov. 22 the increased schedule of commutation rates which had been announced by the Long Island Railroad. The increases, as proposed by the railroad, averaged about 20 per cent.

The Public Service Commission and the Transit Commission will start joint hearings in New York Aug. 5 to determine the advisability of the increase.

AMERICAN FLIERS IN CONSTANTINOPLE

Arrive From Aleppo Ahead of Their Telegram—Hop Off Today for Bucharest.

DUE IN VIENNA TOMORROW

Paris Prepares Big Reception in the Hope That Airmen Get There for July 14 Fete.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 11.—The American Army airmen arrived here last evening from Aleppo and will continue their journey to Bucharest tomorrow night. The hop from Aleppo was without incident.

Before they left Aleppo, a telegram was dispatched to a notary in Constantinople announcing their departure. The telegram, however, arrived two hours after the airmen.

Paris Pleased Over Great Flight.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 11.—With the receipt of dispatches from Constantinople that the American fliers arrived there yesterday and are expected to leave today, the keenest interest has been aroused here in their flight.

Preparations have been made at Le Bourget, airport of Paris, for the reception of the air argonauts, and an impressive reception will be accorded them on their arrival. It is hoped that they can get here by Monday, the 14th.

Delegations from the French Air Ministry, headed by Laurent Eynac, and from the American Embassy officials, as well as large numbers of enthusiastic Frenchmen and Americans, will greet the fliers.

It is a source of great sorrow that financial difficulties prevented France from participating in the world flight, and the French people have the keenest interest in the race. It is safe to say that the French appreciate the task already accomplished by the airmen fully as much as Americans do.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, July 11.—It is officially announced by the American Legation that the American fliers, who are now at Constantinople, are expected to arrive in Vienna Sunday afternoon.

Italian Starts Flight Tomorrow.

ROME, July 11 (Associated Press).—Lieutenant Locatelli, the Italian airman whose projected flight to the North Pole recently was postponed until next year, expects to leave Sunday from Pisa for England, Iceland, Greenland, Canada and the United States.

He will use the same machine he expected to pilot toward the pole, and will gather data for the future polar flight.

Locatelli will be accompanied by five persons, including two motor experts, an observer, a mechanic and a wireless operator.

Officials of the American Embassy have provided the Lieutenant and his aids with credentials to be used on American territory.

Caproni Builds Giant Plane.

MILAN, Italy, July 11.—The Caproni Airplane Works are building a new machine, to be equipped with three 200-horse power motors, intended to have a cruising radius so great that it will be able easily to cross the Atlantic Ocean.

TREASURY SUSPENDS CERTIFICATE SALES FOR CHEAPER MONEY

Stops 4½ Per Cent. Financing When Call Loans Are Offered at 2 Per Cent.

ORDER EFFECTIVE JULY 15

Saving Stamps Are Included—Policy to Continue Until Conditions Change.

THRIFT BONDS IN DEMAND

Disparity in Rates Has Made Them Popular in New York Market.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The Treasury today ordered suspended all sales of Treasury savings certificates and stamps effective July 15. Acting Secretary Winston said the present money market did not warrant the Treasury paying 4½ per cent. interest on the savings securities when funds might be obtained at much lower interest.

Further sale of certificates will be held in abeyance until conditions have changed. Call money was quoted at 2 per cent. in the New York market yesterday and Treasury officials recalled that the last issue of certificates of indebtedness was floated at a rate of 2¾ per cent. The savings certificates bear 4½ per cent., compounded semi-annually for five years.

More than $400,000,000 in Treasury certificates is now outstanding. The first sales—in the form of war savings stamps—were made in 1918, but those have been retired and each subsequent year has seen a new issue. Almost $100,000,000 of the issue of 1924 has been sold.

Sale of the certificates was suspended in eighteen States last Feb. 3, on account of financial conditions in some of the Northwestern sections. Objection then was raised to the Federal Government continuing to make money out of areas where banks were failing and conditions generally were regarded as poor.

Savings certificates have hitherto formed an important part of Treasury fiscal operations. Late in the war the idea of promoting nation-wide saving was worked out and the war savings certificates made their appearance. Through the sale of 25-cent stamps the Treasury, in 1918, obtained more than $1,000,000,000, and this materially aided in financing the war. Later the savings certificates succeeded the savings stamps and they became an adjunct to the Treasury refunding operations, but their usefulness has steadily decreased as open money market rates have fallen.

Demand for Treasury certificates has been strong in New York as a result of the disparity in interest rates on this prime Government paper and rates obtainable in the open market for ordinary commercial paper loans. The institution of the plan to encourage thrift through the offering of Treasury certificates met with excellent results, according to reports received from all parts of the country. The placing of money in Government paper resulted in strong protests in some of the Western States, where banks reported that serious inroads were being made into their savings deposits, ordinarily paying 4 per cent. interest, by reason of the Government savings plan, which some savings bankers described as competitive business.

The factor that has prevented the widespread investment of money by banks themselves in Government paper has been the limitations placed upon the nature of such investments. Under the Treasury plan it was intended solely for individual savings and not for the investment of large sums by institutions.

Bankers said yesterday they looked for no change in prevailing money rates, which range from 2 per cent. on call loans to 3 per cent. or thereabouts on longer-term loans, for another two months, at least.

Philippa Wendell Will Also Wed an Earl; Elder Sister Is Wife of Earl of Carnarvon

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 11.—The marriage of the Earl of Galloway and Philippa Wendell, daughter of the late Jacob Wendell of New York and Mrs. Wendell of Sandridgebury, St. Albans, Hertfordshire, will take place in the near future.

Miss Philippa Wendell, daughter of the late Jacob Wendell of this city, is a sister of Lady Carnarvon, formerly Miss Catherine Wendell, who in July, 1922, was married to Lord Porchester, as he was known before the death of his father, the Earl of Carnarvon, famous for his discovery of the tomb of Tutankh-Amen. She is also a sister of Jacob Wendell, who in April, 1923, married Miss Eileen V. Carr, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Carr of London. Reginald L. Wendell is a younger brother.

Miss Wendell's father, Jacob Wendell, died in April, 1911. He belonged to an old New York family, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wendell, having had a house for many years in East Thirty-eighth Street near Fifth Avenue. He was a graduate of Harvard and was for many years interested in amateur theatricals. A few years before his death he went on the professional stage, appearing at the New Theatre in "Antony and Cleopatra" and in "The Blue Bird." It was in 1903 that he married Miss Marian Fendell of Baltimore. His brothers were the late Evert Jansen Wendell and Professor Barrett Wendell of Harvard University.

Mrs. Wendell and her children have for some years made their home in England. She has a country place, Sandridge, at Sandridgebury, near St. Albans, Hertfordshire.

Sir Randolph Algernon Ronald Stewart, twelfth Earl of Galloway, succeeded to his title on the death of his father in 1920. He was born Nov. 21, 1892, and was educated at Harrow and the Royal Military College at Sandhurst. He served in the World War and was a prisoner in 1914-15. He is a Captain, Reserve of Officers, Scots Guards. He has an estate of 40,000 acres. The Earls of Galloway descend from Sir John Stewart, younger son of Alexander, fourth hereditary Lord High Steward of Scotland, whose son, James, was ancestor of the Royal House of Stuart.

The former Earls of Galloway also had immense estates in Scotland which were the scene of many famous events in history. Some of this land in the south of Scotland its former owners were compelled to offer for sale owing to agricultural depression. One of these estates offered for sale was Baldoon, which in 1669 was the scene of the weird and mysterious tragedy that forms the theme of Sir Walter Scott's "The Bride of Lammermoor."

The young Earl of Carnarvon, despite his large inheritance from his father, was reported this year as having decided to enter business.

Reduced Price Matinee Tomorrow "KID BOOTS" Eddie Cantor, Mary Eaton, Zieg-feld Greatest Success. Earl Carroll Thea.—Adv.

10,000 Sent Sympathy to Coolidges by Wire; President's Father With Him in White House

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—More than 10,000 telegrams of condolence had been received tonight by President and Mrs. Coolidge on the death of their son, Calvin Jr. Letters and resolutions were just beginning to arrive and the White House staff expected that these would outnumber the telegrams.

It is a policy of President Coolidge that each communication to the White House should be given individual attention and this policy already has greatly increased the size of the stenographic staff.

If a personal letter is written to each person who sent a telegram of sympathy, it will necessitate an addition of 35 or 40 employes over a period of several weeks, a White House employe estimated today. To acknowledge the letters and resolutions will require, of course, an even larger force.

Returning this morning on their special train from Vermont, where their younger son was buried yesterday, President and Mrs. Coolidge spent the greater part of the day in seclusion at the White House. No callers were received and the President attended to only the most pressing executive business. Both the President and his wife were very tired from their journey and worn by grief.

In the early afternoon the President accompanied his father, Colonel John C. Coolidge, who came to Washington with the Presidential party, to the naval dispensary, where the father had his eyes examined. Later the President went for a quiet drive in Potomac Park.

Mrs. Coolidge was said to be somewhat rested this afternoon, but in spite of her splendid courage it was feared that she might suffer a reaction, and those about her, including her devoted friends, Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Stearns, were doing everything they could to help her.

Colonel Coolidge, who saw his son yesterday for the first time since he swore him in as President of the United States in August last year, and who had not been to Washington since his son was inaugurated as Vice President, will remain here for an indefinite period.

Shortly after breakfast President Coolidge went to his desk in the Executive Offices, where he remained occupied until lunch time. He saw no one today except the members of his Cabinet now here—Secretaries Hughes, Wallace and Davis and Attorney General Stone—in a half hour's meeting, during which nothing of great importance was brought up for discussion, it was later said. Secretary Hughes, who leaves tomorrow for London, had two conferences alone with the President, one in the forenoon, the other about 3:30 P. M.

KILLS WIFE IN FURY AFTER PISTOL CHASE

Lyons Also Shoots Down Her Defender at Kilian's Beach, Clason Point.

BOY TRIES TO AID MOTHER

Hurls Wrench at Father, Who Reloads Pistol and Empties It Into Wife's Body.

The people of Kilian's Beach, a bungalow colony in the Clason Point section of the Bronx, were sitting at their breakfast tables yesterday morning, engrossed in news of the joys and sorrows of the rest of the world when tragedy burst without warning into their tranquil lives.

A plasterer's helper, 60 years old, was the man who brought unhappiness to Kilian's Beach. Nobody who saw Cornelius Lyons walking into his wife's bungalow would have taken him for anything but an ordinary workingman going about his business. One would never have guessed that he had a loaded pistol in his pocket and murder in his heart.

Hardly five minutes had passed, however, before the little community was shocked by the sight of Lyons, in a brutal rage, chasing his wife out of the house and through the street. He began shooting at her, but his first few shots went wild. His wife, 60 years old, feeble and terror stricken, attempted to run into another bungalow for shelter.

Shoots Down Kilian.

Philip J. Kilian, owner of this bungalow and the other bungalows in the colony, came running to his door to see what the trouble was. He saw a helpless woman fumbling at the latch of the front gate, with an armed madman behind her.

Armed with nothing but courage, Kilian rushed to the gate, swung it open, and pulled the woman inside. She ran toward the house, while her husband, cursing, turned his pistol upon Kilian, and shot him down beside the gate.

Lyons's pistol was now empty. He paused to reload it, while his wife stumbled across the yard, past the house and toward a road in back. Meanwhile their son, Cornelius Lyons, Jr., 18 years old, known as "Smiles," had seized a monkey wrench and had run to protect his mother.

The boy came up from behind just as his father finished reloading his pistol. The boy let the monkey wrench fly and it struck his father on the back of the head. Half dazed for a second, the man staggered and dropped to one knee. But he jumped up, without a glance behind, and ran after his wife, while a crowd of men and women groaned in apprehension.

Empties Pistol at Wife.

Mrs. Lyons, weak and frightened so that she was hardly able to move, was just trying to get into another bungalow when her husband caught up with her again. She half turned and lifted her left arm as if to ward off a blow at her face when the man fired. The bullet would have shattered her arm if she had not raised it. As it was, the bullet entered her side under the arm pit and reached her heart. She fell and her husband emptied his pistol at her, but all these shots went wild.

Two men then ran up and seized Lyons, holding his arms behind his back until a policeman came and took his pistol away. Mrs. Lyons and Kilian were taken to Fordham Hospital, but the woman was dead when the ambulance arrived. Kilian was in a serious condition. He underwent an operation for the removal of a bullet from his left side, but the doctors could not say whether he would recover.

Lyons was held without bail. He could not explain his actions, except that his wife had refused to let him live with her. She had had him arrested several times for mistreating her, and the courts had ordered him to let her alone. Lyons admitted going to Boston to get a pistol. After losing it, he said, he had gone back to Boston and bought another, with which he did the shooting.

The couple had been married thirty-one years and had eight children.

When you think of Writing, Think of Waterman's—Adv.

JEWELS UNTOUCHED IN ABANDONED SHOP

Mystery of Missing J. Betters Grows—Customers Learn Their Property Is Safe.

NO WORD FROM RELATIVES

Police Begin Hunt for Clues—Jeweler Had Worried Over His Son's Illness.

The mystery over the disappearance of Frederick Better, a Swiss jeweler and watchmaker of 198 Broadway, who was last seen on May 28, was heightened by yesterday's developments.

The temporary receiver appointed by the Supreme Court, Abraham Brekstone, visited the missing man's office, accompanied by Rosalie J. Janoer, a lawyer, on whose application Justice Wasservogel appointed a receiver to take possession of watches and other property in Mr. Better's office.

Miss Janoer had left a diamond-studded platinum watch with the jeweler to be repaired, and when she returned to get it found the place locked. In this way the disappearance became known.

The action in behalf of the creditors, some of whom had as much as $2,000 worth of watches and jewelry there waiting to be repaired, has saved the valuables from being put out into the street in dispossess proceedings.

"Our visit to the office today," said Miss Janoer yesterday to a Times reporter, "makes Mr. Better's disappearance all the more mysterious. I had placed the greatest confidence in the man, and today I found that everything in his office was intact. Watches were lying about on his work table and desk just as he had left them, and the safe containing valuables was locked. It seems strange that a man could vanish as Mr. Better has without leaving some trace.

"I have questioned persons who had business dealings with him, but what happened to him after May 28 is a closed book. If he went abroad on a vacation he might have indulged in mountain climbing, as he is a Swiss, and there met his death.

"I met him first two years ago. I found that he was not only an expert watchmaker but was quite learned. During our business conversations he spoke now and then of family troubles and of mental stress."

The police yesterday began working on the disappearance of the jeweler, and surprise was expressed that no word had come from any of his relatives after publication in the newspapers of the mystery.

Those who had business connections with him have only vague knowledge of his private life. The jeweler recently told a business friend that his son was ill and would have to undergo an operation which would cost the father $2,000.

The 1923 city directory gives Better's home address as 884 Whitlock Avenue, the Bronx. Nothing was known there concerning the jeweler, as he had moved a long time ago.

The stubs of a check book show that he had been drawing heavily upon his bank account. In one bank he had left only 48 cents.

Although persons vanish every day in New York, this is the first record of a man walking out of a Broadway office, leaving thousands of dollars of valuable jewelry and watches in his safe, and never being seen again.

FRENCH DEPUTIES WRANGLE

Socialist-Communist Row Forces Suspension of Session.

PARIS, July 11 (Associated Press).—Passage of the amnesty bill through the Chamber of Deputies seems fated to be marked by frequent suspensions of sittings owing to brawls among the Deputies. The one this afternoon arose when the Socialists accused the Communist Party of having sold their country.

A dozen Communists, headed by Marcel Cachin, with one bound rushed at the accuser, Henri le Mire, a member of the minority. The fray became general before the ushers could intervene, so President of the Chamber Painlevé donned his hat once more, thereby automatically suspending the sitting.

The addresses of the Authorized Christian Science churches in Manhattan and the Bronx, and the time of services are listed under "Religious Notices" in this newspaper.—Adv.

LA FOLLETTE PLANS DRIVE IN THE EAST; NEW YORK HIS BASE

Plans Big Meeting Here and Will Carry Campaign to Other Industrial Cities.

CONFERS WITH RAIL GROUP

Makes First Speech Before Members of Several Brotherhoods—Johnston Present.

FINANCE MEETING TODAY

Committee Will Decide Ways of Getting Contributions—Vice Presidency Announcement Next Week.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—A determined effort to drive a wedge through the Republican and Democratic Parties in New York and other industrial States of the East is to be made by those who will have charge of the campaign of Senator La Follette in the battle for the Presidency. Such was the information obtained here today, following an extended informal conference between Senator La Follette and a group of railroad labor leaders.

The Senator is convinced from information he has received from various quarters in the East that there is hope for his cause in what is looked on by those associated with him as "the enemy's country."

Regional headquarters will be established in New York City by the La Follette campaigners, and using the metropolis as a base they will make strenuous efforts in New England as well as the Middle Atlantic States. Senator La Follette will make at least one speech in New York City and the plan is to make his appearance there one of the biggest political meetings held in the United States.

Senator's Remarks Kept Secret.

The Senator today delivered what might be termed his first campaign speech to the union railroad representatives who called to pay their respects and to assure him that he would have their support to the full. Mr. La Follette's remarks were not disclosed to the press and those who heard them declined to repeat them.

The railroad men made it plain, however, that they were pleased with the tone and bearing of the candidate and they left him impressed with the idea that he believed he would win in the November battle of ballots. Apparently he was contemptuous of those who have looked on his candidacy merely as a device to deadlock the election and force Congress to choose the next President.

That Senator La Follette is very much in earnest in his plans to push his independent movement was indicated by two announcements made here today.

To Speak in Five Cities.

One was that toward the end of the month he would go to his home in Madison, Wis., and from that point would assist Representative John M. Nelson, his campaign manager, in planning his campaign. The other was that he would make at least five speeches at strategic points throughout the country. In addition to the address that he intends to deliver in New York, he also will appear on the platform in Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland and Kansas City.

His friends insist that he will be urged to make at least one speech on the Pacific Coast, preferably at San Francisco. However, the Senator so far has made no plans for active speech-making beyond his appearances in the cities named. His supporters believe that if his candidacy makes the impression on the country that they expect, he may be induced to extend his efforts.

His friends made the assertion today that leaders of the old parties would soon recognize that La Follette's candidacy represents a more formidable political movement than the Progressive bolt of 1912. They contended that the Cleveland convention, which nominated him, represented at least 5,000,000 voters.

They insist that the Senator himself is convinced that he will carry all of the Northwestern States, believes he has a fighting chance on the Pacific Coast and is delighted with the favorable reaction that he and his friends assert has met his candidacy in the conservative States of the East.

The union railroad representatives who conferred with Senator La Follette to-

Continued on Page Two.

"Better Days With Davis," Urged as Campaign Slogan

FRANKFORT, Ky., July 11.—"Better Days With Davis," is the slogan John A. Goodman, Clerk of the Court of Appeals, offered today to the Democratic Party as a rejoinder to "Keep Cool With Coolidge," the Republican slogan.

Mr. Goodman submitted his slogan to the Democratic National Committee in this telegram:

"Suggest 'Better Days With Davis' as campaign slogan. The Republican slogan, 'Keep Cool With Coolidge,' characteristically negative. Proposed slogan means action."

GOV. BRYAN STATES HIS OWN PLATFORM

Would Apply Business Principles to Government and Protect the Weak.

GREETED AT ATLANTIC CITY

Candidate for Vice President Says the Democratic Platform Represents the Masses.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 11.—"I believe in applying business principles to Federal, municipal and State government and in preventing the larger, richer and more powerful members of society from impoaing on the weaker."

Charles W. Bryan, Governor of Nebraska and Democratic nominee for the Vice Presidency, thus generalized his personal platform here this afternoon, a few minutes after his arrival from New York. He was accompanied by W. H. Thompson, Justice of the Supreme Court of Nebraska and National Committeeman from that State.

The coming of the Democratic nominee had not been heralded at the shore, which he and Justice Thompson are visiting for the first time. They were met at the railroad station by only two newspaper men, but within a few minutes several persons in the crowd, recognizing the Democratic candidate from recently published photographs, greeted him enthusiastically.

The Governor was manifestly pleased. He smiled continually and shook hands with a score or more of well-wishers, holding an impromptu reception.

As he crossed Atlantic Avenue on his way to the Boardwalk, Governor Bryan was immediately recognized by the traffic officer, who stopped all travel and ran from his box at the street intersection to shake his hand. On the Boardwalk he was plainly impressed by the huge throng and thousands of bathers. The Democratic candidate, who had anticipated a quiet stroll, was also recognized and was continually encircled by groups of people who volleyed incessant questions and assurances of support.

Praises the Party Platform.

"The outlook for the Democratic Party in the coming Presidential election," said Governor Bryan, "is extremely good. We have adopted the most progressive platform ever written by a national convention of any party, and it is one which represents the great masses of the people, not a comparatively small number of favored ones.

"We believe in economical, efficient and fair government. It is only when the Government fails the people that they become dissatisfied, and there is formed such radical bodies as the I. W. W. We have not failed, for example, the people of Nebraska. They stand by their Government there. They have confidence in it, because they know that they do not have to resort to any other means to obtain relief from any oppressing situation.

"There is good ground for this confidence. We have reduced taxes 13 per cent. As Governor I have reduced the number of employes on the payroll of the State from 610 to 272, without any loss of governmental efficiency, and this within six months after I took office.

"We have reduced the cost of road building 25 per cent., eliminating collusion in the bidding, and by threatening competition forced the gravel trust to make a 33 per cent. cut in prices overnight.

"We have reduced the price of coal of all kinds from three to five dollars a ton by similar methods. I offered and did furnish coal to municipalities and homes at wholesale. I have been selling it, personally, to 158 towns and cities in Nebraska, buying it in carload lots from

Continued on Page Two.

Mayor and Mrs. Hylan Start for California For a Vacation on the Ranch of W. R. Hearst

Mayor John F. Hylan, accompanied by Mrs. Hylan and by Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst, is on his way to California, where the Mayor expects to spend a vacation of about three weeks as the guest of the Hearsts on their California ranch. The party left Grand Central Terminal yesterday aboard the Twentieth Century Limited at 2:45 P. M.

There had been no announcement in advance that the Mayor contemplated a trip across the continent, and his exit from City Hall, with every evidence of a decision somewhat suddenly made, surprised City Hall attaches and caused some speculation. His chauffeur drove up in the Mayor's official car in front of the City Hall at about 3 o'clock. The vehicle was well filled with hand baggage. Mayor Hylan not long afterward entered the car and was driven away, presumably directly to the railroad station, where he joined Mrs. Hylan and Mr. and Mrs. Hearst.

Whatever leavetakings there may have been of an official character were behind the closed doors of the Mayor's office. It was not until several minutes after his departure that newspaper reporters and City Hall employes learned that the Mayor was bound on a longer journey than his daily trip across the bridge to his Brooklyn home. The announcement was then made informally by the Police Lieutenant who guards the door of the Mayor's office.

Rumor was busy during the rest of the afternoon. Some surmised that the Mayor's departure as the guest of Mr. Hearst, whose newspapers already have attacked the Davis-Bryan Democratic national ticket, portended some kind of a political upheaval. Others suggested that Mayor Hylan, since his recent convalescence, had overtaxed his strength and felt the need of a change of scene and occupation. His custom heretofore has been to take his vacations at Palm Beach, Fla., in the Winter season and to indulge in only brief absences from his desk in the Summer, preferably at Saratoga, where he was taken ill last year.

Most credence was given to the suggestion that Mrs. Hylan's health was the reason for the suddenly begun vacation. Her strength had been impaired, it was said, by her long vigils at the Mayor's bedside during his illness and by her active part more recently in aiding in the entertainment of the city's guests during the Democratic National Convention.

In the absence of Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen, who is in Colombia, as an official of the Olympic Games, William T. Collins, Vice President of the Board of Aldermen, automatically becomes the Acting Mayor of New York.

M'ADOO VISITS DAVIS; WILL BACK TICKET; SMITH ALSO CALLS

Candidate Confers With the Governor on Election Prospects in This State.

CHOOSING A PARTY PILOT

Clem Shaver, West Virginia National Committeeman, May Manage Campaign.

BRENNAN PLEDGES CHICAGO

McAdoo at "The Follies" Says: "We Must Get Together and Elect a Democrat."

John W. Davis, Democratic nominee for President, took up yesterday the question of finding a manager for the campaign, who may or may not be the Chairman of the Democratic National Committee. In the course of the day he saw several of the more important leaders of the Democratic Party at the home of Frank L. Polk, 8 East Sixty-eighth Street. The selection of a campaign manager will not be made until some time late next week.

Among the callers on Mr. Davis were William G. McAdoo and Governor Alfred E. Smith, the leaders for a long time in the race in the convention for the nomination that went finally to Mr. Davis. Mr. McAdoo stayed with Mr. Davis for more than an hour. He was reticent as to the matters discussed when he emerged from the house. His visit, and information obtained from some of those close to him, makes it seem highly improbable there is any truth in the reports that he would bolt the ticket and possibly support La Follette, but Mr. McAdoo is to issue a statement on the point today when he sails for Europe.

An incident which indicated the likelihood that Mr. McAdoo would support the Democratic national ticket occurred at the performance of "The Follies" at the New Amsterdam Theatre last night.

Mr. and Mrs. McAdoo were in the audience and when Will Rogers, with his usual ruffiery, pointed Mr. McAdoo out there was an outburst of applause, and the Californian was finally brought to his feet and made the following statement:

"I am leaving for Europe with my family tomorrow for a little diversion, but now that the convention is over we must all get together and make sure that we elect a Democrat."

Both actor and candidate were loudly applauded.

Governor Smith, George Brennan of Illinois, Josephus Daniels, Henry Morgenthau and others called to pay their respects and to give personal assurances of loyal support. Governor Smith, it is understood, will be asked to tour the country for the Democratic ticket, inasmuch as the race in the convention has made him a national figure and he is known as an especially fine campaigner. Whether the Governor will accept is another matter. His present disposition, his friends say, is to avoid the task if he can.

Guards Around Davis Estate.

Mr. Davis did not have time for an interview with the newspaper men yesterday afternoon and no statement came from him. He motored in from Locust Valley in the morning, stayed practically the whole day at the Polk home, and motored back to Locust Valley, where guards have been placed around his estate, last night. He will play golf today, probably at the Piping Rock Club, and tomorrow expects to do a little horseback riding. If Mrs. Davis has her way, judging from what she said yesterday, he will spend a good part of both today and tomorrow resting.

Mr. McAdoo, who had spent the greater part of the day at the Hotel Vanderbilt, arrived at the Polk house a few minutes before 5 o'clock, in a taxicab. It chanced that the imitation fascise plates bearing the name of "Al Smith" and a printed Smith sign, such as were frequently seen during the convention, were still on the cab. As soon as the cab drew up Mr. McAdoo alighted and entered the house so quickly that no one of the waiting newspaper men had an opportunity to speak with him. He had called by appointment, it was learned later.

Mr. McAdoo remained with Mr. Davis until nearly half past six. He said he had talked over the political situation with Mr. Davis, but would make no other statement, further than to say he had paid his respects to Mr. Davis, whom he had known for many years. When he was asked point blank, in view of the reports that had been current, whether he would support the Davis and Bryan ticket, he said:

"I'll deal with that question in a statement I shall issue before I sail for Europe tomorrow if I can find time to prepare it."

At Mr. McAdoo's apartments in the Vanderbilt it was said the statement would be issued from the steamer. From the Polk home Mr. McAdoo returned to the Vanderbilt. He went to the Ambassador for dinner with Mrs. McAdoo.

Shaver May Run Campaign.

Two or three of the men with whom Mr. Davis discussed the question of finding some one to run the campaign advanced suggestions. Among those with whom the matter was taken up were Cordell Hull, present Chairman of the National Committee; George White of Ohio, who had charge of the Cox campaign; George Brennan of Chicago and Clem Shaver, National Committeeman from West Virginia, who, at present, is regarded as the man most likely to be chosen. Mr. Hull has positively refused to continue as head of the National Committee and Mr. White, while willing to do anything in his power to aid whoever may be chosen with the work,

fith of his experience, does not want the job himself.

Mr. Brennan, like all the others who called, expressed great optimism as to the outlook for the success of the ticket. Mr. Brennan promising Mr. Davis that he would carry Chicago for him without doubt. Governor Smith also promised support, as he had done in the speech he made at Madison Square Garden on the last night of the convention, and he and Mr. Davis canvassed thoroughly the situation in this State, which is regarded as of the highest importance. There are to be other conferences on the management of the campaign early in the week and it is likely some decision will be made before the end of the week.

Davis Going to Maine.

Unless something prevents, Mr. Davis will then go away for a rest, possibly to Kennebunk, Me. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson have a Summer home there and they sent Mr. Davis yesterday an invitation to visit them, which he may accept. He will be away, if the plan goes through, for possibly two weeks, returning in time for the notification ceremonies, to be held either at Locust Valley or Clarksburg, W. Va. The reorganization of the National Committee will take place immediately after the notification ceremonies, and active campaign work will begin almost at once.

Another visitor to Mr. Davis yesterday was Henry Morgenthau. It is expected that Mr. Morgenthau will again be active in the financial management of the campaign, as he has been in other years. It is believed that one of the matters discussed between Mr. Davis and Mr. Morgenthau yesterday was the financing of the campaign. Among the many others who called were Herbert C. Fell, Democratic State Chairman; David Hunter Miller, who was the local manager of the McAdoo boom during its early stages; Hollins Randolph, Chairman of the Georgia delegation, which was perhaps more stubbornly in favor of the nomination of McAdoo than any other group in the convention; John Colton, National Committeeman from Georgia; J. B. Cotton, at one time law partner of Mr. McAdoo; Joseph Davis of Missouri, one of the pioneer boomers of Mr. Davis; Melville E. Stone, Governor Trapp of Oklahoma, and Ralph Smith of the McAdoo campaign forces.

Lady Astor Cables Congratulations.

Scores of telegrams and letters of congratulation were again received by Mr. Davis at the Polk home. Not the least interesting of the messages was one from Lady Astor, one of the Langhorne girls of Virginia. The message read:

"There will be only one better day, and that is the day you win."

Another message from across the seas came from Brand Whitlock, who is now in Brussels. It read:

"Heartiest congratulations. It is a rare satisfaction to have a candidate whom one can support with such pride and enthusiasm. I am simply delighted."

Arthur Woods, former Police Commissioner, wired:

"Congratulations to the Democratic Party and earnest hope that it may live up in all other ways to its choice of its candidate."

Wilson Cross and fifty other Americans in London, including Medill McCormick, George M. Cassatt and George B. McLean, wired:

"Officers and members of the American Club in London, regardless of party, wish to congratulate yourself, the Democratic Party and America on your nomination. Hearty good wishes from all of us."

Richard Olney wired from Woods Hole, Mass.:

"Mrs. Olney and I thrilled with your nomination. We are supremely satisfied. Accept our affectionate regards for Mrs. Davis and yourself and best wishes."

The telegram from Charles Dana Gibson read:

"Overjoyed at splendid and inspiring news. You and Nell come up for a rest, which you must need."

Homer Cummings, National Committeeman from Connecticut, a McAdoo adherent, wired:

"Heartiest congratulations and best wishes for a successful campaign."

Former Senator Gore of Oklahoma wired:

"You were my first choice from the first. Congratulations. Command me."

George Foster Peabody Wires.

George Foster Peabody wired from Saratoga Springs, N. Y.:

"It rejoices your friends greatly to observe how universally your character is acclaimed and how your nomination has revealed the essential character of the convention which you so effectively stated in response to the call that our country needs is true leadership into the paths of progress which Woodrow Wilson so thoroughly outlined. I rejoice in your challenge to reaction and your promise of forward march. The world needs the leadership of the United States, which we can give with you at the helm. My congratulations, please, to Mrs. Davis as well as to the Democratic Party and the country."

Fred Fisher of Connecticut, a Yale graduate, who was telegraphed from Ogden, Utah: "The news for which I have hoped for years, now that it has come, is too good to be true. It reaches me enroute to California in the midst of a five-month speaking trip on the League of Nations under the Non-Partisan Association, but count me henceforth as a Democrat and at your service until election day. I never have wanted so intensely for anybody's election as President as I do now for yours. Please strive as soon and as often as you can to counteract the harm done by Baker's speech, which, though wonderful, was greatly to the impression that the Democratic Party has repudiated the League. See my letter in The New York Times of 6th or thereabouts."

Message From Rockwell.

Coincident with the visit of Mr. McAdoo to the Polk home, David Ladd Rockwell, the manager in chief of the McAdoo campaign, made public, in the Vanderbilt Hotel, a letter he had sent to Mr. Davis, and talked at same length on the candidate. The letter was as follows:

Hon. John W. Davis,
Care of Frank L. Polk,
6 East Sixty-eighth Street,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Davis:

Please accept my warmest congratulations upon your nomination. Your record as a citizen, lawyer and public official is so splendid that our party is assured a leadership of the highest order, and when you are elected President, one so admirably equipped is bound to make a record that all Americans may well be proud of.

I want to take this occasion to assure you of my enthusiastic support and to wish you the success that I know will be yours.

With my high regard, I am, believe me,

Cordially yours,
DAVID LADD ROCKWELL.

Judge Rockwell was asked many questions, first because of the repeated rumors that Mr. McAdoo was going to "bolt" the ticket, and second, because there had been reports of a rupture between Rockwell and McAdoo. These latter reports, Judge Rockwell absolutely denied. In his talk he said:

"I believe, from a general knowledge of the man and also from some talks I had today with men who know him well, that Mr. Davis is a real progressive. I have every reason to feel from what I have been told by men who are themselves thoroughly progressive, that Mr. Davis is progressive and that any association he may have had with large business interests have been purely professional and that he, after all, the finest compliment that could be paid his worth and ability as a lawyer.

"There can be no question that Mr. Davis will bring to the leadership of the Democratic Party ability of the highest order."

Believes McAdoo is Loyal.

"Is it your belief that Mr. McAdoo, judging from your association with him, will earnestly and actively support the Democratic ticket?"

"Yes. It is impossible to think of Mr. McAdoo supporting a third ticket. And no candidate was ever nominated with more little trouble than Mr. Davis and with more right to expect the united support of the leaders of his party."

Mr. Rockwell went on to say that his official relations with the McAdoo cause ceased the minute Mr. McAdoo became remaining delegates, as was read in the convention, and that the moment Mr. Davis was nominated he became his Rockwell's candidate. The Judge votes in Cleveland, Ohio.

Judge Rockwell sent a letter of somewhat similar purport to Charles W. Bryan, candidate for Vice President. Governor Bryan left early in the day for Atlantic City, praising New York hospitality. His wife said:

"I can say nothing definite as to my plans until my arrival in Lincoln and I have had a chance to see my work there in shape."

When he was asked if he expected to be active in the campaign he answered:

"There is always action in anything I am connected with."

Smith Repudiates "Interview."

Governor Smith spent the greater part of his day at Sea Gate, taking a swim and staying in the water for an hour before coming to New York. He went to the Biltmore before visiting the Polk home to see Mr. Davis. While there he said he would go to Albany on Monday. Asked if he had seen what purported to be an interview with him in The New York American, he said:

"No, I have not, because I do not read those papers. They are not fit for any reasonable man to pay any attention to. I have been told what was printed and there is only one thing to say. There's no truth in it."

At Locust Valley, Long Island, yesterday, arrangements were made for posting guards at all the entrances of the Davis estate, beginning this morning. There has been a constant stream of visitors there since the nomination was made. Residents of the locality, reporters and camera men have made up the bulk of the crowd and Mrs. Davis, while greatly pleased, nevertheless thinks her husband is entitled to a little quiet.

"I can only say, what I have said before," she said yesterday, "that I am greatly pleased and very proud that Mr. Davis was selected." Then, saying her husband would not go to New York on Saturday or Sunday, she continued: "He will be kept in absolute quiet. The strain of the past few days has been altogether too much for him. No man can stand such a pace. It is for that reason that we are going to post guards about the house and keep out all visitors."

DAVIS 'SIMPLY NORMAL' IN HIS COLLEGE DAYS

Professor Moreland Says He Was Neither Unduly Mischievous Nor Unusually Bright.

Special to The New York Times.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 11.—Some interesting sidelights on the college career of John W. Davis were related today by Professor S. T. Moreland, formerly President of Washington and Lee University and now a member of the University of Tennessee faculty.

Professor Moreland, who was an instructor in physics when Mr. Davis attended Washington and Lee, said that, unlike most men who rise to fame in later years, it could not be said of Mr. Davis that he was either distinctly mischievous or unusually bright. He was not continually creating disturbances and providing thrills for his classmates, nor was he so abnormally studious that he stood out in his classes as a criterion for others.

"John W. Davis was simply a normal young man," Professor Moreland said, "though it must be admitted that he was a leader and in some of his subjects was head and shoulders above the others. He also was extremely clean-cut and gentlemanly in character, and impressed one as being fitted for the vocation which he has since pursued.

"John W. Davis was always held in high esteem by the faculty members of Washington and Lee. Professor Moreland stated, and after his graduation he was jokingly asked many times when he would become a candidate for the Presidency. Professor Moreland said he met Mr. Davis while on a trip to the East last Summer, and while they were discussing old times they joked about the possibility of Mr. Davis's chances for the Presidential nomination.

ODDS ON COOLIDGE 2½ TO 1.

One Set at 1 to 8 That C. W. Bryan Will Be President.

Odds on the re-election of President Coolidge in November lengthened further in the financial district yesterday, when J. S. Fried & Co. reported odds of 2½ to 1 in his favor. These odds, compared with 11 to 5 quoted on Thursday and 3 to 1 a week ago, Fried & Co. said that they had plenty of money to offer on Coolidge at 2½ to 1, but that takers were few, because of the scarcity of funds to back Davis, the Democratic nominee.

A unique wager placed in the financial district yesterday was a moderate-sized wager at odds of 1 to 8 that Governor Bryan of Nebraska would be elected the next President by vote of the House of Representatives. At the same time Fried & Co. were quoting odds of 3½ to 1 that the election of a President would not go to the House for a final decision.

The bet on Bryan, it was announced, resulted from the nomination of La Follette on a third party ticket, and the possibility that he will obtain a sufficient number of electoral votes to prevent a choice between Coolidge and Davis, thereby throwing the selection into the House.

GOV. BRYAN STATES HIS OWN PLATFORM

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

the mines, and this forced the coal combination to reduce its prices.

"Likewise we established gas filling stations operated by the State. We got our pumps going three weeks ago and they had only been going three days When the Gasoline Trust reduced their price from 22 cents to 17 cents a gallon. This was done in the capitals and I have notified the oil combine that unless the price of gasoline is reduced to 15 cents by the time of my return within the next ten day I will order it put on sale by the State in all sections.

"The people saved $10,000,000 last year by our coal stand and will save $600,000 a month in gasoline.

"I mention these things not because of any pride of achievement but to show how a Government, Federal or otherwise, should operate economically, efficient and with the thought of the people's welfare continually foremost.

"I am not in favor of Federal, State or municipal ownership of anything except natural resources, such as water, but when business combinations, particularly utilities and those supplying vitally necessary products, defy all authority and endeavor to mulct the public, then I think that the Government should step in and compel it to render service to the people.

Says Davis Favored Bryan.

"But, much to my surprise, Mr. Davis favored the nomination of Governor Bryan, not because he was my brother, but because he filled the requirements set forth by Mr. Davis, who desired, first, a man from the West; second, a man who was progressive, and, third, a man who was dry.

"It just so happened that Governor Bryan is the Chief Executive of a State near the centre of the agricultural section. He is a progressive, and he is dry.

"Senator Walsh would have met these conditions, but he declined. Mr. Meredith would also have met them, but he declined. After examining the list of eligibles, which was reduced by these declinations, Mr. Davis expressed himself as favorable to Bryan. His decision would have been the same if Governor Bryan had not been a relative of mine.

"I conferred with Mr. Davis yesterday afternoon and found him delightfully frank in his discussion of political questions, and I believe his interpretation of our splendid Democratic platform will go far toward overcoming the presumption raised by his professional connections and make it easy for men like myself to support him. His speeches can do more than any other kind of literature to convince Progressives. His first statement—that there is no compromise with reaction—is construed as very important.

"I can probably speak more understandingly in regard to Governor Bryan than any one else can, because he has been my most intimate co-laborer in politics for twenty-eight years. He is nearly seven years younger than I, as he is 57 and I am 64. He was 23 when I made my first campaign in 1896, and was at the time a commercial traveler, representing a wholesale house in Omaha.

"My correspondence became so heavy following the campaign of 1896 that I was compelled to put my work in the hands of a secretary. I asked him to take charge of my correspondence. From that time until he was elected Governor two years ago he was my secretary, my political manager, the publisher of my paper when it was organized, and the superintendent of my business affairs.

Tells of Brother's Record.

"Charley has acquaintance with public men second to none. He has supported the four amendments to the Constitution, and all are from legislation with which I have been connected. He advocated woman suffrage long before I did, my advocacy not having started until it became a national issue.

"Besides assisting me in all national matters, he gradually took leadership in municipal affairs in Lincoln, having been elected Mayor of that city in spite of a large Republican majority. He is responsible for the establishment of the municipal coal yard, which saved the people $150,000 in one Winter.

"It was his record in municipal affairs that did more than anything else to secure the nomination for Governor, and his record as Governor was a large factor in securing him the nomination for Vice President.

"He is running on his own record—that record will strengthen the ticket as it become known. He has reduced expenses, and by his fight on the gasoline monopoly is reducing the expenses to the people of the State for that product several hundred thousand dollars per month. He has also, by bringing the coal men and the consumers together all over Nebraska, effected a saving of more than a million dollars a year in coal.

"He compelled a 33 1-3 per cent. reduction in the price of gravel, an act that saved $7,000 alone in one short piece of road of about ten miles.

"He has developed into a very able executive and a very efficient political manager, being especially experienced in the work of organization."

TRAIN KILLS TWO IN AUTO.

New York Woman and Her Mother the Victims—Baby Unhurt.

UNADILLA, N. Y., July 11.—Mrs. Burton A. Grant of Candor, Tioga County, and her daughter, Mrs. Christopher Fisher, of New York City were killed today when their automobile was struck by a milk train at Potter's Crossing, near here. Mr. Grant escaped with a face wound, and Mrs. Fisher's two-month's-old baby, sleeping in an automobile hammock, was unharmed.

Grant was unable to explain the accident. He said the party had been touring New York State for a week and were returning to their home in Candor.

The crossing, at grade with the view of the track obstructed, has been the scene of several fatal accidents in the last few years.

AUTOBUS TOURISTS HERE.

Twenty From Chicago Start Return Trip Today Via Washington.

Reaching the half-way mark in the first personally conducted autobus tour between Chicago and New York, twenty tourists arrived here yesterday morning and went to the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

The trip is sponsored by the Garford Motor Coach Company and the Gray Line tours. Stops were made at Michigan City, St. Joseph, Kalamazoo, Battle Creek, Detroit and Buffalo.

The coach possesses all the comforts of a Pullman car, and a radio set picks up the news while on the journey.

The tourists will leave this afternoon for Atlantic City, Philadelphia and Washington and return to Chicago July 19.

2 ACCUSED IN FATAL JOKE.

Charged With Murder in Death of Youth Lured to Cottage.

FREEHOLD, N. J., July 11.—James Downey and Michael Flaherty of Keansburg were held without bail on a charge of murder in the County Jail here today in connection with the death yesterday of George Rexon, 17 years old, who was accidentally shot while he was being made the victim of a practical joke at Belford, near Keansburg. Six of the eight men held as material witnesses were released in bail.

Rexon was the victim of a group who lured him to a bungalow at Belford with the story that "a fireman's widow" was infatuated with him. When he reached the bungalow several shots were fired and one bullet struck him.

BRYAN SAYS DAVIS SOUGHT HIS BROTHER

Declares "Charley" Met Requirements for Running Mate Set Forth by Candidate.

BOTH PROGRESSIVE AND DRY

Commoner Repeats Pledge to Support Davis Without Qualification or Reservation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—William J. Bryan stopped off in Washington today long enough to grant an interview in which he expressed confidence in the success of the Democratic ticket headed by John W. Davis and Governor Charles W. Bryan and reiterated his support of the ticket without restriction, qualification or mental reservation. He left this afternoon for St. Louis, where he will join Mrs. Bryan.

While Mr. Bryan has made no plans for the campaign, he declared that he stood ready to take off his coat and put his shoulder to the wheel for the success of the party. He had nothing but praise for the Democratic Presidential nominee. He said he had high respect for the ability and opinions of Mr. Davis, and, although not in sympathy with his former business connections, he believed that when Mr. Davis delivered his speech of acceptance the prejudice which any might have because of his corporate connections would be wiped away.

Mr. Bryan does not relish statements made in some newspapers intimating that he might not support the ticket.

"As soon as the nomination was announced," he said, "I told newspaper men that I would support the ticket. When my brother was nominated for Vice President I added that I still intend to support the ticket."

Says Objection Was Not Personal.

"I opposed the nomination of Mr. Davis, always explaining that the objection was not personal; that I entertained the highest opinion of him as a man, and regarded him as a man of exceptional ability.

"I never questioned his own personal attitude on public questions. My only objection was that the fact that his connections as attorney for big corporations raised a presumption with the masses that would be difficult to overcome.

"When he was nominated I at once announced my intention to support him, adding that I preferred to make my fight with the Democratic Party and to correct within the party any mistakes the party might make, instead of attempting to correct them by securing defeat of my party and the triumph of another party.

"This is the position I took in 1904, when Judge Parker was nominated. Twenty years ago, when the party nominated a candidate to whom I was opposed, I went to the West for vindication and told them that Nebraska would support any candidate for Vice President whom Judge Parker preferred. I was not willing to embarrass him by aiding in the selection of a running mate who was objectionable to him.

"I did the same this year. As soon as Mr. Davis was nominated I told the West Virginia delegation that I would support the candidate whom Mr. Davis preferred, and I would have done so even if it had been necessary to oppose my brother Charles.

Says Davis Favored Bryan.

"But, much to my surprise, Mr. Davis favored the nomination of Governor Bryan, not because he was my brother, but because he filled the requirements set forth by Mr. Davis, who desired, first, a man from the West; second, a man who was progressive, and, third, a man who was dry.

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"He has developed into a very able executive and a very efficient political manager, being especially experienced in the work of organization."

Bryan Eulogizes Davis.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Governor Charles W. Bryan of Nebraska, Democratic Vice Presidential candidate, tonight paid a high tribute to John W. Davis.

"Mr. Davis is qualified by training, experience and temperament for the great office of President," said Governor Bryan. "He is one of the ablest men ever proposed for the honor by any political party. He will make a great President."

Governor Bryan came to Washington this afternoon a few hours after his brother, William J. Bryan, had arrived and departed for St. Louis to join Mrs. Bryan, who is ill in that city. The Governor said that he was here to attend to some personal business, and that after paying his respects to the officers of the Democratic National Committee at headquarters tomorrow he would start westward.

The Vice Presidential candidate said that he would reach Chicago Sunday morning, but remain there only a few hours between trains. He said that if he met any party leaders in Chicago there would only be brief opportunity to discuss plans for the campaign.

After eulogizing the Democratic Presidential candidate, Governor Bryan made this statement relative to the Democratic platform.

"It is the most forward-looking document of the kind ever adopted by a political party," he said. "It is progressive to the core and will attract the support of our national ticket thousands of independent voters who in recent years have been casting off party alignments.

Governor Bryan said that until he was officially notified of his nomination he would not be prepared to discuss campaign issues at length. He said that the farmers had discovered that the tariff was hostile to their interests and that they would vote for the party that was pledged to reduce rates.

"The farmers have been pinched as a result of high prices following the imposition of high duties on the products that they buy," said Governor Bryan. "Recent experiences have convinced the farmers that Republican tariffs are a fallacy and sham so far as they are concerned. This Administration has promised relief, but this has reacted disastrously on the agricultural classes.

"The new Republican tariff has added three and a half billion dollars to the cost of living, and most of this has fallen on the farmers. The Western farmer has been drawing away from organized parties in recent years. It is this dissatisfied element which is assured of relief by the platform on which Mr. Davis is running, for I feel sure that will undoubtedly turn the scales in favor of my distinguished colleague."

The attention of Governor Bryan was directed to reports to the effect that he might be endorsed by the National Progressive Committee as the running mate of Robert M. La Follette on the independent ticket. He expressed great interest in these reports, but stated that as he had no first-hand information on the subject he was not prepared to discuss the subject.

Bryan. He will leave the capital for Nebraska within the next day or two.

LA FOLLETTE PLANS DRIVE IN THE EAST

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

day are actively identified with his efforts and some of them were enrolled delegates in the Cleveland convention. The delegation was headed by William H. Johnston, President of the Machinists' International Union, Chairman of the Progressive National Committee and Permanent Chairman of the Cleveland convention. He was accompanied by about twenty representatives of the railroad brotherhoods, who had assembled here to consider problems relating to their organizations and who took advantage of the opportunity to congratulate Mr. La Follette on his nomination.

Among those who were presented to the Senator by Mr. Johnston were B. M. Jewell, President of the Railway Employes' Department of the American Federation of Labor; H. E. Willis, Assistant Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; David M. Robertson, President of the Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; R. J. Manion, President of the Order of Railway Telegraphers; Edward Keating, former Representative in Congress from Colorado and now Editor of Labor, and Basil Manley, officially designated as "director of the people's legislative service."

Mr. La Follette received the visitors at his home, and the conference lasted more than an hour. There was a general interchange of felicitations, after which Mr. La Follette made an informal address. It is understood that he told the labor leaders that their pledges of support gave great satisfaction to him, and that he was greatly encouraged by reports favorable to his cause that he had received since the adjournment of the Cleveland convention.

No Talk of Vice President.

So far as could be learned there was no discussion concerning the selection of a candidate for Vice President.

It may be stated on authority that the La Follette group never intended naming Governor Bryan of Nebraska, the Democratic Vice Presidential candidate, as the Senator's running mate. There has never been any thought in the mind of Mr. La Follette, according to leaders close to him, of entering into any such fusion arrangement. In the first place, they point out, the Democratic platform adopted at New York is out of tune with the declaration of principles framed at Cleveland. In the best place they assert that Governor Bryan is not the type of progressive that Mr. La Follette would choose.

They suggest that the connection of Governor Bryan's name with the La Follette Vice Presidential nomination is based on the hypothesis that the next President will be chosen by either the Senate or the House, and that the La Follette forces should take up Mr. Bryan with the idea that a deadlock in the House would eventually be broken by the selection of Mr. Bryan for President by the Senate. This reasoning is faulty, they contend, because Mr. La Follette is running on the theory that he has as good a chance of election as any of the other candidates.

There will be a gathering of La Follette supporters tomorrow, following a call issued by Chairman Johnston a week ago. Those asked to meet are members of the Executive Committee of the National Committee for Progressive Political Action and they have been called to devise ways and means to finance the La Follette campaign.

The Executive Committee will also draw up a series of suggestions to guide the National Committee in its work. The Executive Committee has practically decided, it was said today, that the funds to run the La Follette campaign must come from individual subscribers who will be asked to give either lump sums or to guarantee certain payments from time to time.

Announcement was also made that the subcommittee will recommend the establishment of headquarters at San Francisco as well as at New York and Chicago. The main headquarters will be located in the latter city.

The National Committee will meet here on July 16 and continue its sessions for three or four days. Representative Nye, who has been in charge of the Chicago headquarters, will attend the meetings of the National Committee.

On the arrival here of the National Committee a date will be fixed for the official notification of Senator La Follette that he has been named as the organization's candidate for President. Coincident with this announcement Mr. La Follette, after conferring with the National Committee, will announce the name of his running mate.

CHARGE PARTY BETRAYAL.

Farmer-Labor Leader Declares Majority Will Support La Follette.

ST. PAUL, July 11.—William Mahoney of St. Paul, chief organizer of the recent Farmer-Labor Party convention here, charged today that the Executive Committee "has betrayed the convention," in endorsing William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, candidates for President and Vice President on the Workers' Party ticket.

Base misrepresentation was being attempted when the committee tried to give the impression that the party as formed in St. Paul would support Foster and Gitlow, Mr. Mahoney said, asserting that the "committee acted entirely outside any authority granted it by the St. Paul convention, and represents no one but itself.

"I am delighted in one way at the manner in which the situation has been clarified by this development," he continues. "It puts the Communists into an unmistakably party of their own and will eliminate all misunderstandings as to their connection with any other party. La Follette will get the support of all Farmer-Labor elements in the Northwest. I am confident. No attempt to make it appear that the St. Paul convention would stand for another candidate opposing La Follette can be successful."

OKLAHOMA CITY, July 11.—Oklahoma electors of the Farmer-Labor Party will not be guided by the action of the Executive Committee, which has repudiated Senator La Follette as the party's Presidential candidate, Dan Hogan, Chairman of the State Convention declared today. La Follette was endorsed by the party in Oklahoma at its State Convention.

LA FOLLETTE NEEDS 50,000 STATE AIDS

They Must Sign His Nominating Petitions Under Diverse Laws Governing Candidacy.

12,000 ARE NECESSARY HERE

In Most Instances Signers Must Be Non-Primary Voters—Requirements in Various States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—To get his electors on the Presidential election ballots in the various States next November Senator La Follette will have to obtain the signatures of approximately 50,000 qualified voters, in most instances non-primary voters.

In many of the States this process will be a mere formality, as for example, in Ohio, Georgia, Virginia and South Carolina, where the candidate is required merely to file notice of his candidacy, or in Tennessee, where the signatures of only fifteen voters are required.

In other States the requirements are more complicated, as in Nevada, where 2,715 of a total registration of less than 30,000 is required, and in Florida, where the petition must be signed by twenty-five voters in each of the fifty-four counties.

He will need 12,000 signatures in New York State, about 9,000 in California, and a few more than 6,000 in Pennsylvania.

In practically all States the petitions must be filed with the Secretary of State or the State Election Board, and in many the signatures must be attested. The time for filing nominating petitions varies from 100 to 10 days before the election.

Everything considered, it would appear that the getting of his own name and the names of his electors on the ballots is one of the simplest of the tasks confronting the Wisconsin Senator in the fight he has begun for the Presidency.

There follows a summary of the various State laws governing independent candidacies for the Presidency:

ALABAMA—By petition of not less than 300 qualified and duly registered voters. Petition must be filed with the Secretary of State at least thirty days before election.

ARIZONA—By petition of 1 per cent. of the voters, based on last vote for Governor, the petition to be filed with the Secretary of State ten days after the primary election. The signers must not have participated in the primary. The last vote for Governor in Arizona was in 1922, when Hunt (Democrat) received 37,210 and Campbell (Republican) 30,599.

ARKANSAS—The petition must be signed by from fifty to 1,000 qualified voters, the petition to be filed with the Secretary of State not less than sixty days before the general election.

CALIFORNIA—By nomination papers to be signed by 1 per cent. of the voters in the last election, the papers to be filed with the Secretary of State thirty-five to sixty days before the election. The signers should not have voted in the primary. In the State election of 1922, the total vote in California was 907,900.

COLORADO — Certificate of nomination must be signed by not less than 500 qualified non-primary voters and filed with the Secretary of State thirty to sixty days before the election.

CONNECTICUT—Nominating petition, signed by 1 per cent. of the voters at the general election of 1920, must be filed with the Secretary of State three weeks and with the Town Clerks four weeks before the election. The total vote for President in Connecticut in 1920 was 564,918.

DELAWARE—Certificate of nomination must be signed by 250 qualified voters in each of the three counties and be filed with County Clerks twenty days before the election.

FLORIDA—By petition to be signed by twenty-five voters in each of the fifty-four counties, the signers to be qualified non-primary voters. Petition must be filed with the Secretary of State not less than thirty days before the election.

GEORGIA—Notice of candidacy filed for electors and President and Vice President by candidates or their representatives, must be filed with the Secretary of State thirty days before the election.

IDAHO—Nomination by petition of 3,000 qualified non-primary voters, must be filed with the Secretary of State on the fourth Tuesday in August.

ILLINOIS—Nomination papers must be signed by not less than 3,000 non-primary voters and filed with the Secretary of State not less than thirty days before the election.

INDIANA—Nomination by petition of 500 qualified voters, must be filed with the Governor twenty to sixty days before the election. Signatures must be duly acknowledged.

IOWA—Nomination papers must be signed by 500 qualified voters and filed with the Secretary of State forty to sixty days before the election.

KANSAS—Certificate of nomination must be signed by 2,500 voters and filed with the Secretary of State on Sept. 20.

KENTUCKY—Nomination by petition of 1,000 qualified voters must be filed with the Secretary of State forty-five to seventy-five days before the election. Signers must give residence and other qualifications and vote for no other nominee.

LOUISIANA—Nomination by petition of 1,000 qualified voters must be filed with the Secretary of State the fourth Tuesday before the election.

MAINE—Nomination papers signed by 1,000 qualified voters, must be filed with the Secretary of State on Sept. 10. Names must be submitted to town clerks before State filing.

MARYLAND—Certificate of nomination signed by 2,000 voters must be filed with the Secretary of State thirty days before the election. Signers must give occupation, business and residence, and signatures must be witnessed.

MASSACHUSETTS — Nomination papers signed by 1,000 qualified voters must be filed with the Secretary of State on or before the fifth Tuesday before the election. Names and addresses must be submitted to town registrars.

MICHIGAN—Nomination by petition of an assemblage of electors duly certified. Number of signers not designated. Must be filed thirty days before election with county boards and with the Secretary of State.

MINNESOTA—Nomination by petition of not more than 1,000 qualified non-primary voters must be filed with Secretary of State on the Saturday before the election.

MISSISSIPPI—Nominating petition of fifty registered voters must be filed with the State Election Commission fifteen days before election.

MISSOURI—Nomination by petition signed by not more than 1,000 voters, who must be bona-fide supporters of the nominee, must be filed with the Secretary of State thirty to sixty days before the election.

MONTANA—Certificate of nomination signed by 5 per cent. of the vote for the successful candidate for President in the last election must be filed with the Secretary of State thirty to sixty days before the election. In 1920 Montana gave 100,549 votes for Harding.

NEBRASKA—Certificate of nomination must be signed by 1,000 voters and filed with the Secretary of State twenty-five days before the election.

NEVADA—Certificate of nomination signed by 10 per cent. of the voters at the last election, with acceptance by the candidate, must be filed with the Secretary of State on the first Tuesday in August. Prevailing vote in the election of 1920 was 27,189.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—Nomination papers must be signed by 1,000 voters and submitted to Supervisors and filed with the Secretary of State thirty days before the election.

NEW JERSEY—Nomination petition of 2 per cent. of the vote for General Assembly members, and not to exceed 800, must be filed with the Secretary of State forty-five days before the election.

NEW MEXICO—Certificates of nomination required of all candidates. No number of signers stipulated. Certificates may be filed with the Secretary of State any time before election.

NEW YORK—Nomination by petition of 12,000 signers, not less than fifty in any county, must be filed with Secretary of State between the fourth and fifth Tuesdays before the election.

NORTH CAROLINA—Nomination by petition of 10 per cent. of non-partisan State vote in the last election must be filed with the State Election Board at the time when primary returns are filed.

NORTH DAKOTA—Nomination by petition of 300 qualified voters must be filed with the Secretary of State forty days before the election.

OHIO — Nominating petition, the same as for party candidates, signed by candidate, must be filed with the State Election Board 50 to 100 days before the election.

OREGON—Certificate of nomination signed by 2 per cent. of the electors (not to exceed 1,000) must be filed with the Secretary of State 40 to 100 days before the election. Certification under oath is required.

PENNSYLVANIA—Nomination papers signed by one-half of one per cent. of the largest vote for such office at the last election must be filed with the Secretary of State sixty days before the election. The Harding vote in Pennsylvania in 1920 was 1,218,915.

RHODE ISLAND—Nomination papers signed by 500 voters must be filed with the Secretary of State twenty days before the election. Signatures must be submitted to Town Clerks two days before filing.

SOUTH CAROLINA—The method of nomination is not governed by statute. Committees and candidates may execute their option. There is no statutory limitation.

SOUTH DAKOTA—Nomination by petition of 200 non-primary voters must be filed with the Secretary of State ninety days before the election.

TENNESSEE—Nomination by petition of at least fifteen qualified voters, all of whom must have paid a poll tax, sixty days before the election, must be filed with the State Election Board not less than ten days before the election.

TEXAS—Nomination by 1 per cent of the entire vote of the State in the last general election must be filed with the Secretary of State thirty days after the primary. All signers must be non-primary voters and must have paid a poll tax. The total vote of Texas for President in 1920 was 484,683.

UTAH—Nomination by certificate signed by 500 qualified voters must be filed with the Secretary of State thirty to forty days before election.

VERMONT—Certificate of nomination, signed by 1 per cent. of the last vote for Governor. Petition must be accompanied by affidavit and filed with the Secretary of State thirty to fifty days before the election. The vote for Governor in 1922 was 82,183.

VIRGINIA—Nomination by written notice of candidacy, attested by two witnesses, the last named qualified voters who have paid a poll tax. Notice must be filed with the Secretary of State thirty days before the election.

WASHINGTON—Certificate of nomination signed by "group of petitioners" must be filed with the Secretary of State thirty to sixty days before the election.

WEST VIRGINIA—Nomination by petition of not more than 1,000 qualified non-primary voters must be filed with the Secretary of State twenty days after the primary election.

WISCONSIN—Nomination papers must be signed by at least 1,000 voters, who must file affidavit as to legal qualifications, must be filed with the Secretary of State thirty to forty days before the election.

WYOMING—Certificate of nomination must be signed by 100 or more voters and filed with the Secretary of State forty to ninety days before the election. Affidavits as to the qualifications of signers must be submitted.

$20,000 IN JEWELRY MISSING AT NEWPORT

No Signs of a Break Are Found in Summer Home of Mrs. Marsden J. Terry.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 11.—Jewelry valued, it is said, at over $20,000 belonging to Mrs. Marsden J. Terry of Providence is missing from her Summer home, Bleak House, on Ocean Avenue.

A robbery is believed to have been committed some time between last Sunday and Tuesday. The police have withheld information on the case.

It was learned today, however, that the house was not broken into, for no evidence of a break was to be found. The thief may have found a door or window open and entered in that way. The police have been checking up on every one who regularly has had access to the house, but whether they have found any clue upon which to work is not known.

The pieces of jewelry missing, the nature of which has not been given out, were prized very highly by Mrs. Terry.

CITY TRUCKS CRASH AT CORNER; 6 HURT

Fire Patrol and a Water Supply Wagon Collide at Top Speed in Brooklyn.

RUSHING TO BROKEN MAIN

Accident Delays Repairs and 15-Foot Geyser Fills Streets for Blocks and Floods Basements.

An emergency truck of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, hastening at top speed to the spot where a water main had burst, was swept to the sidewalk last night at Nevins and Bergen Streets, Brooklyn, by a motor truck of the fire patrol. Six men were injured, of whom four were taken to hospitals. Eight others escaped by leaping from the trucks.

The ponderous machines narrowly missed a number of passers-by. The water supply truck was driven against a trolley post and the fire patrol car smashed into a crockery store.

At Central and Myrtle Avenues, Brooklyn, where the water main had burst, the delay in repairs because of the crash added to the heavy damage to property from cascading tor

MUIR IS HANGED DESPITE ALL PLEAS

New York Youth Writes Letter to Mother and Then Coolly Faces the Gallows.

FATE UNCERTAIN TO THE END

Counsel for Mother Denounces Execution as a "Ghastly Miscarriage of Justice."

MONTREAL, July 11.—Walter Muir of New York was hanged at Valleyfield, Quebec, early today for the murder of Henri Laviolette last September.

Muir shot Laviolette after a quarrel in a Valleyfield barroom. Laviolette, according to court testimony, had struck Muir's crony, a crippled man named Joseph Plant, during an argument over the merits of a hunting dog.

Muir was pronounced dead fourteen minutes after the springing of the trap. After the inquest the body was claimed on behalf of relatives in New York, where burial will take place.

Before he walked to the gallows Muir wrote the following letter to his mother:

"To my heartbroken mother:

"My poor mother; how you must be suffering since my death; but you must be brave and remember I died a good Christian and in a state of grace. Always think of me, as I will be watching and praying over you until you join me in Heaven.

"It was the will of God that I should leave this earth at this time. I am dying a happy death. I love you with all my heart and will pray to God always for you. Good-bye, mother dear. May God bless you.

"Your loving son, WALTER".

Fate Uncertain Till Last Moment.

Not until the noose was slipped was it certain that the sentence would be carried into effect, so unremitting and widespread had been the efforts of the Countess de Richelieu, Mrs. May Muir, the boy's mother, and scores of other influential persons, to obtain a new trial. Last-minute tearful entreaties failed equally with the more formal legal beseechings.

Muir, who was 21 years old, went to his death without tears. He bore himself stiffly, with an odd smile on his face which twitched about unquiet lips and eyes reddened from lack of sleep. His head he carried high.

The evening before he had been in the arms of his mother, a courageous woman, who had battled unceasingly for her son. She had arrived in Valleyfield to bid her son the last adieu. She stayed with him, wept with him, smiled with him and cheered him for the last time. Then she left for Huntington.

Mrs. Muir left nothing undone to obtain stay of execution, and not until the black flag was flying from the staff at Valleyfield jail did she cease her efforts.

Several hours before the time fixed for execution Muir's mother was in front of the prison, seated in an automobile with one of her nieces. It was said that Muir himself had requested that his mother be not allowed to see him again.

Muir's body was removed tonight to New York and will be taken to Mrs. Muir's home at 612 West 182d Street.

Pleaded With Victim's Widow.

According to Mme. Henri Laviolette, widow of the murdered man, Mrs. Muir called on her at Valleyfield to plead for her intervention. Mme. Laviolette was away from home at the time, and Mrs. Muir, she said, then visited other members of the family and sought their aid. This they refused.

Mme. Laviolette's comment was: "A husband is dearer than a son; that's what I will tell her if she asks me to intercede for her boy. All the money in the world cannot give me back the best man in many countries."

Bertha Rose Laviolette, aged 17, niece of the murder victim, died yesterday from a paralytic stroke attributed by relatives to grief for her uncle.

Muir contends that when he drew his pistol during the quarrel with Laviolette in the barroom he only meant to scare the man. He fired two bullets into the floor, one of them glancing and striking Laviolette in the breast.

A jury found Muir guilty and he was sentenced to hang last April. A reprieve was granted to permit an appeal. The appeal was dismissed.

It was then that the Duchesse de Richelieu, formerly Miss Elinor Douglas Wise of Baltimore, Md., opened her long unavailing struggle to free the youth. She canceled all social engagements and enlisted in her fight men and women of prominence in Canada. In New York a committee under Miss Juliet Thompson has worked for Muir night and day for the last two months.

These efforts ramified to Washington, where, through Howard C. Dickinson, nephew of the Secretary of State, the Department of State sent a plea for executive clemency to the British Embassy. The Consul at Ottawa was further requested to reinforce this plea by personal representations. These were unavailing.

Calls It "Miscarriage of Justice."

Walter Muir's execution in Canada yesterday morning was due to a "ghastly miscarriage of justice," according to Howard Carter Dickinson of 73 West Fortieth Street, the lawyer who represented the boy's mother, Mrs. May Muir, in her futile fight to save his life. Mr. Dickinson was one of a number of New Yorkers, among them the Duchesse de Richelieu, her sister, Miss Julia Wise, Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram and Miss Juliet Thompson, who took an active interest in the Muir case.

"In face of the urgent representations which were made by the Department of State and of the appeals for mercy to the Canadian Government and of the facts in mitigation of the extreme penalty which has been imposed," said Mr. Dickinson yesterday, "I am unable to comprehend the refusal of the Canadian Government to grant even a stay of execution.

"In the resentment which we naturally feel over his tragic end and in the sympathy which is aroused for his brave and enduring mother we must not overlook the fact that outside of Valleyfield there existed in Canada a very generous and sympathetic interest in this American boy who has paid with his life for the unintentional taking of another."

Mr. Dickinson declared in his statement that "had a new trial been granted unimpeachable evidence could have been given to the effect that Muir was so intoxicated as to negative entirely any premeditation or intent to kill."

"Muir did not take the stand and no evidence was offered in his behalf," said the lawyer. "It fatefully follows that the deliberations of the jury were untempered by any mitigating circumstances. It is to be observed that in the consideration of his appeal the higher court could not look beyond the evidence, but that Mr. Justice Greenshields expressed his opinion that a verdict of manslaughter would have met the ends of justice.

"There had been submitted to the Minister of Justice pleas for mercy from many civic and patriotic organizations here; petitions containing thousands of signatures had been forwarded. Emphasis had been given to the intense public feeling aroused against Muir in Valleyfield, but I know also that a petition signed by 800 residents of Valleyfield was submitted to the Minister of Justice, and as well petitions signed by over 1,200 residents in that vicinity.

"The boy's mother, who has been in Canada for the past few days to continue her fight to the very end, is a dressmaker and lives at 612 West 182d Street, New York City.

DIES IN AMBULANCE WHICH STRUCK HIM

Boy Playing Ball Ran in Front of Car—Another Lad and Man Killed by Autos.

James McCarthy, 6 years old, of 343 Maple Street, Brooklyn, was struck by an ambulance yesterday at Maple Street and Nostrand Avenue and died in the ambulance. The car, belonging to the Willard Parker Hospital in Manhattan, was taking four women patients from the Kings County Hospital to Jefferson Market Court for arraignment on various charges.

Patrolman Heckman, who was riding on the ambulance, said that as Louis Russo, the driver, was approaching the crossing, the boy leaped into the street to catch a baseball and ran directly into the path of the ambulance. The accident was in front of the rectory of the St. Francis Assisi Church. The Rev. Father McEvilly administered the last rites in the ambulance as the machine raced back toward the Kings County Hospital.

Frederick Backof, 10, of 77 Prospect Place, Great Kills, Staten Island, died last night in Richmond Memorial Hospital, from a fracture of the skull received, according to the police, when the automobile, driven by James Conte of 85 Baxter Street, Manhattan, ran over him at Hylan Boulevard and Prospect Street. Conte was arrested, charged with homicide.

In the Rahway, N. J., Hospital yesterday Martin Lands of 590 Bergen Street, Newark, died of injuries received earlier in the day when knocked from the running board of a motor truck by a passing automobile at Colonia.

Two men and a woman were treated yesterday in Coney Island Hospital for lacerations suffered when their automobile collided with a trolley car on Sea Breeze Avenue, Bath Beach. They were Fred Ringling of 56 East Eighty-ninth Street, Manhattan, Miss Winnie Wicky of 625 Wallace Avenue, the Bronx, and Christianson Hedwig of Mamaroneck.

In Impoolina's workhouse sentence of ten days on John J. Morrison, a taxicab driver, of 468 West Seventeenth Street, Magistrate House in Traffic Court yesterday said he would send all unbonded taxicab drivers to jail without the option of paying a fine. Morrison had admitted he was not bonded.

In the same court Cornelius Downing, 29, of 92 Cortlandt Street, was sentenced to fifteen days in the workhouse for reckless driving and operating a car without a license. His car crashed into a mail truck at Amsterdam Avenue and 125th Street Thursday night.

Eighteen persons in the Traffic Court received jail sentences yesterday and fines totalling $1,025 were imposed. The court heard 180 cases.

HELD FOR AUTO DEATHS.

Manslaughter Charges Made Against Two Chauffeurs.

Drivers of two automobiles that ran down and killed two Bronx children were held for the Grand Jury on charges of manslaughter, by Magistrate August Glatzmayer in the Bronx Traffic Court yesterday. Edward Walker of 1,973 Webster Avenue was held in $2,000 bail and Frank Hegerich of 621 East 179th Street in $1,500.

Hegerich was the driver of the car which struck John Fischer, 10 years old, of 480 East 183d Street on June 28. Witnesses testified that Hegerich drove his car down the east side of Park Avenue, which according to police regulations should be used by northbound traffic. They said that the boy was hit as he crossed the street on roller skates. He died in Fordham Hospital. Hegerich pleaded guilty to driving in the wrong direction on a one-way street and received a suspended sentence on that charge.

Walker was driving an automobile owned by the Northern Union Gas Company of the Bronx when on June 14 it ran over Marvin Cohen, 5 years old, of 2,350 Webster Avenue and injured him so badly that he died a few hours after. It was brought out in the hearing that the car driven by Walker jumped the curb in front of 1,780 Washington Avenue, and hit the boy who was standing fifteen feet from the street near a fence surrounding a vacant lot. Policeman Schubert of the Simpson Street Station, expert mechanic, said that his examination of the brakes on the car showed that they were in bad condition at the time of the accident.

DOCTOR BLAMED FOR CRASH

Hearing is Ordered as Result of Collision With Bus.

Dr. William B. Giles of 525 West End Avenue was held in $2,500 bail in West Side Court yesterday for a hearing July 21 on a short affidavit charging him with suspicion of felonious assault. The physician was arrested after a collision shortly after midnight Thursday between his automobile and a Fifth Avenue bus on Riverside Drive, opposite the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument.

More than a score of persons were injured in the accident. The majority were treated by ambulance doctors and permitted to go home. Several, however, were still in hospitals yesterday. Among those at hospitals were Patrolman George Gross Jr. of Traffic B, who was the complainant. He was in Roosevelt Hospital, suffering from contusions, but is expected to leave this morning.

Dr. Giles was arrested after he had assisted the injured and had gone to the West 100th Street Station to give his version of the accident.

THANKS HIS WELL-WISHERS

Cardinal Hayes Acknowledges Congratulations by Cards.

Cardinal Hayes mailed cards yesterday from his residence, 452 Madison Avenue, on which the following was engraved:

"Cardinal Hayes regrets, owing to the number of messages of congratulation and good wishes received, the impossibility of expressing in person his sincere appreciation to each individual.

"This formal card of acknowledgment entirely fails to convey to his devoted clergy, revered religious and beloved laity, the depths of his affectionate gratitude.

"To the host of non-Catholic friends and fellow-citizens who have rejoiced with him and to the representatives of the public press who gave unstinted service, his Eminence is at a loss to express how high is his esteem and abiding his obligation for their extraordinary demonstration of good-will on his elevation to the Sacred College of Cardinals.

"His Eminence earnestly prays the blessing of Our Heavenly Father on all."

MRS. STEINBERG ON TRIAL.

Miles Away, She Says, When Husband Charges Pepper Throwing.

Mrs. Helen Caspar Steinberg, charged with throwing pepper into the eyes of her husband, Albert Steinberg, pleaded not guilty when arraigned before Judge Morris Koenig in the Court of General Sessions yesterday.

To reporters she said: "I have not a word to say right now, but believe me, I'll have a whole lot to say when my case comes to trial. It's too absurd. Why, I was miles away at the time my husband charges I threw red pepper in his eyes."

Washington Records Heavy Earthquake.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—An earthquake of pronounced intensity was recorded today at Georgetown University. It lasted from 3:00 to 5 P. M., with the maximum intensity between 3:48 and 3:56 o'clock. The estimated distance from Washington was 7,500 miles, but the direction was undetermined.

DRY AGENTS VISIT RITZ-CARLTON ROOF

Search Tables for Liquor and Cause Excitement Among the 400 Diners.

SIX WAITERS ARRESTED

Patron Who Declares Seized Champagne Is His Property, Also Faces Charge.

Prohibition agents visited the Ritz-Carlton Roof Garden last night at 9:30 o'clock when the restaurant was serving more than 400 patrons, arrested six waiters and a patron and left summonses for the manager and captain of waiters of the roof garden. The visit was arranged by Prohibition Agents Samuel Kupferman, Harry Hoover and William Coyne, who alleged that they had been going to the Ritz-Carlton roof for a week and had bought champagne at $20 a quart there.

A member of the hotel management denied that any liquor was sold by the hotel. He declared that if any liquor were seized by the prohibition agents it was brought to the hotel under concealment by some of the patrons of the roof garden and served by the roof garden waiters in ignorance of the alcoholic content of the beverage.

The sudden appearance of the agents caused excitement among the 400 diners, many of whom objected to the action of the agents as they went from table to table in search of forbidden drinks.

According to the agents, many of the diners tipped over their glasses and spilled the evidence and others drank the evidence they were seeking. While the search was in progress the orchestra played "What'll We Do?"

When the excitement subsided the agents marched their prisoners from the hotel, leaving the roof garden in the status of practically a self-service restaurant. The accused were taken to the East Sixty-seventh Street Police Station, the waiters still wearing their evening clothes.

The men for whom summonses were left were Albert Keller, manager of the restaurant, and William Steiner, 8 West Eighty-seventh Street, captain of waiters. The summons was left for Steiner, according to the agents because he is alleged to have told them on previous visits that he could furnish them with champagne at $20 a quart whenever they desired.

The only patron arrested was Edwin Goodman of 320 West Seventy-first Street, described by patrons in the roof garden as a broker. He was arrested when, it is alleged, he tried to prevent the agents from taking a handbag containing champagne, which was being opened by one of the waiters, Fred Cornell of 140 East Forty-eighth Street. When the agents snatched the bag from the waiter, Goodman is said to have interfered, protesting that the bag and contents were his property, to which he was lawfully entitled.

The agents said they were attacked by Henry Gallert, captain of waiters, No. 3, of 56 Eleventh Avenue, and that the waiter landed several blows on Agent Kupferman.

In addition to Goodman, Cornell and Gellert, the agents arrested also Theodore Szarvenka, 46 Madison Avenue; Julius Ronchi, 340 East Seventieth Street, and Arthur Garbugnati, 438 West Forty-fifth Street. All the accused were released in bail at midnight.

The agents declared they had obtained evidence which might be used in padlock proceedings.

The visit to the Ritz-Carlton was the second staged by Sherman yesterday. In the afternoon he went to a drug store of the Uhl Corporation, 44 Broad Street, near the New York Stock Exchange, posed as a stock broker from "a hick town," and said he had some liquor. He arrested Morris Kumock, manager, and David and Nellie Ronskin, owners. The three were held in $1,000 bail each when arraigned before United States Commissioner Samuel M. Hitchcock.

SCOTT NOW ALLOWED TO PLEAD NOT GUILTY

Chicago Slayer's Counsel, Seeing His Mistake, Tearfully Begged Judge for Client's Life.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Russell Scott, former Toronto promoter, who turned bandit, escaped with his life today when Circuit Judge Lindsay allowed him to withdraw his plea of guilty and enter one of not guilty to the charge of murder of Joseph Maurer, a drug clerk, in a hold-up.

After Scott had pleaded guilty on the advice of his attorneys Judge Lindsay indicated that he felt impelled to impose the death penalty.

A remarkable scene followed when the attorney, realizing that his advice was about to result in the hanging of his client, broke into tears and pleaded with the Court not to inflict death. Judge Lindsay replied there were no mitigating circumstances.

Scott's counsel then pleaded for permission to withdraw the plea of guilty, and the granting of this plea today permits Scott to go to trial before a jury.

The prisoner was captured after a hold-up of the City Hall Pharmacy, opposite the City Hall, last November, when Maurer, the clerk, was killed. John Scott, a brother of the defendant, also was indicted, but never has been apprehended.

IMPOSE $111,000 FINE ON BRITISH STEAMER

Boston Customs Officials Levy Coastal Trade Penalty for Bringing Elks From Philadelphia.

BOSTON, July 11.—For alleged violation of the shipping laws forbidding vessels under foreign flags to engage in commerce between American ports, a fine of $111,000 was placed by customs authorities here today against the British steamer Voltaire, which last Monday brought five hundred members of the Philadelphia Lodge to the National Convention of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

The Voltaire, owned by the Lamport & Holt Steamship Company, stopped here en route to St. John's, N. F., and Halifax. The allegation charges that the Voltaire by coming here from Philadelphia at least violated the spirit of the law. Appeal from the fine may be made to the Department of Commerce at Washington.

JOLIET CHURCH BOMBED.

Pastor a Dry Leader and Police Say Wets Sought Revenge.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Revenge of illicit liquor dealers is held responsible by the Joliet authorities for the bombing early this morning of the Ottawa Street Methodist Episcopal Church, of which the Rev. Henry B. Rompel, dry crusader, is pastor.

While no one was injured, damage to the church, parsonage and church property is estimated at $2,000, while business buildings near by suffered about the same damage from broken windows. No arrests have been made.

Joliet authorities declare that the bomb was intended as reprisal for raids by Federal prohibition agents at Joliet several months ago, which the Rev. Mr. Rompel led in person.

Mr. Rompel and his family are in Europe, but the police believe those responsible for the explosion did not know of this.

EIGHT ARE DROWNED ON A SULTRY DAY

Brooklyn Boy Perishes While Bathing With Companions in a Pond.

Eight persons lost their lives by drowning yesterday in the waters in and near New York City and various resorts. A former Pennsylvania University football player saved a young woman from drowning at Cape May, N. J. The mishaps were the result of seeking relief in the water on a sultry day.

Henry Simonelli, 7 years old, 635 Metropolitan Avenue, Brooklyn, was drowned in Cooper's Pond, near Gardiner and Maspeth Avenues, Brooklyn, while bathing with several playmates. The lads were diving from a raft, and when Simonelli failed to come to the surface after a dive the other boys called for help. Patrolman James Seymour of the Herbert Street Station tried unsuccessfully to recover the body.

The body of an unidentified Japanese about 30 years old was found in the East River at the foot of Shore Road and Potter Avenue, Astoria, Queens.

William Cherry, 16, of Pleasantville, N. J., was drowned at Atlantic City while swimming in a hole in the Meadows at California Avenue.

Michael Fahey, 55, of Pittston, Pa., was stricken with heart disease when swimming in the surf off Kentucky Avenue, Atlantic City, and died almost instantly.

While swimming in the Delaware and Raritan Canal at New Brunswick, N. J., Howard M. Mundy, 12 years old, a Boy Scout, was stricken with cramps and sank. His body was recovered.

A. W. Gordon, 28, a waiter, was drowned in Lake Mahopac, N. Y. He was seized with cramps and sank in sight of his hysterical wife, who could not help him.

Hobson Lucas, 36, of Cortland, a member of the Field Artillery detachment of the United States Army at West Point Academy, was drowned in Long Pond, near Highlands, N. Y.

Charles Drottler, 25, a hotel employe, was drowned while swimming in Lake Mohegan, N. Y.

Miss Billie Sheppard was saved from drowning at Cape May by Ed McMullen, former football star of the University of Pennsylvania. The young woman got beyond the lifeguard line and was sinking when McMullen plunged in and brought her to shore.

HARRIMAN ASKS CUT IN ALIMONY DECREE

Banker's Son, Remarried, Wants $500 Monthly Payments Reduced to $50.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 11.—Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins today referred to former Supreme Court Justice Isaac N. Mills of Mount Vernon an application by Oliver Carley Harriman, stock broker of New York, son of Oliver B. Harriman, for an order reducing the alimony he is paying his former wife, Mrs. Lois B. Harriman, from $500 to $50 a month. Mr. Mills, as official referee, will inquire into the merits of the application.

Mrs. Harriman, who is a resident of Purchase, got a divorce on Jan. 23 last from Supreme Court Justice George H. Taylor Jr. on testimony of a private investigator. The day following the granting of the final decree Harriman married and again sailed for Europe. The ground for his present application is that his recent matrimonial venture adds to his expenses. A few weeks ago he sold his seat on the New York Stock Exchange.

Although no papers were filed here today, it is learned that Harriman also alleges that his wife has a private income and is able to provide for herself and their two children.

SEVEN KILLED IN DELHI RIOT.

Hindus Start Fight Over Moslem Boy Draining Water.

DELHI, British India, July 11.—Seven persons were reported killed today in a riot which followed a quarrel between Hindus and Moslems. Virtually the entire city took part in the rioting.

Toward evening the situation became quieter, but all shops are closed and the police are patrolling the streets in armored cars.

The disturbance is attributed to Hindus objecting to a Moslem boy drawing water from a certain well. The boy was violently beaten and is said to have died later in a hospital.

AUTHORIZE HERRIOT TO GO TO LONDON

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

made more than forty years from now is so very small. M. Poincaré interrupted to say that, nevertheless, France might find it very convenient to obtain payments from Germany as long as they could be had, and therefore demanded that M. Herriot should not agree to any reduction in the technical total.

Premier Herriot agreed that he would not accept the British view that the Dawes plan supplemented or replaced the reparation clauses of the Treaty of Versailles. When he referred to the suggestion made by himself and Premier MacDonald that America should name a member of the Reparation Commission, he was interrupted by shouts from the Right, "Washington wouldn't do so."

"Well, anyhow," said M. Herriot, "it would give me great joy if America does help carry out the treaty, for let us not forget that we cannot carry out the Dawes plan alone. We need help."

The Premier then added:

"If the interallied debts are not settled satisfactorily, no one knows what will be the financial future of France, and perhaps some day a Dawes plan will have to be drawn up for France."

He said that at Chequers he had tried his best to link the interallied debts to the Dawes plan, but that Premier MacDonald was adamant in his opposition. After this pessimistic report Premier Herriot turned to the question of security, saying: "It is even more grave than the question of reparation. Before knowing if one is to live rich or poor, first one must know if one is to live at all."

It was in this connection that he declared that he approved the position of former Governments regarding the evacuation of the Rhine, and said that the naming of M. Noliet as Minister of War, showed how seriously he took the security question. In pleading for permission of the Senate to have a try at the reparation problem, M. Herriot said:

"Two methods are before us. One is to act eternally alone, and when we are alone we may be rich with ideas, but the difficulty is to get others to accept them. M. Poincaré knows about that. Or there is the method of cooperation between France and England which will oblige Germany to tread the path of peace. If England and France separate, that means nothing more or less than a German war of revenge. Such is the situation."

Former Minister Cheron, titular head of Poincaré's party, read a statement saying he supported M. Herriot on the understanding that he would agree to no changes in the treaty, and would not surrender France's right to separate action. The vote was then taken, which in reality, meant the adjournment of the debate until Premier Herriot returns from London.

Bernstorff Has Hopes in Herriot.

By T. R. YBARRA.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 11.—"I feel convinced that the Herriot Government really wants to arrive at an understanding with Germany," said Count von Bernstorff, ex-German Ambassador to the United States, to me today. The Count had just returned from a week spent at Lyons, France, where he was a delegate to the meeting of the Federal Convention of League of Nations Unions. The conference was the first held in France since the war, said von Bernstorff, when a German delegate was received on equal footing with the other delegates.

"If only France could be convinced that Germany is really disarmed an understanding could be reached on other matters," continued the Count. "There is no question in my mind that disarmament is what most vitally interests the French just now. Every Frenchman with whom I spoke invariably asked me at some point in the conversation whether Germany had disarmed or would disarm, or whether she was sincere in what she said about disarming.

"I told all these Frenchmen that Germany could not wage war now even if she desired, but they still seemed to doubt it. Of course, the principal reason for this are the warlike and militaristic demonstrations constantly held in Germany by ultra-Nationalists.

"Incidentally I found during my Lyons stay that the French were very cross about an article contributed by me recently to THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, because I had said therein that France was responsible for the failure to arrive at an understanding with Germany. All Lyons reiterated what I said in the article, declaring that I still believed Poincaré's overthrow of Premier Briand and his refused to amend the Genoa Conference were largely to blame for the troubles of the past few years.

Thinks French Desire Real Peace.

"I also told the French at Lyons that now was the time for them to prove their declaration that the advent of M. Herriot means the birth of a new spirit in France.

"As for myself, I am convinced that M. Herriot does not believe in war, and wants a real peace. This is the view which I met also throughout Lyons. However, this did not make me too optimistic, since Lyons is M. Herriot's home town and many people there share his views.

"I went direct to Lyons from Germany and was not invited to Paris. Had I gone to other parts of France, I might have found a different attitude. In any event, I can truthfully say that I feel sure that a strong section of French public opinion sides with M. Herriot in his desire for an understanding with Germany."

When asked what he thought of the prospects of the London conference, Count von Bernstorff said:

"I think it will succeed, because it simply must succeed. It will mean European ruin if it does not succeed."

During his stay in France, the Count declared, he met with the very best of treatment, "from the moment I reached the first French customs station until I left the French frontier."

At the conference, the Count made a speech presenting strongly the German point of view regarding the League of Nations and the European situation in general. He was heard with absorbed attention and his address was not punctured by the slightest murmur of protest.

"I also attended a banquet and other social functions," he said, "where I was treated with every possible courtesy."

PROTEST RADIO CALL FOR CHORUS GIRLS

Trade Association Declares Daily Appeal Over WHN Is Unethical.

PRODUCER SEEKS TYROS

Stipulates Good Figures, Pretty Faces and Neat Ankles for a Coming Show.

A protest against what are declared to be unethical practices in broadcasting from Station WHN on Loew's State Theatre Building in a daily appeal over the radio for chorus girls for a forthcoming Broadway production has been made by the American Radio Association. This organization includes leading figures in the radio business and such experts as Professor W. R. Morecroft of Columbia University and Professor L. A. Hazeltine of Stevens Institute, and the formal protest was made through the Chairman of its Executive Committee, Arthur H. Lynch of Hempstead, L. I.

According to Mr. Lynch, all this week an appeal for girls to become members of the musical comedy chorus had been repeated daily between 10 and 11 in the forenoon and after 9:30 in the evening. The stipulation is that they have "good figures, pretty faces and neat ankles" and shall exhibit themselves in bathing suits. Mr. Lynch said yesterday that as a result of this promiscuous broadcasting young girls in homes where their environment would safeguard them from any theatrical advertising are being urged to apply for positions in the chorus.

As a result of the broadcasting several hundred girls, it is said, are applying every day for positions at the theatre. After the likely ones are selected they don bathing suits and are photographed.

The producer said he wanted fresh-looking girls for his show, preferably with no previous experience on the stage. The American Radio Association believes, Mr. Lynch said, that this use of the radio was by no means for the best interest of the business. "One of our objects," he said, "is to see that radio is conducted cleanly." He said that the broadcasting of the appeal from WHN was only one of many complaints that had been received against this station. "Flippant and bad language," he added, "is used from this station."

Besides the American Radio Association many owners of radio sets have complained of the appeal for chorus girls.

GANG ATTACKS POLICEMAN.

Dunleavy Makes Arrest in Broadway After Losing Nightstick.

After a struggle with a crowd of taxicab drivers and others shortly after last midnight, during which he was forced to fire three shots, Patrolman Jeremiah Dunleavy succeeded in dragging his semi-conscious prisoner into the West Forty-seventh Street Station.

According to Dunleavy, he was patrolling his post when attracted by shouts coming from the corner of Broadway and Forty-fourth Street. Struggling men swiftly separated when the policeman approached, swinging his nightstick, but closed in on him from behind. When his nightstick was torn from his grasp, Dunleavy drew his service revolver and fired two shots into the air. A man, later identified as Joseph O'Brien, 24, a taxicab driver, tried to get the pistol.

Patrolmen Cronyn and Hudson appeared just as Dunleavy felled O'Brien with a blow of his pistol butt and his comrades disappeared.

A chauffeur, Isidore Satloff, of 406 East 106th Street, staggered to his feet after the policemen had summoned the patrol wagon and identified O'Brien as the man who, accompanied by eight other men, approached him at Forty-fourth Street and demanded to be taken to an uptown address. When he refused their demands, he said, they attacked him.

Cashier of Stinnes Bank is Freed.

Anton Hellman, 30 years old, of 157 East Eighty-third Street, former cashier in a bank in Hamburg, Germany, owned by the late Hugo Stinnes, was discharged by Magistrate Weil in the Tombs Court yesterday from a charge of forgery. He was alleged to have passed a check for $3,000 bearing the forged signature of Hugo Stinnes, on the International Acceptance Bank, 31 Pine Street, but H. Hollesen, Inc., of 44 Beaver Street, representing the Stinnes interests, refused to prosecute.

ARREST 6 AS BAND OF CHECK FORGERS

Almost $50,000 Obtained From Local Banks by Aid of Girls, Police Charge.

After the arrest last evening of six men charged with forgery, the police made known some of the details of an elaborate scheme on the part of a gang by which almost $50,000 was obtained from banks on bogus checks. It was asserted that a handwriting expert was a member of the gang, who also used girls as innocent dupes.

The prisoners were Abraham Stander, 26, of 1,168 Fifteenth Street, Brooklyn, who had been released the day before in $5,000 bail on another forgery charge; Samuel Horowitz, 24, of 838 Hopkinson Avenue, Brooklyn; Jack T. Martin, 26, of 269 West Seventieth Street, Theodore Anderson, 26, of 42 West Sixty-eighth Street; Nathan Silverman, 32, of Neptune Avenue, Coney Island, and Mannie King, 34, of 307 West Seventy-seventh Street.

They were identified in the Old Slip Police Station last evening by two stenographers who said they had been employed by the prisoners. The men were arrested in a group at Seventy-ninth Street and Central Park West after they had been trailed for hours by Lieutenant Dittman and Detectives Fitzpatrick, Fay, Kalbfleisch and McDonald of the Old Slip precinct.

The police said that the gang operated from several offices, one in downtown Broadway, one in Broadway near Forty-second Street, another in Union Square and a fourth in Nassau Street. The procedure, according to the police, was to engage a stenographer from a business school, informing her the office was engaged in the sale of investment securities or some other legitimate business.

The police said that Silverman, until recently a clerk for the Dairymen's League, gave to others of the gang checks he had received from various firms with which the league did business, the checks being held long enough to enable Horowitz, a writing expert, to become familiar with the signatures.

One of the girls would then be sent with a check, the police stated, to the Hamilton National Bank, Chatham-Phenix National Bank, Farmers Loan and Trust Company, Bank of America or Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company, one or more of the gang following so that the forgers would not be caught napping in event of the arrest of the girl.

Miss Sally Blumstein of 159 Cook Street, Brooklyn, engaged for one of the downtown offices, cashed a check on June 24 on the Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company for $450, said the police. She was sent back a few days later with another check, and this time was questioned by the bank officials. Detectives were convinced she had been duped. Information given by the girl was responsible in large measure for the arrests.

The specific complaint was by Paul Gorlsky, a commission merchant, of 175 West Street, whose name was forged to a check for $240.

SUBWAY TIE-UP IN BRONX.

Elevated Traffic Also Halted by Accident at 176th Street.

Thousands of residents of the Bronx were late in reporting for work in downtown offices yesterday morning as the result of an accident on the Jerome Avenue subway structure at the 176th Street station in the midst of the rush hour. Trains of both the Sixth and Ninth Avenue Elevated lines as well as those of the East Side subway run over that part of the line which is above the ground. Traffic was completely tied up for nearly half an hour.

A contact shoe on a subway express that left the Kingsbridge Road station at 8:02 caused the delay. The shoe worked in between the car and the third rail just as the train reached the 176th Street station and broke off a long section of the rail. Sparks started a small fire, which was quickly put out by the train crew. There was considerable confusion.

During the disrupted service southbound subway trains were dispatched along the storage track in the middle of the structure for several hours.

RADIO CALLS GOV. BRANDON.

Alabama's Convention Announcer Will Stick to Present Job, However.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 11.—Governor W. W. Brandon upon his return today to the Executive office from the National Democratic Convention in New York confirmed the report which preceded him to the effect that he had received an attractive offer from a New York radio company to serve as announcer.

The offer, it was learned, came during a session of the convention and promised a salary of $10,000, which is $2,500 more than Alabama pays its Governor.

As to whether he would accept, Governor Brandon said, "I reckon I would give right good service if I took the job, but I'm just treating it as a compliment to my voice and am not making any plans in that direction right now. Besides I have more than two years to serve Alabama."

LOGAN IN LONDON FOR ALLIED MEETING

Owen D. Young Is Expected to Attend the Conferences as an Unofficial Observer.

LONDON, July 11 (Associated Press).—The American preliminaries for the Interallied Conference which is to discuss means for making the experts' reparations plan effective began with the arrival from Paris tonight of Colonel James A. Logan, the American observer of the Reparation Commission. He is the guest of Ambassador Kellogg at Crewe House, and had a two-hour discussion with the Ambassador soon after.

Mr. Kellogg hopes to have Colonel Logan sit beside him at the conference table throughout the sessions, and the British are planning to make this arrangement for them.

Owen D. Young, who helped draw up the experts' report, is expected to arrive from New York in time for the opening of the conference on July 16. Although his presence will be entirely unofficial, it is expected that he will be asked to take an important administrative position if the conference agrees upon a method of putting the new reparations scheme into effect.

CHERBOURG, France, July 11.—Owen D. Young, among those chiefly responsible for the experts' reparation report, was aboard the steamer Leviathan when the vessel touched here today on the voyage from New York to Southampton. When questioned about the Allied Conference, his answer was:

"It cannot say if I will take part in the conference at London. My position is not definitely settled. I do not know yet whether I will be accredited by the United States Government."

Mr. Young proceeded to Southampton on the Leviathan, planning to visit Paris at the end of the month.

DAYLIGHT HOLD-UP IN VANDERBILT AV.

Gunmen Rob a Payroll Messenger of $576 and Escape Through Grand Central.

BROOKLYN JEWELER GAGGED

Safe Wide Open, but Proprietor Can't Tell How Much Loot Was Taken.

Two men with pistols robbed a payroll messenger of an envelope containing $576 on the third floor of the office building at 83 Vanderbilt Avenue yesterday. The robbers escaped into the Grand Central Terminal in the noon crowds.

The messenger, Frederick Kohler, 22 years old, drew the money from the Equitable Trust Company branch at Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street and was returning to the offices of the American Enameled Brick & Tile Co. He passed through an arcade and into an elevator at 52 Vanderbilt Avenue. He had walked about fifteen feet along the corridor of the third floor when the stairway door opened and two men leaped at him, pointing pistols.

Kohler was dragged back of the stairway door and the money was taken from him. When Kohler ran excitedly into his office, the employes there armed themselves with paperweights and other articles and went in pursuit of the hold-up men. By the time they had reached the ground floor, however, the criminals had escaped. Kohler said the robbers were youths of foreign appearance.

Robbers Blind a Jeweler.

Dr. Henry Ostrander of 147 State Street, Brooklyn, was passing the jewelry store of George Wartinian at 123 Court Street, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon when he saw that the safe door was open. He notified Patrolman Edmund Unger of the Butler Street Police Station. Unger and Dr. Ostrander entered the store and found Wartinian in a closet in a rear room, bound to a chair and gagged. He said he had been drugged. A doctor from Holy Name Hospital was called. No marks of violence were found.

Wartinian said that two men wearing caps had ordered him to the rear room at the point of pistols. He said he was unable to determine how much jewelry they stole.

Two negroes were arrested early yesterday in Brooklyn on charges of burglary. The first, Ernest Cunningham, 24, of 344 West Eighteenth Street, New York, was caught by Patrolman George Mahoney of the Butler Street Police Station after a chase in which the policeman used a taxicab. Samuel Mulholland charged that he found the negro in his apartment at 459 State Street searching his trousers. When Mulholland leaped from bed the robber ran to a window and down a fire escape. Mulholland gave chase in his pajamas. Magistrate Folwell in Flatbush Court held Cunningham without bail for examination Monday.

Michael Flynn of 2,933 West Second Street, Coney Island, was awakened by a sound in his room and found a negro entering from the fire escape. He gave chase, running down the street in his pajamas. Policemen caught Eusibo Girisino, 27 years old, of 11 Delancey Place. Magistrate Short in Coney Island Court held him without bail for the Grand Jury.

Students Charged With Burglary.

Two graduates of the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute were among three men held yesterday by Magistrate Folwell in Flatbush Court in $1,000 bail each for examination Aug. 5 on charges of burglary. Detectives Dineen and Burgess and Patrolman Bosch told the Court they saw the prisoners leaving the drug store of Abraham Fisher at 661 Flatbush Avenue early yesterday with bundles taken from the store. The prisoners were Robert Scott, 20, of 806 Chauncey Street; Kenneth Ray Burgher, 22, of 4 Lewis Place, and Charles W. Chebots, 20, of 373 Ocean Avenue. Scott and Burgher are alumni of Poly.

If he had been identified as one of three robbers in a $700 payroll hold-up, Charles Gerard, 23, of 311 Pleasant Avenue, was held yesterday by Magistrate Marsh in Harlem Court without bail for the Grand Jury. A man arrested with him, James Schmelli, 22, of 320 East 118th Street, also was held without bail for the Grand Jury on the charge of being implicated in another robbery.

Stephen Montagna, 24, was arrested yesterday afternoon in his home at 311 Tonelle Street, Jersey City, a few hours after two men with whom he had been riding were held up at a pistol point and robbed of $1,600 in money and jewelry near Secaucus, N. J. The victim, Ernest Merego and Samuel Abrahamowitz, both of Paterson, told the police Montagna was the robber.

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SAO PAULO REBELS SAID TO BE IN POWER

American Consul at Santos Declares All State Officials Have Quit the City.

MILITARY RULE IS REPORTED

Government Newspaper in Rio de Janiero, However, Says "Revolt is Practically Conquered."

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The Brazilian rebels have repulsed the Federal troops and are in full control of the City of Sao Paulo, according to an official cable to the State Department today. It made this announcement:

"The State Department is in receipt of a message from Consul Arminius T. Haeberle in Sao Paulo to the effect that the revolutionists control the City of Sao Paulo; that the Governor of the State has withdrawn from the city, and that protection of life and property has been promised."

The Brazilian Embassy in Washington today received a communiqué from the Brazilian Foreign Office, based upon advices from the commander of the Government troops at Sao Paulo, reading as follows:

"Official communiqué issued at midnight on the 10th states military has bombarded the Lus barracks with excellent results. The rebels did not respond to the attack. In the afternoon the bombardment stopped from our side.

"It is the wish of the commander to spare as much as possible the city which has already been so much damaged by the rebels. All the troops from the division of operations are already assembled together. The morale of the troops continues to be excellent."

Colonel Francisco Leads Rebels.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, July 11 (Associated Press).—According to authoritative advices received by wireless from Santos and Port Alegre, the Brazilian rebels are successfully continuing their operations, which, it is disclosed, are directed against the Government of President Bernardes. It is said that they are in complete control of Sao Paulo and it is feared that the movement may extend to all Brazil.

Numbers of rebels are reported marching toward the State of Parana, where, the dispatches say, it is believed they will be joined by the Parana State troops and others they meet during their advance.

The movement is said to be headed by the famous Rio Grande leader, Colonel Joao Francisco, who for some years has been commander of a brigade of State troops stationed in Sao Paulo. The advices say the rebels succeeded in deposing the Sao Paulo State Government, which has been replaced by a military junta under General Rondon and Major Klinger, who revolted with the artillery regiment under his command.

The railroad from Santos to Sao Paulo is not operating and the telegraphic censorship is very severe.

Congress Supports Bernardes.

BUENOS AIRES, July 11.—A dispatch to La Nacion from Rio de Janeiro says the Brazilian Senate and Chamber have voted motions applauding the Government's firm attitude in the present emergency.

President Bernardes, replying to a spokesman in the Chamber of Deputies, said that in the hour of trial the support given by the best elements in the nation encouraged the Government to grapple with the difficult problems facing it.

He added that the gratifying adhesion of the State Governments, police and public throughout the country showed that the common sense of the nation would prevail.

Oil Deposits Afire.

Property damage in Sao Paulo, brought about by the insurrection, includes the oil deposits of the Anglo-American Petroleum Company, which were set on fire, it has been learned here.

RIO DE JANEIRO, July 11.—The Government organ Jornal do Commercio, in an editorial this morning, declares "the Sau Paulo revolt is practically conquered."

Says Reports Are Exaggerated.

The Brazilian Consul General in New York yesterday issued the following statement:

"The official communications received from the Foreign Affairs at Rio by this Consulate are more reassuring of the situation created by the military revolt which has recently broken out in Sao Paulo.

"Although details are still lacking, the events in Sao Paulo are a repetition of the mutiny which occurred in July, 1922, in the Fort Capacabana at Rio de Janeiro. In both instances the movement had an entirely military character, being caused by the indiscipline of a few officers of the Brazilian Army who were utterly irritated over the election of President Bernardes. That first insurrection was crushed almost on its start by the energy of the Federal Government, but it seems that part of the irritation remained dormant in some quarters and has now broke out in Sao Paulo.

"Details of the occurrences in Sao Paulo conveyed by cable from Buenos Aires and Montevideo appear to be exaggerated. In view of the strict censorship kept by the Brazilian authorities, they are more or less results of guessing.

"The official bulletins indicate that the Federal Government is very strong and is backed by the public opinion in the whole country, as well as by the Government on all the States of the Federation.

"The official communication above referred to read as follows:

"'Friday morning, July 11, 1924.—Operation against the rebels follows its normal course. Government troops making progress, the situation of the rebels becomes extremely difficult. According to all indications, the ranks of the rebels start to show gaps caused by desertion. President Carlos Campos and his Government still in the city of Sao Paulo, backed by legal forces and in contact with military authorities.'"

Brazilian Currency Again Drops.

RIO DE JANEIRO, July 11.—There was a severe slump in the foreign exchange market today, American exchange dropping to 10.5 milreis to the dollar.

TO DEDICATE WAR CHURCH.

Americans Will Attend Ceremony at Chateau Thierry Tomorrow.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 11.—The Memorial Temple which has been given by Protestant churches in the United States to the villa of Chateau Thierry, in memory of the American soldiers who fell in that region while repulsing the German invaders in 1918, will be dedicated next Sunday.

The dedication will be the occasion of an impressive religious and patriotic ceremony in which many notables and officials will participate. Ambassador Herrick and representatives of the French Government will be present.

The edifice is already known for its unusual windows. They represent all the Marshals of France who fought in the World War, and the large window facade has pictures of General Pershing debarking with American soldiers and being received by the French Marshals.

The altar Bible was presented by Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt in memory of her son Quentin, who was killed near by while making an aerial reconnaissance.

GERMAN MASS SLAYER BEGS FOR EXECUTION

Haarmann Calmly Admits He Can't Recall Victims—Public Meetings Protest Inaction.

HANOVER, Germany, July 11.—While popular indignation over the alleged indifference of the police to the cases of Friederich Haarmann, confessed mass murderer, is growing, the slayer himself is taking his situation with calmness and poise and is asking to be beheaded "as I deserve to be."

"I don't remember the names of all of my victims," Haarmann told interviewers today. "You see, they came so fast that I really did not have a good chance to get well acquainted with them."

He recalled having slain not less than a dozen boys and young men and was quite certain there were many more whom he did not recall.

As a result of the alleged indifference of the police with respect to the inquiries of parents whose sons are missing, a popular mass meeting was called at which the indictment was demanded of police officials who are believed to be in possession of accurate knowledge of Haarmann's wholesale butchery.

Hundreds of letters are arriving daily from all parts of Germany, in which frantic parents report the suspicious disappearance of members of their families and ask the police to search for possible traces of them among Haarmann's belongings.

The room in which the "modern Giles de Retz" slaughtered his victims is situated on the top story of a decrepit tenement house facing the River Leine. The bodies of the slain persons were thrown into this river, the bottom of which is now being dragged for further evidence.

HALF A BILLION FRANCS BET ON PARIS RACES

Plungers Are Chiefly Englishmen and Americans—Government Gets 11 Per Cent.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 11.—More than half a billion francs, or more exactly 550,000,000, were bet at Paris race tracks the first six months of this year.

The official par-mutuel reports shows that the 11 per cent. tax which is levied on all bets totalled 6,500,000 francs, the rest, of course, being distributed among the holders of the winning tickets.

The State's share is distributed among charities, hospitals, orphanges, &c. Inasmuch as the usual heavy betting on the Beauville races does not come within this estimate, it is safe to calculate that more than a billion francs will be bet on French horse races this year. Sporting writers figure that at least one-half of the betting is done by Englishmen and Americans because while the French are passionately fond of racing and nearly all bet, their usual wagers are ten or twenty francs. Few plungers are Frenchmen.

METAGAMA AGROUND IN ST. JOHN'S HARBOR

Ship in Recent Collision Off Cape Race Sticks Fast and Must Await Morning Tide.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 11.—The Canadian Pacific liner Metagama, bound for Quebec for permanent repairs after patching up the damages she sustained in a collision with the Italian steamship Clara Camus, off Cape Race, on June 19, went ashore at the harbor entrance here today. She listed badly, making control difficult, and tugs surrounded her in an effort to get her free.

The liner went so hard aground that it was expected tonight that she could not be floated before high tide at about 3 o'clock tomorrow morning. Four tugs tried in vain to get her off the shoal, but the lines broke repeatedly.

The steamship Sylvia, here from New York, was arranging to assist the stranded vessel when the tide rose.

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO TO SEEK $54,000,000

Will Make It the Richest Institution of the Kind in the Country.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 11.—President Ernest Dewitt Burton tonight announced a plan to double the present endowment of the University of Chicago, making it the richest institution of its kind in the United States.

The campaign for money will start in the Fall, and for the first time in its history the university will appeal to the public. The present wealth of the institution is $54,000,000, which President Burton plans to increase to $108,000,000, with about $65,000,000 of that sum placed in income-producing investments.

1,000 TIN WORKERS QUIT

Refuse to Accept 20 Per Cent. Wage Cut at McKeesport, Pa.

Special to The New York Times.

McKEESPORT, Pa., July 11.—One thousand employes of the McKeesport Tin Plate Company, at Port Vue, did not appear for work today, and a complete shut-down is expected to result. The men comprise the entire force of the Hot Mill Department, and it was not operated today. Other departments can work only as long as the stock of ready material lasts, a company official said.

It is supposed that the walkout resulted from a 20 per cent. wage reduction and a half-time working schedule put into effect three weeks ago.

The company official stated that the changes were due to the collapse of the tin market, the stock rooms of the company being filled with tin. He added that no overtures to the men would be made but if they returned of their own accord the mills would be kept running as long as possible.

A BATTLE IN A LIGHTHOUSE.

Keeper Found Fisherman Paying Unwelcome Call on Wife.

TOMS RIVER, N. J., July 11.—Andrew Applegate, for many years keeper of the lighthouse at Barnegat, was indicted by the Ocean County Grand Jury yesterday on a charge of assault, with intent to kill. The charge was made by Olaf Hansen, a fisherman.

Applegate said that two weeks ago Hansen forced his way into the lighthouse and bestowed unwelcome attentions upon Mrs. Applegate. Applegate reached the lighthouse as Hansen was leaving, seized a rifle and fired seven shots at Hansen, it is alleged. Four of the bullets lodged in Hansen's back. Hansen is recuperating in the Barnegat Hospital.

VICE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEES.

Portrait of Charles W. Bryan, Democratic nominee for Vice President, in tomorrow's Rotogravure-Picture Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES.—Advt.

HUGHES SAILS TODAY FOR TRIP TO EUROPE

Secretary Will Meet Premiers and Attend Bar Association Convention in London.

ACCEPTS PARIS INVITATION

French Lawyers Plan Big Reception for Him—Will Be Gone One Month.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes will sail from New York City tomorrow on the liner Berengaria for an absence of approximately a month in Europe, during which he will visit London and Paris, and have an opportunity for a conference with Prime Minister MacDonald, Premier Herriot of France and other European statesmen. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Hughes and by his private secretary, William H. Beck.

The primary purpose of the journey is to attend the meeting of the Bar Association in London with other members of the American Bar Association who are going to the British capital as guests of the British Bar Association.

Mr. Hughes has accepted an invitation to visit Paris as the guest of the French Bar Association. It was said today that his trip would be a short one and that he expected to return by Aug. 15.

After the meeting of the Bar Association in London, he will go to Paris, where a reception has been arranged for him by the French Bar Association. After this the Secretary expects to have a few days to himself.

No confirmation could be obtained of reports that Mr. Hughes would visit Berlin and possibly other European capitals.

Mr. Hughes has had only a few weeks' vacation in the past two or three years, and he looks upon this trip as a holiday during which he will be free to mingle with his colleagues of the legal profession.

During his trip, however, he will always be accessible to the State Department through the various embassies, and since he will doubtless meet Premier MacDonald and many other important public men on his visit to England and France, it is regarded as certain that he will have ample opportunity to get a great deal of firsthand information on the political situation in Europe, particularly as to the progress made in the effort to put the Dawes plan into execution.

800 LAWYERS LEAVE TODAY.

Will Attend the Bar Association Convention in London.

More than 800 members of the American Bar Association from all parts of the United States will sail at 5 P. M. today on the Cunarder Berengaria for Southampton on their way to attend the Bar Association convention in London, which opens July 20 with services in Westminster Abbey.

During their stay in the British metropolis the lawyers will be the guests of the Inns of Court annd the Incorporated Law Society, representing the two branches of the legal profession in Great Britain.

One of the chief incidents in the program of the convention will be the presentation by the visitors of a life-size statue of Sir William Blackstone to the Middle Temple, from which legal institution came five signers of the Declaration of Independence. The statue of the famous English jurist, who is called the father of American law, will be of bronze, but it will not be ready in time to be presented in its final form, so arrangements have been made to unveil a plaster cast of it which will be taken over on the Berengaria. Among the Bar Association members sailing today are:

Secretary Hughes, former United States Attorney General George W. Wickersham, Judge Augustus N. Hand, Henry W. Taft, Charles S. Whitman, Judge Frederick R. Crane, Judge Alton B. Parker, Wade H. Ellis, Judge Samuel Seabury, R. E. L. Saner, Frederick E. Wadhams, William M. Chadbourne, Fred H. Stinchfield, Edward R. Finch, Robert T. Swaine, William D. Guthrie, Victor Morawetz, Judge Irving Lehman, Alfred E. Hinrichs, Louis Susman, Charles L. Griffin, Francis Smyth, Horner L. Loomis, Ely Rosenberg, Arthur L. Lewinsky, Amos J. Peaslee, Justice John M. Tierney, Samuel P. Morgan, Stuart Chevalier, Robert N. Miller, Henry L. Stimson, Miss Emilie Bullowa, Miss Grace Bullowa, Dr. Alma Bullowa, Julius Henry Cohen, Walter J. Gazlin, Walter T. Stern, Lewis M. Isaac, Paul C. Cloyd, Frederick Geller, Charles A. Boston, Lyon Boston, Nathaniel T. Guernsey, E. G. Hay, Carl D. Jackson, Frederic R. Coudert, George A. Carden, Wilson M. Powell, Guy O. Walz, Bernard S. Deutsch, Walter L. McCorkle, C. B. Ames, William D. Gaillard, W. Bulger, J. Plantep, Fritz von Briesen, Henry D. Williams, Bronson Winthrop, Charles W. Burlingham, Samuel P. Goldman, Charles H. Strong, Frederick L. Strong, M. S. Hoffenstein, Lewis B. Hall Jr., Frederick T. Kelsey, Gorham Crosby.

Members from other cities: John A. Delahanty, Percy D. Maddin, Gwiney E. Newlin, Walter S. Penfield, David H. Bilder, O. R. Mellgman, John R. Montgomery, Loren L. Lewis Jr., John E. Hamilton, George B. Harris, John E. McLeigh, Forrest C. Donnell, Henry G. W. Dinkelspell, Edward S. Rogers, Charles H. Butler, Ezra M. Kuhns, Arthur G. Powell, Charles G. Baker, Wayne Dumont, Joseph Marval, Charles S. Cushing, John J. White, Alexander R. Hagner, Edgar Pelzotto, William H. Beck, Elias H. Strawn, Robert P. Lamont, Melvin A. Traylor, James H. Douglas Jr., Robert R. Dunstall, Harry S. Knight, Amos B. Thompson, Stanton C. Peelle, Stiles W. Burr, W. H. L. Hynes, Edward A. Armstrong, Judge Isaac Wolfe, Gordner K. Hudson, Charles A. Hunt, Frank Pace, Edgar L. Wood, J. F. Laffey, Rodney J. Bardwell, William Marshall Bullitt, Malcolm Crawford, Dwight L. Savage, Frederick H. Knight, Lee L. Baker, Charles H. Le Lavre, George E. Williams, William C. Pettit, H. L. McCune, Judge William H. Keller, George A. King, Cornelius Comegys, Walter I. Dawkins, Milton H. Earle, John V. Campbell, John N. Ott, Vernon Hazzard, Randolph Williams, Charles M. Burck, Frank P. Barnhart, Robert Stone, A. W. Dobyne.

Also Maurice E. Skinner, Frank P. Christian, Jesse A. Miller, J. E. E. Markley, Judge Robert R. Prentis, Peter M. Speer, James D. Shearer, Randall J. Le Boeuf, R. T. W. Duke Jr., Lewis Starr, John D. Black, Logan Hay, Edwin S. Thomas, John E. Malone, G. B. Rose, Henry H. Clark, Dr. De Forest P. Willard, Hasen I. Sawyer, H. Austin Hazzard, R. W. Cheney, Edward W. Blodgett, Stephen H. Allen, Parker H. Hoag, W. Thomas Kemp Jr., Charles F. Webster, Lieut. Col. J. Miller Kenyon, Theodore Hammond, James Hamilton Lewis, Allen J. Hastings, J. Washington Logue, Clarence E. Sprout, Judge Ernest I. Edgcomb, Willard W. Saperston, Judge Robert S. Marx, Beverley R. Jouett, Helm Bruce, Scott M. Loftin, Hollis R. Bailey, Richard E. Cochran, Harry Higbee, William Hunter, S. Barton Strong, Thomas L. Pugsle, Frederick W. Harnwell, Joseph W. O'Hare, Clinton B. Woodruff, John M. Cameron, Roscoe Pound, Bruce W. Sanborn, John Junell, W. Logan MacCoy, Arthur M. Geary, Charles Martindale, L. G. Norris, L. G. Whitnel, Rudolph Whiting, Edgar S. McKaig, John B. Lightfoot Jr., Lee Douglas, Fred G. Dewey, John W. Ford and Richard Mayson.

Many of the lawyers will be accompanied by their families. Accommodations have been reserved for them in the best hotels in London and a special train will convey them from the pier in Southampton to London.

Included in the official program of entertainment for the delegates from America will be: Services in Westminster Abbey, July 20; dinners at the various inns in the Temple, and Lincoln's Inn and Gray's Inn, London, July 22; dinner in Guildhall, given by the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs of the City of London, July 23; official dinner in Westminster Hall, July 25; reception by the University of London at the Imperial Institute.

There also will be a garden party given by King George and Queen Mary at Buckingham Palace, and the delegates also will be entertained by United States Ambassador Kellogg and the Pilgrim Society. Invitations have been received from the Scotch and Irish Bar Associations for the American delegates to visit Edinburgh and Dublin before they return to New York. A reception at the Wembley Exposition also is planned.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Former Senator James Hamilton Lewis left today for New York and will sail for London tomorrow to fill speaking engagements for John W. Davis, Democratic Presidential nominee. Former Senator Lewis was delegated by Secretary of State Hughes, newly elected President of the American Bar Association, to fill Mr. Davis's engagements to speak before meetings of lawyers for several countries after the nomination of Mr. Davis made it impossible for him to make the trip.

SAYS RAIL UNIONS BACK LA FOLLETTE

Railway Age Regards Workers' "Expedition Into Politics" as "Effrontery."

The Conference for Progressive Political Action, which nominated Senator La Follette at Cleveland was dominated by railway labor leaders, according to The Railway Age, which declares that "this extraordinary expedition of the railway labor unions into politics is notable above all previous political movements for its effrontery." This publication, which is considered to represent the general sentiment of the railroad managers, indicates that the coming campaign of Senator La Follette will be based on a fight against the railroads.

The Railway Age calls attention to the fact that W. H. Johnston, President of the International Machinists' Union, a railway labor organization, was Chairman of the conference that nominated Senator La Follette; that T. C. Cashen, President of the United Switchmen of America, was Chairman of the Committee on Rules of the conference; H. P. Daugherty, Vice President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Chairman of the Finance Committee, and D. R. Richberg, general counsel of the railroad labor organizations, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions.

"The railway labor leaders, while pretending, at least, to represent the railway employes, who are getting 58 per cent. of the advance in rates, are going to send Senator La Follette out among the farmers to yell 'Stop thief!' at the railroad companies," says The Railway Age.

JAPAN'S AMBASSADOR BEGINS JOURNEY HOME

Hanihara, as He Leaves Washington, Expresses the Hope That He Will Return.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Masanao Hanihara, the Japanese Ambassador to the United States, left Washington on the Congressional Limited this afternoon for San Francisco via New York City, and will sail from the California port on July 18 on the steamship Corea for Japan to confer with his Government regarding the Japanese exclusion situation.

J. V. A. MacMurray, chief of the division of Far Eastern Affairs of the State Department, and Myron Hofer, a secretary in that department, were at the station as representatives of Secretary Hughes to say farewell to the Ambassador. To expressions of hope that Mr. Hanihara would return to Washington, he smilingly replied that he would be glad to do so since his connections here had been "so pleasant."

While it has been intimated many times that Ambassador Hanihara is going home in consequence of the international incident created by the passage of the new immigration law containing provisions excluding Japanese, and particularly because of letters written by Mr. Hanihara in which he referred to the grave consequences which might result from exclusion, there has been no official announcement to the effect that Mr. Hanihara will not return to Washington.

In Japanese official circles it was stated that Mr. Hanihara for months had planned to return to Tokio during the slack Summer months in order to consult at first hand with his Government. Emphasis was laid upon the fact that Mr. Hanihara was highly regarded both in Washington and by his own foreign office, and that he was qualified as well as were few other Japanese diplomats to hold the post of Ambassador to the United States.

The Embassy here, in the absence of Mr. Hanihara, will be in charge of Counselor M. Yoshida as Chargé d'Affaires.

RELICS OF STONE AGE DUG UP IN SIBERIA

Find Includes Skeleton Said to Be 17,000 Years Old, Stags, Dinosaurs and Weapons.

KRASNOYARSK, Siberia, July 11 (Associated Press).—Russian archaeologists who are excavating near here have unearthed several human bodies belonging to the Stone Age, a number of prehistoric mammoths, dinosaurs, bisons, gigantic stags and more than 700 stone and bone implements, ornaments and weapons of the prehistoric era.

One of the human skeletons found by the explorers is believed to be at least 17,000 years old.

The expedition was undertaken two years ago in an attempt to fix the place of the abode of prehistoric man in Siberia. It is working under the direction of Professors Auerbach and Sosnowsky, who are distinguished Russian archaeologists.

Krasnoyarsk is a city of about 38,000 persons, situated on the line of the Transsiberian Railroad. It is on the Yenisei, a river 3,000 miles long.

GEN. CALLES CARRIES MEXICO CITY BY 30,915

Provincial Returns on His Contest With Gen. Flores for Presidency Expected in a Few Days.

MEXICO CITY, July 11 (Associated Press).—General Plutarco Elias Calles polled 41,455 votes and General Angel Flores polled 8,540 votes in the Presidential election on Sunday, according to official returns from Mexico City made public today.

The provincial results will be tabulated within a few days, it was stated. The results indicate that in Mexico City the Calles Deputies also won. No clashes of any gravity were reported.

Ramon Ross, Governor of the Federal District, declared in a statement that the Flores elements were causing anxiety by their seditious actions toward the Government, although he would not say that these were being carried out with the official authority of General Flores or of the party managers.

New Honduran Minister Coming.

TEGUCIGALPA, July 11.—Fausto Davila, former Foreign Minister, has departed for Washington to assume his new duties as Honduran Minister to the United States.

CONFERENCE BEGUN BY LITTLE ENTENTE

Allies Are in Complete Unity, Says Official Communique on First Session.

DISCUSS FOREIGN POLICIES

Omission of Bessarabian Question From the Schedule Causes Comment by Prague Newspapers.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PRAGUE, July 11.—The first session of the conference here of the Little Entente took place from 3 to 7 P. M. today, when, as on former occasions, questions of foreign policy were discussed.

The official communiqué issued this evening states that "once again complete agreement has been reached regarding numerous interests and there is complete unity among the Allies."

In the course of conversations Ministers states that many recent events had in no way changed the relations existing among the three States, "which are bound by vital interests."

This evening's Prague newspapers comment on the fact that the Bessarabian question was not mentioned in the communiqué and emphasize that it is up to the Rumanian Government to meet the concessions made by Czechoslovakia to Poland and those made by Yugoslavia on the Adriatic by toning down its Bessarabian attitude.

Benes Is "Satisfied."

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, July 11.—The conference at Prague of the Little Entente opened today according to schedule.

The Prager Tageblatt this morning published an interview with Foreign Minister Benes of Czechoslovakia, in which he surveyed "with satisfaction" past performances of the Little Entente and expressed the conviction that the usefulness of the Little Entente would continue.

The official communiqué announces that the schedule of meetings will include discussion of the relations with the Little Entente's neighbors, the financial rehabilitation of Hungary and Austria, the reparation question, military control of former enemies, the program of the League of Nations and plans for armament reductions and the question of Germany's membership in the League.

The most conspicuous feature of this schedule is the absence of any reference to the Bessarabian question and to Russia generally. The Vienna Freie Presse this morning suggests that Rumania, to whom the Bessarabian problem is at present the most burning of all issues, will try to force the hands of member States and demand a showdown.

"It will be necessary to find a formula," says the paper, "in which Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia assure Rumania of their sympathy without offending Russia. It may be expected that the diplomatic prowess of Mr. Benes will be able to ward off such a contingency as might result in emphasizing difference of opinion rather than unity of purpose."

The relation of Hungary with the members of the Little Entente has lost much of its tenseness and it is believed in well-informed quarters in Vienna that mutual feelers may be cautiously put out.

ASKS $1,000,000 DAMAGES.

Bidder Sues Holding Company for Failure to Sell French Base Here.

An action for $1,000,000 damages resulting from the alleged refusal by the French Government to approve the sale of land and buildings acquired during the World War for an army base and munition plants on Newtown Creek and Bell Street, Brooklyn, became public yesterday when the Charles Albert Corporation asked the Brooklyn Supreme Court for an injunction to prevent disposal of the property until determination of the suit. The action is brought against the Newtown Creek Realty Corporation, which is said to be a holding concern for the French Government.

The Charles Albert Corporation says it was the highest bidder when the property was offered at auction at the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, on June 11, offering $703,000, and that it paid 10 per cent. of this amount to bind the contract.

The plaintiff asserts that the contract did not specify that the completion of the sale depended upon the approval of the French Government. The court reserved decision on the injunction application.

FOUND SENSELESS ON SHIP.

W. D. Pease of Atlanta Taken to Hospital Here in Critical Condition.

When the City of Montgomery of the Ocean Steamship Company arrived yesterday morning from Savannah at pier 32, North River, it was reported that a passenger registered as William D. Pease of Atlanta, Ga., about sixty years old, was unconscious in his cabin. The steward told the police that the man had only been to the dining saloon for one meal since leaving Savannah Tuesday afternoon. He was sent to St. Vincent's Hospital in an ambulance where it was said that his condition was critical.

According to inquiries made in Atlanta it was said that Pease was employed by Ham Vanable, owner of Stone Mountain, near that city, as a superintendent, and that he was a friend of Gutzon Borglum, who is carving the massive Confederate Memorial on the mountain. At a late hour last night he had not recovered consciousness.

A. W. S. COCHRANE'S WILL.

Carpet Man's Estate Divided Among His Family.

The will of Adam W. S. Cochrane, a large stockholder of Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Company, was filed for probate yesterday. All of Mr. Cochrane's paintings, jewelry and household furnishings go to his widow, Anna L. C. Cochrane. The residue is left in trust, to be divided equally among the widow and two sons, Adam W. S. and John Cutler Cochrane.

The value of the estate is not made known. Stock in the carpet company was appraised recently at $8,599 each for shares having a par value of $100.

The will stated that Mr. Cochrane received 100 shares of original stock in the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey under the will of H. H. McGregy some years ago on condition that half the income be given to Alexander J. Sheldon. The will referred to the changes made in the stock as the result of Federal Court decisions, and said that by an agreement with Mr. Sheldon the additional shares were to go to the decedent, and they were to divide the cash income as the original bequest provided.

Ponzi Creditors Get $486,146.

BOSTON, July 11.—Creditors of Charles Ponzi were allowed $486,146.25 to be divided among them immediately by a decision handed down here today by Judge Wait in the Supreme Court. The decision came on a petition by Henry V. Cunningham, trustee in bankruptcy of the estate of Ponzi, that he be allowed to take the $1,000,000 deposited in the closed Hanover Trust Company.

RESERVE BOARD SEES SHIFTS IN BUSINESS

Calls Attention to Reduced Earnings by Workers and Readjustments in Prices.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—An important readjustment of business conditions, characterized by decreases in industrial and trade activity and lower prices, was declared by the Federal Reserve Board tonight to be under way throughout the United States.

The board called attention to reduced earnings by industrial workers, with a consequent curtailment in their buying power and sharp decreases in production. The lowered prices have carried to every commodity except food, which remains almost unchanged.

"The considerable expansion of production during the early months of 1924," the board said, "was followed by important curtailment in certain industries, in response to a lessened volume of current purchases and a hesitancy on the part of manufacturers in placing forward orders. In fact there has been in recent months a larger decrease in production of certain commodities than in their current consumption, and in consequence stocks of these commodities have been reduced.

"The recession in business activity has been accompanied since April by a decreased demand for credit for commercial purposes. And this, together with the continued inflow of gold imports, has brought about an unusual ease in the money market. The decrease in the volume of commercial borrowing, however, has been less than the additional purchases of investments by commercial banks, so that the total of member-bank credit in use is not only larger than at the beginning of the year but larger than in any previous period."

In connection with the credit situation, the board said that the earning assets of the twelve Federal Reserve banks was lower at the beginning of this month than at any time for six years. They were approximately $225,000,000 below the figure of the same date last year. The declines in earning assets have been general in all banks, but have been particularly large in the New York bank.

Practically all important industries showed decreased employment in the last two months as compared with a year ago. The largest reductions in payrolls were reported in the automobile, iron and steel and women's clothing business.

The reduced earnings of factory and other industrial workers were reflected in smaller department stores sales. Mail order houses also showed smaller movements from their shelves during May and early June.

Prices of commodities at wholesale dropped more than 1 per cent. average in May, and a greater drop appeared in prospect for June, complete figures for which are not yet available. The general level, with the exception of food prices for May, the board reported, was 9 per cent. below the level of May, 1923.

Compared with a year ago, the report added, the sharpest price decreases were in building materials, house furnishings and metals. Prices of farm comodities and foods, which did not advance in early 1923, when most other groups showed increases, suffered much smaller declines.

FOOD PRICES RISE IN CITIES.

Increases as High as 2 Per Cent. Reported for May 15-June 15.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Only slight changes in the retail cost of food were noted in the twenty-four cities surveyed by the Department of Labor from May 15 to June 15 last.

All showed increases, however, ranging from 2 per cent. in Columbus, Denver, Fall River, St. Paul, Salt Lake City, San Francisco and Seattle, to 1 per cent. in Baltimore, Boston, Bridgeport, Kansas City, Los Angeles, Louisville, Manchester, Milwaukee, Philadelphia, Richmond, Rochester and Scranton, and less than half of 1 per cent. in Butte, New Haven, Portland, Me., Oregon and St. Louis.

Over the year period many of the cities showed a decrease, ranging from 4 to less than five-tenths of 1 per cent.

Grand Canyon
California
Yosemite Valley
Yellowstone-Park
Colorado

A remarkably
Attractive Tour
of 30 days duration
leaving Aug. 6

Other Tours include ST. LAWRENCE, QUEBEC, SAGUENAY, RIVER, NOVA SCOTIA, etc.

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WHEN FATHER WAS A BOY

And horse cars were a familiar sight in little old New York.

It took hours to go to Coney Island, and hours to get back again.

But now, with the miracle of subways and motor cars, it is only a matter of minutes.

Then a plunge in the surf, a sun bath on the beach and a glorious dinner at CHILDS.

Where the best of foods are made to tempt Mother by the land of the call we all.

Childs

FLORSHEIM SHOE Sale

The Florsheim trademark on the sole assures finest quality and correct style—at a saving you know is worth while—now—$8.85

A few $9.85.

THE FLORSHEIM SHOE STORES
1577 Broadway (Strand Theatre Building)
149 W. 42nd St. (Two Doors East of Broadway)

LACkawanna 1000

The telephone number of The New York Times has been changed to

LACkawanna 1000

THE GREATEST LIVING AUTHORITY ON CLOTHES IS YOUR WIFE!

YOUR wife devotes half her life and a great part of your income to clothes. Clothes are her kingdom just as business is yours. She knows fabrics, workmanship, style, color schemes, and values, as no man ever can know them, and this knowledge can be applied to your clothes as well as to her own. It is perfectly absurd to think that a woman who keeps in touch with the continually changing complications of the Paris mode, is incompetent to pass judgment on such a simple problem as a suit of clothes.

Her judgment on all clothes is better than yours.

And her judgment on your clothes is better than ours.

Please bring her with you.
We'll make her welcome.

KUPPENHEIMER

Summer Suits $35 to $75

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY at 49th STREET

279 BROADWAY • Downtown Stores • 47 CORTLANDT STREET

WORLD MARK BROKEN TWICE IN 400 METERS

Liddell Wins Final in 0:47 3-5 as Record Falls for Third Time in Olympics.

FITCH GETS SECOND PLACE

Had Lowered Mark to 0:47 4-5 in Semi-Finals—Taylor and Swiss Star Collapse.

U. S. DISTANCE MEN QUALIFY

Take 3,000-Meter Team Race Heat Despite Mishap to Ray—Americans Lead Finns, 183½-103.

SCHEDULE FOR TODAY.

COLOMBES, France, July 11 (Associated Press).—The program for the seventh day of the Olympic Games in the Stadium tomorrow follows:

3:00 P. M.—Decathlon (110-meter hurdles). Running hop, step and jump, final.
3:30 P. M.—10,000-meter (cross country, individual and team race), final. Decathlon (throwing the discus).
3:45 P. M.—400-meter relay, trials.
4:00 P. M.—Decathlon (pole vault).
5:00 P. M.—1,600-meter relay, trials.
5:30 P. M.—Decathlon (javelin throw).
6:30 P. M.—Decathlon (1,500-meter run).

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 11.—Within twenty-four hours the world's record for the 400-meter run has been broken, rebroken and broken again. Such a performance seems almost incredible and yet it stands so recorded in the most accurately conducted of athletic meets, the Olympic Games.

Yesterday it was J. Imbach of Switzerland who first shattered the old mark, covering the distance in a trial heat in 48 seconds and clipping one-fifth of a second from the time made by Charley Reidpath in the Stockholm Olympics in 1912. Today an American lad, Horatio M. Fitch of the Chicago A. A., apparently seemed to settle the question of superiority by winning the first semi-final heat in 47 4-5 seconds, one-fifth of a second faster than the Swiss runner had accomplished the day previous. That still a third record performance would result appeared almost too much to hope for, but within two hours, the Scottish parson, Eric H. Liddell, won the final heat of the event in 47 3-5 seconds.

Something sensational had been expected in the final, but nothing so sensational as happened. In the first heat semi-final there was a South African, a Canadian, an American, an Englishman, a Dutchman and a Swede, all capable of doing the distance in 48 seconds. It was won by Fitch, with the Englishman, Butler, second, and the Canadian, Johnston, third. In the other semi-final A. E. Taylor of the New York A. C. had against him Liddell and Imbach. Liddell took the lead at the start, and, running a beautiful race, won in 48 1-5 seconds with Imbach second and Taylor third.

Fitch is Favorite.

When these six lined up two hours later for the final heat, the betting was heavy on Fitch and there were hopes that Taylor would improve his position. From the inside of the track their order was Johnston, Butler, Imbach, Taylor, Fitch and Liddell.

The six men were out of their holes with a single movement and coming down straight on the far side of the stadium Fitch seemed to be gaining slightly on Liddell. The Scotchman, who usually is slow at the start, increased the pace, which at once widened his lead. When the field reached the turn there was no doubt as to the winner, if he could keep going. Liddell had won third place in the 200-meter run and had shown his form then.

As the turn into the home stretch disaster overtook Imbach. He fouled on one of the lane ropes and fell head over heels, just as the Englishman Toms had done on the previous day when within three yards of winning his heat.

Past the press stand Liddell was seen to hold his lead, with Fitch two yards behind, Butler and Taylor running close up and the Canadian Johnston another yard back.

At the tape the order was the same, except that the disaster which had overtaken Imbach also laid in wait for Taylor. His foot touched the rope and he stretched his full length along the track with the winning tape. Butler already was ahead of him, but Johnston leaped forward to take fourth place. Quick as a flash Taylor was up again and limped in, only to fall again, shaken and bruised.

It was a great race, heroically fought out by every man and heroically won by the Scotsman in time which is not likely to be beaten for many years to come. For the first time in the history of the games the British spectators present in the stands let themselves go with a vigor cumulative of that shown when an American victory is recorded, their efforts making an untraditional noise which was ably seconded by others.

Nurmi Again in Front.

Paavo Nurmi ran again today as if yesterday's running had been nothing to him. To say he ran is also to say he won. With stopwatch in hand he turned off 3,000 meters at the head of his team in the team race and had the reward of seeing two of his countrymen come in behind him, with three Englishmen next, the two countries qualifying for the final.

The Americans ran in another heat and as a team took first place. For them, however, one incident marred the race. Joie Ray, the best man in America at the distance, was up to tricks. As he passed the press stand on each round he turned his head and looked down at his right hand in the same way that Nurmi does when consulting his watch. Joie, however, did not have a watch at all and was just fooling.

On the fourth round Ray held an easy place in the bunch some little distance behind the big Swede Wide, who yesterday ran second to Nurmi and Ritola. Then there happened a misadventure. The Frenchman Duquesne, one of the best French runners, pushed out of the bunch abruptly. There was no doubt that there was a certain amount of jostling in which Duquesne was at fault. Then as Duquesne passed Ray he pitched over and fell and Ed Kirby of Cornell tripped over him.

Ray Is Next Victim.

Twenty yards further it was Ray's turn. Some adroit toe just touched his shoe and off it came. It took the Chicago boy some time to fix it, but he picked himself up and dashed off after the field in such fashion as to get himself placed sixth on his team. In spite of Wide's efforts, his countrymen did not win classification. Three American runners, W. L. Cox, Kirby and W. L. Tibbets, Jr., of Harvard, came in together, with the French team qualifying behind them.

In the second trial heat of the 5,000-meter walk today the spectators were treated to an exhibition by a man who in his class ranks with Nurmi—the Italian walker Frigerio. With chest out, elbows in and legs moving with clockwork regularity which never seemed to tire, the little fellow reached the tape nearly 400 meters in front of his nearest competitor, the South African MacCaster. C. H. Foster, the only American in the heat, suffered the fate of many others, being disqualified for breaking the frail line which separates walking from running.

In the Decathlon, M. Norton of Georgetown and H. W. Osborne of the Illinois A. C. took this evening like strong contenders. The American all-around stars showed to advantage in the events held today.

Today was not an American day such as some of the others have been. The Stars and Stripes never reached the victory masthead, though taking the second mast in the ceremony for the 400 meters, but here there were points scored which brought the United States total up to 183½ against Finland's 103 and Great Britain's 60½.

Liddell in Hero Role.

COLOMBES, France, July 11 (Associated Press).—Eric Liddell, thin-legged Scotch divinity student, won Olympic glory for Great Britain today when he sped to victory in the 400-meter run with a world's record that brought to a climax the most sensational series of races ever witnessed in any international event.

The Swiss and American stars before him had shattered the world's mark for the distance, but Liddell, undaunted, came back to the final test with an even greater speed, that broke the heart of his nearest rival, Horatio Fitch, long-limbed American who himself had set a new record only two hours before in the semi-finals. Liddell's time for the distance was 47 3-5 seconds.

When the world's record toppled for the third time in two days Liddell stepped into a niche among the other Olympic heroes, embracing the greatest array any games have ever known. His victory was as decisive as it was startling, for leading from the crack of the gun, he fought off his only real challenger, Fitch, in the stretch, and won going away. On the stretch behind lay the prostrate forms of Joseph Imbach, the little Swiss locksmith, who virtually broke down after having taken the world's record holder for twenty-four hours, and J. Coard Taylor, the gallant American, who, despite an injured ankle, had third place clinched with a closing rush, when he tripped over a lane marker and swirled heavily to the ground.

Taylor's fall enabled G. M. Butler of Great Britain and Johnston of Canada to gain third and fourth places, but the American, semi-conscious, responded to the cheers of the onlookers to rise and staggered across the finish, winning fifth place. Then he collapsed.

Imbach Makes Heroic Effort.

Further down the track, almost unnoticed in the pandemonium that broke loose when Liddell broke the tape, another tragedy was enacted as Imbach lifted himself painfully from where he had fallen exhausted. He went to the starting pole ill and showed over the first half of the distance that he was badly off form. His collapse came as he was stumbling into the stretch. His condition tonight was said to be not serious, but Taylor, who had to be carried off the field, was under medical care for a badly pulled ligament and lacerations of both knees.

This dramatic struggle of sinew and heart provided the greatest thrill of the sixth day's competition of the record-breaking games. The day, otherwise, was given over largely to colorless, prolonged elimination affairs for stirring fights yet to come.

America fared well, however, for Merson Norton of Georgetown and Harold Osborne, Illinois A. C., the decathlon aces of the United States, were one, two in a brilliant battle for points over the first half of the gruelling, ten-event contest, which will be completed tomorrow. The United States also captured the second heat of the 3,000-meter team race trials. The first heat saw Finland's cracks, Nurmi, Ritola and Tala, finishing one, two, three, giving the Scandinavians a clean sweep of the heat.

The United States, aided by the six points tallied in the 400-meter race, while Finland added nothing to its score, increased its point lead to 80½ over its nearest rival and assumed a position which tonight seemed so strong as to virtually assure continuance unbroken of the string of Olympic track and field triumphs since the modern revival twenty-eight years ago. The total score now shows the United States with 183½ and Finland with 103, while Great Britain through its third spectacular track victory jumped to 60½ in third place.

Finns Count On Distance Men.

Finland, with a mighty corps of distance runners facing further triumphs, promises to add heavily to its score, but the United States, though its series of mishaps was increased today by the withdrawal of De Hart Hubbard, negro star, from the hop, step and jump, still is considered to have the strength to pile up many points in the remaining ten battles.

The 3,000-meter team race, second heat, saw the American, mile champion, Joie Ray, come to grief. In this, his first appearance in the Olympics, he lost a shoe and about one hundred meters of ground in a bad mix-up at one of the turns. Three Americans, however, William L. Cox, Mercersburg Academy; Edwin S. Kirby, Cornell, and W. L. Tibbetts Jr., Harvard, finished second, third and fourth behind Elvin Wide, the Swedish star, who shook off Ray early in the race and won easily.

Wide, however, will not compete in the finals Sunday for the failure of his teammates to support him enabled France to beat Sweden for the second qualifying place. The clean-cut victory of the Finns in the first heat established them as heavy favorites, but the Americans, with Ray back in form, may give the Scandinavs a good tussle.

The fine start of Norton and Osborne in the decathlon gives them an excellent chance of victory when the final events of this contest are held. Osborne broke the decathlon high jump record, winning this feature with a mark of 1.97 meters, with Norton close behind. The latter's excellent show in the other four events—100 and 400 meter runs, shot put and broad jump—gave him a slight edge in the point totals at the end of the day, Norton's point total thus far is 4170.92 and Osborne's 4168.10.

Herman Yrjola of Finland and Kleimbers of Esthonia were the closest rivals of the Americans.

The only other contest of the afternoon was the second and last trial heat of the 10,000-meter walk, won easily by Frigerio, Italian holder of the Olympic championship. His chief rival was McMaster of South Africa. The sole American entrant, Charles Foster of the Detroit Y. M. C. A., was disqualified for fouling.

The race had been postponed two days because of a row among the officials over the disqualification of the Austrian, Kuhnel. He was disqualified today for the second time by a new set of judges, who took the places of those who went on strike when he was permitted to race again after having been ruled out in the first heat.

The summaries:

400-Meter Run.

First Semi-final Heat (three to qualify for final)—Won by Horatio Fitch, Chicago A. A.; G. M. Butler, Great Britain, second; Johnston, Canada, third. Time—0:47 4-5. (New world's record.)

Second Semi-final Heat—Won by E. H. Liddell, Great Britain; J. Imbach, Switzerland, second; J. Coard Taylor, New York A. C., third. Time—0:48 1-5. (Equals old world's record.)

Final Heat—Won by E. H. Liddell, Great Britain; Horatio Fitch, Chicago A. A., second; G. M. Butler, Great Britain, third; Johnston, Canada, fourth; J. Coard Taylor, New York A. C., fifth; Imbach, Switzerland, sixth. Time—0:47 3-5. (New world's record.)

3,000-Meter Team Race.

First Heat—Won by Paavo Nurmi, Finland; Willie Ritola, Finland, second; Tala, Finland, third; W. H. Porter, Great Britain, fourth; H. A. Johnson, Great Britain, fifth; B. Macdonald, Great Britain, sixth; Davoll, Italy, seventh; Gundnus, Norway, eighth; W. H. Seagrove, Great Britain, ninth; Anderson, Norway, tenth. Finland wins first place with 6 points, Great Britain second place with 15 points. Time—8:27 4-5.

Second Heat—Won by Edvin Wide, Sweden; William L. Cox, United States, second; Edwin S. Kirby, Cornell, third; W. L. Tibbetts Jr., Harvard, fourth; Bontemps, France, fifth; Duquesne, France, sixth; Barbaud, France, seventh; James J. Connolly, Woburn, Mass., eighth; Erikson, Sweden, ninth; Butin, France, tenth. The United States wins first place with 9 points, France wins second with 18 points. Time—8:40.

10,000-Meter Walk.

Second Heat (five to qualify for finals)—Won by Frigerio, Italy; McMaster, South Africa, second; Schwab, Switzerland, third; Fradegrada, Italy, fourth; F. E. Clark, Great Britain, fifth. Time—49:15 3-5.

How Points Are Divided in Olympic Meet

	Javelin	110-Meter Hurdles	400-Meter Hurdles	100-Meter Dash	High Jump	Pentathlon	800-Meter Run	Shot-put	Broad Jump	200-Meter Dash	110-Meter Hurdles	5,000-Meter Chase	1,500-Meter Run	Hammer Throw	3,000-Meter Run	Pole Vault	400-Meter Run	Total
United States	6	11	15½	17½	6	7	21	10	20	13	3	3	16	3	19½	7	18½	
Finland	13	17	5		14		4	3			17	10	3	17				103
Great Britain	3	10	1½			13		1	5		1	7	4	1		14	6	60½
Sweden	6	5			½					7			2	4				24½
France			3		4½			2			4							13½
Switzerland							5					6				1	11	
Hungary					2½	5												7½
South Africa										5								5
Canada															2	3	5	
Norway								4										4
New Zealand		4																4
Denmark															3½		3½	

Points are scored as follows: First, 10; second, 5; third, 4; fourth, 3; fifth, 2; sixth, 1.

Olympic Champions Crowned in Seventeen Events

July 6.

10,000-Meter Run—W. Ritola, Finland. Time—30:23 1-5 (world's record).
Javelin Throw—J. Myrra, Finland. Distance—207 feet.

July 7.

100-Meter Dash—H. Abrahams, Great Britain. Time—0:10 3-5 (equals Olympic record).
400-Meter Hurdles—F. M. Taylor, United States. Time—0:52 3-5 (world's record).
High Jump—H. Osborne, United States. Height—6 feet 6 inches (Olympic record).
Pentathlon—Lehtonen, Finland, 16 points. (R. Le Gendre, United States set world's record of 28 feet 6 inches for broad jump in this event.)

July 8.

800-Meter Run—D. G. A. Lowe, Great Britain. Time—1:52 2-5.
Broad Jump—D. Hubbard, United States. Distance—24 feet 6 inches.
Shot-Put—C. Houser, United States. Distance—49 feet 2½ inches.

July 9.

110-Meter Hurdles—D. Kinsey, United States. Time—0:15.
200-Meter Dash—J. Scholz, United States. Time—0:21 3-5 (equals Olympic record).
3,000-Meter Steeplechase—W. Ritola, Finland. Time—9:33 3-5 (world's record).

July 10.

1,500-Meter Run—P. Nurmi, Finland. Time—3:53 3-5 (Olympic record).
5,000-Meter Run—P. Nurmi, Finland. Time—14:31 1-5 (Olympic record).
Hammer Throw—E. D. Tootell, United States. Distance—174 feet.
Pole Vault—L. Barnes, United States. Height—12 feet 11½ inches.

July 11.

400-Meter Run—E. H. Liddell, Great Britain. Time—0:47 3-5 (world's record).

THREE U. S. WRESTLERS WIN OLYMPIC MATCHES

Smith, Lookabough and Vis Score at Catch-as-Catch-Can—Three Others Lose.

PARIS, July 11 (Associated Press).—American catch-as-catch-can wrestlers, starting out rather badly today in the Olympic competition, finished the day's program this evening by breaking even in their bouts.

The defeats of C. Milton McWilliams, the plucky Cornell grappler, and Perry Martter of the Los Angeles A. C., this afternoon, were made up tonight by the victories of H. A. Smith of the United States Navy and Guy Lookabough of Oklahoma A. and M. W. D. Wright Jr. of Cornell succumbed to the touch Finn, Pekkala, after a five-minute extra period, but Russell Vis of Los Angeles defeated Montgomery of Canada to even the score.

Lookabough's defeat of the sturdy Swiss, Muller, and Smith's heroic overtime battle with the scrapping Dane, Nielsen, were the features of the evening session. The victories of Vis in the lightweight, Lookabough in the welter and Smith in the middle divisions cheered the small but ardent American rooting section at the Velodrom d'Hiver.

McWilliams was defeated by Larson of Sweden on points, while the Esthonian, Praks, floored Martter after a brief but fierce struggle.

U. S. RELAY TEAMS PICKED.

Hussey to Run in 400-Meter Event—1,600-Meter Quartet Chosen.

PARIS, July 11 (Associated Press).—The American quartets which will compete for Olympic honors in the 400 and 1,600-meter relay races were announced tonight by Coach Robertson. Francis Hussey, the New York schoolboy who has been showing excellent form, will be given a chance to gain honors in the sprint relay with Louis Clarke, Johns Hopkins; Torrey Murphison, Newark A. C., and Alfred Leconey, Meadow Brook Club, as teammates.

The quarter-milers making up the quartet for the longer relay are J. O. MacDonald, University of Pennsylvania; B. Stevenson, American Rhodes Scholar; C. P. Cochran, Olympic Club, San Francisco, and Alan Helffrich, Penn State, who are expected to carry the baton in that order.

The trials in both events will be run off tomorrow, with the final as part of the closing track and field program Sunday.

WALES WILL SEND EIGHT PONIES HERE

Hopping Arrives From England With News That Prince Will Sail on Aug. 26.

BRITISH IN HIGH SPIRITS

U. S. Polo Star Says Team Is Enthusiastic Over Chance to Drill With the Heir in America.

The Prince of Wales, who is coming to the United States to witness the international polo matches between the American four and Great Britain's horsemen at Meadow Brook in September, will leave England on Aug. 26 and will send over eight of his private polo ponies, according to Earle W. Hopping, who arrived on the Cunard liner Berengaria yesterday morning. Mr. Hopping has been playing in the trial matches in England, which have been closely followed by the Prince of Wales, and said that it was definite that the popular Prince would make the trip to this country.

"The British players were greatly enthused when they learned that the Prince of Wales will make the trip to the United States and witness the matches at Meadow Brook," Mr. Hopping said yesterday after his arrival. "Naturally the presence of the Prince will be an incentive for them, in addition to the one of winning the International Challenge Cup. The Prince is sending over eight of his own ponies on July 26, when the entire string of Great Britain's sixty mounts, including those of the Prince and Captain Guest, will be shipped. The Prince is not planning on playing in the open championship tournament or in the Monty Waterbury Cup series, but it is very probable that he will remain to see the events. He is bringing over his own ponies in order that he may take part in practice matches of the British team preliminary to the Internationals, but some of his mounts may be used by the British team in the cup matches.

Major Metcalf to Accompany Prince.

"The Prince of Wales will be accompanied on the man-of-war on which he will make the voyage by his official equerry, Major Metcalf. I don't believe it has been definitely settled just where he will stay while in this country, but the man-of-war which brings him across the ocean probably will be his headquarters. After he leaves here he will visit his ranch in Canada before returning to England."

Although Mr. Hopping has been playing in the trial matches for the British team he is an American, and was a substitute on the team which went abroad in 1921 and helped lift the cup back to this country. He has come to the United States to try for a place on the American four which will defend the cup in September. His appearance in the British tryouts has given him a splendid opportunity to study the invaders' style of play, and he brought with him some interesting data concerning the British horsemen.

For one thing it was definitely learned that Lord Wodehouse is not coming to the United States. Lord Wodehouse suffered an injury in early season play and his loss to the British team is a great one, as he is a ten-goal player and considered one of the strongest performers in the world. The four which has been officially selected to meet the Americans consists of Lieut.-Col. T. P. Melville at No. 1, Major T. W. Kirkwood at No. 2, Louis Lacey at No. 3 and Major Vivien Lockett, who also has been named Captain of the combination, at back. Major Geoffrey Phipps-Hornby and Major F. B. Hurndall have been named as the substitutes for the team, but it is still problematical whether or not they will accompany the squad on the trip. In case he is not able to accompany the British representatives the Marquis of Cholmondeley will be the second substitute on the squad.

Others Coming for Open Play.

These six players will comprise the official British squad for the international matches, but there will be several others here to take part in the open championship and the Monty Waterbury Cup tournaments to follow. Lord Wimborne, who will be officially in charge of the British forces, also is a player, and it is not unlikely that he will take part in the later tournaments, while Wing Commander P. K. Wise will make the trip to play in the Monty Waterbury combination in the open championship. Sanford's four will include himself, Wise, Lacey and Lockett, a formidable four, and one which the Meadow Brook team which will defend the title must fear. Captain Guest, who has played on the Hurlingham Club team in the open at Meadow Brook last Fall, also is coming to this country, and he, too, will compete in the two events which will follow the International classic.

Mr. Hopping stated that the British team is not overly optimistic concerning its chances of lifting the trophy this year, but that the members of the combination had every confidence that they would defeat the Americans at least on even terms and that they had a splendid fighting chance. They realize that both Colonel Melville and Major Lockett play a much stronger game in the United States than they do on the fields in England and expect to see a big improvement in the play of the entire team after it has worked out in this country for a week or two.

Hopping at first said that he did not want to play in the country for a week, but Louis E. Stoddard, Chairman of the United States Polo Association, and Devereux Milburn, who probably will captain the American four when it faces the British, persuaded him to start work immediately, and he will make his first appearance in an informal trial match at the Meadow Brook Club this afternoon. Eight of the recognized American candidates will take part in the contest, with J. Watson Webb, Erle Fenley, Malcolm Stevenson and J. Choever Cowdin on one side and Stephen Sanford, Hopping, Robert E. Strawbridge Jr. and Devereux Milburn on the other.

BELGIAN WINS EPEE TITLE.

De La Horte Captures Individual Honors in Olympic Fencing.

PARIS, July 11.—De la Horte of Belgium won the individual championship of the Olympic épée fencing competition today. Ducret of France was second.

The American countries, both North and South, failed to place a man in the first six.

Messart, the 1920 Olympic champion, finished fifth.

HUBBARD LOST TO U. S.

Injury Will Prevent Star From Competing in Hop, Step and Jump.

COLOMBES, France, July 11 (Associated Press).—The American track and field forces suffered a blow today when it developed that DeHart Hubbard, the negro star, winner of the broad jump, was definitely out of the hop, step and jump, as the result of a stone bruise on the heel, which grew more serious than it seemed at first.

CROOKSTON BEATS MARSTON

Wins Penn. Title by Beating Amateur Champion and Fownes.

PITTSBURGH, July 11.—James Crookston, youthful Stanton Heights player, won the Pennsylvania amateur golf title today, defeating William C. Fownes Jr., a former national amateur champion, 1 up in the final round of the State championship tournament. Crookston previously had eliminated Max Marston, the national amateur champion, who was defending his State title, 2 and 1, in the semi-finals.

YALE CREW ELATED OVER OLYMPIC DRAW

Americans Will Meet Canadians and Dutch in Second Heat Next Tuesday.

10 EIGHTS IN ALL ENTERED

Blue Oarsmen Are Not Complaining of Tropical Weather—Will Elect Their Captain Abroad.

PARIS, July 11 (Associated Press).—The Yale rowing crew is elated over the drawings for the Olympic rowing events, announced today. The Yale eight will meet the squads representing Canada and Holland in the second heat Tuesday. While the Dutch rowers are credited with the ability to give a good account of themselves, the Canadian crew is not regarded as dangerous, and the Americans, therefore, believe there are all indications of their being able to rest on Wednesday while the crews that win second places in Tuesday's three heats have the row-off.

France, Argentina, Great Britain and Belgium are drawn for the first heat Tuesday; the United States, Canada and Holland for the second, and Spain, Australia and Italy for the third, making ten crews in all.

The rowing events are due to start at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and it has been commented that should there be a continuance of today's tropical weather the rowers will suffer greatly. The Yale men, however, are not complaining, and their cheerful spirits cannot be repressed. They were all busy today practicing Dutch, Spanish, Italian, French and Flemish phrases to fling at the opposing crews when they meet them.

For the first time in American college rowing history a Yale crew captain will be elected on foreign soil next Thursday after the finals for the Olympic eights when the banquet marking the breaking of training is held here. While the members of the crew are naturally reticent in indicating their preference, the election is expected to be a close race between Alfred M. Wilson, 3 on the varsity, and Alfred D. Lindley, stroke. All of the varsity eight, with Manager William Robbins, Assistant Manager Charley Walker, the members of the substitute four and both coxswains, will be eligible to vote for the 1925 commander.

The 1926 captaincy seems to be conceded in advance to Howard T. Kinsbury, 6, the former Croton generalissimo, who is the sole sophomore in the boat.

FRENCH PHYSICIANS SAVE HUNTER'S ARM

Amputation Averted, U. S. Star May Play in Olympic Tennis Match Tomorrow.

PARIS, July 11 (Associated Press).—Francis T. Hunter, one of America's big four in lawn tennis for the Olympic games, was released from the hospital today after a severe case of septic poisoning, which resulted from a cut on the right hand sustained in a fall during the Wimbledon tournament. For a time there were fears it might be necessary to amputate the lower arm, but this calamity was averted, four of the best medical practitioners in France giving the patient their constant attention. By resting the next few days Hunter hopes to be able to go on the courts Sunday for his first match.

Save for colds, which are slightly bothering Miss Eleonor Goss and Mrs. Marion Z. Jessup, all the other members of the United States tennis delegation are in tiptop condition and practicing daily on the Colombes courts. Miss Helen Wills, the reigning woman champion, is maintaining the good form she attained in the closing days of the Wimbledon tournament and is expected to reach the final where her opponent, if at Wimbledon, may be Miss Kathleen McKane, who has the best prospects of any of the entrants in the lower half of the draw. Miss Wills is in the upper half.

The long-awaited duel between Miss Wills and the great Suzanne Lenglen will not materialize this year, as Suzanne is definitely out of the Olympics.

Such is the information wired by Mlle. Lenglen in reply to a query from the leading French sporting paper, L'Auto, which succeeded in discovering her in retreat in the little village of Pourville, on the shores of Normandy, some kilometers from Deauville, where she went directly from London after her default in the Wimbledon championship.

The message said: "Doctors forbid my playing in the Olympic games. Deeply regret. Lenglen."

Suzanne, it is known to her intimate friends, has been suffering from heart trouble since the Brussels hard-court championships of May, 1921, culminating in her default to Mrs. Mallory after the loss of one set in their match at Forest Hills the same year.

Her last Winter season on the Riviera was less strenuous than either those of 1921 or 1922. Upon the advice of her doctors she contented herself with playing doubles and mixed doubles, only entering the singles of the Nice tournament because her father is General Secretary of the club.

Suzanne, it is declared, needs a complete rest for the remainder of the season.

The Olympic draw, announced today, reveals that a majority of the American players have comparatively easy paths to victory in the opening matches of play which starts on Sunday on the courts outside the Colombes Stadium.

The withdrawal of Mlle. Lenglen has somewhat lessened interest in the women's section where the Americans, nevertheless, face stronger initial opposition than they do in the opening men's rounds.

Miss Eleanor Goss, New York, faces Mlle. Emilienne Vlasto, the French star, in the opening singles match and, with Mrs. Marion Z. Jessup, Wilmington, Del., is bracketed with the leading British pair, Mrs. Phyllis Covell and Miss Kathleen McKane, in the first round of the women's doubles.

Miss Helen Wills, Berkeley, Cal., encounters Mme. Mercet, Spain, in the first singles match and, with Mrs. George Wightman, Boston, is drawn in the doubles against Mrs. Molla B. Mallory and Miss Dahl of Norway. The other two Americans in the women's singles are expected to win easily. Mrs. Jessup over Miss Perelli, Italy, and Miss Lillian Scharman over Miss Scaramanga, Greece. Mrs. Mallory has an experienced opponent in Mme. Vaussard, France, in her first contest.

Among the men R. Norris Williams 2d is drawn against Hadi, India; Watson M. Washburn against Servetti, Italy; Francis T. Hunter against Grahn, Finland, and Vincent Richards against Delaveleye, Belgium.

Jean Borotra of France, the new Wimbledon champion, René LaCoste, Norman E. Brookes of Australia, A. R. F. Kingscote of Great Britain and J. Washer of Belgium are the outstanding opponents of the Yankee quartet. In the men's doubles Williams and Washburn will oppose Kirchmayer and Gonos of Hungary, while Richards and Hunter will meet Mishu and Stern of Rumania in the opening matches.

In the mixed doubles Mrs. Jessup and Richards have a hard opening match against Borotra and Mme. Billout of France, while Mrs. Wightman and Williams gain a default, inasmuch as their first contest was slated against Mlle. Lenglen and Henri Cochet.

7 QUALIFY WITH YACHTS.

Finland, Belgium and Sweden Are Among Winners in Olympics.

MEULAN, France, July 11.—Of the seventeen nations which entered four-meter boats in the Olympic sailing competition, Finland, Belgium, Sweden, Spain, Holland, Norway and Portugal have qualified, surviving the trial heats today. Portugal received a bye owing to the non-arrival of the Portuguese boat.

Racing Record of Pierre Wertheimer's Epinard

Four-Year-Old Record.

Date.	Race.	Wt.	Dist.	Fin.
1924.				
May 11	Argenteuil Stakes, Longchamp		7 Furlongs	1
May 19	Sir Galahad III., Match, St. Cloud	130	7 Furlongs	2
May 29	Longchamp	135	1¼ Miles	2

Three-Year-Old Record.

1923.				
June 1	Maisons Laffitte	117	About 5 Furlongs	1
June 7	St. Cloud	121	About 5 Furlongs	1
June 13	Longchamp	128	About 1 Mile	1
June 24	Longchamp	121	About 1¼ Miles	1
July 31	Stewards' Cup, England	118	6 Furlongs	1
Oct. 31	Cumbridgeshire, England	128	1¼ Miles	2

Two-Year-Old Record.

1922. Starts.	1st.	2d.	3d.	Unplaced.
7	6			1

SWIM BODY RATIFIES 36 WORLD RECORDS

International Federation Approves 26 Marks Made by the U. S. Stars.

PARIS, July 11 (Associated Press).—The International Amateur Swimming Federation today ratified thirty-six world's records made within the last year and a half, all except ten of them credited to United States swimmers. Johnny Weissmuller of Chicago was credited with twelve world marks and Miss Gertrude Ederle, Women's Swimming Association of New York, with eight.

The events in which Weissmuller is credited with world's records range from 100 yards to 500 meters, while Miss Ederle's distances range from 100 meters to a half-mile.

Miss Sybil Bauer, Illinois A. C., is credited with three backstroke marks at 100 meters, 200 meters and 150 yards. Miss Helen Wainwright of New York is given the 300-yard free style mark. Two Hawaiians also get new records. They are Miss Mariechen Wehselau, who is credited with the 100-yard free style record, and Warren Kealoha, who is credited with the 100-meter backstroke record.

The federation honored Miss Charlotte Epstein, Women's Swimming Association of New York, by appointing her a timing judge in the competition which will begin Sunday. Other women first time any woman official has been named. Four other American officials were appointed. L. de B. Handley, New York, and Harry Hainesworth, Buffalo, were appointed diving judges; Charles Daniels, Chicago, finish judge, and Joseph A. Reilly, Brooklyn, timer. Handley also was named on the committee to revise the diving rules.

TILDEN GAINS FINAL IN CLAY COURT PLAY

Beats Morton, 6-1, 6-1, 6-1, in National Tennis Tourney—Snodgrass Defeats Chapin.

ST. LOUIS, July 11 (Associated Press).—William T. Tilden 2d of Philadelphia, the defending champion, advanced to the final round of the national clay court tennis tournament at the Triple A. Club today by defeating Brian I. C. Norton, St. Louis, in straight sets. The score was 6—1, 6—1, 6—1.

In the second singles match of the afternoon Harvey L. Snodgrass, Los Angeles, opposed Alfred H. Chapin Jr., Springfield, Mass. Snodgrass won the first set, 7—5, after a close battle, and then continued his brilliant play by winning the second, 6—3. Chapin improved and, aided by occasional excellent placing drives, won the third set, 6—3. Snodgrass won the fourth set and the match. The final score was 7—5, 6—3, 2—6, 6—2.

Tilden was in excellent form against Norton. He ran through the three sets in 1 minute. The largest crowd that ever witnessed a tennis match in St. Louis turned out for the Tilden-Norton contest.

The summaries:

Men's Singles. Sixth Round—Harvey Snodgrass, Los Angeles, defeated Alfred Chapin Jr., Springfield, Mass., 7—5, 6—3, 6—2.

Semi-final Round—William T. Tilden 2d, Philadelphia, defeated Brian I. C. Norton, St. Louis, 6—1, 6—1, 6—1.

Doubles, Third Round—Howard and Robert Kinsey, San Francisco, defeated H. Leo Bryssenor, Fort Worth, Texas, and Terrill Sledge, Dallas, Texas, 6—0, 6—1, 6—0; John Barr Jr., and Leven Jeser, Dallas, defeated Beals C. Wright, New York, and Louis E. Ware, Chicago, 6—3, 6—2, 6—4; Clarence J. Griffin, San Francisco, and Brian I. C. Norton, St. Louis, defeated Hunt Albert and Lucius E. More, St. Louis, 6—2, 6—3, 6—4.

Fourth Round—Robert and Howard Kinsey, San Francisco, defeated John Barr Jr. and Leven Jester, Dallas, 6—0, 6—2, 6—5; Clarence J. Griffin, San Francisco, and Brian I. C. Norton, St. Louis, defeated Ted R. Drewes and Fred Jostles, St. Louis, 6—3, 6—2, 6—4; Alfred Chapin Jr., Springfield, Mass., and Robert Schlesinger, Australia, defeated Harvey Snodgrass, Los Angeles, and Walter Westbrook, Pasadena, 3—6, 2—6, 6—2, 6—0, 6—1; William T. Tilden and A. L. Reinert, Philadelphia, defeated Wren D. Brown and Eric E. Kaufmann, St. Louis, 4—6, 15—13, 6—4, 5—7, 6—3.

Junior Singles, Semi-final Round—A. L. Weiner, Philadelphia, defeated Joe Smith, St. Louis, 6—3, 3—6, 6—2; Emmett Pare, Chicago, defeated Thomas McGlynn, Philadelphia, 6—3, 6—3.

Junior Doubles, Semi-final Round—Emmett Pare, Chicago, and Joe Smith, St. Louis, defeated Walter Thomas, Elizabeth, N. J., and Junior Coen, Kansas City, 6—4, 6—3.

Boys' Singles, Semi-final Round—John McGlynn, Philadelphia, defeated Junior Coen, Kansas City, 2—6, 6—3, 6—1.

Boys' Doubles, semi-final Round—Junior Coen, Kansas City, and Clark Smith, St. Louis, won from I. C. Edwards and Norman Hawkins, St. Louis, by default.

EATONTOWN DEFEATS WHIPS AT POLO, 9-8

Checks Rally in Late Period and Gains Final in Independence Cups Play.

Special to The New York Times.

CEDARHURST, L. I., July 11.—The Eatontown polo team checked a late rally by the Rockaway Whips on the field at the Rockaway Hunting Club today and entered the final round of the tournament for the Independence Cups by a 9-8 victory. The triumph was for the most part due to the brilliant combination work of A. W. Kinney and Herbert Winn, the indoor stars, who performed at No. 2 and No. 3, respectively, for the Eatontown four. Kinney and Winn worked together with perfect understanding, and while their teammate, Max Phillips, was taking out the opposing back, Winn drove the ball forward for Kinney to carry through the posts and tally. This combination accounted for five of the victors' points, Kinney scoring three times and Winn twice, while Phillip and Terrence Preece added two each to make up the total.

The line-up:

EATONTOWN.	ROCKAWAY WHIPS.
No. 1—Max Phillips.	No. 1—H. B. Albright.
No. 2—A. W. Kinney.	No. 2—G. C. Sherman.
No. 3—Robert Winn.	No. 3—J. D. Richards.
Back—T. Preece.	Back—W. P. P. Hassard.

Goals—Eatontown: Kinney 3, Winn 2, Phillips 2, Preece 2. Rockaway Whips: Albright 2, Sherman 2, Richards 1, by handicap 2.

Referee—Gerald H. Dempsey. Time—Eight periods of 7½ minutes each.

Commonwealth Bouts Tonight.

Two twelve-round bouts will be held tonight at the Commonwealth Sporting Club. Allentown Joe Gans and Jack McVey, Harlem middleweight, are scheduled to clash in the principal b

YANKS LEAD LEAGUE AFTER 12-9 VICTORY

Win Game and Series From the White Sox in Stadium as Senators Lose to Tigers.

24TH HOMER FOR RUTH

Babe, Pipp, Scott, Hooper and Falk All Make Circuit Drives in Free-Hitting Contest.

The Yankees were sorry to say good-bye to the White Sox early yesterday evening. They must now face the St. Louis Browns for a few days, and that may not be quite so profitable as picking on Johnny Evers's entries in the American League race. When the Yankees finished their two hours and fifteen minutes of labor yesterday in the Stadium they found themselves on the large end of a 12 to 9 score and they had taken the series four games to two. But what was more important was the fact that they climbed back into the rarified atmosphere of first place, the Washington Senators losing to the Detroit Tigers and dropping from a tie into second place.

The battle yesterday was marked by five home runs, three of which fell to the lot of Huggins's men and one of these three to Babe Ruth. Ruth's powerful drive was made off Pitcher Mangum in the first inning with Whitey Witt on first base and caused the Yankees to step out in front, more than matching the homer contributed by Harry Hooper with none on in the Chicago half of the frame. It was the Babe's twenty-fourth homer of the season.

Later in the game Wallie Pipp and Deacon Scott made circuit hits and Bib Falk also inserted one into the pastime. In fact, Falk's homer was one of the kind that young boys with ambitions to be baseball heroes dream of and which seldom materialize. It was a gigantic thrust into the right field bleachers and arrived just after the White Sox had loaded the bags with runners and at a time when some such a blow was needed to put the White Sox in front. Needless to say the four tallies added to the one earned in the first inning overcame the two runs the Yankees had gathered.

Pipp Hits a Homer.

While the White Sox runners who participated in this wholesale unloading of the bases were mopping their brows—it was in the third—Pipp shot over his homer, and as Ruth had singled, the Babe stampered across the plate in the van of the tall Yankee first sacker. Scott's home run thump came as the opening shot of the final big drive of the Yanks in the eighth and made it the second homer in two days to the credit of the perpetual shortstop. Incidentally, the homer yesterday landed in the left field stands but a few inches from the spot where Scott dumped his four bagger the day before.

The most profitable inning for the White Sox brigade, the third, started off inauspiciously enough when Mangum hoisted an easy pop to Pipp and Mostil lofted a high one to Witt. Hooper pushed out a double and Bullet Joe Bush proceeded to issue free transportation to Collins and Sheeley. Thus was the stage set for Falk to burst forth with his homer.

Ruth opened the Yanks' third with a single and, after Meusel had expired harmlessly to Mostil, Pipp crashed out his four bagger. However, the Yanks were not satisfied with that. They craved still more runs and got one more. Schang was hit by a pitched ball and Ward singled into deep right. Schang tore around the bags, and when Ward dashed for second it was to that station that Hooper made his throw, completely dissegarding Schang. As a result Schang counted before Ward could be expunged at the midway. Scott popped up to Collins and the score was tied.

The White Sox took the lead in the fourth when Barrett walked and rode around to the plate on a single by Archdeacon, who was called upon to bat for Catcher Grabowski. Eish's force of Archdeacon at second and a pair of infield outs. The White Sox proceeded to add two runs to their count in the fifth when Collins opened with a double, which caused the summary departure of Bush in favor of Milton Gaston.

Gaston celebrated his arrival by planting the first ball he pitched squarely into the Falk mitt. Shoeless Joe was obliterated at first by Gaston and Ward, who went over to cover first, the runners advancing a base each. Willie Kamm slashed out a single, scoring Collins, and Barrett singled to left and scored Sheeley. Schalk, who then was catching for the White Sox, crashed into a double play, which was executed by Pipp unassisted, Wallie catching Schalk's line drive and touching first, doubling Barrett.

Lyons in the Box.

Lyons had assumed the hurling job for the White Sox in the fourth, and he and Gaston settled down to a peaceful few minutes, or until the Yanks got going in the seventh. With Witt down in this frame Dugan doubled to left. Ruth was purposely passed and Dugan was forced at third by Meusel. Pipp singled, scoring Ruth and putting Meusel where another hit would count him. This hit was supplied by Schang and was a double.

In the eighth the White Sox contributed two errors to assist the Yanks in getting three more tallies. Scott opened with his homer. Gaston sent a hit through Barrett. Witt bunted, but Schalk's throw to get Gaston at second was wild and rolled into left field. Gaston legging it to third and Witt making second safely. Dugan also bunted, but was fast enough to get a single for his effort. However, Lyons tossed to Sheeley just the same, and the ball rolled to the stands, Gaston and Witt scoring. Ruth and Meusel then grounded to Sheeley. The Sox collected one in the ninth that was a gift. Mostil walked, stole second and third and scored on a single by Sheeley. And that was the end of it.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt, cf	5	2	1	3	0	Mostil, cf	5	2	1	0	0
Dugan, 3b	5	0	2	0	1	Hooper, rf	5	2	2	4	1
Ruth, rf	4	3	2	1	0	Collins, 2b	4	2	1	2	0
Meusel, lf	5	1	0	0	0	Sheely, 1b	5	2	1	9	1
Pipp, 1b	4	2	2	9	0	Falk, lf	4	1	2	2	0
Schang, c	4	2	1	6	0	Kamm, 3b	4	0	1	5	0
Ward, 2b	4	0	2	5	2	Barrett, ss	3	1	1	2	2
Scott, ss	3	1	1	5	2	Grabowski, c	1	0	0	0	0
Bush, p	2	0	1	1	0	Archd'con	1	0	0	0	0
Gaston, p	2	1	0	1	0	Schalk, c	1	0	0	2	1
						Mangum, p	1	0	0	0	0
						bEish	0	0	0	0	0
						Lyons, p	2	0	1	0	1
Total	35	12	13	27	10	Total	32	9	10	24	6

Errors—New York 0, Chicago 2 (Schalk, Lyons).

b Batted for Grabowski in fourth.
a Batted for Mangum in fourth.

New York	2	4	3	0	0	0	0	3	2	—	12
Chicago	1	0	4	1	2	0	0	0	1	—	9

Two-base hits—Hooper, Collins, Dugan, Schang. Home runs—Hooper, Ruth, Falk, Pipp, Scott. Stolen base—Barrett. Sacrifices—Eish, Scott, Falk, Mostil, Witt. Double plays—Hooper, Sheely and Collins; Scott, Ward and Pipp; Pipp (unassisted). Left on bases—New York 8, Chicago 5. Bases on balls—Off Bush 3, Gaston 2, Mangum 2, Lyons 2. Hits—Off Mangum 6 in 3 innings, Lyons 7 in 5, Bush 6 in 4 (none out in 5th), Gaston 4 in 3. Hit by pitcher—By Mangum (Schang), by Gaston (Sheely). Winning pitcher—Gaston. Losing pitcher—Lyons. Umpires—Owens and Evans. Time of game—3:12.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York 12, Chicago 9.
St. Louis 2, Boston 1.
(First Game.)
Boston 7, St. Louis 6.
(Second Game.)
Detroit 4, Washington 2.
Philadelphia 10, Cleveland 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 10, St. Louis 5.
(Ten innings.)
Brooklyn 9, Chicago 1.
Pittsburgh 8, Boston 5.
Cincinnati 6, Philadelphia 6.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	44	24	.564
Washington	43	25	.551
Detroit	42	27	.538
St. Louis	38	38	.500
Chicago	36	39	.474
Cleveland	37	40	.481
Boston	33	41	.431
Philadelphia	31	48	.392

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	50	26	.658
Chicago	44	31	.587
Brooklyn	41	36	.532
Pittsburgh	39	35	.527
Cincinnati	40	41	.494
Boston	32	44	.421
Philadelphia	30	45	.400
St. Louis	29	47	.382

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York.
(Game starts at 2 P. M.)
Chicago at Boston.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Boston at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.
(Two Games.)

SENATORS SHOVED INTO SECOND PLACE

Lose to Tigers, 4-3, and Relinquish League Leadership to the Yankees.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Washington dropped to second place today when it was defeated, 4 to 3, by Detroit, while the New York Yankees were winning over Chicago and taking the lead. Walter Johnson held the Tigers to two hits until the eighth, when three safeties and a pass were bunched. These with an error by Bluege accounted for three Detroit runs.

The victory was the third for Detroit in the series of five games that ended today. One of the contests was a draw. The score:

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burke, 2b	5	1	1	4	4	Rice, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Manush, lf	3	2	0	4	0	Matthews, cf	4	0	1	4	1
Cobb, cf	4	1	2	3	1	Harris, 2b	3	1	0	2	3
Heilmann, rf	4	0	1	1	0	Goslin, lf	4	0	2	3	0
Blue, lb	4	0	1	6	1	Judge, 1b	4	0	2	11	0
Rigney, ss	3	0	0	4	4	Ruel, c	4	1	2	4	0
Jones, 3b	1	0	0	2	1	Peckin'h, ss	3	0	0	1	5
Pratt, 3b	1	0	0	0	0	Bluege, 3b	4	1	1	0	2
Bassler, c	3	0	0	3	1	Johnson, p	3	1	1	0	1
Stoner, p	2	0	0	1	2	cLelbold	1	0	0	0	0
Cole, p	0	0	0	0	0	dTaylor	1	0	0	0	0
Dauss, p	1	0	0	0	1						
aWings	0	0	0	0	0	Total	33	5	10	27	12
bWoodall	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	31	4	5	27	15						

Errors—Detroit 1 (Cole); Washington 1 (Bluege).

a Batted for Jones in seventh.
b Batted for Stoner in seventh.
c Batted for Peckinpaugh in ninth.
d Batted for Johnson in ninth.

Detroit	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—	4
Washington	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	—	3

Two-base hit—Burke. Three-base hit—Rice. Stolen bases—Harris, Matthews. Sacrifices—Peckinpaugh. Double plays—Harris and Judge; Rigney, Burke and Blue. Left on bases—Detroit 4, Washington 6. Bases on balls—Off Stoner 1, Johnson 4. Struck out—By Stoner 1, Johnson 4. Hits—Off Stoner 7 in 6 innings, Cole 3 in 1-3, Dauss 5 in 1 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Johnson (Manush, Jones), by Stoner (Goslin). Winning pitcher—Dauss. Umpires—Holmes, Moriarty and Hildebrand. Time of game—2:15.

REDS CAPTURE SERIES.

Take Four Out of Five Games by Blanking Phillies, 6-0.

CINCINNATI, July 11.—The Cincinnati Reds made it four out of five games from Philadelphia by winning the final contest of the series today, 6 to 0. Ring was hit freely and was knocked out of the box in the sixth inning. Donohue kept the Phillies' hits well scattered and received brilliant support, especially from Cavener.

Sand was hit over the kidneys by a pitched ball in the fifth inning and so badly injured that he had to retire from the game.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Critz, 2b	5	1	1	3	2	Sand, m	2	0	1	1	1
Daubert, 1b	5	1	3	12	0	Park'son, ss	1	0	0	1	1
Roush, cf	3	1	0	1	1	Harper, rf	3	0	1	3	0
Duncan, lf	4	0	1	2	1	Wr'stone, 3b	4	0	1	3	3
Hargrave, c	4	0	1	4	0	Schults, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Walker, rf	4	0	2	2	0	Williams, cf	4	0	0	1	0
Pinelli, 3b	4	1	1	1	3	Henrich, cf	1	0	1	1	0
Cavener, ss	4	1	2	0	0	Holke, 1b	4	0	2	9	0
Donohue, p	3	1	1	0	1	Ford, 2b	3	0	1	3	2
						aMitchell	1	0	0	0	0
						Wilson, c	3	0	1	7	1
						Wendell, s	1	0	0	1	0
						Ring, p	2	0	0	0	0
						Betts, p	1	0	0	0	0
						bHenline	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	6	13	27	10	Total	34	0	8	24	9

Errors—Cincinnati 1 (Critz); Philadelphia 2 (Sand).

a Batted for Ford in ninth.
b Batted for Betts in ninth.

Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	—	5
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0

Two-base hits—Daubert, Walker, Cavener, Donohue, Harper, Wrightstone. Three-base hits—Critz, Walker, Sand, Holke. Double plays—Cavener and Daubert; Ford and Holke; Ford, Sand and Holke. Left on bases—Philadelphia 9, Cincinnati 7. Bases on balls—Off Donohue 1, Ring 3. Struck out—By Donohue 2, Betts 1. Hits—Off Ring 9 in 5 1-3 innings, Betts 2 in 2 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Donohue (Sand). Losing pitcher—Ring. Umpires—Pfirman, Hart and McCormick. Time of game—1:34.

Caught at the Plate

Gaston's work in the five innings he hurled yesterday was very good. He yielded only four hits and in three of the innings did not permit a man to reach second and only one to get as far as first. And he was quickly nipped off the bag by Gaston, Pipp and Ward.

Schang had another good day for his batting averages and one that was also good for the Yankees as a whole. Wallie was officially at bat only twice and he doubled home two runs. He walked the first time up and was hit by a pitched ball on the next trip.

Just before Ruth sent out his twenty-fourth homer of the season in the first inning, he fouled a ball into the right field stands that was not six inches of the home plate protected by Umpire Brick Owens that the ball was fair but Brick said "No." To prove that he was right Babe then sent the ball into the stands at a point where there was no question about it.

As a pinch hitter Maurice Archdeacon of the White Sox came through nicely. This former International League slugging star who led the American League batsmen for a time while playing regularly, takes a decided swing at the ball and is a dangerous batter. His pinch hit yesterday added one run to the White Sox score.

George Sisler and his Browns are to furnish the opposition to the Yankees through five games, beginning today. The Mound City team is scheduled to play a double-header at the stadium on Monday.

FIVE RUNS IN TENTH WIN FOR THE GIANTS

New York Team's Big Rally Beats the Cardinals in St. Louis by 10 to 5.

KELLY HELPS WITH HOMER

Scores Meusel Ahead of Him in Extra Inning—Frisch and Young Also Hit for Circuit.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, July 11.—It required ten innings of catch-as-catch-can baseball for the Giants to beat the Cardinals today by a score of 10 to 5. Five runs in the tenth won for the Giants. The two runs that resulted when George Kelly drove the ball into the left field bleachers with Irish Meusel on base in that inning were all the Giants needed in order to carry off the game, but they continued to hustle and rushed three more tallies over before the inning closed.

The game was a bit rough on pitchers. Bill Ryan started for the Giants and was pitted against John Stuart, but Stuart was hit hard in the second inning and disappeared in the third to make room for a pinch hitter, Jess Haines, his successor, lasting until the Giant bombardment in the tenth. Eddie Dyer was called upon to retire the Giants in this inning. Ryan was batted out of the action in the seventh, and Art Nehf, who hurried to his relief, afforded no relief at all and also was batted out. Then came Wayland Dean, who checked the Cardinals' rally and did not yield a hit for the balance of the game.

Three Homers for Giants.

Three home runs were made by the Giants, Kelly's being the last of the three. Ross Young, who had a very good day with the stick, made a home run, as did Frank Frisch. Young's number came in the first inning and marked the beginning of play. The second ball pitched by Stuart was very much to Young's liking, and he hammered it into the right field bleachers.

Stuart then settled down and was moving along at a brisk pace when the Giants caught up with him in the second inning and shook him down for four runs. Jackson, who led off in the second inning, had perished, as had Groh, who followed him. Snyder then punched a single to left and got to third base on Ryan's long single to left centre. Young hit to right field for two bases, scoring Snyder and Ryan, and trotted over the plate himself ahead of Frisch when Frank sent his four-base drive into the right-field bleachers.

The Cardinals threatened in the third, fourth and fifth innings, and in the fourth it required good fielding to keep them from scoring, but in the third and fifth Ryan was strong in the pinches. Flack, who batted for Stuart in the third inning, got a life on a fumble by Jackson, and Smith and Holm having filed out Hornsby singled to centre, but Blades raised an easy foul fly to Kelly.

Freigau had been retired in the fourth inning when Gonzales was expunged on a fine catch by Jackson of his line drive.

Cooney then doubled to right centre, but was left when Young made a running catch of Mueller's liner.

Haines led off in the fifth inning with a single to centre, but Smith and Holm offered up pop flies. Hornsby walked and he and Haines moved up on a wild pitch, but Blades raised a short fly back of second base that was caught by Ryan.

Two were out in the sixth inning when Jackson singled and Groh got two bases on a slash that split Freigau's right thumb and forced him out of action, but Snyder left the runners on the bases when he was thrown out by Hornsby.

Cards Get a Run.

Young trapped a short fly to right field in an attempt at a double play in the Cardinal's half of the inning, but the double play did not come to pass and the way was paved for the Cardinals' first run. Toporcer and Gonzales had walked when Cooney raised the fly that Young trapped. This resulted only in a force play on Gonzales at second base, and when Cooney was forced by Mueller Toporcer scored.

All the Cardinals went to bat in the seventh inning. When the Cardinals got rid of both Ryan and Nehf and tied the score, Smith opening the attack with a single and Haines closing it with a liner to Frisch when Dean had come in to relieve Nehf. In addition to Smith's single, another single by Holm, a fumble by Meusel, a two-base hit by Hornsby, a single by Blades, another by Gonzales, a sacrifice by Cooney and a single by Mueller made the four runs that knotted the count.

Holm kept the Giants away from the plate in the ninth inning, when, with O'Connell on second base and Young on first, with two out, he was to deep centre for a fine stab of a slash by Frisch.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Young, rf	6	2	3	3	0	Smith, rf	6	1	1	4	0
Frisch, 2b	5	1	1	5	0	Holm, cf	5	1	1	1	0
Wilson, cf	4	0	0	2	0	Hornsby, 2b	5	1	2	3	5
Meusel, lf	4	1	1	3	0	Blades, lf	5	1	1	2	0
Kelly, 1b	4	2	1	8	2	Pretzlo, 3b	2	0	0	0	0
Jackson, ss	4	1	2	4	4	Toporcer, 3b	2	1	0	0	0
Groh, 3b	5	1	2	1	1	Gonzales, c	4	0	2	4	0
Snyder, c	4	1	1	3	0	Cooney, ss	5	0	1	3	7
Gowdy, c	0	0	0	0	0	Mueller, 1b	5	0	1	14	1
Ainsmith, c	0	0	0	0	0	Stuart, p	0	0	0	0	0
Ryan, p	3	1	2	1	0	Haines, p	2	0	1	0	1
Nehf, p	0	0	0	0	0	Dyer, p	0	0	0	1	1
Dean, p	0	0	0	0	0	cFlack	1	0	0	0	0
O'Connell	0	0	0	0	0						
bS'werth	1	1	0	0	0						
Totals	41	10	13	30	14	Totals	41	5	10	30	17

Errors—New York 3 (Frisch, Meusel, Jackson), St. Louis 1 (Cooney 2).

a Ran for Snyder in ninth.
b Batted for Gowdy in tenth.
c Batted for Stuart in third.

New York	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	—	10
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	—	5

Two-base hits—Young, Cooney, Groh, Hornsby. Home runs—Young, Frisch, Kelly. Stolen base—Mueller. Sacrifices—Dean, Douglas, Freigau, Hornsby and Mueller. Sheely, Cooney and Mueller. Left on bases—New York 6, St. Louis 10. Bases on balls—Off Ryan 4, Stuart 1, Haines 3. Struck out—By Ryan 1, Haines 2, Dyer 1. Hits—Off Ryan 8 in 8 innings (none out in seventh), Dean none in 3 1-3, Nehf 3 in 2-3, Stuart 6 in 3, Haines 6 in 6 1-3, Dyer 1 in 2-3. Wild pitches—Haines, Ryan. Passed ball—Gonzales. Winning pitcher—Dean. Losing pitcher—Haines. Umpires—Rigler and Moran. Time of game—2:05.

PIRATES TAKE FINAL, 8-2.

Cooper Defeats Braves and Scores Fifth Straight Victory.

PITTSBURGH, July 11.—Boston and Pittsburgh divided a four-game series, the Pirates winning the final game today, 8 to 2. Grimm's triple in the sixth with two on bases broke a deadlock and started a batting rally which netted five runs in succeeding innings. It was the fifth straight victory for Cooper.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Maryville, 2b	5	3	3	2	4	Felix, cf	4	1	1	4	0
Cuyler, rf	5	0	0	4	2	O'rchard, lf	3	0	1	1	0
Clarke, lf	3	1	2	4	0	Mann, rf	3	0	2	1	0
Wright, ss	4	2	3	4	4	McInnis, 1b	3	0	1	9	0
Barnhart, rf	5	1	2	0	0	Pagel, ss	4	0	1	2	3
Traynor, 3b	5	0	1	2	0	Tierney, 3b	4	0	0	2	2
Grimm, 1b	4	0	1	2	0	R. Smith, ss	4	0	0	3	2
Knox, c	4	0	1	4	2	O'Neill, c	4	0	2	5	1
Cooper, p	3	1	2	0	1	Lucas, p	3	0	0	0	2
						Yeargin, p	0	0	0	0	0
						aLane	1	0	0	0	0
Total	40	8	16	27	15	Total	33	2	11	24	9

Errors—Pittsburgh 1 (Wright), Boston 4 (McInnis, Tierney 2, O'Neill).

a Batted for Yeargin in ninth.

Boston	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—	2
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	3	—	8

Two-base hits—Mann, Maryville. Three-base hits—Mann, R. M. Smith, Grimm. Stolen base—Cuyler. Sacrifices—Wright, Mann. Double plays—Cooper, Wright, and Grimm; Grimm, Knox and Grimm. Left on bases—Boston 8, Pittsburgh 10. Bases on balls—Off Lucas 1, Yeargin 1, Cooper 1. Struck out—By Lucas 3, Cooper 4. Hits—Off Lucas 13 in 7 2-3 innings, Yeargin in 1-3. Passed ball—O'Neill. Losing pitcher—Lucas. Umpires—Klem and Wilson. Time of game—2:05.

FOURNIER'S HOMERS HELP BEAT CUBS, 9-1

Jack's 19th and 20th of Season Account for Robins' 5 Runs as Vance Wins 13th Game.

22 CHANCES FOR COTTER

Chicago First Baseman, With 21 Put-Outs and One Assist, Equals Major League Record.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 11.—The Robins defeated the Cubs by a score of 9 to 1 here this afternoon in the final game of the series, in which Lee Cotter, the Cubs' first baseman, equaled the major league record of chances accepted at first base.

Cotter was credited with twenty-one put-outs and one assist. The mark was established first in 1875 by C. Houtz, playing for the St. Louis club of the National Association. Cotter is the ninth man to tie the record. Only one Robin batter was retired on an outfield fly. He was Andy High, who lifted to Grigsby in the fifth inning.

Dazzy Vance twirled for the Robins and had no trouble in registering his thirteenth victory of the season, which gave the Robins an even break in the four-game series. He allowed only six hits and boosted his strike-out record to 119 when he fanned five men. John Blake started for the Cubs, but retired at the end of the fifth. G. Milstead finished the game.

Jack Fournier made two home runs off Blake, which accounted for five runs, and now is credited with twenty circuit drives. He made his nineteenth homer in the third frame and the next in the fifth session. Fournier's first home run was his 100th hit of the season.

Blake's control was not good in the first inning, passing two men, both of whom scored. High drew the first walk and stole second as Johnston fanned. Neis was tossed out by Grantham and Fournier walked. Brown singled to right and High scored, while Fournier reached third. Stock bounced a hit off Grantham's gloved hand and Fournier scored.

In the second inning the Robins went scoreless. However, the Robins increased their lead in the third when Fournier made his first circuit blow of the game. After Johnston was retired, Neis walked and Fournier followed with a drive into the left field bleachers for his nineteenth home run. The Cubs scored their only tally in their half of the same session. With two out Stats singled past Fournier and rode home on Hollocher's two-bagger to right.

The fifth inning was Blake's last. In it the Robins scored three more tallies, all of which resulted from Fournier's second home run. High led off with a fly to Grigsby, but Johnston and Neis singled. Fournier then drove the ball into the right field bleachers, sending Johnston and Neis home in front of him.

The Robins scored the last pair of runs in the ninth on singles by Neis, Fournier and Griffith. Fournier's steal of third and a fumble by Grigsby.

The score:

BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
High, 2b	4	1	1	1	3	Statz, cf	4	1	1	0	0
Johnston, ss	5	1	1	1	0	Hollocher, ss	2	0	1	0	3
Neis, cf	5	1	2	3	0	Grigsby, rf	1	0	0	1	0
Fournier, 1b	4	4	3	8	2	Grantham, 2b	4	0	1	2	1
Brown, cf	3	0	2	6	0	Cotter, 1b	4	0	1	21	1
Stock, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	Friberg, 3b	3	0	1	0	0
Griffith, rf	3	0	1	2	0	Grigsby, lf	3	0	0	1	0
DeBerry, c	5	0	0	5	1	Heathcote, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Vance, p	4	0	1	2	1	O'Farrell, c	3	0	0	3	2
						Blake, p	1	0	0	0	2
						Milstead, p	1	0	0	0	0
						aHarrell	1	0	0	0	0
						bVogel	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	9	12	27	8	Total	32	1	6	27	12

Errors—Brooklyn 0, Chicago 1 (Grigsby).

a Batted for Blake in fifth.
b Batted for Milstead in ninth.

Brooklyn	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	—	9
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—	1

Two-base hits—Hollocher. Home runs—Fournier (2). Stolen base—High. Fournier. Sacrifice hits—Stock, Brown. Double plays—Friberg, Grantham and Cotter. Left on bases—Brooklyn 8, Chicago 8. Bases on balls—Off Blake 2, Milstead 4. Struck out—By Vance 5, Blake 3. Hits—Off Blake 7 in 5 innings, Milstead 6 in 4. Losing pitcher—Blake. Umpires—Sweeney and O'Day. Time of game—1:45.

RED SOX BREAK EVEN IN DOUBLE-HEADER

Wingard's Pitching and Homer Help Browns Win First, 8-1—Boston Takes Second, 7-6.

BOSTON, July 11.—St. Louis and Boston divided a double-header here today, St. Louis taking the first game, 8 to 1, and losing the second to the Red Sox, 7 to 6. Wingard's superb pitching and home run for the Browns, with one on base, featured the opening contest.

The Browns were leading, 5 to 0, in the second game when Boston began hitting in the second inning, batting Kolp, Pruett, Vangilder and Bayne hard. Lee drove in three runs. Gerber's fielding was vivid.

Boston won four games in this six-game series.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin, rf	5	1	1	4	0	Exell, 3b	5	0	0	1	1
Schang, 2b	5	0	2	2	0	Wis'ma, 2b	5	0	1	4	0
Sisler, 1b	5	2	1	11	0	Lee, lf	3	0	1	1	0
Williams, lf	3	1	0	0	0	J. Collins, 1b	4	0	0	8	0
McManus, 3b	4	0	1	2	2	Flagstead, cf	4	0	1	3	1
Jacobson, rf	4	1	1	0	0	Shanks, rf	3	0	1	4	0
Severeid, c	3	0	1	3	0	Having, c	4	1	1	5	0
Gerber, ss	4	1	1	0	0	Lee, ss	2	0	1	5	1
Wingard, p	3	2	1	0	0	Ferguson, p	1	0	0	0	0
						aPeinich	1	0	0	0	0
						Ross, p	0	0	0	0	0
						bConnolly	1	0	1	0	0
Total	40	8	12	27	12	Total	33	1	8	27	10

Errors—St. Louis 0; Boston 3 (Exell, Wambsganss, J. Collins).

a Batted for Ferguson in seventh.
b Batted for Ross in ninth.

St. Louis	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	—	8
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	1

Two-base hits—Severeid, Having, Wambsganss. Three-base hit—Having. Home run—Wingard. Stolen bases—Sisler, Jacobson. Sacrifices—Williams, McManus. Double play—McManus, Gerber and Sisler. Left on bases—St. Louis 10, Boston 10. Bases on balls—Off Wingard 5, Ferguson 2, Ross 1. Struck out—By Ferguson 1. Hits—Off Ferguson 12 in 7 innings, Ross 1 in 2. Losing pitcher—Ferguson. Umpires—Ormsby, Connolly and Rowland. Time of game—1:40.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Clark, 2b	4	0	1	0	1	Tobin, rf	2	2	0	1	0
all. Harris	0	0	0	0	0	Evans	0	0	0	0	0
Ensel, 3b	4	0	0	1	0	Robertson, 2b	4	1	0	1	0
Wamb'g'n, 2b	5	0	1	1	1	McMillan	1

BRADY'S 292 WINS MET. OPEN CROWN

Winged Foot Pro Plays Brilliant Eight Holes in Final Round to Take Title.

MACFARLANE IS RUNNER-UP

Finishes Two Strokes Behind the Victor—Farrell is Third After Being in Tie for Lead.

Special to The New York Times.

ROSLYN, L. I., July 11.—Sensational golf for eight holes in his final round enabled M. J. (Mike) Brady, Winged Foot Golf Club professional, to gain the 1924 metropolitan open championship, play for which was concluded at the Engineers Club here today. Brady's total for the 72 holes of play was 292, his four rounds being 77, 72, 71, 72.

While this did not establish any records, being eclipsed by Macdonald Smith's total in winning the metropolitan event at Scarsdale a decade or more ago, it will go down in the record books as a remarkable feat in view of the score-wrecking possibilities of the course over which it was made.

Willie Macfarlane of Oak Ridge finished second, two strokes back of the winner, with a total of 294. Johnny Farrell, 23-year-old Quaker Ridge professional, who led the field for the first two rounds and who started his last round in a tie for the lead with Macfarlane, finished third, with a total of 295, while Leo Diegel, former Washington professional, who is casting about for an opening in the metropolitan district, ended up in a tie for fourth place with a total of 296. Jack Forrester, Hollywood professional, tied with Diegel.

Next came a young Harvard star, J. Mapes of Myopia, who jumped up into the foreground by virtue of two singing rounds that some of the professionals would have been willing to take for their own. After being inconspicuously low at the end of the first two days, young Mapes peeled off a 75 for his third round and then came through with a brilliant 72 in the last chapter. Going to the sixteenth hole, Mapes was confronted with par figures for the next three holes for a total of 69, which would have broken the record for the tournament. His finish was 5, 6, 4.

Turnesa Down List.

Joe Turnesa of Fairview was next with a total of 301, his scores today being 74 and 75, which was far more representative of his game than his second round of yesterday, when he put himself almost hopelessly out of championship consideration by getting into the 80's. Three Long Island professionals were the last to finish in the money. They were Jack Forrester of the Home Club, Joe Sylvester of St. Albans and A. E. MacDonald of Inwood, all of whom had totals of 302. MacDonald did some sensational scoring over the last nine holes, his total for that half being 33, in spite of a 5 at the home hole, where he was putting for a 3.

Brady's victory today added another to a list which is equaled by only a few of the many professional stars. On two occasions he has been only a stroke away from national open honors. The first instance was at Wheaton, Ill., in 1911, when he finished in a tie with J. J. McDermott and George O. Simpson, to lose by two shots to McDermott in the play-off. Eight years later, at Inverness Burn, Brady was tied with Walter Hagen at the finish of seventy-two holes, although he would have won the title outright only for a short putt that failed to go down. In the play-off he was again beaten by two shots. While professional at the Oakland Hills Club, Detroit, where he was engaged for several years, and from where he migrated late Winter to take up his berth at the Wing Foot Club, Brady won the Western open title when that event was staged there in 1922, and last year he was winner in the Massachusetts State open championship. He is a home-bred.

Beginning the third round today, Brady was in a tie for sixth place, five strokes behind Farrell, who was leading the field with a total of 144. By the time that the round was finished he had jumped into a tie for third place, with a total of 220, the same relative positions as when they started out, Farrell still leading by two shots.

The expected break came at the short tenth, where Farrell trapped off the tee, took a 4 while Brady dropped a putt of twenty feet for a birdie 2. They played the next four holes in par figures but Brady added another stroke to his lead on Farell by running down a fifteen-footer for a birdie 3 on the fifteenth after a wonderful second. That ended Farrell. Brady got a pair of par 4s at the sixteenth and seventeenth and had a 4 for an even 70. He converted the 4 into a 5. Farrell's bad finish cost him second money. It was 6, 5, 5. The 6 was the result of a drive that caught the brow of the hill, a wooden second that finished in the rough in front of the green, a poor out and a missed putt.

The cards of the leaders:

MORNING ROUND.

Brady—									
Out	4	4	5	4	4	3	5	5	—37
In	3	4	5	3	4	4	3	4	—34—71
Macfarlane—									
Out	5	4	4	4	4	3	5	5	—38
In	3	4	4	4	4	5	3	4	—37—75

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Brady—									
Out	4	5	4	4	3	5	4	5	—38
In	3	4	4	3	5	4	4	6	—34—72
Macfarlane—									
Out	4	3	4	5	4	4	4	5	—37
In	5	4	5	5	4	4	5	5	—39—76

The summaries:

M. J. Brady, Winged Foot	149	71	72—292
Willie Macfarlane, Oak Ridge	146	73	75—294
Johnny Farrell, Quaker Ridge	144	74	77—295
Jack Forrester, Hollywood	149	76	74—299
Leo Diegel, Washington	148	74	77—299
*J. J. Mapes, Myopia	153	75	72—300
Joe Turnesa, Fairview	152	74	75—301
Joe Sylvester, St. Albans	151	78	73—302
Jack Dowling, Engineers	151	77	74—302
A. E. MacDonald, Inwood	151	77	74—302
W. S. Bourne, Echo Lake	148	77	77—302
A. Demanet, Soundview	152	73	77—304
M. J. O'Loughlin, Plainfield	148	80	77—305
James Law, Cherry Valley	150	76	79—305
C. Smith, North Shore	153	76	76—305
Tom Kerrigan, Siwanoy	152	79	74—305
Francis Gallett, Laurelton	154	74	77—305
T. Harmon Jr., Hudson River	154	79	72—305
Tom Hughes, Coldstream	156	76	74—306
J. C. Rossar, Wheatley Hills	149	79	78—306
J. O'Connor, Newark	154	80	73—307
Nick Demane, Soundview	154	76	78—308
W. Kline, Garden C. Country	151	78	79—308
*J. J. Ford, untattached	150	78	80—308
Joe Kirkwood, Rockw'd Hall	158	75	75—309
Tom Boyd, Foxhills	154	77	78—309
Louis Castello, Milburn	152	79	78—310
J. Rice, Piping Rock	158	79	73—310
John Rogers, Dayton	154	79	78—311
F. Schreiber, National	149	83	79—311
Jack Becker, Yountakah	156	80	76—312
S. H. Anderson, Huntington	157	77	78—312
Fred Decker, Knollwood	160	74	78—312
H. C. Armour, unattached	158	73	82—313
Frank Burns, Woodcliff	156	75	82—314
H. P. Cluck, West'ter Hills	158	78	79—315
J. J. O'Conner, Tuxedo	156	77	83—316
J. Soutar, Apawamis	154	80	82—316
Alex Cornell, Oakland	156	76	82—316
Rob O. Brown, Coral Gables	156	81	80—317
*Jack Mackie Jr., Inwood	159	82	76—317
*Grant Peacock, Cherry Hill	156	78	83—317
James Wood, Rockaway Hunt	158	76	84—318
*D. V. T. Williams, Grassy Sp.	159	78	81—318
Joe Smith, North Shore	158	81	80—319
W. J. Cox, Marine and Field	160	78	81—319
Stewart Boyle, Woodbury	160	75	75—320
J. R. Inglis, Fairview	160	82	79—321
Andy Brown, Lido	159	80	82—321
Jack Pirie, Woodmere	158	78	85—321
J. Stringer, Cedarpoint	160	81	82—323
W. L. Richard, engineers	159	83	81—323
Alec Armour, unattached	153	87	84—324

*Amateur

Brady's Prize Totals $500 And Macfarlane Gets $250

Special to The New York Times.

ROSLYN, L. I., July 11.—Mike Brady's victory in the Metropolitan Open championship today was worth $500 to him in prize money. With it also went the Metropolitan Open championship medal. MacFarlane's second place carried with it a prize of $250, while Farrell received $200 for finishing third. Fourth and fifth money, amounting to $250, was divided between Diegel and Forrester; $30 went to Turnesa for finishing sixth, and Sylvester, Dowling and MacDonald divided the last prize, which amounted to $110. Mapes, the amateur, will receive the equivalent of $80 in plate.

at the third and it went into a thicket of trees and underbrush, where it was discovered only after a diligent search. There was only a tiny opening for the green and the chances were great that he would never get through, but get through he did with a wonderful niblick pitch onto the green. And so, what looked like a 5 at best or even a 6 was turned into a par when, after a weakly hit approach putt, he ran down a twelve-footer for his 4. Farrell sank missable putts for parts at the next two holes, and as a result he was still two shots ahead of Brady going to the sixth.

The Winged Foot professional gained two strokes on Farrell by "dropping" a fifteen-footer for a birdie 3, while Johnny took three putts, missing a puny little one of eighteen inches for a 4. On even terms now for the first time, Brady, after playing a great approach shot out of the rough, going to the seventh, took three putts. He had a down-hill putt and ran several feet past the hole. He lost another precious stroke at the short eighth and after a pair of par 5's on the ninth the two were still in the same relative positions as when they started out, Farrell still leading by two shots.

The expected break came at the short tenth, where Farrell trapped off the tee, took a 4 while Brady dropped a putt of twenty feet for a birdie 2. They played the next four holes in par figures but Brady added another stroke to his lead on Farell by running down a fifteen-footer for a birdie 3 on the fifteenth after a wonderful second. That ended Farrell. Brady got a pair of par 4s at the sixteenth and seventeenth and had a 4 for an even 70. He converted the 4 into a 5. Farrell's bad finish cost him second money. It was 6, 5, 5. The 6 was the result of a drive that caught the brow of the hill, a wooden second that finished in the rough in front of the green, a poor out and a missed putt.

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Out	4	3	4	5	4	4	5	5	—38
In	5	4	5	5	4	4	5	5	—39—76

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Brady—									
Out	4	5	4	4	3	5	4	5	—38
In	3	4	4	3	5	4	4	6	—34—72
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Out	4	3	4	5	4	4	4	5	—37
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J. J. O'Conner, Tuxedo	156	77	83—316
J. Soutar, Apawamis	154	80	82—316
Alex Cornell, Oakland	156	76	82—316
Rob O. Brown, Coral Gables	156	81	80—317
*Jack Mackie Jr., Inwood	159	82	76—317
*Grant Peacock, Cherry Hill	156	78	83—317
James Wood, Rockaway Hunt	158	76	84—318
*D. V. T. Williams, Grassy Sp.	159	78	81—318
Joe Smith, North Shore	158	81	80—319
W. J. Cox, Marine and Field	160	78	81—319
Stewart Boyle, Woodbury	160	75	75—320
J. R. Inglis, Fairview	160	82	79—321
Andy Brown, Lido	159	80	82—321
Jack Pirie, Woodmere	158	78	85—321
J. Stringer, Cedarpoint	160	81	82—323
W. L. Richard, engineers	159	83	81—323
Alec Armour, unattached	153	87	84—324

*Amateur

HAGEN AND SMITH LOSE TO BRITISH

U. S. Golfers Defeated by Duncan and Mitchell, 4 and 2, in International Match.

FAIL TO OVERCOME LEAD

Start Last 36 Holes Four Down and Play on Even Terms—Putting Decided £300 Contest.

OXHEY, England, July 11 (Associated Press).—George Duncan and Abe Mitchell, leading British professional golfers, today avenged their defeat of last year at the hands of Walter Hagen and Jim Barnes of America, by defeating Hagen and Macdonald Smith, 4 and 2, in their 72-hole match for a purse of £300 and international foursome honors.

Last year the American team won by 4 and 3. On the first thirty-six holes of this year's contest, played yesterday at the St. George's Club, the British pair finished 4 up. At the conclusion of the last half of the match this afternoon over the Oxhey course the Americans had succumbed, and Duncan and Mitchell prepared to split the £300 purse. Hagen and Smith will receive £50 each as the loser's end.

Duncan pleased the gallery of more than 5,000 spectators that followed today's play by giving a masterly exhibition of his professional game.

Drives Nearly Equal.

There was very little fault to be found today with the drives and seconds of the foursome. On several holes their drives lay huddled within a few feet of each other. This course, which is a paradise for long hitters, is 6,478 yards in length and has eleven holes over 400 yards long. Three times in the first seven holes, which were eventually halved in par figures, it was up to Hagen to sink a five or six-footer to win, but each time the ball just grazed the edge of the cup and passed on.

At the eighth Mitchell's drive found the long grass on the slope of a mound and he picked up. Duncan's drive ended a nasty distance from the green and he was puzzled as to whether to use an iron or a brassie. Finally the latter and his approach went over the green into the rough. Smith then proceeded to hole his ten-foot putt and the Americans cut the lead to three. They cut another off at the ninth, where Smith got a 4 for a hard drive, leaving Hagen to hole out for a three with a seven-yard putt. The American's ball was in such a position that he had to run it down, then up to the hole. He lay on the green and carefully studied the putt. Then he arose, struck the ball boldly and it went straight for the hole hit the back of the cup, jumped up as though it had other intentions, then fell in for a three.

At the tenth both Hagen and Smith missed three-yard putts and the best they could do was halve. At the fourteenth Hagen started another centre-liner for the hole and it looked as though it would be dead for a win. It just tipped the cup, however, and the score was halved.

The play continued even until the eighteenth, when Smith took three to reach the green, adding two putts. Hagen then proceeded to place three putts, spoiling the chance to tie Mitchell's 4 which the latter had made by laying a chip shot from a bunker to within two inches of the hole.

Americans Cheer Hagen.

When Hagen came out for the afternoon round, the American spectators gave him three cheers, to which he responded by making one of the finest approach shots of the day. His drive landed just in front of a bunker with the green fifty yards away and with a steep slope to the hole. The champion, using a niblick, landed the ball on the edge of the green and it rolled to within six feet of the cup. His famous putting eye again wavered, and the Americans were forced to take a half with fours. Smith's drive on this hole went deep into a bunker and he picked up.

On the next hole Hagen dropped a six-yarder, winning. But at the fifth Mitchell sank his third from the rough and won back the hole. At the short sixth Hagen made a perfect 3, dropping the ball from ten feet, but Duncan did likewise. The aspect did not change until the eighth, which Smith won by a beautiful twelve-foot putt for a 4.

At the tenth Duncan took the centre of the stage by sinking one from the ten-yard line, winning the hole. The British star kept this up until the end. At the eleventh he took advantage of Hagen's miss for a 3 and squared the hole. On the next three holes Duncan performed miraculously with his putter and prevented the Americans from taking what seemed to be certain wins.

The fourteenth was squared after each had missed a chance for a 4. At the fifteenth Hagen, Duncan and Mitchell each got 3. Here Smith had a chance to capture a birdie 2 with a six-foot putt. The ball, however, just stopped short of the cup. The game ended on the sixteenth, where Hagen shot his second into a bunker and took 4. While Smith failed to drop from twenty yards, Mitchell won by an easy two-foot drop.

The cards:

Morning Round.

Duncan and Mitchell—									
Out	4	5	4	4	3	4	4	4	—36
In	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	—34
Hagen and Smith—									
Out	3	5	4	4	4	3	4	4	—35
In	4	4	4	4	5	3	4	4	—36

Afternoon Round.

Duncan and Mitchell—									
Out	4	5	4	4	3	4	4	4	—36
In	3	3	4	4	4	3	4		
Hagen and Smith—									
Out	4	4	4	4	5	3	4	4	—35
In	4	3	4	4	4	3	5		

Weather clear; track fast.

Spuhn of Washington Crew To Help Coach at Harvard

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 11.—Harvard has gone West for another rowing coach, the appointment of Fred W. Spuhn, a member of this year's University of Washington crew, as an assistant coach for next year being announced today. Spuhn, who rowed as No. 7, was the winner this year of the Piggott Cup, awarded annually to the member of the University of Washington crews who has been the greatest inspiration to the squad. He probably will have charge of the 150-pound crew at Harvard. Edward L. Bigelow, a member of the Crimson hockey teams of 1920 and 1921, has been appointed varsity hockey coach for next season, and the reappointment of W. E. Lewis as head coach of wrestling was announced.

WALKER WILL MEET LEONARD ON AUG. 8

Welterweight Champion to Defend Title in Rickard's Jersey City Arena.

Mickey Walker, world's welterweight champion, will defend his title against Benny Leonard, world's lightweight titleholder, in a twelve-round bout in the huge pine bowl of Promoter Tex Rickard in Jersey City on the night of Aug. 8, according to present plans. Walker already has signed for the contest and has agreed to the date suggested by Promoter Rickard, who will conduct the match. Billy Gibson, manager of Leonard, after a series of conferences with Rickard, has consented to terms and the date and, if he follows schedules, will sign a contract on behalf of Leonard this morning at 10 o'clock, when he is scheduled to appear at Madison Square Garden, where Rickard has his headquarters.

These developments in the long-awaited Walker-Leonard situation were learned yesterday from a thoroughly reliable source. Promoter Rickard is expected to make the official announcement of the bout date and place on Monday, when, it is expected, every detail will be ironed out. The preliminary arrangements for the battle will have been attended to. When Gibson signs a contract for Leonard to box for Rickard, the efforts of Jimmy Johnston, matchmaker at the two local major league baseball parks, to sign the bout for the Yankee Stadium will, of course, cease. Johnston yesterday declared he still was in the field for the match and added he would remain as a bidder until he was satisfied that Walker and Leonard had signed to battle for Rickard.

RACELAND RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; fillies; maidens; the Worthington Purse $800; five furlongs. Pyramid, 104 pounds (Parke), $5.20, $2.90, $2.70, first; Broken Toy, 115 (Blind), $6.10, $3.80, second; Danger Cross, 115 (Heupel), $9.40, third. Time—1:02 4-5. Rose Girl, Mauldin Girl, Rose Greener, Lucerne and My Business also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; seven furlongs. Pritchard, 105 pounds (Parke), $3.80, $3, $2.70, first; Swift Water, 101 (Blind), $6.60, $5.60, second; Florence W., 101 (Long), $2.80, third. Time—1:28 3-5. Shindy and Spanish Blood also ran.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; maidens; the Kenova Purse; purse $800; five furlongs. Mary Johnston, 115 pounds (Parke), $32, $1.70, $4.20, first; Rashas, 115 (Heupel), $3, $2.70, second; Duanne, 115 (Hastings), $21.50, third. Time—1:02 2-5. Dorothy Rock of Age, Pirouine, Betty Star, Ethel K. and Vennie Day also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; six furlongs. Quisis Pc, 108 pounds (Parke), $6.20, $2.50, first; Paulina, 102½ (McAuliffe), $10.70, $5.10, second; Alluring, 104 (Allen), $4.30, third. Time—1:16. Sunny Sue, Chloe and Brian Priscilla also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For two-year-olds; colts and geldings; claiming; the Wurtland Purse; purse $800; five furlongs. Seth's Treasure, 115 (Blind), $12.30, $4.20, first; Bankrupt, 111 (Parke), $2.70, $2.30, second; High Water, 115 (Taylor), $2.90, third. Time—1:02. Notenough, Belpre and Receiver also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; six furlongs. Hemorecastful, 112 pounds (Blind), $4.90, $3.60, $2.60, first; Broomtree, 109 (Gaby), $5.30, $3.80, second; Nimbus, 104 (Parke), $3.10, third. Time—1:15 3-5.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; one mile and seventy yards. Romping May, 102½ pounds (Hastings), $7, $3.80, $3.20, first; Attorney, 108 (Parkes), $4.40, $4.20, second; Merchant, 106 (Pool), $9.50, third. Time—1:47. Sunset Pace, Lucidus, The Girl and War Prize also ran.

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Tolpiaka 104, Tourmaline 104, Rose Ivan 104, Yetsa 106, Woodlake 116, Byron 101, Broomfield 106, *Keenan 106, Tickler 111, Jacqueline Julian 116, *Faith 101.

SECOND RACE—For fillies and mares three years old and upward; conditions; one mile. Aylsack 119 pounds, Alchemy 101, Outline 101, Margin 98, Priscilla Ruley 101.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; The Whirl Stakes; five and a half furlongs. Nicholas 115 pounds, Crumple 115, Reminder 115, Young Martin 122, Kueen's Token 115, Silver Fox 110, Rigoletto 115, Turf Idol 115, Pedagogue 115, Sunset 115.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; Mount Vernon Handicap; one mile. Ordinance 116 pounds, Brightstorm 110, Saranac 107, Sunol 104, Khan 104, Rialto 112, Mad Play 115, Missionary 105.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; The Fishkill Claiming Handicap; one mile and sixteenth. *Ceylon Prince 103 pounds, Master Hand 111, Washington 116, Coeligan 104, High Prince 102, Ever Bold 108, The Poet 109.

SIXTH RACE—For fifty two-year-olds; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Gipsy Flyer 114 pounds, *Buena Vista 109, Madame Beach 115, Clonaslee 115, *Rolville 101, Allinan 106, Sunset Lake 106, Mademoiselle 106, *Longing 105, *Miss Babe 108, *Tarrayce C. 102, Marie Dattner 118.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

MAD HATTER FAILS AT YONKERS FIELD

His Defeat by Sleepy Head Causes Upset—Bright Steel Also Scores for Butler.

BONAPARTE EASY VICTOR

Captures Embassy High-Weight Handicap—Feysun Wins—Tropical Water Drops Dead.

There is no place like home for James Butler's horses. The owner of the Empire City track sent out two more winners on the Hilltop yesterday. Time was when the bandsmen, who greet each Butler winner with "The Wearin' o' the Green," had to keep the music handy for fear of forgetting it between victories, but now a day's it's a habit. Yesterday they played it for Sleepy Head and Bright Steel.

Sleepy Head won the Spur Purse, which was named for his sire, and beat temperamental old Mad Hatter in the bargain, and Bright Steel nosed out Devonshire under the wire in the most thrilling finish of the day. Neither race was the schedule feature.

The Hotel Embassy High Weight Handicap had the place of honor on the card. It offered a chance for the Riviera Stable's Bonaparte to blaze the trail from barrier to winning post and beat H. T. Waters by two lengths and easying up at the finish. To the sorrow of the talent the winner had few friends until after the race. He opened at 8 to 1, then went to 12 to 1 and stayed there. The favorite was the Greentree Stable's Broomster, which finished third. The winner ran the short six furlongs in 1:08 3-5 under a snug ride by Thomas, who kept the rail all the way and never lost a foot of ground.

Feysun Comes From Sixth to Win.

The fifth race, a claiming contest at a mile, was a peculiarly run race in which Feysun came from a bad sixth at the three-quarters pole to win by two lengths. Anne, a long shot, ran into the place and Larry Carey's Pathan was third. Feysun paid 4 to 1 and had Maiben in the saddle. Bess, the recipient of a heavy play at post time, ran forwardly throughout but was bumped out of whatever chance he had. Passport, the 5 to 2 favorite, was sixth. Besides being an odd sort of contest the race resulted in an equine tragedy. Tropical Water, the Joaquin Stable's three-year-old colt by Rapid Water—Maria C, finished the race in seventh place, ran on another eighth and toppled over dead.

It was an afternoon in which most of the favorites were beaten, but the defeat of Mad Hatter was the real surprise of the day. What the Fair Play horse needed was Earl Sande. This is no reflection on Laverne Fator, who made no mistakes, but the whimsical old horse apparently won't run for anybody except Sande. He was off fourth and was crowded back slightly at the paddock turn, but going up the back stretch Fator had him in a commanding position and there was no excuse for him except that he made up his mind not to do his best and only that would have been good enough to beat Sleepy Head.

Mad Hatter's Failure Disappoints.

Needless to say, Mad Hatter's failure was a keen disappointment to those who had backed him at 1 to 3, and, judging from the lack of noise at the finish, these must have made up about 90 per cent. of the crowd. The winner paid his scattering support 8 to 5 and, J. B. Madden's Check, to which was third, was the rank outsider among the five starters. The mile and seventy yards was run in 1:44 flat.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,000. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Nedana	104	L. Fator	9-20	1½
Trip Lightly	104	Marinelli	1-2	2¹
Hayward	107	Breuning	1,000-1	3²
Jedburgh Abbey	107	Rails	25-1	4

Place and show: Nedana out, Trip Lightly 1-5 and out, Hayward 100-1 and 5-1.

Time—1:08 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Nedana, br. f., by Nogefel—Adana; owned by the Rancocas Stable and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Friday 13th	114	Lang	2-1	1¹
Wynnewed	123	Maiben	7-5	2¹½
Beverwyck	109	Harvey	12-1	3²
Louverne	110	O'Hara	6-1	4³
Scare Drow	113	Dalay	20-1	5⁴
Little Ammie	106	Thurber	20-1	6

Place and show: Friday 13th 1-2 and out, Wynnewed 1-3 and out, Beverwyck 4-1 and 8-5.

Time—1:49 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Friday 13th, blk. g., by Vulcain—Rupicola; owned by E. Plath and trained by E. Sletza.

THIRD RACE.

The Spur Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Sleepy Head	101	Breuning	8-5	1¹
Mad Hatter	126	L. Fator	1-3	2²
Check	102	Rails	20-1	3³
Sherman	104	Marinelli	10-1	4¹½
Aragon	118	Maiben	15-1	5

Place and show: Sleep Head, 6 to 5 and 1 to 3; Mad Hatter, out; Check, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1.

Time—1:44.

Start good; won easily; place ridden out. Sleepy Head, b. c., 3, by Spur—Napping, owned by J. Butler and trained by J. Johnson.

FOURTH RACE.

The Hotel Embassy High Weight Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,200 added; about six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Bonaparte	122	Thomas	12-1	1¹
H. T. Waters	132	McAtee	8-5	2¹½
Broomster	134	Coltiletti	7-2	3¹
Maclean	122	Maiben	10-1	4¹½
Infinite	130	Fairbrother	16-5	5¹½
Shamrock	110	Milner	50-1	6
Satellite	120	Rails	30-1	7
Cyclops	140	Thurber	20-1	8
Indian Trail	135	Fields	5-1	9

Place and show: Bonaparte, 8 to 1 and 6 to 2; H. T. Waters, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5; Broomster, even and 1 to 2.

Time—1:08 3-5.

Start bad; won easily; place driving. Bonaparte, br. c., 3, by Troutbeck—Bramble Rose; owned by The Riviera Stable and trained by Fred Taral.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Feysun	111	Maiben	4-1	1¹
Anne	107	Harvey	20-1	2½
Pathan	111	Rails	9-1	3¹½
Bess	108	Brothers	9-2	4
Venus	108	Catrone	30-1	5¹½
Passport	106	Breuning	5-2	6
Tropical Water	114	Fields	6-1	7½
Humorette	112	Callahan	6-1	8
King Cole	106½	McAtee	20-1	9

Place and show: Feysun 8-5 and 4-5, Anne 8-1 and 4-1, Pathan 3-1 and 8-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Feysun, b. c., 3, by Sun Briar—Sir Fay; owned by George Chose and trained by R. O. Miller.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; maidens; purse $1,000; five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Bright Steel	112	Eurice	5-1	1¹
Devonshire	112	Marinelli	9-10	2¹
Sandhurst	112	Coltiletti	5-1	3½
Rodeo	112	Rails	15-1	4¹½
Pol Roger	112	Rabon	15-1	5¹
Skit	112	McAtee	5-1	6
The Spa	112	Fields	30-1	7
Dick Whittington	112	Thurber	30-1	8
Mobility	109	Martinesco	15-1	9
Hendrick	112	M. Fator	10-1	10
Johnny Campbell	114½	Lang	50-1	11
Golden Wings	111½	Taylor	30-1	12

a H. P. Whitney entry.

b Sanford Stud Farm entry.

Place and show: Bright Steel 2-1 and event, Devonshire 1-3 and out, Sandhurst 3-5 and 4-5.

Time—1:07 3-5.

Start good; won driving; place ridden out. Bright Steel, b. c., by Spur-Magling; owned by James Butler and trained by J. Johnson.

Weather clear, track fast.

Six horses in a race photographed without a single hoof on the ground. Tomorrow's Reinsman Picture—Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES.—Advt.

EPINARD IN STABLE AT BELMONT PARK

Continued from Page Five.

He managed to greet them all, tell them everything about the colt, slip away and get his things packed, attend to customs and to veterinary inspection, superintend disembarkation and many other details, all within less than two hours. And then he chased the Widener van out to Belmont Park in a taxicab.

Out at the Long Island race course Superintendent Herman Pels had everything ready for the visitors on Thursday. But the boxes in the Macomber stable which were occupied by Papyrus and Bar Gold last Autumn were bedded down afresh yesterday. The colt and filly rested immediately on their arrival, were walked in the late afternoon and this morning will have their first opportunity to stretch their legs on an American race course.

Mr. Leigh will not live in the Macomber cottage at the race course, as did Basil Jarvis, but will put up with his old-time friend, Roy Carruthers, at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel until he departs for Saratoga next week. He will run down to see his charges every day, but there will be no real work until all hands are settled at the Spa. Leigh, by the way, pronounces his name as though it were spelled Lee. "But the Frenchmen all call me Legg," he remarked with a grin. "They can't get it any other way."

According to his trainer, Mr. Wertheimer will undertake a much more extensive racing campaign in the United States than any one on this side had been aware of. Epinard, of course, will be run in the six-furlong international special at Belmont Park, the mile at Aqueduct and the mile-and-a-quarter at Latonia. After that there may be other special races at Churchill Downs and at one of the Maryland tracks, or some match races, depending upon the outcome of the three international events

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1924.

NOT PROGRESSIVE, DESTRUCTIVE.

Senator LA FOLLETTE's trumpeters affect to be overjoyed at the nomination of Mr. DAVIS. It is just what they wanted. It will drive "progressive" Democrats into the La Follettian flock. Some Republican brethren express the same pious belief or hope. Since the Cleveland surrender to the indispensable Badger happened before the Democrats had made their nomination, the faithful assumed that anybody named by the Democrats would and must be "reactionary." Loose as is the employment of that word and its antonym "progressive," what sort of "progressive" Democrats or Republicans, outside of the known devotees to whom Mr. LA FOLLETTE is an infallible religion, are likely to follow him in his personally conducted excursion into destructive radicalism? His program includes projects that, if they could be carried out, would sweepingly change American polity.

The subversion of the Supreme Court by Congress, the shackling of other Federal courts for the supposed benefit of the labor unions, would be a destructive change. It would place all the guarantees of the Constitution at the mercy of Congress. Government ownership of the railroads, with "democratic," that is railroad union, "control," would create an enormous Socialist State—and Mr. LA FOLLETTE is ready for other adventures of the same kind—with an enormous bureaucracy. That is the sort of "progressiveness" which Mr. LA FOLLETTE offers. Then, behind him for the purposes of this campaign, and also for further purposes of their own, are the Socialists. How attractive will they be to those mythical and multitudinous "progressives" whom the imaginations of the La Follettian apostles are invoking?

"Progressive" is a highly elastic word. At last it has been stretched until it breaks.

TYING OUR OWN HANDS.

It was only a tentative draft of a treaty for disarmament on which the League of Nations requested the views of the Government of the United States, so that there is no necessary finality in the reply made by Secretary HUGHES. Yet, in effect, it amounts to a plea of impotence. The United States has disabled itself from doing what it professes to desire to do for the peace of the world. Not being a member of the League, and confessing that it has no power to ratify the treaty as a State not a member may do under the plan proposed, Secretary HUGHES comes to the sorrowful conclusion that "this Government would find it impossible to give its adherence" to the scheme of all-round disarmament put forward by the League of Nations.

This dismissal of the project Secretary HUGHES plainly has no wish to make cavalier. He protests that our Government is "most desirous that appropriate agreements should be reached to limit armament." The Secretary says with emphasis that the American Government "notes with keen and sympathetic interest every endeavor to that end." There is no doubt of his sincerity. But what will the people in Europe think? We fear that they will be tempted to quote to Mr. HUGHES the deep sympathy of the Walrus for the oysters just before he sorted out and swallowed those of the largest size. A sympathy that does not go beyond words is not exactly what the international situation calls for today.

It will be noted that the officials of the League of Nations at Geneva regard the American reply as "friendly." The truth is that the whole matter of a supplementary treaty of disarmament has not yet got beyond the stage of discussion. The document as drafted and sent out is understood not entirely to meet the views of the different European nations. If a better form of words can be found, or a better procedure devised, the way is open. Moreover, the League has now before it the draft of another treaty of disarmament and security drawn by Americans, and recently printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES. There is an obvious effort to bring about a meeting of the minds of all the countries concerned upon some practicable plan. To refuse even to discuss it is impossible for the United States.

Our Government two years ago invited several nations to come to Washington to consider this very question of disarmament. They gladly came. Useful decisions were reached, but, as Mr. HUGHES himself states, these were only partial. No formula could be worked out for cutting down the number of auxiliary warships or for reducing land forces. If Europe now desires us to take up the discussion where it was left off at Washington, with what grace or consistency can we decline? The Secretary of State does, indeed, point out difficulties in the way of our doing anything positive. But these difficulties are of our own creation. If we now have to appear before the world as an enfeebled Government, the weakness of our attitude has been our own election. We could shake it off in a day if we chose. Nobody else has tied our hands. We have done it ourselves. That is the chief reason why our Government is forced to reply to the humane advances of other nations that it would very much like to go with them into useful arrangements to secure the peace of the world, but that unfortunately its legs are paralyzed and it cannot walk.

AMERICAN BOSSES IN BERLIN.

The German Nationalists have thrown out a suggestion which raises the possibility of a pleasant Summer vacation abroad for our party leaders, and of relief for the radiomaniacs from the prospect of listening in for four long months to the oratory of the coming political campaign. According to these tactful Germans, they control 1,000,000 votes in the coming American election, and are prepared to throw them for whichever candidate promises repudiation of the Dawes plan and revision of the Versailles Treaty. Evidently aware of the fact that some of our domestic pundits have been complaining that we have no real issues in the campaign, they offer us this one.

If properly used, it might well add a touch of novelty to an otherwise dreary Summer. It stands to reason that if Berlin is ready to deliver 1,000,000 American votes, Rome, London, Dublin, Warsaw and Moscow should each be able to deliver as many. It is not impossible that the bosses in some of those countries could be induced to throw their American constituencies against the Germans, and so oppose revision of the treaty and insist on the enforcement of the Dawes plan. This would provide a clean-cut issue. Instead of having to undertake an expensive and tumultuous campaign throughout the length and breadth of this land, the Democratic and Republican leaders (with Mr. LA FOLLETTE Jr. trailing along behind) would only have to engage passage to Europe and there could meet the masters of these American votes controlled abroad, and over a mug or stein of beer settle the entire business. It would be agreeable—and educational—for the politicians, and the candidates would be spared much traveling to and fro. Incidentally, the various broadcasting stations would be relieved of the necessity of shutting off lovely sopranos in order to clear the air for political speeches.

The record of the German Nationalists for stupidity is so high that it is idle either to take seriously their boast of controlling a million votes in America or to blame them for their presumption. Unfortunately, however, the hope which they entertain of being able to influence American politics in behalf of the Fatherland has only too often been held by others here and elsewhere. It is regrettable that our own politicians have encouraged them by truckling to the so-called foreign vote. This is as unfair to the voters of alien birth as it is to the country, inasmuch as it has given them to believe that the interest of some foreign nation is a fit subject to bring into American politics. Incidentally, it casts a reflection by implication on the loyalty of the great mass of the foreign-born, who, in a Presidential election, are as earnestly solicitous of America's interests as are the descendants of the Mayflower stock.

A TYPICAL TRACTION EPISODE.

The New York Railways Company dies as it was born—in foreclosure—with ruthless disregard of paper values. Through its predecessor companies it has been reconstructed several times as the art of transportation advanced and as financial conditions altered. Horses, cables and electric plant have been bought and scrapped repeatedly. Once again we read that the common stock is wiped out. Some bondholders are not allowed anything under the plan, while others receive new stock for old bonds, and still others receive a bond on income instead of on property. The deceased was capitalized at $61,000,000, and had to meet $3,628,000 in charges, allowing the stock nothing for dividends. The new concern is bonded for a little less than a single million dollars of interest on $20,000,000 of property. There is another million payable on bonds on income, if earned. There are two classes of stock veraciously labeled of no par value.

This is the result of five years of financial purgatory, following a similar punitive period. The future is officially certified as hopeful. Engineers say that the new company can earn both its fixed and contingent interest, and that its rejuvenation will enable it to be a more serviceable public utility. The local and Federal officials and courts approve the union. Let it be hoped that there is no error now, as it was thought there was none before.

The occasion serves to ask whether "the interests" are not financial flagellants, who punish themselves for their sins more severely than they could be punished in any other way. They are jeered at as profiteers, although the original investment has been wiped out. They are now adding new funds in order that the nickel fare may be preserved, although they would have been richer if they had kept their first investment in their pockets. If Mayor HYLAN had never lived, these "interests" would have committed suicide under the economic conditions forced upon them.

EZRA MEEKER, OFFICESEEKER.

The perennially youthful EZRA MEEKER, within six years of a century, offers himself as a candidate for the House of Representatives in the State of Washington. He seems to be rather old for night sessions and deadlocks, but his motive may send him to the top of the poll. He stands for a highway through Naches Pass instead of through Chinook Pass. In a covered wagon more than seventy years ago EZRA creaked through Naches Pass when the country was a wilderness and Indian arrows might fall upon an encampment any night. The veteran, whose visit with oxen and prairie schooner in 1907 New York remembers, should be something of a good roads expert, for in the covered wagon days he knew what bad roads were. It may be supposed that his preference for Naches Pass is not entirely sentimental. MEEKER is so progressive that when Lieutenants KELLY and MACREADY flitted across the continent in twenty-six hours he telegraphed to them:

> Congratulations on your wonderful flight, which beats my time made seventy-one years ago, by ox team at two miles an hour, five months on the way. Happy to see in my ninety-third year so great a transformation in methods of travel. Ready to go with you next time.

No one has done more for the Oregon Trail by example and precept than EZRA MEEKER. He has traveled it in a prairie schooner three times and preached the marking of it every few miles. "Pathfinder" FREMONT, he contends, followed a trail blazed and beaten down by the bearded pioneers. "If they failed," said he, "starvation confronted them. Go ahead they must, for retreat was impossible. They were not in the position of the "Pilgrims landing on Plymouth Rock, "who could retreat to their ships." When MEEKER arrived in New York, long of hair and beard, with his ox team and Jim the collie dog, he came on a mission, which was to save the Oregon Trail from oblivion. A man of much reading, he wrote well about the covered wagons and also the Men of '49. At 94 his mind is still clear and his frame sturdy. No good roads "rooter" is more vocal than he. We should like to see him approaching the Capitol geeing and hawing to his oxen.

"CITIZEN BIRD."

Senate documents are not often classed as entertaining literature. An exception is Senate Document No. 151. The public has to thank the Senator from New Hampshire, Mr. MOSES, for reporting it to the Senate and asking for its printing. It contains the Proceedings of the National Conference on Outdoor Recreation, called by the President late in May. The document has just come from the Government Printing Office and should have widest possible circulation.

One of its delightful features is the address by the ornithologist, Dr. FRANK M. CHAPMAN, the veteran lover of birds, who pleads the "cause of Citizen Bird" in hope that he who learned to fly long before man may have that consideration which science, sport and sentiment think he so well deserves. Dr. CHAPMAN admits that he can give no ornithological reason for the belief that every one is born with a bird in his heart, but he believes it nevertheless. The interest in bird life is inherent and needs but to be aroused and developed in order to become a potent bond between man and nature. To "come at these enchantments" in nature is one of our outdoor recreational privileges. To preserve these creatures, more exquisite and attractive than the most nearly perfect product of the sculptor's chisel or the painter's brush, so that not only we but generations to come may still enjoy the "most eloquent expression of nature's beauty, joy and freedom," should not be beneath the concern of even the most august of Senates.

Other reasons are given for protecting and preserving these "items of the sin, that will appeal even to those whose ears are deaf to song or whose eyes see no beauty in the plumage or form of birds. Of these human beings who have only fossil bird embryos in their hardened hearts Dr. CHAPMAN says:

> When the voter and the lawmaker learn that the stomach of a single cedar bird contained 100 canker worms, that one cuckoo had eaten 250 tent caterpillars when disturbed in the midst of a meal, that 434 plant lice were found in the stomach of a chickadee, that a flicker had devoured 1,000 chinch bugs, that a scarlet tanager was seen to eat 630 gypsy-moth caterpillars in eighteen minutes, or at the rate of 2,100 an hour, and that a Maryland yellowthroat ate 3,500 plant lice in forty minutes, they are apt to sit up and take notice.

Man has himself sometimes disturbed the finely balanced relation between the organisms in nature and their environment that normally useful birds became harmful, but Dr. CHAPMAN protests against their wholesale condemnation without giving the accused a hearing before the Federal Court of Biological Survey. And as to game birds, our assets in them should be placed for protection in the hands of sportsmen who are most concerned in their conservation.

There are many alluring passages in Senate Document 151, but none more inviting than this paragraph in Dr. CHAPMAN's eclogue in prose:

> The clarion "honk" of migrating geese wedging their way to parts unknown, the call of the loon of lonely mountain lake, the sunrise carol of the robin, the evening hymn of the hermit thrush in the cathedral of the hemlocks. "Do you ne'er think of what wendrous beings these?"

Those who are shut away from thinking on these and other such wondrous things in sight, hearing or memory have missed much of the charm of life between the coming of the stork and the call of the owl.

A TRAVELER IN HAPPYLAND.

We begin to miss, almost to regret, the growls of foreign travelers in the United States. Vinegar is at least as useful as molasses. Yet it is impossible not to admire the amiable and gracious spirit of our recent guest, M. EMILE RIPERT, Professor in the Faculty of Letters of the University of Aix-Marseille. He was over here last Winter and Spring, under the auspices of the Alliance Française, to speak—and most delightfully he spoke—on his native Provence and its literary glories, MISTRAL and the great Félibres; also of DAUDET, ROSTAND, J. H. FABRE; of Roussillon, JOFFRE's "country"; of NAPOLEON's Corsica, of LAFAYETTE's Le Velay. For four months he traveled from Massachusetts to Texas and thence to Minnesota and Canada. He lectured in fifty cities. Anywhere else this would have been a hard task. Here it was made easy by "the admirable organization of private life and everybody's extreme kindness."

Before he came he had heard the common legend that this was a feverish country in which "everything is crowded and jostled in effervescent haste." On the contrary, although he was almost always moving, he had a constant feeling of "calm, security, gentleness, perfect politeness"! Follow the happy traveler in his progress through the land of perfection:

> Hotels, taxis, porters, Pullmans, taxis, lecture rooms, luncheons, teas, dinners, and again hotels, taxis, Pullmans. So from city to city. Everything was just what it ought to be, in its exact place, at its exact hour. I never heard an angry or impatient word. In four months I never heard the sound of a dispute, even of a discussion. [Why discuss when everything is regulated the best it can be?] I never saw an employe in bad humor, a passenger in a hurry or impolite. Everywhere calm, order, cleanliness, comfort, a calm strength sure of itself. And everywhere also kindness.

One suspects that M. RIPERT is the Perfect Traveler. The rest of us are not gifted with ears that hear no quarrels or eyes that see nobody possessed of a "grouch." Were there no deep thinkers disputing about everything in the smoking compartments of the professor's Pullman cars? Some of us have wasted years in the aggregate waiting for trains, forgetful of their exact hour. Rude passengers, rude employes, proud porters, have been encountered. That New Yorker is singularly blessed or sedentary who isn't cursed at least three times day and evening by the impetuous and homicidal taxi driver, lord of the streets. Probably even M. RIPERT would have to listen to many thousand miles of discussion if he were here when the political season is fully open. But his temperament is to be envied, however marvelous to the native seem his peregrinations in Happyland.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Victim Who Earned No Sympathy.

It probably would be unfair and unjust to see in the killing of young RAXON, over in Keansburg, N. J., anything particularly illustrative of country manners and morals as distinguished from those of cities, for in cities, too, humor may take strange forms. Still, the playing of what are called practical jokes seems to be rather more common among rustics than among urbanites, and the jesting of the former tends more toward brutality in the infliction of pain and humiliation on the selected victim.

The Keansburg episode was notable, even among its class, partly because of the viciousness and criminality of those who devised the jest, and partly because of the almost heredit[illegible] simplicity that marked the young man who was to provide the amusement. Without difficulty he was persuaded to enter upon an adventure that would have involved two or three kinds of turpitude for him, and he was followed in his absurd quest by a score of men who expected to be vastly amused by his terrors when he thought himself exposed to the anger of a betrayed husband.

The laboriously ingenious plot worked out to the satisfaction of its inventors until one of the pistols with which RAXON's terror was to be caused proved to have been loaded with other than blank cartridges, and the young man, as he fled through the darkness, was shot dead. There was no intention to kill, so it is useless to talk about murder, and little probability that the devisers of the merry joke will be punished with even a close approach to the severity they deserve from every standpoint except the strictly legal one. But it is not easy to feel more than cold sympathy for the man who was killed. If he had been possessed of either sense or decency, he would not have been beguiled to what proved to be his death.

Journalists Cared for Journalists.

A little noted feature of the Democratic Convention was the successful effort made by the members of the Newspaper Club to take care of the little army of correspondents from out of town, to provide them with amusement for their brief periods of leisure, and to assist them in the performance of their work.

More than 500 of these stranger journalists registered at the club and utilized the facilities provided there in the shape of typewriters, telephones and messenger boys especially put at their service. Other forms of assistance were placed at the disposal of the visitors and constantly used. Thirteen carefully organized entertainments were conducted in the clubrooms with the assistance of men and women of the stage, and there were three midnight performances in theatres, trips to Coney Island and the race track, tickets for all the major league ball games and the free use of a dozen near-by golf courses.

This display of fraternal hospitality will be as effective, in its way, as were the many like efforts by others to entertain the delegates while they were not in the convention hall, in proving to the rest of the country that New York is not a place where strangers are coldly viewed or altogether ignored. The guests of the Newspaper Club will do a lot of writing after they get home, and the impressions of the city which they have carried away will help to give it a more just reputation for good-will and cordiality.

All Right—Blame the Masters.

If the defender of police dogs whose letter was printed on this page yesterday is an assiduous reader of its columns, he must know that no paper has oftener or more enthusiastically recognized the virtues and merits of the whole canine race. Even in what it had to say the other day about the particular dogs praised by him it charged them with nothing except what he himself in substance admitted, that, unless they are carefully and effectively trained, their size, strength and strongly developed traits as watchdogs make them dangerous creatures in urban and suburban communities.

And the number of them that are so trained is very small. The others roam the streets, and often the papers record an attack by one of them on some adult or child who unwittingly has done something that offended or irritated one of these animals. Of unreported scares and small injuries caused by them there are many more.

These dogs are not "vicious" or "treacherous" in the usual significance of those words. They are excellent friends to those whom they know, and there is no limit to their courage in the performance of what they suppose to be their duty; but they have more than the natural canine inability to discriminate between people who should be eaten up and people who should be allowed to live. In other words, they have the defects of their qualities, and their faults really are those of their careless owners, just as our correspondent declared.

That, however, does not make their assaults any less terrifying. Between the properly disciplined police dog and the one who carries on by the light of nearly or quite unassisted nature there is about the same difference as between a good soldier and a bandit, or between a member of the coast guard and a pirate. The same issue of THE TIMES that contained its correspondent's defense of these dogs also told how one of them had severely bitten a little girl encountered by it on a street up in the Bronx.

They Ignored Much Good Advice.

Judging from the total amount of money, $46,470, which was refunded in the first batch of checks, numbering 2,163, sent out from Washington to the people who paid their full income tax in March, the mistake of not waiting for the often promised and confidently prophesied 25 per cent. reduction was made by just the people for whom the reduction was of the most importance. They were, that is, not large taxpayers, but small ones.

The 2,163 now get back, on the average, a little over $20 each, which shows that their unreduced tax would have been about $80 each.

Why they did not wait for the passage of the Tax bill it is hard to understand. They were advised to do so, again and again, not only by every newspaper, but by several of the high Treasury officials. Yet there were of them, in all, it seems, 1,038,000 taxpayers! One can be quite sure that in the whole 1,038,000 there are very few persons with big incomes, and probably there is not one of them the possessor of a really large fortune.

THE OLD HARBOR.

Brave ships beat home long ago,
Rope and canvas tugging taut,
Brave ships in triumphant row,
Victors in the fight they fought;
Ships from Hongkong and the Horn,
Following a foamy trail,
Beaten, battered, bruised and torn,
Shattered spar and tattered sail—
Yet the brave ships still beat in,
Scarred but proud of mastery
Of the war they waged to win
Over the relentless sea.
Brave ships beat home long ago,
Holds abrim with oils and spice,
Coffee, sugar, cacao,
Coconuts and silks and rice,
Laden to the Plimsoll line
Till their decks were damp with spray—
Square-rig, brig and barkentine—
Ah, but that was yesterday!

JOHN MANLOE.

SPIRIT OF THE CLASSICS

Often Missed in the Original but Caught in Translations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your moderate criticism of the classicists may attract deserved attention to a folly of our educational system. In the high schools Latin demands a double portion of the time of our brightest students on what are, largely, false pretenses.

The study of Latin might, but—as Mr. Porterfield has observed—does not, awaken in pupils a lively curiosity as to the history of the English language. If, as critics acknowledge, our young writers lack fineness in the use of their vocabulary, is it not because they are ignorant of the pedigree of words, their history, and their romance? Might not a part of the time now spent upon Latin grammar be well devoted to an examination of the Latin expressions that have passed into English, the various roads they have traveled, and the varying fortunes of those interesting immigrants?

As for the thought and spirit of the classics, the urbanity of Terence and Pliny, the idealism of Plato, the passionate humanity of Euripides—with these we need acquaintance if we are to preserve anything of that essence of civilization, that nobility of attitude, which forced admiration from even the fanatics of the Dark Ages. But to most of our students these are vague ghosts with which they need not concern themselves; their business is only with the dead bodies of the languages, to sort part with part, and then—neatly bury the whole.

Keats caught the spirit of Greece from English translations; he had no opportunity to study Greek in the schools. Kinglake, historian of the Crimean War and author of "Eothen," one of the most delightful travel books ever written, was equipped with all the knowledge the best English scholarship could give; but he says:

"A learned commentator knows something of the Greeks in the same sense as an oil-and-color man may be said to know something of painting; but take an untamed child, and leave him alone for twelve months with any translation of Homer, and he will be nearer by twenty centuries to the spirit of old Greece. * * *

"It was not the recollection of school, nor college learning, but the rapturous and earnest reading of my childhood which made me bend forward so longingly to the plains of Troy."

New York, July 9, 1924. M. COAD.

Objects to New York Dogs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On my visits to New York I am always impressed with the folly of the apparently well-dressed and well-to-do people, especially women, being led around the streets of your beautiful city by dogs with collar and chains around their necks. This is the most heathenish practice I know of for civilized and, I trust, church-going people to indulge in.

I heard a lady yesterday, who was dressed to the last degree in style and I guess the clothes she wore weighed about seventeen ounces, entertaining her friends at a leading hotel by telling them how near her poodle could come to talking. I ventured the remark, "Why don't you poison your pup and go to some orphan home and get a baby boy or girl, and then you would have something made after the image of God who, as the years roll by, will not only talk to you but will love, cherish and protect you in your advanced age?" For this advice I am satisfied that, as she gave me the "once over," she would have headed a mob and lynched me. Such a perverted affection is beyond my comprehension.

I am told that some wealthy dog lovers have an auto and a chauffeur to take their canine pets out for an airing on Riverside Drive. I notice a few colored (negro) women imitating their white sisters with dogs and chains, too. If I had the power I would tax dog lovers according to their ability to pay from $1 up to $1,300 a year for owning pet dogs and give this tax money to the orphan homes of New York City. By this they could continue loving their dogs, but at the same time they would be compelled to help support orphaned babies.

I am attending the National Democratic Convention and having a good time.

E. A. FITZGERALD.

New York, June 24, 1924.

Alexander Hamilton's Home.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At the beginning of our nation party contest was strong; the Federalists and anti-Federalists were more bitterly opposed than our present day Democrats and Republicans.

Alexander Hamilton, the leader of the former, was hotly accused by Jefferson and Madison, the leaders of the latter, as an aristocrat and monarchist. To offset this false idea, Hamilton publicly avowed he was a "Republican," whereupon his opponents declared they stood for the people, and called themselves "Democrats."

New York City has reason to be proud that Alexander Hamilton was her citizen. His home, from whose steps he passed down the last time to accept the challenge of his political antagonist, Aaron Burr, stands on Convent Avenue and 141st Street. It is owned by the Corporation of St. Luke's Church, which extends an invitation to visit the historic house, now used as a dwelling for the rector, the Rev. William T. Walsh, S. T. B.

MRS. H. CROSWELL TUTTLE.

Lake George, New York, June 26, 1924.

Sao Paulo Insurrection.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

According to the reports coming to this country, it is very easy for one who knows the military organizations in Brazil, also the topographical situation of Sao Paulo City, to understand that, while the Sao Paulo State Police are very numerous and strong, they cannot stand a real fight with the national troops. Moreover, Sao Paulo City is surrounded by high mountains, which do not afford any ways of retreat. Sao Bernardo Village, where a fight is reported to have taken place, is a suburb of Sao Paulo, no more than twenty-five minutes by motor car, on the side road to Santos. The Luz barracks are located in front of the North Station of the Sao Paulo Railway, about five minutes from Campos Elyseos, which is the Governor's Palace. Since the revolutionists aimed at the State Governor, and the outbreak started at the Luz barracks, the movement has no political or national character, and cannot be but the desire of the State Police to get rid of the French instructors. RODOLPHE NOGUEIRA.

New York, July 11, 1924.

Radio for the Bed-Ridden.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Many thanks for your cooperation with us in the radio fund to which your generous readers have given in money $177.18, besides interesting a volunteer radio service man, who made a gift of a beautiful three-tube set, a volunteer interested in giving books and ten inquiries by letter or telephone. All this has enabled us to give the man in question the set mentioned and run it for a year, bought and will run for a year a one-tube set for a bed-ridden woman, and another for a crippled man, and we are getting into working order two other sets: one for a crippled boy, who also has a bad heart, only 8 years old, and a boy of 15, paralyzed from his waist down, who goes about in a wheel chair and is learning chair-caning.

HELEN R. PUNNETT,
Secretary Fraternity for Friendly Service.

New York City, July 3, 1924.

LOWERING THE DEATH RATE.

Nathan Straus Urges Small Towns to Use Pasteurized Milk.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with great interest your editorial article "New York's Health" in this morning's edition. It has so much relation to my personal work and experience. Coincident with the development of milk pasteurization in New York City the death rate among children under five years has dropped from 86.3 per thousand, which it was in 1897, to 24.7 per thousand in 1923. Other factors besides milk pasteurization have, of course, been active to reach these results.

I established my first milk depot in 1893. By the year 1896 there were 297 distributed over thirty-six cities, and their numbers are continually increasing. In connection with these depots pre-natal work and the care of children, including proper feeding, are taught to mothers. The educational part has been of great importance.

These benefits are still lacking in cities of from 10,000 to 25,000, which seems to explain their comparatively higher death rate.

What can be accomplished in smaller towns has been proved conclusively. Years ago I helped to establish in Mamaroneck, my country home, a child welfare station. The population to a great extent is Italian, mothers who have no opportunity of knowing the value of pure milk, hygiene and sanitation.

Pre-natal work is followed and the care of children has been taught. But the main factor, as the trained nurse in charge of the station informs me, has been the dispensing of the pasteurized modified ready-to-drink milk in nursing bottles. The death rate, when this station was opened in 1917, was 95 per thousand. Last year it had been reduced to 45 per thousand, and there was not a single death from intestinal disease.

This work can be done with comparatively small expense and can easily be copied in every town and city with the same beneficial results in the prevention of sickness and the saving of lives by the simple remedy of pasteurization of milk. NATHAN STRAUS.

Mamaroneck, N. Y., July 9, 1924.

POLISH MINORITIES BILL.

Minister at Washington Says It Extends New Rights.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The prominence given in Friday's Times to a Warsaw dispatch of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency captioned "Violence in Polish Diet" obliges me reluctantly to comment on the misleading character of the statements. The dispatch conveys the false impression that the legislation under consideration by the Polish Diet is designed to deprive minorities of the Eastern Provinces of existing rights.

The fact is that the purpose of the bill which was introduced by the Government a week ago is to grant rights to the national minorities which they did not possess under Russian rule nor during the period of reorganization of these provinces since they became a part of the Polish State three years ago. The principal purpose of the legislation is to recognize complete freedom in the use of the Ukrainian, White Ruthenian and Lithuanian languages in the schools, before the courts and administrative authorities. The measure was voted two days ago by common assent of all Polish parties, comprising 75 per cent. of the membership in the Diet. Deputies of the national minorities opposed the measure because from their point of view the rights granted were insufficient, and they abstained from voting.

The reason for the Jewish opposition was the omission of Yiddish from the list of recognized official languages. The fighting and disturbance mentioned in the Jewish dispatch were caused by divergencies of viewpoint among the several Jewish factions in the Diet, according to a news dispatch from the Polish Telegraphic Agency received by the legation today.

WLADYSLAW WROBLEWSKI,
Minister of Poland.

Washington, July 11, 1924.

Statistics on the Horse.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of June 22, under the heading "Demand for Horses Greatest in History, Survey Reveals," is an article in which William E. Murphy, Secretary of the National Horseshoers' Protective Association, is quoted as authority for some rather startling figures on the increased demand for horses. Mr. Murphy was speaking at the annual convention of the association then in session at Asbury Park.

We were interested in this statement, particularly as it is in sharp contrast to reports which I have received from official sources. My information shows that in the largest cities the horse has decreased anywhere from 33 to 75 per cent. during the past ten years, while the total horse population of the country on Jan. 1, 1923, was 18,823,000, as compared with 19,000,000 on Jan. 1, 1922.

The following table, which is based on official reports from the cities concerned, shows how rapidly the horse is passing out of service in our large cities:

	1910.	1920.	1924.	Decrease.
New York	122,000	60,055	60.3%	
Chicago	65,000	29,000	55.2%	
Philadelphia	40,000	19,000	52.7%	
Baltimore	15,000	7,000	53.3%	
Cleveland	16,000	4,000	75.0%	

CHARLES B. SKINNER, JR.,
Manager Automobile Bureau, New York Edison Company.

New York City, July 8, 1924.

East and West.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having traveled over a large part of the United States I should like to get into the controversy over "Western customs," &c.

The West is made up chiefly of people from the East or of their descendants. They retain their customs just as foreigners adhere to old-country customs. The fashion magazines and every other bit of reading matter go to every part of the country within a few days, and there is not a noticeable difference. A greater difference exists between the people of the country towns in the East and the cities of the East than any other division of the country. There is more difference between the east side and the west side of New York City than there is between the East and West of the United States.

No matter where one lives, he imagines his place is right and all that differs are wrong.

G. M. BURKOWER.

New York City, July 4, 1924.

Medicinal Whisky.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I do not believe that the 11,000,000 prescription holders who purchased whisky for medicinal purposes last year agree with the statements made by Mr. Wayne B. Wheeler, legislative Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, in your valuable paper of today's issue. I rather believe they would have preferred buying medicinal whisky of unquestioned purity at one-fifth the price and without the necessity of paying for a physician's prescription. Since Mr. Wheeler believes so firmly in the efficacy of prohibition, he can, perhaps, explain why the withdrawals of alcohol have increased from 16,852,551 proof gallons in the year ended June 30, 1920 (the first year of prohibition), to 132,402,549 proof gallons in the year ended June 30, 1923. FRED SCHWARZ.

New York, July 11, 1924.

PLANS NEW RULES TO BAR JAPANESE

Department of Labor to Act on Admission of Aliens Now in Hawaii.

LEGAL POINTS INVOLVED

Questions Raised as to Effect of Provisions in Immigration Act of 1924.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—A new set of regulations concerning immigration to the American mainland of Japanese already in the Hawaiian Islands is being prepared by the Department of Labor. They are necessitated by the contention which has been raised that Japanese in Hawaii, numbering about 107,000, are in reality already within the limits of the United States, and, therefore, free to move about as they please. Those who have taken this attitude argue that the new immigration law excludes Japanese from the United States, and then proceeds to define the term "United States" as including Hawaii.

Roosevelt's Order Scrutinized.

In considering the legal points involved the Department of Labor has taken cognizance of the Executive order issued by President Roosevelt on March 14, 1907, which was designed to prevent Japanese from coming from Hawaii to the American mainland.

The Roosevelt Executive order follows:

> Whereas, by the act entitled "An Act to Regulate the Immigration of Aliens Into the United States," approved Feb. 20, 1907, whenever the President is satisfied that passports issued by any foreign Government to its citizens to go to any country other than the United States or to an insular possession of the United States or to the Canal Zone, are being used for the purpose of enabling the holders to come to the continental territory of the United States to the detriment of labor conditions therein, it is made the duty of the President to refuse to permit such citizens of the country issuing such passports to enter the continental territory of the United States from such country or from such insular possession or from the Canal Zone; and
>
> Whereas, upon sufficient evidence produced before me by the Department of Commerce and Labor, I am satisfied that passports issued by certain foreign Governments to their citizens, or subjects, who are laborers, skilled or unskilled, to proceed to countries or places other than the continental territory of the United States are being used for the purpose of enabling the holders thereof to come to the continental territory of the United States to the detriment of labor conditions therein;
>
> I hereby order that such aliens laborers, skilled or unskilled, be refused permission to enter the continental territory of the United States.
>
> It is further ordered that the Secretary of Commerce and Labor be and he hereby is directed to take, through the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization, such measures and to make and enforce such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry this order into effect.

Two Legal Questions Raised.

Two principal questions of law have arisen in connection with the consideration of these two Executive orders. The first is whether these Executive orders were valid after July 1, 1924, the date the new Immigration law became effective. The second is whether President Coolidge has authority under the new law to issue a new Executive order in the same sense.

In working out an opinion on the points involved, especially with reference to the question of whether Japanese in Hawaii are not already within the limits of the United States, legal experts are being guided rather by the intent of the legislation in question than by the mere letter of the law. The Executive orders quoted, it is asserted, prove conclusively that it always has been the policy of the United States Government not to consider Japanese in Hawaii as in the same category as Japanese who have been legally admitted to the continental United States.

While it was asserted that the regulations about to be issued had not been completed, and therefore could not be divulged, the general opinion in official quarters is that they will provide for the denial of admission to Japanese who may attempt to come to the mainland from Hawaii. It is admitted that there are several nice points of law involved, and the department would not be surprised if test cases were brought in the courts if prohibitory regulations are issued.

The Immigration law of 1924 says, among other things, that "no alien ineligible to citizenship shall be admitted to the United States unless such alien (1) is admissible as a non-quota immigrant under the provisions of subdivision (b), (d) or (e) of Section 4, or (2) is the wife, or the unmarried child under 18 years of age, of an immigrant admissible under such subdivision (d), and is accompanying, or following to join him, or (3) is not an immigrant as defined in Section 3."

Section 28 declares that "the term 'United States' as used in this act, when used in a geographical sense, means the States, the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii, the District of Columbia, Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands; and the term 'continental United States' means the States and the District of Columbia."

It is argued that this specific definition of the term "United States," taken in conjunction with the language of provision against the

SOUTHAMPTON AIDS CAMP CAREY BOYS

Many Persons of Summer Colony Attend Benefit for New York Boys' Club.

GIVE DINNERS FOR EVENT

Others Come to Canoe Place Inn for the Dancing That Follows.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., July 11.—Many of the Southampton villas were deserted tonight at the dinner hour in favor of the dinner, followed by dancing, held at the Canoe Place Inn, several miles from this village, in aid of Camp William Carey, the Summer branch of the Boys' Club of New York, of which Charles H. Sabin is President. It was the largest gathering thus far of the season. Some of the boys from the camp entertained the guests with their camp and popular songs during dinner, and there were also some Russian folksongs.

Many came for supper and to watch the competitive dancing by young members of the Summer colony, for which prizes were awarded.

Colonel Henry Huttleston Rogers, whose dinner was given at his home, brought his guests to the dance. In the party were Countess Salm, his daughter; Mr. and Mrs. J. Couper Lord, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. H. Roger Benjamin, Mrs. Gladys Kemp, Mr. and Mrs. Newell W. Tilton and Edgar Leonard.

Among those at the table for dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Lyttleton Fox were Mr. and Mrs. Grosvenor Nicholas, Judge and Mrs. James Byron Drew, Mr. and Mrs. C. Wheaton Vaughan, Mrs. August Belmont Jr., Mrs. Clendenin J. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Dupont Irving, Miss Estelle O'Brien, Robert A. Chambers and Justine O'Brien.

Mr. and Mrs. Theron R. Strong and Silvio Villa were with Mr. and Mrs. F. Ashton DePeyster, who also had some of the younger members of the community among their guests. In the party with Mr. and Mrs. William M. Fleitmann Jr. were Mr. and Mrs. John W. Stafford, Mr. and Mrs. Esmond O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. Harold W. Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Chambers, Mr. and Mrs. Orson D. Munn, Kenneth Burns, W. Scott Cameron and Edward M. McIlvaine. Mr. and Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien were with Mr. and Mrs. Albert B. Boardman.

In Mr. and Mrs. Vincent's Mulford's party were Miss Louise Trippe, Julian Van Cortlandt, Miss Madeline Mulford and Malcolm Meacham.

In the party with Mr. and Mrs. Walter N. Stillman were Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Polhemus and Mrs. Charles G. Hutchinson.

From Southampton there were Mr. and Mrs. Dickson Potter, Mr. and Mrs. David Heller, who brought Count and Countess Salm, Mr. and Mrs. Julian McCarty Little; Mr. and Mrs. Louis De Laigle Munds, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Hayward, Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. Keck and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Appleton.

Mrs. Charles H. Sabin had a dinner of young people for her sons, Morton Smith and James H. Smith 3d.

Mrs. Rutherfurd Stuyvesant's dinner was for her sons, Lewis Rutherfurd Stuyvesant and Allan Rutherfurd Stuyvesant, her other guests including Miss Rosalie Pillot, Chairman of the Junior Committee of the entertainment, whose associates were Miss Phyllis Thompson, the Misses Priscilla and Pauline Dodge, Miss Cornelia Livingston and Miss Margaret Thaw.

Among others at dinner were the Misses Genevieve Fox, Anne and Edith Colby, Hatty Pease and Beatrice Patterson, Mrs. William A. Barstow, F. Stuyvesant Pillot, Kenneth A. O'Brien, Mrs. Adrian H. Larkin, Mrs. A. Palmer Loening, Mr. and Mrs. Harold M. Wall, Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Daly, Mr. and Mrs. Julian M. Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. Wright, Reginald Brooks, Perry R. Pease, Mr. and Mrs. W. Albert Pease Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John H. Twing, Mr. and Mrs. J. Copley Thaw, Mrs. Joseph R. Dilworth, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Howard Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax S. Landstreet, Thomas Bealle Davis and Marshall S. Dodge.

THE STANLEY FIELDS REWED

Children Said to Have Reconciled Couple Divorced in 1922.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Mrs. Sara Carrol Brown Field and her former husband, Stanley Field, nephew of Marshall Field, were remarried here yesterday. They were divorced two years ago. Mrs. Field, formerly one of the three Brown sisters of Baltimore, was married to Mr. Field in 1900.

Mrs. Field sued for divorce, which was not contested, nearly two years ago, charging that his wife refused to live with him. They had two town residences, but occupying one and she the other. Occasionally, when their daughter Katherine was married to T. Clifford Rodman, and when their daughter Daphne had her début, Mrs. Field presided as mistress of the Field family home. The engagement of Daphne to Russell P. Kelley and the desires of Mrs. Rodman and the younger daughter, Josephine, are believed by friends to have brought their parents together again.

MISS MERCHANT ENGAGED.

She Will Be Married to Philip Gallatin Cammann.

Mrs. Huntington Wolcott Merchant of 80 East Sixty-eighth Street, has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Betty Wolcott Merchant to Philip Gallatin Cammann, son of the late George Gallatin Cammann and of Mrs. Cammann of 125 East Seventy-second Street and Tuxedo Park.

Miss Merchant is a direct descendant of Oliver Wolcott, Secretary of the Treasury under Washington; of General William Floyd, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, and Sir Thomas Tallmadge who came to this country in 1632. She is a member of the Junior League and made her début three years ago.

Mr. Cammann is a grandson of Frederic Gallatin, and a great grandson of Albert Gallatin, Secretary of the Treasury under Madison. He served overseas for eighteen months as Lieutenant in the 102d Infantry. He is a member of the Union, Calumet, Tuxedo and Harvard Clubs. The wedding will take place in the Autumn.

PEGGY BEHRENS A BRIDE.

Niece of Lord Rothschild Weds Son of Sir Austin Harris.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 11.—The marriage of Peter Harris, only son of Sir Austin and Lady Harris of London, and Peggy Behrens, only daughter of Major the Hon. Clive Behrens of Swinton, Yorkshire, took place Wednesday at St. Martin in Fields. Among the bridesmaids was Miss Liberty Rothschild, and among guests were Lord Rothschild, uncle of the bride; the Duchess of St. Albans, Sir Otto and Lady Beit, Countess of Erroll, Lord Derwent and the Countess of Clarendon.

Miss Robin Ridgway Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Erman J. Ridgway of Chula Vista, Cal., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Robin Elizabeth Ridgway, to Dr. Ira A. Hinsdale of Rochester, N. Y. Miss Ridgway is a graduate of Vassar. Dr. Hinsdale is a graduate of Syracuse University and of the Cornell Medical School.

Miss Edith Vine Wed Thursday.

Miss Edith Vine, daughter of Mrs. Willard E. Vine of Albany, N. Y., was married last Thursday at Bedford, N. Y., to Dr. Henry Woodruff Titus of New Rochelle. After a trip abroad, Dr. and Mrs. Titus will live at New Rochelle.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

The Arabian Nights Fete at Bay Shore closes tonight with a boxing carnival in which several prominent professional boxers will take part. A number of parties will motor down from New York and large delegations are expected from all of the leading centres of Long Island. The attendance has broken all previous records at the annual fêtes for the benefit of the Southside Hospital.

Horace Luttrell of Washington will give a large party tonight at Sherry's for Miss Constance Hatch Banks and Jean Jacques Bertschmann, who are to be married at St. Ignatius's Church on Tuesday. Mr. Luttrell is to be one of the ushers at the wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. Louis Livingston Seaman of 247 Fifth Avenue are sailing today on the Columbia for Scotland, where they will visit at Ardencraple Castle, the old home of the Macauleys. Later they will go to London and then to France, where Dr. Seaman is interested in the rebuilding of the devastated villages.

Mrs. William Irwin-Martin is spending the month of July in Greenwich.

Dr. and Mrs. Walter Eyre Lambert and their daughter, Miss Mary Lambert, are sailing today on the Conte Verde for several months in Europe.

Elmendorf L. Carr has left Setauket, L. I., and has gone to Norwich, Conn., for July.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Berbecker of 116 East Fifty-third Street and Mr. and Mrs. Lamar Hardy of 115 East Seventy-eighth Street are sailing today on the Minnetonka to go to Dinard, France, where they will be the guests for the Summer of Charles Triller, who has taken a villa there. They will motor through the château district, and early in September Mr. and Mrs. Berbecker will go for a short stay in the lake district of England and to the industrial exhibition in London. They will sail for New York on the Adriatic on Sept. 13.

Mr. and Mrs. William Mulford Martin of the Hotel Lorraine are sailing today on the Homeric for Evian on Lake Geneva. They will return to this country early in September.

Mr. and Mrs. Griswold Lorillard have left their place at Tuxedo Park and are spending the Summer at Edgartown, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Gayer G. Dominick of 59 East Eightieth Street are passing the Summer at Broad Brook Farm, their place at Stamford, Conn.

Pierre Jay is sailing today on the Minnetonka to join Mrs. Jay and their two daughters for an outing of two months in France and England.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles I. Berg of 34 Gramercy Park are sailing today on the Patria to join the remainder of the Summer in France.

The Misses Florence Kimbley, Dorothy Fitch and Gwendolyn Gray took part in an entertainment at the weekly meeting of the Pickwick Supper Club last evening at the Pickwick Arms, Greenwich. Among those giving parties at the supper dance were Mrs. Gilbert Browning, Mrs. William Hodge, Mrs. Charles D. Lanier, Mrs. Elliot S. Phillips, Mrs. Henry S. Thompson and Mrs. Theodore Pomeroy.

Mrs. Sinclair Berdan, John Berdan, Rhodes Berdan and Marshall Shoppey of Toledo, who have been at the Ritz-Carlton, are sailing today on the Homeric for Europe, where they will remain until late in August.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Herbert and their son, John W. Herbert Jr., will sail for France on the Paris on July 23 and will spend August at Biarritz and September at Vichy and Paris, returning to New York about the first of October.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry F. Lippitt of Providence are at the Ritz-Carlton, where also are Mr. and Mrs. C. Egerton Warburton, Mrs. Barclay H. Warburton Jr. and Miss Mary Brown Warburton of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Robert L. Stevens gave a luncheon yesterday at Pierre's for her daughters, the Misses Mary and Esther Stevens.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie H. Thompson of St. Louis are at the Lorraine for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert McDonnell have come from their Summer place, East Cliff, at Rye, and are at the Ambassador. Mrs. William Ernst Minor of Cincinnati and Mrs. Robert H. Stevenson Jr. of Boston are staying at the same hotel.

Mrs. Archibald W. Patterson has come from Richmond, Va., and is at the Vanderbilt.

Mr. and Mrs. De Forest Grant of 70 East Fifty-fourth Street are at the Broadmoor Hotel at Colorado Springs, Col.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Léon of Irvington-on-Hudson are being congratulated on the girth of a son last Thursday. Mrs. Léon was Miss Frances Juliana Webster Goodrich, a direct descendant of Noah Webster, and of his son-in-law Professor Chauncey Allen Goodrich of Yale.

Mrs. Richard Townsend, who has been at the Plaza, left yesterday for her home in Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Howe Bailey are sailing this morning for Europe, where they will remain for a year or more. They will go to England, afterward making a motor tour through France, Italy and Spain, visiting some remote places in the latter country, where Mr. Bailey will resume his painting.

Mr. and Mrs. Reginald L. G. Auchincloss are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter, Lisa, last Thursday at their home, 16 East Eighty-ninth Street. Mrs. Auchincloss was Miss Ruth H. Cutting, daughter of R. Fulton Cutting and the late Mrs. Cutting.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Smyth, who are at the Plaza from Babylon, L. I., are sailing today on the Berengaria.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Courtney Schenck of Rye, N. Y., are sailing today on the Homeric to spend the Summer abroad.

Southampton.

A subscription dance for girls not out in society and college undergraduates will be given tonight in the tea house on the Meadow Club grounds. The patronesses are Mrs. Lyttleton Fox, Mrs. Marshall J. Dodge and Mrs. Charles H. Sabin.

Miss Ellin Mackay is one of the guests of Miss Cornelia Livingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Page gave a small dinner last night at the Meadow Club.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen G. Wellman are at the Irving House for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Willock will come from Westbury next Thursday to the Dolphins, on Lake Agawam.

After concluding their visit with Mr. and Mrs. Adrian H. Larkin, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Palmer Loening will go to North Haven, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson M. Beard will come from Tuxedo Park next Wednesday to Eden Cottage, their place on the Dunes.

Mrs. Theron R. Strong and Miss Georgiana Howland will hold an exhibition of their paintings in Memorial Hall on July 18 and 19.

Mrs. Arthur B. Claflin, Mrs. P. Francis Murphy, Mrs. C. Tiffany Richardson and Mrs. Robert Potter Breese, who are active members of the Village Improvement Society, will hold a sale of flowers, plants, window boxes and flower tubs in front of the Post Office this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Snow will give a dinner tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. Morehead Patterson are among the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus L. Patterson.

Competition for the Fox Cup, which was presented to the Meadow Club by Lyttleton Fox, will start on the lawn tennis courts of the club next Monday.

Members of this colony will go to Easthampton tonight for the weekly dance at the Maidstone Club, which will follow many dinners at the club.

Samuel L. Parish has returned from the Blue Ridge Mountains of Virginia to his home in Main Street.

William Wickham Hoffman has returned to New York after a visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman.

Judge and Mrs. Edward G. Whitaker have arrived at their home in Hampton Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax Stuart Landstreet Jr. are with his parents at the Root cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Wheaton Vaughan will give a dinner tonight at the Meadow Club.

"Fighting Bob" La Follette is shown in vigorous action in tomorrow's Rotogravure-Picture Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES.—ADV.

FIND WHITE INDIANS ARE ALBINO TYPES

Museum Anthropologists, After Minute Examination, Disagree With Other Scientists.

CONDITION IS NOT UNUSUAL

Unique Feature, Says Report, Is Large Number of Such Cases Found in Small Area.

According to the anthropological staff of the American Museum of Natural History, the white Indians recently brought from Panama by Richard O. Marsh are albinos. This opinion was expressed yesterday in a report prepared for the Museum's records, which states that the Indians were perfectly usual types of albinism, and compare in all essential details with those known in other Southern American Indian peoples as well as Italians and negroes.

This explanation of the white Indians differs from others already given by scientific men. When the Indians were exhibited Tuesday night at the Waldorf, the one thing on which the scientific men present agreed was that they were not albinos. With that opinion before them, the members of the Natural History Museum staff with equal unanimity agreed that they were nothing else than albinos.

"There is some slight pigment in both the hair and the eyes; hence, they are not complete albinos," says the report. "But this is the most frequent type of human albinism." If it is a disease, it is not a new one, nor one confined to the tropics."

Like Typical Case.

When a reporter from the TIMES who has seen the white Indian children at close range, sought Dr. Louis R. Sullivan, physical anthropologist at the Museum, who drafted the report, he saw on the latter's desk a photograph which at first he believed that of Margarite, the girl in the group of white Indian children. The resemblance was striking. It turned out, however, to be the picture of a girl from the Zuni tribe of Indians which was in the Museum's records as a typical case of human albinism.

The report calls attention to the fact that 400 cases of albinism were found by Mr. Marsh within a restricted district. This was characterized as unique.

"There is nothing new in these cases as such," said Dr. Sullivan, "but it is important that Mr. Marsh found so many cases. That is entirely unprecedented. It will undoubtedly lead to scientific men going into the region to make exhaustive studies of the condition. Such a study might lead to important results.

"Previous cases of human albinism were known only in small numbers. We have seen two or three each among the Hopi Indians and the Zuni Indians, and we have photographs here of examples from Italy and among negroes. But never have cases been found in such numbers, and as we consider Mr. Marsh a strait-laced, matter-of-fact type of his discovery will undoubtedly be considered of great interest and will be further studied."

The report follows an examination of the three white Indian children and their brown-skinned adult companion made by the staff at the Museum on Wednesday, the most exhaustive and thorough examination they have received since they have been here. Its text follows:

Anthropologists' Report.

A Note on the So-called "White Indians" from Panama, by the Department of Anthropology, American Museum of Natural History.

The press has given considerable publicity to a group of so-called "White Indians" recently brought from Panama by Richard O. Marsh and to various theories advanced to account for them. Upon first arrival these "White Indians" were hailed as remnants of a proto-Nordic race, but the theory was quickly exploded by a group of scientists and medical men who examined them at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York City. Various theories were advanced to account for their condition.

As an expert on pathological diseases has said that they are suffering from a tropical disease akin to the form of leucoderma known in the West Indies. It is proposed to call this Marsh's disease, in honor of Richard O. Marsh, the latest to call attention to these people. The press reports that the rest of the group agreed that the people are abnormal or pathological and not albinos. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that this was a new form of inheritable endocrine disturbance or deficiency.

In view of the above uncertainty it seems as if more details were due those scientific men who have not had an opportunity to examine these people, and hence have no basis for passing judgment upon the opinions quoted in the press.

Diminution of Pigment.

Through the courtesy of Richard O. Marsh the anthropological staff of the American Museum of Natural History had an opportunity to subject the three "White Indians" and five normal members of the tribe to careful examinations. Drs. Clark Wissler, Ralph W. Tower, Milo Hellman and Louis R. Sullivan cooperated in the work. The unanimous opinion of these men is that the three "White Indians" are albinos members of the tribe. They are typical Indians of this type except in two respects: there is a very great diminution of pigment and their heads are a trifle shorter and higher than the darker representatives of the tribe.

The diminution of pigment extends to all parts of the body and its appendages. The skin is white (No. 3 on von Luschan's skin color scale). One of the boys is somewhat freckled, but the tendency of the skin seems to burn rather than tan. The hair is a light straw color. The pubic and axillary hair when present is somewhat lighter in color. In texture the hair is coarse and straight. The eyes are a very light brown in color, the type often called hazel. In reality, they are blue or gray in color, with a narrow pupillary ring of golden-brown pigment from which minute rays of pigment radiate across the iris. In other words, there is some slight pigment in both the hair and the eyes; hence they are not complete albinos. But this is the most frequent type of human albinism. If it is a disease, it is not a new one, nor one confined to the tropics. Dr. Sullivan has seen the same condition among Jemez Pueblo Indians, and the same condition has been described among the Zuni and Hopi Indians by Hrdlicka and others. It is the degree of albinism most frequent among Italians and negroes.

The eyes are nystagmus, as in total albinos.

Heads Are Normal.

The heads of these "White Indians" have been called acromegalic, but this diagnosis will not bear close scrutiny. No other parts of the body show effects of acromegaly, nor upon close examination does the head. One boy was 10 years of age, one boy 14 and one girl 14. Their heads were about normal in size for their ages in relation to those of the adults. The heads were relatively somewhat shorter and higher than the heads of the adults, the former a normal growth relationship, but in this instance exaggerated slightly by the fact that the heads of most of the adults present were artificially deformed. When questioned, the Indians told the story that when a child was born the old women of the tribe took upon themselves the task of shaping the head to conform to their ideal of beauty. This consisted in massaging the head, particularly the frontal region, with the hand. While the effect is not marked, the frontal regions of the heads, and to a lesser degree, the vertexes, seem to be abnormally lower and flat. The heads of the albino children seem to be normal undeformed heads. At least they are not deformed in the frontal region. It is just possible that the albinos are not subjected to the same treatment as normal babies, since the albino population is despised and ostracized by the rest of the Indians.

Interest in the San Blas Indians should centre on the fact that there are said to be 400 albino Indians in a fairly restricted area. This is the only unique thing about the condition. Dr. Davenport has estimated that about one albino in a population of ten thousand is a normal ratio.

POPE ANNULS FIRST ANNA GOULD MARRIAGE

Count de Castellane Wins Plea to Dissolve Ties With the Present Duchess de Talleyrand.

ROME, July 11 (Associated Press).—Pope Pius today ratified a decision handed to him by the special commission of Cardinals which he had appointed to examine and decide the Boni de Castellane-Gould case, whereby the religious marriage of the present Duchess of Talleyrand, the former Anna Gould, to the Marquis Boni de Castellane is annulled.

This is the fourth time that the petition of Boniface de Castellane to have his marriage with Anna Gould declared null by the highest authorities of the Roman Catholic Church has been considered—this time by a special commission of Cardinals appointed by the Pope for that purpose, and whose findings might or might not be approved by the Holy Father, beyond which there would be no appeal.

Three times the Court of First Instance has declined to nullify the marriage. Each time an appeal to the Tribunal of the Sacred Rota was then taken by the complainant. The last time the tribunal reversed the decision of the lower court, but Pope Benedict XV. declined to ratify it. A year ago Pius XI. was petitioned to have a commission of Cardinals deal with the case. On all three former occasions Mgr. Parillo, Defender of the Matrimonial Bond, has defended the permanency of the marriage.

It is understood that the principal piece of evidence submitted by the complainant was a letter alleged to have been written by Anna Gould before her marriage in which she declared her intention to remain a Protestant in spite of her open conversion to the Catholic faith. This letter was expected to prove that the defendant had entered into her marriage with the complainant under false pretenses which made her status at the Catholic marriage doubtful. The defendant, however, has declared that she never wrote such a letter.

Anna Gould, born in New York June 5, 1878, the younger daughter of Jay Gould, was married to Boniface de Castellane in New York City, March 4, 1895. She obtained a divorce from him April 11, 1906, in Paris. In London, July 7, 1908, she married Hélie de Talleyrand-Périgord, who later became the fifth Duc de Talleyrand.

Immediately after her civil divorce, her former husband petitioned the Vatican to have his marriage with her annulled, so that he could be free, it was said, to marry again within the Church. On July 17, 1915, the Holy Office declared the American marriage entirely legal from every ecclesiastical point of view. But Boniface continued to appeal.

FATHER DROVE OXEN, BUT MAUGHAN WILL FLY

Aviator Will Help Logan, Utah, His Birthplace, Founded by Maughan Sr., to Celebrate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The father of Lieutenant Russel M. Maughan, who recently accomplished a daylight-to-dusk airplane flight from New York to San Francisco, drove a team into Logan County, Utah, the first white man to enter the county. That was fifty years ago.

On July 24, the day set for the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the town of Logan, Utah, Lieutenant Maughan will fly into Logan, which is his birthplace and home. Visitors from the entire State are expected to attend the celebration, and the father of Lieutenant Maughan will take part in the ceremonies.

At the request of Senator Reed Smoot of Utah, the War Department has authorized Lieutenant Maughan to participate in the celebration with an airplane. He will land on the spot where, fifty years ago, his father, the town's first settler, stopped his ox team and built his cabin.

GETS 10-YEAR PRISON TERM.

Man Arrested While Out on Bail Sentenced as Old Offender.

Solomon Girsch, 28 years old, charged with having participated in several bank and mail robberies, was sentenced yesterday to serve ten years in Sing Sing and pay a $1,000 fine, for criminally receiving stolen property as a second offender.

Judge Francis X. Mancuso of General Sessions, who imposed sentence, said: "You must have had a remarkable pull, for while you were out on $5,000 bail for stealing this automobile you were arrested for stealing a truck load of merchandise and promptly released in $25,000 bail. The police tell me you were on hand with a machine when 'Kid' Dropper was killed, probably to use the machine in aid of his murderers."

N. Y. U. ALUMNUS 100 NOW.

Lewis Benedict Reed Congratulated by Chancellor Brown.

Congratulatory messages were sent yesterday by alumni of New York University and by Chancellor Elmer Ellsworth Brown to Lewis Benedict Reed, a N. Y. U. graduate who celebrated his one hundredth birthday anniversary at his home in Eagle Rock, Cal.

Mr. Reed, who is the oldest alumnus of the university received his degree in 1843. He is the second oldest college graduate in the United States and the oldest living member of his fraternity, Delta Phi. Mr. Reed attended fifty-six of the sixty-two annual reunions of his class before he became the sole survivor.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of a contribution of $2 from R. B. Tyndall, and a contribution of $2 from Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Borough, to be applied to a fund for glasses for William Banta. This money has been forwarded to him in care of Welfare Island City Home.

BRINGS $21,000 SUIT FOR LOAN OF RADIUM

Executors of the Late Walter Phelps Bliss Sue Dr. Willis Estate.

TWO MEN WERE ASSOCIATED

Violation of Agreement Charged in Complaint Against Physician's Widow.

The settlement of the estate of Walter Phelps Bliss, capitalist and philanthropist, who died in a Lexington Avenue subway train on June 10 last, resulted in the filing of a suit in the Supreme Court yesterday by the executors against the estate of Dr. George Stuart Willis to recover $21,000 for radium.

The complaint, filed against Mrs. Anna U. Willis as executrix under her husband's will, alleges that Mr. Bliss lent radium of the value stated to Dr. Willis in July last, under an agreement that Dr. Willis could buy any part of the radium in excess of fifteen milligrams at $70 a milligram. It was understood that in the event of the death of Dr. Willis the unpurchased part of the radium was to be returned to Mr. Bliss or to his estate. The complaint alleged that no part of it was bought by Dr. Willis, and demands for its return after his death have been unavailing.

Dr. Willis, who was one of the leading authorities on radium in this country and head of the Radium Department in the Post-Graduate Hospital, died suddenly of heart disease at his home, 116 East Fifty-third Street, on March 26 last. He and Mr. Bliss had a common interest in hospital work, because Mr. Bliss was Treasurer of St. Luke's Hospital and of the Society for the Ruptured and Crippled.

NOTE READY FOR CHINA ON OUR RAILWAY LOANS

Draft Firmly Informs Peking That Chinese Eastern Lines' Creditors Must Be Respected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The American Government has completed the draft of its formal reply to the June note of the Chinese Government regarding the Chinese Eastern Railway.

The American note, which soon will be delivered by Minister Schurman at Peking, reiterates in strong terms the American position as set forth in our first note, of May 3, in which this Government informed China that it is responsible as trustee for the Chinese Eastern Railway and as such should see that the rights of all creditors of the road are respected.

The stand is also taken that the communication from the Chinese Foreign Office, which declared that the question of the Chinese Eastern Railway is now one to be settled between China and Russia alone, totally ignores the fact that the activity of the American Government in connection with the road was due primarily to the desire to preserve China's interests in it.

Washington also feels that the Chinese Government has ignored the fact that the United States is a creditor of the Chinese Eastern Railway to the amount of $5,000,000, that sum having been advanced during the Wilson Administration for the upkeep of the line, as a result of the allied and American expeditions into Siberia during the war.

No identical copy of the new American note to China will be sent by this Government to Soviet Russia, notwithstanding the fact that the Chinese Foreign Office takes the stand that the question of the status of the railroad lies solely between China and Russia. The American Government officials re-emphasize, has no communication with the Soviet Government.

FOG DELAYED BERENGARIA.

Liner Arrives With Many Honeymoon Couples Aboard.

Among the notables who arrived yesterday on the Cunarder Berengaria was Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt 2d, who said that she had returned from Paris to pay her annual visit to Saratoga to see the races. She is the owner of Sarazen, which won the Carter Handicap a year ago. Gene Sarazen, after whom the horse was named, returned with his bride, who was Miss Mary Peck of Springfield, Mass. Another honeymoon couple on the ship were Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Copley Thaw.

Colonel M. Serrati, general manager of the Lloyd Sabaudo Line for the United States, returned from England, where his company had placed an order, he said, for a 22,000-ton liner to carry 1,600 passengers. Arthur Hammerstein, the theatrical producer, returned with his bride, formerly Dorothy Dalton, the film star.

Captain W. I. R. D. Irvine, R. N. R., master of the Berengaria, said that he had encountered dense fog, which had delayed the liner eighteen hours.

Seashore Rest Benefits Gompers.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, was reported last night to be showing continued benefit from his sojourn at the seashore at the Shelburne Hotel, Coney Island. The last two nights, the Democratic Convention no longer drawing him to the radio, he has gone to bed early, and his doctor says all he needs is plenty of sleep and quiet. He has been ordered to refrain from further labor conferences and to devote himself entirely to resting. Governor Smith called yesterday to see Mr. Gompers, an old friend, and they spent half an hour chatting on the porch.

Stern Leaves $200,000 to His Son.

The will of I. Harold Stern of 255 West Eighty-fourth Street, filed for probate yesterday, creates a trust fund of $200,000 for an only son, Robert Harold Stern, who also gets a country home at Tarrytown, N. Y., known as "Applethorpe." Mrs. Stern's widow is appointed guardian of their son and named as residuary legatee.

John William Davis

Democratic Nominee for President of the United States.

Full-page, life-size portrait of the Democratic standard-bearer.

Suitable for framing.

The New York Times
Rotogravure-Picture Section
TOMORROW

Order tomorrow's Times from your newsdealer today.

GERMANS PLAN TO USE ARTIFICIAL KIDNEY

Believe Invention of Dr. Abel of Baltimore Will Save Lives From Poison.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 11.—German scientists are planning to use the artificial kidney invented by Dr. John J. Abel of the Johns Hopkins Medical School, to save life in cases of corrosive sublimate poisoning and other maladies where death is a consequence of overworking the kidneys, it was learned at the Johns Hopkins Medical School today.

Efforts to use the artificial kidney in that manner were made in Baltimore, but failed, because Dr. Abel's work was interrupted by the war and he did not have the parts of the kidney and could not make it available for use here.

Physicians believe that through it many lives will be saved which otherwise would be sacrificed, especially the lives of those who attempt suicide by taking bichloride of mercury or corrosive sublimate.

The artificial kidney is said to make it possible to relieve the kidneys, which nature has placed in the body, of all work for hours, the false organ meanwhile doing the work.

The false kidney is a tube of glass and other matter which can be attached to the arm or some other part of the body. It is connected with an artery on one side and with a vein on the other, so that blood flows through it. The impurities are filtered out by means of the artificial kidney and are drawn from it, while the real kidneys rest.

Work on the artificial kidney in Dr. Abel's laboratory was halted eight years ago by the doctor's inability to get a supply of hirudin, a substance taken from a German leech which prevents the blood corpuscles from leaving the body through the false kidney.

German scientists have recently been in correspondence with Dr. Abel, saying that they purposed to use the kidney on human beings. Dr. Abel and his associates experimented on dogs in the Johns Hopkins laboratories before the war.

FOUR ALIEN CHARGES DENIED BY CURRAN

Ellis Island Commissioner Says Dr. Fama Would Have Him Break Immigration Laws.

Commissioner Henry H. Curran, at Ellis Island, denied late yesterday afternoon charges of incompetent administration of the immigration laws by the Ellis Island officials, made by Dr. Charles Fama, secretary of the Board of United States Pensioned Surgeons.

The Commissioner reviewed the four cases which Dr. Fama states were incompetently handled, and from the records of the hearings held before the special board of inquiry at Ellis Island showed that three of the cases had been ordered deported respectively for illiteracy, mental deficiency, and because one of the aliens who tried to gain admission as a nurse had not graduated from any training school, and gave "ridiculous replies as to how to treat patients."

The fourth case, that of Dr. Paul Soldano, and his old family servant, a woman, is still pending before the Secretary of Labor at Washington. The Commissioner declined to comment on the latter case until a decision has been reached.

Commissioner Curran made a counter charge that Dr. Fama desired the Government to break the laws in respect to the four cases, "as he himself is personally interested in the cases."

"I feel," the Commissioner said, "that Dr. Fama is personally disgruntled because we refused to break the laws at his behest. One of the cases in which he charged us with a deliberate error was that of an alien who is mentally defective, according to the opinion of Government doctors at Ellis Island, who pass on the cases. Dr. Fama was accorded the privilege of sitting with the board of doctors at a second hearing, and, quite naturally, he disagreed with the verdict of the doctors to the effect that the alien is mentally defective.

"American asylums are already filled with aliens, imbeciles, idiots and mental defectives, and we will not admit any more of these alien unfortunates who become public charges and a tax upon the United States citizens."

Referring to the case of the nurse, the Commissioner said that she is not a graduate of any training school for nurses, and cited the following questions and answers in the records of her examination:

Q.—How would you treat a patient whose arm has been severed below the elbow? A.—I don't know. The doctor took care of this and I do what he tells me to.

Q.—How would you stop the bleeding? A.—I would hold his hand, then go to call the doctor.

PLANS A NEW ALIEN BILL.

Maurice B. Blumenthal Would Have Individual Tests Abroad.

Maurice B. Blumenthal, general counsel in the United States for the Independent Order Free Sons of Israel, is organizing a national committee recruited from the various American fraternal organizations to present a new Immigration bill to the next Congress. Mr. Blumenthal, who will be one of the Democratic electors on the Davis-Bryan ticket this year, said yesterday that his plan advocated chiefly the unrestricted immigration of aliens. Before they leave their native lands, however, immigrants would be asked to satisfy definite tests applied to them by American authorities.

The proposal furthermore provides measures to prevent the undesirable colonization of immigrants in congested parts of the country.

Send Condolences to Mrs. Coolidge.

Estelle M. Sternburger, Executive Secretary of the National Council of Jewish Women, 305 West Ninety-eighth Street, announced yesterday that a telegram of condolence over the death of her son, Calvin Jr., had been sent to Mrs. Calvin Coolidge, wife of the President, on behalf of the council's 50,000 members. The telegram reads as follows: "Every mother's heart in the National Council of Jewish Women throbs in sympathy with President Coolidge and yourself in your great sorrow. We earnestly pray for God's comfort of peace. The people of America will surely treasure the memory of the youthful but courageous soul for whose welfare their lips were earnestly opened in prayer."

Girl Student Drowns in Bathtub.

Miss Zalicia Katzenstein, nineteen-year-old Columbia University student, was found dead yesterday morning in a bathtub in a rooming house at 540 West 148th Street. Assistant Medical Examiner Gerald J. Mosnch expressed the opinion that she was accidentally drowned, possibly during a heart attack. Miss Katzenstein's parents reside at 52 Magnolia Street, Hartford, Conn.

Mellon Arrives in London.

LONDON, July 11.—Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the United States Treasury, arrived in London today from New York. He announced that his visit is purely private, and that he is to take a holiday in England.

Morton Wollman.

Morton Wollman, a partner in the Stock Exchange firm of W. J. Wollman & Company, died yesterday at his residence, 1 West Seventieth Street. He was a native of Leavenworth, Kan., his parents having been pioneer settlers of that State. After fifteen years in business in Kansas City, Mo., Mr. Wollman came to New York and with his brothers established the brokerage firm.

CLERKS TO BE POLICEMEN.

Three Resign Department Jobs to Enter Training School.

Three clerks in the Police Department, two of them under civil service, resigned yesterday to enter the Police Training School. After three months' intensive work they expect to don uniforms.

The "rookies" are George McNulty, 20, of 2,610 Avenue Z, Brooklyn, for several years secretary to Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner John J. Cray; Timothy J. Hickey, 23, of 854 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, son of a retired patrolman, and John R. Crozier, 24, of 9,707 Ninety-Fourth Street, Woodhaven, L. I., who has been a clerk for five years.

Services for Mrs. Fannie Noyes.

The funeral services of Mrs. Fannie Wentworth Noyes will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock at her late residence, 7 Park Avenue. Mrs. Noyes, who had been ill for some time, died suddenly on Wednesday evening in her sixtieth year. She is survived by her husband, Charles Prentiss Noyes, the banker; a son, Julius W. Noyes, and a daughter, Mrs. Herbert C. Sierck. Mrs. Noyes was the daughter of Mitchell E. Wentworth, a member of an old New England family, and her mother was Josephine Sommers.

Thomas A. Gillespie 2d.

Thomas A. Gillespie 2d, eldest son of Thomas H. Gillespie of South Orange, N. J., died suddenly near Cody, Wyo., presumably as a result of eating imported ripe olives. Three other persons died of what is believed to have been the same poison. Mrs. Paul S. Asche Jr. of Pittsburgh and Dick Richardson of Germantown, Pa. Gillespie was 22 years old, a senior at Yale. He was out West on his vacation.

Funeral of Henry L. Slade Today.

Services for Henry Lewis Slade, Vice President and Director of the Central Real Estate Association, who died Wednesday at his home, 45 West Eleventh Street, will be held at 11 o'clock this morning at the Church of the Incarnation, Madison

RUSH TO EUROPE REACHES ITS PEAK

12,500 Passengers Sail Today on Eleven Ships—Some Go to Latin America.

LULL FOR NEXT TWO WEEKS

Tourist Tide Then Will Turn Toward New York—Notables Departing Today.

Eleven steamships will sail today for Europe, Central America and the West Indies taking away 12,500 passengers, most of whom are tourists. These departures represent the peak of the Eastward rush for this season. After a lull in the Atlantic traffic for two weeks the tide will turn from Europe toward America.

Among the passengers leaving on the White Star liner Homeric for Cherbourg and Southampton will be William Gibbs McAdoo, who made a fight at Madison Square Garden for the Democratic Presidential nomination, Mrs. McAdoo and their children, and a large number of Americans bound for Paris to witness the Olympic games.

Others sailing on the Homeric are Lord Castlerosse, who has been on a visit here; Miss Jane Cowl, actress; Miss Georgette Cohan, daughter of George M. Cohan; Dr. M. Allen Starr, neurologist, Mrs. Starr and Miss Katherine E. Starr; Sir James Currie, K. C. B.; P. A. Curry, manager of the White Star Dominion Line, Montreal; W. W. Campbell of Los Angeles and his bride, who was Miss Doreen Kavanaugh, woman golf champion of California; T. A. Low of Montreal, Colonel F. W. Scheidereim, who commanded the Twenty-sixth Engineers in the World War; Bertram B. Boltwood, professor of radio chemistry at Yale; Edwin M. Borchard, professor of law at Yale; Dr. Friederich Fischeraner, Austrian Consul General at New York; Justice Perry W. Brown of Dallas; Carlo F. Altio, Finnish Consul General; Dr. Ralph R. Fitch of Buffalo, and Professor Ino Kubo of Japan.

Representing the business and financial world are C. H. Keisey, Chairman of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company; David Sarnoff, Vice President of the Radio Corporation of America; Marshall Sheppey, Vice President of the Harriman National Bank; Stephen H. Tyng, E. G. Viltor, silk manufacturer; Charles M. Ramsdell, Vice President of the Manufacturers' and Traders' Bank, Buffalo; George E. Coleman, Vice President of the Alpha Electric Company; Arthur Hoe, a director of R. Hoe & Co.; Norman Dodge, Vice President of the Mergenthaler Linotype Company, and W. W. Hoppin, Secretary of the Almy Realty Corporation.

New Yorkers sailing include Mrs. A. Magee Boisevain, Miss Mercer Dunlap, Mr. and Mrs. James D. Eddy, Edwin Goodman, A. D. Griffin, Meredith Hare, W. W. Hoppin, Jr., Mrs. Hoppin, Jr., G. Hoppin, Miss Madeline Litchfield, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Martin, C. T. Mathews, J. McC. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart C. Schenck, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Taylor, Malcolm D. Whitman, William Woodward, Baldwin, Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar, Mrs. R. C. Penfield and General and Mrs. Clarence Stewart.

The Berengaria of the Cunard line is taking one of its largest lists of passengers, many of them lawyers, bound for London.

On the Cedric.

The White Star liner Cedric, sailing for Liverpool and Queenstown, will take Lieut. Col. R. H. James of the General Staff, British War Office; Henry E. Dunn, President of the Bradstreet Realty Corporation; Robert D. Kohn, architect, and his wife, Estelle Rumbold Kohn, sculptor; R. O. Burton, President of the American Uniform Company, Mrs. Burton, Miss Frances S. Burton, Wilton S. Burton, and J. E. Johnstone, inventor.

Others going abroad are Elmer T. Middleton, Drew Middleton, Miss Ruth Lewinson and Miss Sara Lewinson, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Porter R. Chandler, Geneseo, N. Y., who are on their honeymoon; Mr. and Mrs. George W. Williams, Miss Jewell Warner, Henry C. Warner, Mrs. E. Ward Sharwood, Miss Elizabeth Sharwood, the Rev. J. A. Hartnett and Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Agatin, Philadelphia; Miss E. M. Biddison, Miss E. Hart and George S. Ward, Washington; David B. Hoar and Mrs. Joseph Mellord, Boston; Thomas Dunn, New Orleans; Mr. and Mrs. A. W. S. Craven, Charlottesville, Va.; Miss Mary R. Hillard and Miss Marion Hillard, Waterbury; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tappen, Kingston, N. Y., and Mr. and Mrs. Francis S. Montgomery and J. B. Van Waveren, Los Angeles.

Among those sailing for Rotterdam, Plymouth and Boulogne on the Holland-America liner Rotterdam are J. C. Fabet, Minister of the Netherlands at Tokio; Judge and Mrs. Alonzo G. Laughlin, Matthew Astor Wilks and Mrs. Alexander Harry Tiers.

New Yorkers include Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, Miss Helen G. Wise, Mrs. Paul M. Warburg, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Stoeckel, Dr. and Mrs. William Wallace Walker, Mrs. J. F. Smith, Samuel Callaway Smith, J. A. Bower of the New York Trust Company, Mrs. Bower, Miss Phyllis Bower and Master Robert Bower; Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Burnham, Mrs. Mortimor Rutherford and son, Jay Rutherford; Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Adler and Miss Olga Adler, Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Palterson, Miss Margaret Patterson and Miss Katharine Paterson, Mrs. Elimore Leffingwell and the Misses Elizabeth and Virginia Leffingwell, Mrs. Richard C. Voth, Mrs. Elizabeth N. Thompson, Miss C. B. La Monte, Elmer E. Stevenson, Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Malts, Mrs. J. Gordon and Miss Dorothy Gordon, Mrs. N. C. Wright, Miss Betty Bryant, Rollin Kirby, sporting editor of The New York World, and his mother, Mrs. G. W. Kirby.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Howard of New Orleans are sailing to visit their daughter and their son-in-law, who is Secretary of the American Legation at The Hague.

Business Men on Minnetonka.

Some of the passengers leaving for Cherbourg and London on the Atlantic Transport liner Minnetonka are Dr. Josiah H. Penniman, Provost of the University of Pennsylvania; Pierre Jay, Chairman of the Federal Reserve Bank; Dr. W. H. Wilmer of the National Committee for the Prevention of Blindness; Robert H. Treman, banker, of Ithaca; Lamar Hardy, New York lawyer, and Mrs. Hardy; W. Barton Baldwin, Vice President of the Empire Trust Company; Joel Rathbone, Chairman of the National Surety Company; Stephen Peabody Jr., director of the Kelly-Springfield Tire Company; Vernon Howe Bailey, director of Art Publications, Inc.; Howell Cheney, silk manufacturer, and Mrs. Cheney and Miss Helen Cheney of South Manchester, Conn., and Bradish Johnson Jr.

Among those sailing for Naples and Genoa on the Lloyd Sabaudo liner Conte Verde are Cav. Angelo Porcella, Italian Consul at San Domingo, Santiago Porcella and the Misses Maria, Italia and Matilda Porcella, Cav. Tolestie Lucci, Italian Consular Agent at Pittsburgh, and Mrs. Lucci; Paul Armstrong, Chicago manufacturer, Mrs. Armstrong and the Misses Eulalie H., Berthe E. and Jean Armstrong, Mme. Nina Morgana, soprano of the Metropolitan Opera Company and her husband, Bruno Zirato, A. J. Grymes, President of the Grymes Engineering Company, and his daughter, Mrs. S. M. Hersloff.

Also Dr. Achille Almerini, Miss Josephine Angela, Mrs. Emily Apgar, Miss Frances L. Apgar, Dr. and Mrs. A. Wray Barclay, Mrs. Susan H. Bodine, S. F. Boos, Miss Annabelle Boyer, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Boyer, Colonel and Mrs. Franklin Q. Brown, Franklin Q. Brown Jr., Miss Margaret Bunnell, Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Bunnell, Miss Alba Cappabianca, Mr. and Mrs. Andrea Cappabianca, Miss Iris Cappabianca, Luigi Caso, Mr. and Mrs. Peyton Clark, Miss Lois Clark, Miss Melva Clarke, Mrs. O. M. Clarke, Mr. H. B. Couse, Mr. and Mrs. Fernando Cuniberti and family, Miss Ellen Dee, Dr. Thomas DeMaria, Dr. Salvatore Derlu, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Dumont, Mr. and Mrs. Orlando R. Erwin, Mrs. Arthur L. Evans, Mrs. Enrico Fasanel, Biagio Forziati, Miss Alessandra Fusarini, Mrs. Rosa Fusarini, Mr. and Mrs. Harold M. Gage, Minot G. Gage, Mrs. A. T. Gast, Paolo Goehring, Miss M. L. Gruening, Miss Emely Hayne, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Hayne and Frank B. Hayne Jr.

Bruckner Goes to Sweden.

Some of the passengers leaving for Gothenburg on the Swedish-American liner Drottningholm are Henry Bruckner, Borough President of the Bronx, his family and a party of friends; Walter Sholes, United States Consul at Gothenburg, and his family, who have had a vacation in this country; Mme. Julia Claussen, contralto of the Metropolitan Opera Company, and her husband, Captain Theodore Claussen; Tage Grenstrom, Swedish film director; G. Hilmer Lundbeck, United States representative of the Swedish-American Line, and Mrs. Lundbeck.

Passengers going to Cherbourg, Southampton and Hamburg on the Royal Mail steamer Orbita include Mrs. Bainbridge Colby, wife of the former Secretary of State, and her four daughters; Le Roy Dawson, a war veteran from Los Angeles, and his bride; A. H. Lloyd, assistant manager of the Lampert & Holt Line, and Mrs. Lloyd; Miss K. G. White, G. S. White, Miss H. S. Whittlesley, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Newman, David Comstock, H. D. Cooper, Miss Mary G. May, Dr. and Mrs. W. Clayton, Miss J. Comstock, Mrs. D. Comstock, Mrs. A. H. Lloyd, Dr. W. C. O'Donnell, Francis Kane, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Welch, Robinson Trowbridge, Edgar Starr, Harold Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Hayes, Lieutenant R. W. K. Twinborrow, Colonel and Mrs. W. A. McWilliams, Gordon G. Sikes, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Wallace, Miss F. Van Ingen, Robert Ward, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Wilber, Miss Kathleen Lloyd, E. A. Braithwaite, R. E. Bole, Mrs. J. C. Bole, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Woodruff, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Young, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Wood and Dr. and Mrs. D. B. Hill.

The America of the United States lines, sailing for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen, will take a number of war veterans who will visit the battlefields of France and the cemeteries where American soldiers are buried. Among the veterans is J. F. Anderson, editor of The Cleveland Courier. About 150 American students will go to France.

Some of those sailing are Major P. C. Bullard, son of Major Gen. Bullard, commander of the Department of the East, U. S. A.; Mrs. Bullard and their son and daughter, and Major and Mrs. R. C. Richardson of Washington.

Party of Physicians.

Many physicians are going abroad on the America, some taking relatives. Among them are Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Cuthbert, Dr. and Mrs. John V. Conseth, Dr. and Mrs. V. S. Frankenstein, Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Gundlach, Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Rubsam, and Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Titus all of this city, Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Volland, Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Zench, Dr. and Mrs. W. Hudson and Dr. M. C. Howard, Chicago; Dr. J. N. Lamon, Cleveland; Dr. and Mrs. Onesti, San Francisco; Dr. J. J. Robinson, Lakeville, Pa., and Dr. and Mrs. F. E. Stewart, Philadelphia.

From New York are Mrs. B. B. Adams, Miss A. Barbow, Miss V. M. Corcoran, Mrs. R. J. Dunigan, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Ellis, John Fink, M. E. Grade, Miss M. Hart, Miss M. L. Johnston, D. D. Kittell, Miss A. Marcus, S. Newhouse, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Opdyke, Mr. and Mrs. R. Patterson, the Rev. J. M. Robinson, Miss M. Starkey, George Tice, Miss L. Van Wagenen, Miss A. Wood and Louis Stark.

Among tourists sailing for Cuba, Canal Zone and Costa Rica on the Calamares of the United Fruit Company are Dr. George Vincent, Herbert Allison, Miss M. Anderson, Bailey Ashford, M. Ashford, Dr. and Mrs. F. G. Barling, Miss E. Brenick, Miss G. Blake, Miss H. Brown, George Burgess, John Caldwell, Dr. H. R. Carter, Miss L. Carter, Miss C. Casassa, Barton Chapin Jr., Philip Connors, E. Corredor, Pierre Cremier, Miss N. Crocker, Miss K. Bahin, Reginald Davies, Frederick de Sousa, Dr. and Mrs. William E. Deeks, Thomas Dinneny, George C. Dunham, Mrs. Farrell, Henry Fay, Mrs. Fay, José Feitz, Miss R. Finley, Miss E. Flinn, Miss F. Freeland, José F. Garcia, N. Goldstone, Miss S. Gottardi, Miss S. Gottardi, Miss B. Gottardi, Mrs. L. G. Heinsohn, Miss D. Heinsohn, Miss F. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. F. Hoffman, H. J. Janover, Miss E. Jones, Louis J. Klima, Miss M. Kocher, Miss R. Koderes, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lacaille, R. A. Lee, Henry Litand, Mrs. M. Litand, C. MacAvoy, Mr. Manley, Miss Manley, Matthew McCallum, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McCarville, Mr. and Mrs. J. McNaughton, F. A. Martell, Miss A. Martell, H. R. Muller, M. Morris, V. Muller, T. Nelson, H. Nichols, Miss A. O'Donnell, Dr. W. H. Park, V. Picazo, John Posada, Miss C. M. Reed, Dr. and Mrs. D. F. Reeder, Miss Reeder, W. Rich, Miss B. Roche, Colonel C. R. Rockwell, A. P. Rodriguez, Mr. and Mrs. M. Rosenau, J. R. Rosenthal, Simon Ruppin, M. San Antonio, Miss A. Scholberg, Miss L. Shanahan, Miss H. Shanahan, Miss M. Shanahan, M. A. Smith, Alfonso Tello, J. B. Tood, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Ward, Charles Woodman, Thaddeus Woodman and A. Zeledon.

Passengers sailing for Cuba, Jamaica and Guatemala on the Tivives of the United Fruit Company are Mrs. E. de Asturias, Robert Asturias, William P. Austin, Henry A. Baradat, Mrs. O. Benston, Eric H. Berg, Clifford Brown, John H. Brown, Miss Mary Casey, Luis F. Chibas, Miss A. Cope, Celso De Leon, Mrs. M. De Leon, Mrs. E. J. Elbbitz, E. J. Farnsworth, Joseph Fogarty, William Haberland, Mr. Hentey, I. G. Hopkins, Julio Jubrais, Julius Koch, E. G. McGlashen, Mrs. B. Mills, M. Miranda, W. Nearro, A. F. Paulson, J. H. Prather, Humbert Rivas, Mr. and Mrs. A. Rodon, H. F. Rose, Harold Rowell, C. K. Rudy, G. Ruiz, Charles Smith, Jose St. Marino, Robert Stark, D. Tangney, Rafael Tilico, Oscar Ubico, F. N. Van Blair, Manuel Velaya, H. G. Waterman, Walter Weddle, Mrs. E. Weddle and Walter L. Werner.

SUED BY A DYING GIRL.

Tuberculosis Victim Asks $20,000 for Breach of Promise.

A breach of promise suit was begun yesterday against Leo Botsis, proprietor of a candy store at 328 Springfield Avenue, Newark, by Miss Dora Rissis, who is now in the Newark City Hospital. Maurice Zuckor, attorney for Miss Rissis, stated yesterday that his client had started the proceedings to "insure herself a decent burial." Miss Rissis is now in the last stages of tuberculosis, and physicians attached to the Newark City Hospital do not expect her to live more than two weeks.

A large gold engagement ring was exhibited by the girl yesterday in substantiation of her story that Botsis had wooed her. According to her story, Botsis sent her to a sanitarium in Michigan when her health failed. After her return Botsis lost interest in her, she alleged. A local charitable organization in Newark has taken over the case and has sent her to the hospital.

Radio Gets Ship 6,285 Miles Out.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—A record for long distance communication by radio between a ship at sea and a shore station was made here yesterday by the Federal Telegraph Company's beach station, the company announced. The local station exchanged messages with the Oceanic liner Ventura, then 6,285 miles southwest of San Francisco.

High-Power Wire Kills Two Soldiers

FORT BRAGG, N. C., July 11.—Two soldiers were killed and three others injured today while engaged in work near a high tension power line. The dead are Corporal Ernest Brynildsen, 506 Alexander Street, Oakland, Cal., and Private Herbert N. Ward of Charlotte, N. C.

Brahms and Strauss at Stadium.

Last evening at the Stadium Brahms's Symphony No. 1 and Richard Strauss's tone poem "Don Juan," as played by the Philharmonic under Willem van Hoogstraten, were the attractions to an enthusiastic audience. The treatment of the andante and the last movement in the Brahms work was particularly to be admired and resulted in several recalls for Mr. van Hoogstraten. Tonight Beethoven's Eighth Symphony will form the first part of the program.

Goldman Band Plays Mendelssohn.

The Goldman Band at Central Park gave a Mendelssohn program last evening, which was much enjoyed by a large audience. They were all well known numbers and for that reason endeared by long familiarity. Waino Kauppi was the cornet soloist of the evening.

DIE HARD MANAGERS PRESS EQUITY FIGHT

Say They Will Accede Only to the Old Contract With Actors' Equity.

PLAN NEW PRODUCTIONS

Ames, Savage and Pemberton, However, Resign From the Association.

According to a statement issued from the office of Sam H. Harris yesterday afternoon, the situation between the Actors' Equity Association and the "round robin" group of managers is still practically what it was at the end of May, when a number of managers, under Shubert leadership, broke away from the Managers' Producing Association and signed a separate theatrical agreement with Equity. Yesterday's statement, in behalf of the "round robin" managers, was taken to mean that there had been no change in the "round robin" insistence upon forming theatrical casts freely from Equity and non-Equity members alike. None of the signatories to the statement could be reached for a precise definition of the latest statement.

During the five years preceding June 1, 1924, the theatrical agreement between the Equity and the Producing Managers' Association afforded managers, as long as they were members of the association, absolute freedom in the engagement of their casts as between Equity and non-Equity members, but called upon independent producers to engage casts made up throughout of Equity members.

The Position of Equity.

Equity officials recently have several times issued statements declaring that Equity's attitude toward the "round robin" managers now called for them either to align themselves with the newly formed Managers' Protective Association, whereby they would be called upon to maintain a strength of 80 per cent. Equity membership in their casts, or to proceed as independent managers, with 100 per cent. Equity casts. It was not believed that the "round robin" position, as made clear in yesterday's statement, would prove satisfactory to Equity, and further controversy, it was expected, would develop.

Many of the producers whose names were signed to yesterday's statement are known to be proceeding with active plans for the coming season. A new show, "Be Yourself," will be put into rehearsal Monday by Wilmer & Vincent and definite attractions under the management of Gilbert Miller have already been announced for August and September openings at the Lyceum and Empire Theatres.

Along Broadway, too, it is reported that David Belasco is preparing a new production for Lenore Ulrich, and that the Sam H. Harris office is in an advanced stage of preparation for several new plays, one of them scheduled to come to the George M. Cohan Theatre shortly. It could not be learned last night whether an Equity approval of the position outlined in the statement was anticipated or whether the managers concerned propose to ignore Equity in their plans.

The Managers' Statement.

The full text of the statement follows:

"At a meeting of the 'round robin' group of managers at the office of Sam H. Harris on Friday afternoon among the many matters for consideration the only decision reached was that all existing contracts between their members and actors will be carried out and that in order to do so the members will engage companies for plays under the form of actors' contract in force during the five years preceding June 1, 1924, with such equitable modifications as experience during that time indicated as advisable.

"A motion was unanimously adopted to allow members not in a position to help in the accomplishment of the purposes of the group to resign if they desired.

"The resignations of Brock Pemberton, Winthrop Ames and Henry W. Savage were thereupon offered and accepted.

"The statement was signed by the following members of the Round Robin Group: David Belasco, A. L. Erlanger, George M. Cohan, Henry Miller, Gilbert Miller, Charles Coburn, Sam H. Harris, Lewis & Gordon, Marc Klaw, Wilmer & Vincent, Max Marcin, William Harris, Charles Hopkins, Arthur Hopkins, Abe Levy, George C. Tyler, Charles B. Dillingham, Wagenhale & Kemper and John Cort.

NEW STATEN ISLAND LINE.

Whalen to Start Fourth Trackless Trolley Monday.

Grover A. Whalen, who is about to retire from the position of Commissioner of Plant and Structures, announced yesterday that on Monday he would put in operation a fourth trackless trolley line on Staten Island. It will run from Meier's Corners, West New Brighton, to Tipperary Corners, New Dorp, via Bradley Avenue, Brielle Avenue and Rockland Avenue. The trackless cars will cover this route in fifteen minutes, Mr. Whalen said, whereas now it takes fifty minutes to travel between these points.

Meier's Corners is the terminus of the Linoleumville and Sea View Hospital Trackless Lines, which have been in operation since the Fall of 1921, and is on the Silver Lake and Concord municipal trolley lines. Tipperary Corners is in New Dorp on the municipal trolley system, on the line from St. George to Richmond.

LUNN RUNS A TRUCK TO HELP NEAR EAST

Lieutenant Governor and Eight Girls in Overalls Take Clothing Into Warehouse.

CLIMAX OF STATE DRIVE

Goods Are Turned Over to Brooklyn Safety Council for Shipment Abroad.

Lieut. Gov. George R. Lunn literally took off his coat and vest yesterday to aid orphans and refugees in the Near East. Under a boiling sun, the Lieutenant Governor toiled with a hand truck and helped take off the last motor truck load of the 850,000 pounds of clothing collected by the New York State headquarters of the Near East Relief, of which he is the State Chairman. The official's labors took place at the United States Army Base in Brooklyn and he was helped by eight young women in overalls, who had volunteered through the Brooklyn Safety Council, besides the regular longshoremen. Camera men took many pictures of the Lieutenant Governor and the girls wheeling the 200-pound bales of clothing into the warehouse.

The event yesterday marked the successful conclusion of the work of the New York State headquarters at 151 Fifth Avenue, Manhattan, in collecting clothes for the destitute in Greece, Syria, Palestine and Armenia. Lieut. Gov. Lunn formally turned the clothing over to the Brooklyn Safety Council. It will be held until the council finishes its campaign and then the entire collection will be sent abroad.

Clarence E. Spayd, Secretary of the Safety Council, announced yesterday that Jackie Coogan, the child movie star, would hold a reception at Prospect Park for the children of Brooklyn on Aug. 18. A number of prominent officials and residents of the borough will be present. The reception will be under the auspices of the council. Jackie Coogan, it was announced, is collecting $1,000,000 worth of foodstuffs in this country to send to the people of the Near East. Jackie is to pay the entire expense of the shipment.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Awful Mrs. Eaton," a play by John Farrar and Stephen Vincent Benet, dealing with the life and times of Andrew Jackson, will be produced in Detroit next week by Jessie Bonstelle and William A. Brady, with a cast headed by Frank McGlynn and Katherine Alexander.

Rehearsals for "Be Yourself," a musical comedy by George S. Kaufman, Marc Connelly and Louis Geisler, featuring Queenie Smith and Jack Donahue, will commence Monday.

Maurice and Hughes will be among the principals of "Rose de la Paix," the international revue to be produced in the Fall by Archibald Selwyn.

Today's Radio Program

JULY 12, 1924.
(Eastern Daylight Saving Time.)

Numerals after names of stations show wave length in meters.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.
4:00 P. M.—Brune Orchestra.
5:00-6:00 P. M.—Freda Williams, soprano; Leo Palminteri, piano.
6:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria dinner music.
7:30 P. M.—"The History of Handball," by Sumner E. L. Sumner.
7:45-11:00 P. M.—Guy Hunter, entertainer; Gudiun Bollemose, soprano; Jene Foslick, saxophone; Emma Burkhardt, contralto; Adrian Vanderbilt, concert piano; Manhattan Ladies' Quartet; William Darion, tenor; bedtime story; talk.
11:00-12:00 P. M.—Lopez Orchestra.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.
1:00 P. M.—Hotel Vanderbilt Orchestra.
4:00 P. M.—Gelbur, flute.
4:20 P. M.—E. Hirshfield, baritone.
4:45 P. M.—Ridge Club Orchestra.
5:00 P. M.—Marion Larimer, soprano.
5:15 P. M.—Ridge Club Orchestra.
5:45 P. M.—Agricultural reports; closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange; foreign exchange quotations; news.
7:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—Playlet, "Now, You Don't Respect Me."
8:20 P. M.—"Epinard," by G. L. Chesterton.
8:35 P. M.—Frank Anderson, baritone.
9:00 P. M.—Lopez Orchestra.
9:45 P. M.—Agricultural reports; closing
9:15 P. M.—Operatic selections.
10:15 P. M.—"Exchange of Populations Between Turkey and Greece," by A. C. Jasquith.
10:30 P. M.—Elsie Ahrens, soprano; Marion Witcover, contralto.
11:00 P. M.—Lopez Palace Orchestra.

WHN, NEW YORK—360.
12:00 M.-1:00 P. M.—Shack's Orchestra.
2:15-3:15 P. M.—Orchestra; songs.
3:45-5:30 P. M.—Orchestra; songs; piano; talks.
6:00-7:00 P. M.—At the Festive Board.
7:30-12:00 P. M.—Orchestra; songs; talk.

WBBR, STATEN ISLAND, N. Y.—273.
8:00 P. M.—Irene Klinepeter, soprano; Bible questions and answers.

WOR, NEWARK—405.
7:00 A. M.—Gym class.
2:30 P. M.—J. E. Prescott, tenor.
2:45 P. M.—Dora Applebaum, soprano.
3:00 P. M.—"My Stage and Screen Friends," by Margaret Vale, actress, dramatic editor and magazine writer.
3:15 P. M.—Talk by Sally Farnum.
3:30 P. M.—J. E. Prescott, tenor.
3:45 P. M.—Dora Applebaum, soprano
6:15-7:20 P. M.—Cinderella Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Sports talk.
8:00-8:30 P. M.—Ingraham's Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—Gustav Brasch, bass.
8:45 P. M.—"Comparison of Foreign Policy Planks of Both Parties," by Dr. Robert McElroy.
9:15 P. M.—Gustav Brasch, bass.
9:30-10:10 P. M.—Plectral Ensemble.
10:10-10:30 P. M.—Frederick Moss, tenor.
10:30-11:00 P. M.—Plectral Ensemble.

WRW, TARRYTOWN—273.
7:00-8:00 P. M.—Children's stories; music; baseball scores; agriograms; garden hints.
9:00 P. M.—Police reports; music; baseball scores.
9:30 P. M.—Musical program; talk.

WDAR, PHILADELPHIA—395.
11:45 A. M.—Daily almanac.
12:00 M.—Organ; orchestra; songs.
2:00 P. M.—Arcadia Orchestra.
4:30 P. M.—Dance music.
5:45 P. M.—Sport results.
7:30 P. M.—Dream Daddy.

WOO, PHILADELPHIA—509.
11:00 A. M.—Organ recital.
11:30 A. M.—Weather forecast.
12:00 M.—Orchestra.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
4:45 P. M.—Grand organ; trumpets.
7:30 P. M.—Sport results; police reports.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast.

WIP, PHILADELPHIA—509.
1:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.
1:05 P. M.—Seashore gossip.
1:10 P. M.—Organ recital.
3:00 P. M.—Atlantic City program.
3:30 P. M.—Comfort's Orchestra; Madeleine Reed, soprano.
6:00 P. M.—Weather report.
6:05 P. M.—Dinner music.
6:45 P. M.—Stock and market reports.
7:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories; roll-call.
8:00 P. M.—Comfort's Orchestra; Madeleine Reed, soprano.
8:45 P. M.—Atlantic City program.
9:50 P. M.—Vassella's Band.
10:00 P. M.—Lehman's Orchestra.
11:05 P. M.—Organ recital.

WEAN, PROVIDENCE—273.
8:45 A. M.—Group singing.
12:00 M.—Orchestra; weather report.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
4:00 P. M.—Piano selections; weather report.
5:00 P. M.—Music.
9:15 P. M.—Concert program.

WJAR, PROVIDENCE—369.
1:05 P. M.—Biltmore Orchestra.
7:05 P. M.—E. G. Hubbard, baritone; B. Larand, tenor.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—337.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather and market reports.
3:00 P. M.—Springfield-New Haven baseball game.
6:00 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:00 P. M.—Baseball results; market reports; music.
7:40 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
7:40 P. M.—Hotel Kimball Trio.
9:00 P. M.—Music.
9:30 P. M.—Copley-Plaza Orchestra.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather report.

WDBH, WORCESTER, MASS.—262.
11:30 A. M.—Music.
4:00 P. M.—Music.
4:30 P. M.—Stock market report.

WNAC, BOSTON—273.
10:30 A. M.—Women's talks.
8:30 P. M.—Checker Jim Orchestra.

WGI, MEDFORD, MASS.—360.
6:30 P. M.—Code practice; weather forecast; crop notes.
7:00 P. M.—Big Brother Club meeting.
7:30 P. M.—Current events; musicale; weather report.

WEAR, FALL RIVER, MASS.—440.
9:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.
12:30 P. M.—Stock market report.
12:40 P. M.—Produce market report.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
9:30 P. M.—Clover Club Orchestra.

WRC, WASHINGTON—469.
6:15 P. M.—Instruction in code.
7:00 P. M.—Children's hour.
8:45 P. M.—Bible talk.
8:00 P. M.—Leonard Chapman, banjo.
9:15 P. M.—To be announced.
9:30 P. M.—J. R. Horton, contralto.
10:00 P. M.—To be announced.
10:15 P. M.—Army Band.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecasts.

WHAM, ROCHESTER—333.
8:00-8:30 P. M.—Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—Baseball scores.
11:45 P. M.-1:30 A. M.—Dance program.

WGR, BUFFALO—319.
11:45 A. M.—Weather reports.
12:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
11:45 P. M.—Weather forecast.

KDKA, PITTSBURGH—326.
10:45 A. M.—Live stock market reports.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather and market reports.
3:15 P. M.—Baseball scores by innings.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; music.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story.
7:45 P. M.—Bedtime class.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; sport review.
8:30 P. M.—Orchestra concert.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather report; baseball scores.

WCAE, PITTSBURGH—462.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
7:45 P. M.—Baseball scores; songs.
9:50 P. M.—Music.

CKAC, MONTREAL—425.
7:30 P. M.—Mount Royal Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—Studio recital.
10:30 P. M.—Mount Royal Orchestra.

CKCH, OTTAWA—435.
8:00 P. M.—Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos; monologues.

WJAX, CLEVELAND—390.
1:00 A. M.—Orchestra; vocal and instrumental music.

WTAM, CLEVELAND—390.
7:00-8:30 P. M.—Dinner concert; baseball scores.
10:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Dance orchestra; J. McMahan, baritone.

WSAI, CINCINNATI—360.
9:00 P. M.—Chimes concert.
9:15 P. M.—Concert.
1:00 A. M.—Dance orchestra.

WLW, CINCINNATI—423.
2:30 P. M.—Market reports.

WWJ, DETROIT—516.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:30 P. M.—Schmeman's Band.

WCX, DETROIT—517.
7:00 P. M.—Orchestra; baseball scores.

WHAS, LOUISVILLE—400.
9:30-11:00 P. M.—Concert; vocal solos; news; historical episode; baseball scores; time announced at 11 o'clock.

WEBH, CHICAGO—370.
9:30-9:30 P. M.—Oriole Orchestra; banjo duets.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Oriole Orchestra; vocal solos.
12:30-1:30 A. M.—Oriole Orchestra; vocal solos.

WOJ, CHICAGO—448.
8:00-9:00 P. M.—Music.
11:00 P. M.-3:00 A. M.—Rainbo Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos.

WLS, CHICAGO—345.
8:45 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Lullaby Time; music; barn dance.

WGN, CHICAGO—370.
7:30-8:30 P. M.—Music; features.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Music; features.
11:30 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Music; features.

WMAQ, CHICAGO—448.
7:30 P. M.—La Salle Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—Band concert.
10:00 P. M.—Popular revue.

KYW, CHICAGO—536.
8:00-8:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
9:00-9:55 P. M.—Music.
10:30 P. M.—Music; news every half hour.

WTAS, ELGIN, ILL.—526.
9:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
9:35-2:30 A. M.—Lampe's Orchestra; piano selections; songs.

WSB, ATLANTA—429.
10:00-11:00 P. M.—Music.
11:45 A. M.—Orchestra.

WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA—484.
6:45 P. M.—Chimes concert.
7:30 P. M.—Sandman's visit.
7:50 P. M.—Sport news; weather.
10:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra; vocal solos.

KSD, ST. LOUIS—546.
10:00 P. M.—Missouri Theatre orchestra; specialties.

WLAG, MINNEAPOLIS—417.
8:30-10:15 P. M.—Business messages.
10:00-11:00 P. M.—Band concert.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Osborn's Orchestra; songs.

WMC, MEMPHIS—500.
10:00 P. M.—Music.

WDAF, KANSAS CITY—411.
7:50-9:00 P. M.—Music; market and weather reports; time signals; road reports; address; stories; Plantation Players.
1:45 A. M.—Dance music.

WOAW, OMAHA—526.
8:00 P. M.—Dinner concert.
11:00 P. M.—Music.

WFAA, DALLAS—476.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Music.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Adolphus Orchestra.

WBAP, FORT WORTH—476.
8:00-9:40 P. M.—Sunday school lesson; Bible class.

PWX, HAVANA—409.
9:00 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental concert.

KPO, OAKLAND, CAL.—312.
12:00 P. M.—Fairmont Orchestra; songs.

KHJ, LOS ANGELES—395.
12:00 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Music.
3:00-5:00 A. M.—Hickman's Orchestra.

KFI, LOS ANGELES—468.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Concert.
2:00-3:00 A. M.—Popular songs.
3:30-4:00 A. M.—Cocoanut Grove Orchestra.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS—DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT

WINTER GARDEN EVENINGS 8:25 MAT. TODAY
INNOCENT EYES
SHUBERT VOGUES & FROLICS
Thea., 44th W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30 with ODETTE MYRTIL & ROGER WOLFE'S ORCHES.
BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Today & Thurs., 2:30
Beggar on Horseback
With ROLAND YOUNG
REPUBLIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. 3RD YEAR
Anne Nichols' Laughing Success
ABIE'S IRISH ROSE
GREENWICH VILLAGE Thea., 4th St. & 7th Ave. Evgs. 8:45. Matinee Today, 2:30.
FASHION 6TH MONTH
MOVES NEXT MONDAY TO CORT THEATRE
POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TODAY
H. G. Wells & St. J. Ervine's THE WONDERFUL VISIT
PRINCESS

BILTMORE TO HOUSE A BLOCK OF SHOPS

Madison Avenue Front of the Hotel Will Be Completely Remodeled.

ARCADE TO BE INCLUDED

New Thoroughfare Will Run From Forty-third Street Through to Forty-fourth Street.

To meet the constantly increasing demand for small shops in the Grand Central Terminal zone, and following the lead of the Astor and other large hostelries in New York, the Madison Avenue front of the twenty-six-story Biltmore is to be completely remodeled to include a block of stores, with an arcade from Forty-third to Forty-fourth Street added to the big structure.

The announcement of the improvement, which is of vital importance to Madison Avenue, was made yesterday by John McE. Bowman, President of the Bowman Biltmore Hotel Corporation, who estimates the cost of the improvement at more than $500,000. Architects and engineers already have started work upon the plans, and the project is to be carried out as soon as the preliminary work is concluded.

The growth and development of Madison Avenue north of Forty-second Street during the past two or three years as a small-shop centre has been remarkable. From a residential avenue it has been transformed into a business street that bids fair to rival Fifth Avenue. Fine old dwellings have been demolished to make way for business structures, while hundreds of brownstone residences have been rebuilt out to the extreme building line into first and second floor shops.

The result has been a big jump in rental values and today a small inside shop in the vicinity of Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue shows a return of about $15 a square foot a year, while those on corners rent for $20 a square foot or more.

The Biltmore arcade, Forty-third to Forty-fourth Streets, will be a public thoroughfare and will have a decided tendency to relieve the present congestion of pedestrian traffic on Madison Avenue in the vicinity of the hotel.

Brokers and realty men predicted yesterday that the shops would be leased from the plans long before their completion. The space in the hotel to be utilized for the new shops will be that now occupied by the grill, the men's café and the men's lounge.

The recent improvement of the Hotel Astor with small shops on Broadway from Forty-fourth to Forty-fifth Streets proved highly successful. They were all rented from the plans and are today reported at bringing the highest square foot rentals on Broadway.

STATE SELECTS 150 TO GO TO CORNELL

Department of Education Awards Scholarships to One Youth in Each Assembly District.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 11.—The State Department of Education announced tonight a list of 150 students in the State who have passed the recent examination for Cornell scholarships. One scholarship is given for each Assembly district. The State pays the tuition of the successful candidates.

New York City.

The successful ones in New York City are:

Julius Marcus, 1,515 Boston Road.
Rubin Meckler, 745 Tremont Avenue.
Arthur Zuckerman, 987 Tinton Avenue.
Malcolm A. Specht, 2,213 Ludlow Avenue.
Murray Sweetgall, 600 Prospect Avenue.
Samuel Ettinger, 1,700 Crotona Park East.
Nathan Bonderow, 401 East 173d Street.
Frederick L. Witt, 304 East 162d Street.
Daniel Shamroy, 24 Jackson Street.
James Sechtman, 20 Cannon Street.
Ida Gurevitz, 1,672 Lexington Avenue.
Sadie Willett, 139 West 118th Street.
Marian L. Duschnes, 542 West 122th Street.
David Taub, 350 West 170th Street.
Daniel Lazar, 351 West 119th Street.
Irving Levy, 193 Second Avenue.
Evelyn E. Neuberger, 605 West 141st St.
Hyman Tudewitz, 125 Suffolk Street.
Louis Freidenberg, 410 West 22nd Avenue.
Robert Schwelg, 135 West Eighty-fourth St.
Julian Newman, 73 East Ninety-eighth St.
Henry Roth, 108 East 119th Street.
Abraham Rissenberg, 556 West 148th St.
Milton Schritt, 80 St. Nicholas Avenue.
Louis Herman, 63 East Seventh Street.
Daniel Rabkin, 152 Monroe Street.
Abraham Rabinowitz, 523 West 187th St.
Harry H. Lipkowitz, 205 East 94th St.
Sanford Reis, 650 West 177th St.
Joseph Jacobs, 70 East Ninety-sixth Street.
Harry W. Kesshner, 285 Central Park W.

Brooklyn.

Myra Tolins, 2,150 Sixty-seventh Street.
Hymen Ziegel, 3,226 Mermaid Avenue.
Leo Lieberman, 349 Pennsylvania Avenue.
Ralph N. Harris, 341 Chester Street.
Joseph G. Stein, 1,044 East Ninth Street.
Morris M. Rubinsky, 423 Jerome Street.
Israel A. Schiller, 2,177 Pacific Street.
Maurice Krauss, 966 Forty-sixth Street.
Leonard H. Gussow, 397 Stratford Road.
Bernard C. Pike, 29 Rugby Road.
Robert I. Cohn, 318 Sumner Avenue.
Julius V. Coleman, 6,906 Ridge Boulevard.
Emanuel E. Raices, 1,838 Coney Island Av.
Abraham M. Sassulsky, 1,198 East Pkway.
Isidore Gerah, 389 Christopher Avenue.
David L. Goldin, 1,547 Forty-fifth Street.
Murray Kuflik, 1,475 President Street.
Jesse B. Aronson, 1,824 Seventy-fourth St.
David Ayman, 1,751 Prospect Place.
Harriet Lange, 901 Ditmas Avenue.
John H. Weidner, 216 Cornelia Street.
Pauline Friedman, 983 New York Avenue.
Julius L. Rogoff, 2,169 Pacific Street.

Queens.

Dorothy Knapton, 20 Fisk Av., Winfield.
Thomas Kraemer, 3,832 102d Street, Woodhaven.
Frieda Hafekast, 2,339 Myrtle Avenue, Ridgewood.
Granget Kammerer, 69 Eldert's Lane, Woodhaven.
Marjorie Hershon, 57 Bow Street, Forest Hills.
Jeannette Lissey, 133 Park Av., Jamaica.

Richmond.

Mary C. Betts, Nelson Av., Great Kills.
Robert M. Lane, 430 Clove Road, West Brighton.

Suffolk County.

William S. Farrell, Miller Place.
William Selden, Amityville.

Nassau County.

Edna V. Sillman, Hempstead.
Elizabeth G. Clark, Roslyn Heights.

Westchester County.

William H. Ropes, 107 Winyah Avenue, New Rochelle.
George F. J. Feld, 39 Sherman Avenue, Yonkers.
Spencer Myers, 206 Main Street, Ossining.
Mario S. Cioffari, 19 Jones Street, New Rochelle.
Jules F. Levine, 100 Overlook Road, New Rochelle.

Chicago's Customs Receipts Gain.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Customs collections at the Port of Chicago for the first six months of 1924 exceeded the sum collected in the same period last year by $25,105,93, and established a new high record of $7,172,162.56, S. C. Crafts, Deputy Collector of Customs, announced today. The sum already collected this year exceeds that of the entire year 1919, when $6,084,503.25 was taken in. Since then collections have increased every year. Last year a total of $15,529,539.07 was paid on merchandise arriving from foreign countries.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Cash Lard Continues Higher—Cotton Improves—Irregularity Elsewhere.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

	July 11, 1924.	July 5, 1924.	July 13, 1923.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.24½	$1.34	$1.20½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.21½	1.18½	1.07½
Oats, No. 2 white	.64@.64½	.63	.46½
Flour, Min. patent	7.30	7.30	6.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.15¾	.15¾	.11
Sugar, granulated	.069	.069	.06½
Butter, cream, 92 score	.41¾	.41½	.39
Eggs, fr. gath.			
1dz. doz.	.27 @ .28	.27½	.26
Lard, Mid. W.	12.35@12.45	11.40	11.30
Pork, mess	25.25@26.25	27.00	25.00
Beef, family	19.00@20.00	21.00	17.50
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Phil.	21.50@22.50	23.50	20.00
Steel billets, Pitts.	38.00	39.00	42.50
Lead	7.00	7.00	6.00
Copper	12.30	12.87½	14.50
Tin	44.00	44.62½	38.00
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	30.65	29.75	28.00
Print cloths	.06¾	.06¾	.06¾

Range of prices for 1924 to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.35½	June 26	$1.19	Mar. 27
Corn	1.24½	July 11	.89½	Jan. 3
Oats	.54½	July 9	.34½	Jan. 3
Flour	7.20	July 3	6.15	Jan. 2
Coffee	.16¾	July 8	.10½	Jan. 9
Sugar	.09	Feb. 14	.061	June 5
Butter	.45	Jan. 7	.35½	Apr. 17
Eggs	.48	Jan. 7	.22	Mar. 28
Lard	12.55	Jan. 16	10.65	May 28
Pork	27.00	May 19	24.00	Feb. 28
Beef	23.00	Jan. 18	18.00	Feb. 23
Iron	24.50	Jan. 2	21.25	July 10
Steel	40.00	Jan. 2	38.00	July 10
Lead	9.37½	Feb. 20	7.00	May 23
Tin	58.75	Mar. 2	39.75	May 23
Copper	14.00	Mar. 8	12.20	July 9
Cotton	35.70	Jan. 8	26.80	Mar. 27
Print cloths	.08	Jan. 2	.06¾	July 10

NEW COTTON CONFERENCE.

British Objections to Our Standards to Be Debated in London.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Some dissatisfaction having arisen in England in connection with the universal cotton standards, agreed upon more than a year ago by the principal foreign cotton interests, officials of the Department of Agriculture and representatives of the American cotton industry, at which time the United States official standards were adopted as the universal standards, another conference of all interests has been called to meet in London, July 21.

Dr. H. C. Taylor, Chief of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, who has been abroad conferring with the foreign cotton interests, called the meeting and at the same time telegraphed for his assistant, Lloyd S. Tenny, and Chester Morrill, another Department of Agriculture official and an expert on cotton, to come to London for the conference.

The object of the conference is to discuss with the foreign cotton representatives, who have agreed upon the universal satndards, all questions of difference and reach a supplemental agreement covering them. It is understood that the English cotton interests desired to hold a meeting in the Spring of each year to compare and overhaul all copies of the official standards.

No changes have been made in the universal standards and none can be made without formal agreement and one year's notice in advance of their promulgation.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (July 10) 20,111 packages. Prices about ¼c higher on top grades. So far this week over 2,000,000 pounds were put in the freezers. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 41¼@41¾c; extras, 92 score, 40½@40¾c; firsts, 38@40c; seconds, 36@37½c; lower grades, 34¼@35½c; standard pars, 90 score, 39½c; 89 score, 38c; 88 score, 38@38½c; 84 to 87 score, 36@37½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 43@43½c; extras, 92 score, 42@42½c; firsts, 38½@41½c; seconds, 36½@38c; renovated, fresh, 34@35c; ladies, current make, extras, 34@35c; firsts, 31@32c; seconds, 28½@29c; lower grades, 26@28c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 29@30½c; No. 2, 26c; lower grades, 20@27c.

EGGS—Receipts (July 10) 22,327 cases. Trading at unchanged prices. Fresh-gathered extras, dozen, 30@32c; extra firsts, 28½@29½c; firsts, 26½@28c; seconds and poorer, 25½@26½c; trade eggs, 24½@26c; dirties, No. 1, 25@25½c; No. 2 and poorer, 23½@24½c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 22@24c; Jersey and other near-by hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 40@42c; near-by and Western hennery whites, average extras, 37@39c; do firsts to extra firsts, 31@36c; near-by gathered whites, first to extra firsts, 31@35c; near-by whites, undergrades, 29@30c; near-by whites, mediums, 40 to 41 pounds net, 28@30c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to extras, 31½@32c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 27½@33c; Jersey and other near-by and Western hennery browns, extras, 35@40c.

MANY FACTORS HELP COTTON'S RECOVERY

Advances in Both Grain and Stock Markets Assist Upward Movement.

GAINS 40 TO 62 POINTS

Spinners Taking Increased Amount, While Visible Supply Decreases.

Various factors combined to produce a stronger cotton market yesterday, and the entire loss of the previous session was recovered before the close. July moved to a 500 point premium over October at one time, while rains reappeared in Atlantic sections, but failed to materialize west of the river. An advance in grain and a steadier stock market, with favorable week-end figures, all operated to bring about covering. Prices gained 40 to 62 points, closing at the top.

All three markets worked somewhat lower during early trading, Liverpool losing more ground than either New York or New Orleans. Prices abroad declined 25c English points, making a loss of 42 points from high levels of Thursday. The course of Liverpool, together with private reports of showers in parts of Texas, brought out cotton the first half hour, but after October had sold around 24¼ cents, 70 points from best figures of the previous day, a less favorable weather map steadied the market. Covering operations developed and for the balance of the session Thursday's course of prices was reversed. Though uncertainty characterized early trading, the tone revealed greater resistance to pressure and various influences induced activity as the day wore on.

Week-end figures revealed larger spinners' takings and a heavier decrease in the visible supply than last year, while official details showed rainfall had been confined to 5 points in the Northeastern section of the State, ranging from .26 to .57 of an inch. So little cotton appeared for sale on advances that the list recovered over $3 a bale, with trading active toward the close at highest prices of the day.

Week-end statistics showed 40,000 bales in sight, against 42,000 last year, making 11,120,000 for the season, against 10,975,000 last year. Spinners took 136,000, against 108,000 last year, making 10,927,000 for the season, against 11,920,000 last year. This brought a decrease of 96,000 in the visible supply, compared with 67,000 last year, and left the world's visible supply of American cotton 1,062,000, compared with 1,023,000 a year ago. Spot prices at New Orleans were advanced a cent yesterday.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous day.
July	29.15	29.80	29.15	29.65@29.80	29.25
Oct.	24.30	24.96	24.23	24.90@24.96	24.40
Dec.	23.65	24.34	23.58	24.30@24.34	23.72
Jan.	23.48	24.16	23.40	24.10@24.21	23.57
March	23.64	24.40	23.63	24.38	23.77

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 40 points advance, to 30.65c for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 29.25c, 50 points advance; New Orleans 29.45c, 105 points advance; Savannah 28.50c, 50 points advance; Augusta 28.13c, 40 points advance; Memphis 28.50c, unchanged; Houston 28.25c, 25 points advance; Little Rock 28.75c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yester-day.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	3,991	Holiday.	3,240
Exports	3,421	Holiday.	3,926
Exports, season	3,669,774	Holiday.	4,700,097
N. Y. stocks	41,459	Holiday.	81,156
Port stocks	226,476	Holiday.	271,729
N. Y. arrivals	1,325	Holiday.	1,819

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 31 points decrease, 16.35d for middling. Sales 3,000 bales of which American, 2,000; imports, 5,000. Futures opened quiet, 13 to 18 points decrease, and closed quiet and steady, 18 to 29 points decrease. Prices: July 16.19d; Oct. 14.27d; Dec. 13.95d; Jan. 13.88d.

Manchester: Yarns, a fair business doing. Cloths, good inquiry.

WHEAT ENDS HIGHER IN ERRATIC MARKET

No. 2 Yellow Corn on Spot Finds Buyers at $1.11, and Oats Rise With the Rest.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 11.—While wheat markets were somewhat erratic, at no time were local values below the finish of the previous day. Foreigners were good buyers of futures here and at Winnipeg and, while the close was not at the top, net gains were 10@1¼ cents higher. Winnipeg was disappointing, gaining only ¼c for the day. Both good and bad reports are coming from the three Canadian Provinces; conditions are spotted.

Liverpool closed 1⅝d higher on the bullish Canadian reports in the face of a higher exchange rate.

Offerings are readily absorbed on the breaks, with Eastern houses active at times on that side. Statistically the world's situation is regarded as getting much stronger.

Country offerings of wheat to arrive are increasing, but in the main are held above the market, which checks the business. Purchases for the day were 125,000 bushels, while domestic shipping sales were only 15,000 bushels.

Export sales in all positions were 300,000 bushels, mainly hard Winters via the Gulf, but the buying of futures suggests that the business is being kept under cover to a great extent. Australia needs rain badly, according to private cables.

July, September and cash corn sold at a new high on the crop, futures gaining 1⅝@3⅝ cents, with July leading, the latter touching $1.04⅝, while No. 2 yellow on spot sold up to $1.11, or within 3 cents of the outside figure of last year. As high as $1.00⅝ was paid for No. 2 yellow to arrive. At St. Louis cash corn is selling practically as high as hard Wheat by Chicago.

The scarcity of cash grain is becoming more prounced, and a leading industry bought corn at Minneapolis during the day for its Central Illinois plant.

Deferred deliveries were under pressure on account of the better weather and closed unchanged to ¼ cent higher.

Domestic shipping sales today were 225,000 bushels, making around 1,600,000 bushels so far this week.

Primary receipts today were 439,000 bushels, against last year's 4,000. Shipments were 406,000 bushels; last year, 308,000.

Oats gained ¼@⅝ cent, largely in sympathy with other grains, while rye was ¼ cent higher on July and ⅛ cent lower on September.

Chicago.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.16⅝	1.15⅛	1.16⅝	1.15½	1.00½
Sept.	1.16⅝	1.15½	1.16⅝	1.15½	.99⅝
Dec.	1.19⅝	1.18⅛	1.19⅝	1.18½	1.02⅝
May	1.24⅝	1.22⅝	1.23⅝	1.22⅝	...

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.04⅝	1.01⅛	1.04⅝	1.01⅛	.83⅝
Sept.	.98½	.96⅝	.98½	.96⅝	.78⅝
Dec.	.85⅝	.84⅛	.85⅝	.84⅛	.63⅝
May	.88⅝	.86⅝	.87⅝	.87⅛	...

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.53⅝	.52⅝	.53⅛	.52⅝	.38⅝
Sept	.45⅝	.44⅝	.45	.44⅛	.36⅝
Dec.	.47⅛	.46⅝	.46⅝	.46⅝	.36⅝
May	.49⅝	.48⅛	.49⅛	.48⅛	...

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.80⅝	.80	.80⅝	.79⅝	.63⅝
Sept.	.80⅝	.79⅝	.80	.80⅝	.65⅝
Dec.	.83½	.83⅛	.83⅛	.82⅝	.68⅝

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	11.72	11.70	11.70	11.57	10.85
Sept.	11.92	11.70	11.85	11.72	11.10
Oct.	12.00	11.80	11.90	11.82	11.12
Nov.	12.10	12.02½	12.02½	...	...
Jan.	12.20	12.10	12.12	...	...
Ribs—					
July	10.17	10.15	10.17	10.10	...
Oct.	10.57	10.45	10.55	10.37	...
D. S. B.—					
Sept.	11.00	10.95	11.00	...	...
Oct.	11.15	11.10	11.15	10.05	...

Winnipeg.

Today's Winnipeg prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.27⅝	1.25¼	1.24⅝	1.24⅛	1.07⅝
Oct.	1.20⅝	1.18⅝	1.19⅝	1.19	.96⅝
Dec.	1.15⅝	1.14⅛	1.15⅝	1.14⅝	.96⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
July	.44⅛	.43⅝	.43⅝	.43⅝	.43⅝
Oct.	.45⅝	.44⅝	.45⅝	.44⅝	.40
Dec.	.43⅝	.43⅝	.43⅝	.42⅝	.3

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—3¼@3½% for the best names. Thursday—3¼@3½% for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

Elaborate Silk Dinner Plans.

The Silk Association of America will hold its fifty-third annual dinner at the Hotel Astor on Saturday evening, Jan. 10, 1925, it was announced yesterday. The dinner committee has already set to work on plans for the affair and anticipates a noticeable increase in attendance. Prominent speakers will be engaged for the occasion. An attractive souvenir will be one of the surprises of the evening. Music will be furnished by an excellent orchestra. The dinner committee is composed of Joseph Gerli, Harry W. Boettger, J. E. Fox, James A. Goldsmith, E. Irving Hanson and Thomas Hill.

Reorders Have Been Small.

Reorder business in silk gloves has not been up to expectations. The season started off fairly well, but recently there has been little activity. Despite this, some of the larger wholesalers say they will average out fairly well on the season. To a certain extent long silk gloves are still in demand. The plain gloves are wanted mostly, the colors preferred being pongees, sand and pearl.

Silk Underwear Demand Broader.

Interest is shown in the glove silk underwear trade over the establishment of separate departments for the sale of this merchandise by quite a few retailers. The wholesalers say this is a highly favorable step and advantageous to the store which does it. It reflects, they say, the broadening of the consumer interest in silk underwear as contrasted with the former staple underwear demand. The lines of manufacturers are larger than ever in keeping with this movement, styles being more diversified with children's garments as well as women's now being featured. Retailers are said to be placing a fair advance business for delivery from Sept. 1 on. Next to pink, the popularity of peach continues, although the color preference includes a wide range of shades.

Silk Garment for Bathing Use.

Although lack of bathing weather until recently has hampered its introduction somewhat, glove silk underwear wholesalers have met with some success with a silk garment for women to be worn under the bathing suit. In effect, it is a one-piece suit of glove silk, worn to protect the bather from the rough or irritating surface of a bathing suit. With favorable conditions the garment is expected to take well, according to the trade, as it meets the needs of women who have sensitive skins. The garments wholesale at $39 per dozen.

Voile Underwear Reorders.

Among the outstanding features of the business that is being done in women's undergarments these days is the volume of reorders reported for those made of cotton voile. In the aggregate, the call for these garments is larger than it has been for some time. Among the factors contributing to the demand is the general vogue for white things, the coolness of the garments in question and their relative cheapness. Both the higher and medium priced lines that are selling show quite a little elaboration in trimmings. In the advance Fall business being placed there is a good call reported for white lingerie, but there is also an active business being done in silk underwear for the new season. Following the general trend toward the "fluffier" type of women's apparel, many of the "numbers" in the Fall lines of silk lingerie make use of dainty laces as trimmings.

More Goods Orders Placed.

The past week, according to mill selling agents, has seen more cutters-up in the market for Fall coatings. The buying is partly the outcome of the favorable turn to the labor situation and partly realization that there may be considerable difficulty in getting requisite amounts of desirable fabrics later on. The mills expect purchasing to increase materially between now and Aug. 1, and some of them, in preparation for the demand particularly around the latter date, have put more of their machinery to work. Nothing looking to the piling up of stock, however, is being done by the mills.

Export Business Not Large.

Although the export end of the cotton goods business is now a little more brisk than it was recently, not nearly so much buying activity is seen as was the case up to a few weeks ago. Latin and Central American countries continue to supply the bulk of the demand, which runs very largely into calls for gray and colored drills, gray sheetings, &c. Some West Coast business is coming from Peru, but most of the orders and inquiries are received from Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay, Venezuela and Colombia. Fair orders are also reported from the West Indies, but the indications are that trade in cotton goods with the Philippines, as well as with other Far Eastern markets and the Levant, could easily be much more active than it is.

Gray Goods Continued Quiet.

Gray goods continued quiet in the local market yesterday, with first hands doing most of the trading at levels which were distinctly second hand earlier in the week. Printcloth business of the day included a few 38½-inch 64-80s at 8⅝ cents, some 39-inch 68-72s at 9 cents, and 39-inch 72-76s at 11¼ cents. Selling continued more or less steady on the basis of 10¼ cents for 37-inch 4s-square, four-yard goods, with business done in that construction at the price given. The same figure was also paid for 37-inch 3.95-yard drills. Sales of 38-inch 4.15-yard sheetings were put through at 7 cents. In the rest of the market there was little activity.

Higher Priced Shoes Doing Best.

Although the reverse is true in many other lines of merchandise, the best business being done on men's shoes at the moment for Fall delivery is in the higher-priced lines. Just why this is so could not be explained yesterday, but it was said to apply just as much to the better lines in cases where greater lines are carried as in those where the line is made up entirely of high-grade footwear. As the season advances, more and more call is reported for high shoes which, while they usually sell better than low ones for Fall, appear to be outselling them even more than usual this year. More black shoes than for the last several seasons are also being sold, from all accounts, although a good volume of business is passing in tans. Houses handling kid shoes report a nice business in them also but, like in other shoe lines, it is being placed later than usual this year.

Hard Coal Seasonably Quiet.

Conditions in the anthracite trade are typical of the midsummer season in years when labor troubles are not a factor, Seward's Journal will say today. Demand is sufficient easily to absorb the output of some sizes, while other sizes are hard to move. The line companies are stocking a certain tonnage of the latter, and the independents are offering concessions in order to get rid of them. Some of the smaller operators are reported to have closed their collieries or put them on part time, but so far as can be learned none of the companies has had to curtail its mining activity. The bituminous market is fully as quiet as it was just before the Fourth, and some say it is even quieter.

Loft Sales Increase.

Sales of $1,929,128 were reported yesterday by Loft, Inc., for the quarter ended June 30 last, against $1,701,463 in the first quarter of this year and $1,527,819 in the second quarter of 1923. For the first half of the year sales totaled $3,630,591, against $3,301,396 in the first half of 1923.

THE WEEK'S PRICE TREND.

Changes Are Not Many, and None Was of Much Importance.

Not only were the changes shown in Dun's list of wholesale commodity prices fewer than usual this week, but they were more nearly equally divided between advances and declines than has been the case for some time. More than 300 items are quoted in the list, but only fifty-nine showed change this week. Of these thirty-one were declines. Last week there were forty-one declines in fifty-nine revisions. Non of the individual markets in the list showed any real excess of either advances or declines.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	$3.00	$3.00	$4.00
Beans, m., c. 100 lbs.	...	...	...
Butter, cream, ex., lb.	.40½	.41½	.39
B. O., c. to f. lb.	...	...	.34½
Cabbage, per bbl.	...	...	...
Cheese, w. m., spl., lb.	.20	.20	.25
Codfish, G.Bks.,100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	8.50
Coffee,			
Santos No. 4, lb.	.15¼	.15¼	.13
Eggs, nearby, doz.	.40	.40	.48
Flour, fan. Minn. fam	8.20	8.20	...
Onions, bag	2.50	2.50	...
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	7.00	7.00	4.00
Potatoes, bbl, new	3.00	3.25	6.50
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.07½	.07½	.07½
Tea, Formosa, fair lb.	.17	.17	.22
Tea, Japan, med. lb.	.50	.50	.50
Bacon, 14s dawn, lb.	.11¾	.11¾	.12½
Beef, steers, live, 100 lbs.	9.50	9.50	10.00
Hams, sug. cured, lb.	.15½	.15½	.16½
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	7.25	6.75	6.85
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	9.50	10.50	10.50
Barley, malting bu.	.93½	.90	.80½
Hay, No. 1, 100 lbs.	1.55	1.45	1.55
Rye, No. 2, bu.	.87½	.89½	.78½
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.28	.28	.35
Copper, electro, lb.	.12⅝	.12½	.14½
Zinc, lb.	.061	.061	.06½
Brass sheets, sq.	.15¼	.15¼	.18½
Cloths, pr., 54x60, yd.	.06½	.06	.06
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb.	.12½	.12	.14½
Hides, sown, hvy., lb.	.10½	.10½	.13½
Leath., sole, B.A., lb.	.36	.36	.43
Rubber, up-riv. fine, lb.	†.21½	†.20½	.26½
Flax, lst latex cr., lb.	†.21½	†.20	.25
Silk, Tsatlee, 1st, lb.	7.25	7.00	8.50
Silk, Japan, fil. No. 1,			
Sinshiu, lb.	5.00	5.20	7.80
Wool, Dom., sv. 98			
gre. lb.	.732	.732	.810

†Nominal.

Of the fifteen changes in the foodstuffs this week eight were declines. In the local market for provisions declines of 10 and 5 cents a barrel, respectively, took place in Spring patent and Winter soft straight flours. Middle Western lard was higher here, but hams and bacon did not change. At Chicago the only decline was in live sheep, with live hogs higher and live beef and mess pork unchanged. Short ribs were lower. In the changes in dairy products were again limited in number and without feature, consisting only of fractional declines in the best-listed butter and in first quality, fresh-gathered eggs. The only change in the lists for fresh and dried fruits was a rise in California prunes. In the vegetables a rise in choice red kidney beans was offset by a drop in choice white ones. The only other change listed in this division was a further decline of 25 cents a barrel in potatoes, this brought them down to $3 a barrel, against $6.50 at this time last year.

The beverage list continued to show no change for teas, while in the coffees the only change was a rise in No. 7 Rio. Sugars contributed advances in Zanzibar cloves and black Singapore pepper, with no declines indicated. No change was seen in fine granulated sugar, but 96-test raw sugar was lower.

The revisions in the grains consisted of advances in corn, malting barley and hay, and declines in wheat and rye. The leather list was quotably unchanged, but in the hides higher prices were asked for No. 1 native packer, No. 1 Texas, Colorado and branded cow stock. Tallow was higher.

All of the week's changes in the metals were downward. They consisted of declines in No. 1 pig iron, antimony, electrolytic copper and tin. The building materials in the list were bare of fluctuations either way, and the only change in the lumber list was a decline in long leaf yellow pine timbers.

Of the twelve changes in the combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils, six were advances and six declines.

Features were lacking, save for another drop of 25 cents a pound in menthol in cast lots. The only change in the naval stores was a rise in turpentine. Both Brazilian and plantation rubber were higher again this week, but they both are considerably lower than at this time in 1923. Chinese raw silk went up, but another break occurred in Japanese silks. Among the miscellaneous changes was another decline in English vermilion paint.

The feature of the week in the textiles was the downward trend of prices in several directions. Burlaps were easier in tone than at the end of last week, although prices on spot heavyweights were more nominal than actual. Some easing off in prices of unfinished cottons was also seen, and at the end of the week first hands were letting goods out at levels which were the second hand quotations at the beginning of it. The volume of business done, however, was not large.

NO JULY OPENING OF LIGHTWEIGHTS

Definite Announcement of This on the Part of the American Woolen Company.

The American Woolen Company will not open its lightweight lines in July, according to a definite statement received yesterday from Cornelius A. Wood, Vice President of the company, in response to inquiry made by THE TIMES. The opening date has not yet been set and the business season all around, Mr. Wood says, is about a month late, due to unfavorable weather and political activity. Ultimate consumption, however, continues at the high level of a year ago, he adds, and greater prosperity and increased business activity seem assured.

Mr. Wood's complete statement, from the offices at Shawsheen Village, Mass., follows:

"The American Woolen Company is not yet ready to announce the time of the opening of its lightweight season's lines. No date has as yet been set. When the date is fixed it will be promptly and opportunely announced. It will not be in July.

"The business season all around, from motors to fabrics, is about a month late this year, due among other things to unseasonable weather and Presidential campaigning.

"After these disturbing elements are over, we expect business to settle down, show its approval of the American Woolen Company policy not to reduce wages a third time, and thereby prosper from the tremendous consuming power of the American people which goes on regardless of the reserve characteristic of certain sections of the trade during these happenings.

"The American Woolen Company is strong in its cash resources and ultimate consumption continues to deplete stocks of cloth in the retailer's hands. In fact, statistics show that this ultimate consumption continues at the almost unprecedented high level of a year ago. Greater prosperity and increased business activity seem assured. Already those barometers of trade, the stock and bond markets, are on the up-grade.

"A study of the recent Government survey of world supplies of wools shows no immediate increase can be looked for in this raw material and, furthermore, there is a real and growing shortage in wools available, owing to diminishing supplies and increasing world manufacturing."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Hackawanna 1000.

ABILENE, Texas—Mims Dry Goods Co.: E. M. Mims, ladies' ready-to-wear; Imperial.
AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil Co.: A. J. Wilson, junior dresses; 1,116 B'way (B. M. Bostman).
AMARILLO, Texas—Regent Mode Shoppe: S. J. Brandy, women's ready-to-wear; 1,185 B'way (Pennsylvania).
BALTIMORE—United Cloak and Suit Co.: D. Brown, ladies' misses' silk cloth dresses for Fall; 1,236 B'way (Jobbers' Market).
BOSTON—Activity Frocks, Inc.: A. Bleecker, ladies' misses' silk cloth dresses for Fall; 1,225 B'way (Jobbers' Market).
BOSTON—Gordon Mfg. Co.: H. Gordon, women's dresses; Pennsylvania.
CHICAGO—Keith Bros. & Co.: Charles M. Levie, hats, caps, straw goods and gloves; Pennsylvania, Room 1721.
CHICAGO—Lieberman, Bros. and Schorett Co.: Isador Lieberman, mfr. cloth hats, caps and harvest hats; Pennsylvania, Room 1721.
CHICAGO—Goldstein & Kaptan: M. Kaplan, mfr. cloth caps, hats; Pennsylvania.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Union Co.: Miss L. Covert, coats, suits, dresses; 1,185 B'way (C. Lilienthal, Inc., Pennsylvania).
CUMBERLAND, Md.—Rosenbaum Bros.: S. Goldberg, notions, laces, ribbons, fancy goods; 1,170 B'way (W. J. Dunn); Pennsylvania.
DENVER, Col.—Daniels, Fisher Stores: J. S. Fishback, men's furnishings; 35 W. 39th; Pennsylvania.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.: G. Safinsky, mdse. mgr., jobs house dresses, cheap street dresses, Philippine underwear; 100 W. 23d.
EVERETT, Wash.—Grand Leader Dry Goods Co.: N. J. Blakman, knit underwear, hosiery, children's wear, furs, merchandise manager; Pennsylvania.
LOS ANGELES—Hart & Eisner Co.: E. Eisner, knit underwear, hosiery and infants' knit goods; Prince George.
McCRORY, Ark.—Arnof Bros.: H. Arnof, art embroidery; McAlpin.
PALMYRA, Pa.—Jay Yocker

Time Tested Investments

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Carolina Power & Light Co.

Comparative Statement of Earnings

Year Ended Dec. 31	Gross Income	Net Income
1913	$575,213	$240,655
1914	671,189	258,355
1915	761,938	321,443
1916	889,730	382,767
1917	1,053,844	471,727
1918	1,168,404	502,181
1919	1,409,465	558,099
1920	1,774,539	622,188
1921	1,869,187	638,978
1922	2,245,168	777,340
1923	2,634,493	1,029,017
1924*	2,797,058	1,170,881

*Twelve months ended May 31, 1924.

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
ELECTRICAL SECURITIES CORPORATION

Ninth Series due February 1, 1940
Tenth Series due February 1, 1941
Eleventh Series due February 1, 1942

Collateral Trust Sinking Fund 5% Bonds

Notice is hereby given as provided in Article IV of the Trust Indentures dated February 1, 1910, February 1, 1911 and February 1, 1912, between Electrical Securities Corporation and The Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Successor, Trustee, that bonds bearing the following serial numbers have been drawn for redemption and will be redeemed on and after August 1, 1924 at 103% of their par value and accrued interest upon presentation at the TRUST DEPARTMENT of the undersigned, 140 Broadway, New York City—

NINTH SERIES DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1940
1-3, 7, 13, 28, 29, 32, 36, 37, 43, 44, 45, 46, 55, 57, 58, 63, 129, 130, 131, 132, 147, 155, 176, 177, 178, 180, 181, 204, 215, 217, 221, 243, 245, 250, 251, 263, 264, 285, 287, 338, 346, 347, 348, 349, 356, 359, 361, 370, 373, 376, 377, 379, 382, 390, 391, 395, 433, 441.

TENTH SERIES DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1941
2-4, 21, 41, 49, 54, 60, 65, 87, 129, 134, 167, 182, 199, 271, 326, 338, 354, 384, 393, 463, 465, 466, 499.

ELEVENTH SERIES DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1942
K-11, 13, 38, 58, 96, 137, 141, 162, 176, 177, 180, 186, 187, 188, 195, 200, 221, 223, 229, 234, 238, 265, 295, 303, 312, 332, 360, 382, 394, 411, 420, 425, 426, 429, 436, 439, 442, 449, 464, 478.

Interest on the above bonds will cease on August 1, 1924 and the coupons maturing after said date will be null and void. Coupons due August 1, 1924 should be detached from these bonds and presented for payment in the usual manner.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
By WILLIAM C. POTTER, President.
Dated, July 10, 1924.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss:
I DO HEREBY CERTIFY that a certificate of dissolution of PULVERIZED FUEL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION has been filed in this office this day and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with Section One Hundred and Five of the Stock Corporation Law, and that it is dissolved.
GIVEN IN DUPLICATE under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this Twenty-fifth day of June, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-four.
(Seal) JOHN J. MACKRELL, Deputy Secretary of State.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Sales of Dollars and Purchases of Sterling Bring Sharp Upturn to That Exchange.

The most interesting and probably the most important development in yesterday's markets was the buoyant upswing in sterling which carried it through $4.36 to the highest price since May 19. The gain since July 1 now amounts to a little more than 4 cents to the pound. Improved conditions abroad and the cheerful news from the Premiers' conference were doubtless sympathetic factors in the day's advance. The most important, however, was the fact that London bankers were engaged all day in selling dollars in London and buying sterling here. The purpose is not yet obvious. It may be that London institutions are preparing thus early for their Autumn requirements. It may be, too, that some of the buying was to be attributed to the now well-grounded belief that the Bank of England discount rate will be advanced.

There is another factor in the international situation which probably had an effect on the sterling market yesterday. It is that American bankers, engulfed by a veritable flow of funds, have encountered increased difficulties in keeping these funds employed, and have finally sought the foreign markets where a spread of something like 1 per cent. above our own rates may be advantageously arranged. Doubtless these transactions have gone on, on a moderate scale, for some time, but only came to the surface when active bidding for sterling developed. It has been the experience of the last few weeks that any increase in the Federal Reserve ratios brings corresponding activity on the part of those seeking to loan funds in a market in which very keen competition has developed.

The reaction of the previous day in the stock market was not carried through yesterday. In fact, after irregularity during most of the morning, fresh buying of a determined sort appeared in the market leaders. Although transactions were not particularly heavy, stocks ended the day with fractional gains. It was particularly difficult to identify yesterday's buying in the market. Some of it, of course, was for account of those who were "waiting until after the convention" to buy stocks. Some of it was for account of those who had determined to get into the market on the first reaction. At any rate, it was the Wall Street view after the close that when the pressure of profit-taking and liquidation was lifted, stocks had "snapped back" in determined fashion. Public utility and railroad shares again were most in favor.

The reviews of trade and business, issued by the commercial reporting agencies yesterday, throw no light whatever on the well-advertised turn in industrial conditions. It was noted by Bradstreet's, for instance, that "continued warm weather and improved crops have made for fair retail trade and some slight increase in jobbing trade in Summer goods." It was pointed out at the same time, however, that midsummer holiday and vacation influences have been plainly visible during the week, and there has been a slowing down of mill, factory and mine operations. Dun's Review notes that "there has been no fundamental change in general business," but adds that "none is to be expected at this period of the year." Both of the agencies note that although the main trend of commodity prices continues downward, it is very much less pronounced than in previous weeks. Grain prices continued upward and they were joined in the upswing yesterday by the third member of the agricultural triumvirate, cotton. July corn now has gained approximately 4 cents since the publication of the Government's figures indicating a light crop. The report of the Canadian Government, estimating the condition of wheat at 92, compared with 105 per cent. at this time last year, found, of course, immediate reflection in our grain markets.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1924.

There was again no dearth of funds available for day to day accommodation on the Stock Exchange, but it failed to affect the rate, which continued at 2 per cent. Report had it, although it was unconfirmed, that some acceptance money was obtainable in the outside market at 1¾, where 1¾@1⅞ per cent. had prevailed previously. Rates for fixed periods were unchanged, with only fresh business reported for six months, a fair amount going at 3½ per cent. Business money markets were steady and without change.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday. Last.
2	2	2	2	2

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days ..... 2¾@3
4, 5 and 6 months ..... 3¼@3½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days ..... 2¾@3
4, 5 and 6 months ..... 3¼@3½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months ..... 3½@3¾
Other names, 4 to 6 months 4

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 3½; 60 to 90 days 3½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 3½; 60 to 90 days 3½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances 1¼
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	2½	2
60 days	2½	2
90 days	2½	2
Four months	2½	2¼
Six months	2¾	2¼
Non-member and private bankers.		
60-90 days	2¾	2¼

London Market.

Money in London ¾ off at 2¾ per cent.; short bills ⅛ up in bid, 3⅛@3⅜ per cent; three months' bills ⅛@⅛ off at 3⅛@3⅜ per cent.

Gold bullion 1d lower, at 94s 11d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a London price of 111⅝. Highest for the year to date, 116 1-3, on Jan. 21; lowest, 110⅝, on April 23. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102⅝, on Feb. 21, 1923.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $877,000,000; balances, $106,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $60,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $690,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ⅛d off at 34⅛d per ounce; New York price ⅛c up at 67c.

Range for 1924:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	35¼d May 21	27¾d Apr. 1
New York	67⅝c June 9	52⅝c Jan. 11

Range for 1923:

London	35¾d Dec. 19	25¼d Feb. 3
New York	69⅝c Mar. 27	52½c July 23

LIVERPOOL'S COTTON WEEK.

Reduction of 26,000 Bales in British Stocks Reported.

LIVERPOOL, July 11.—Weekly cotton statistics: British stocks, 490,000 bales, against 516,000 last week, 544,000 two weeks ago and 484,000 in this week a year ago, of which American, 205,000 bales, against 222,000 last week, 248,000 two weeks ago and 161,000 a year ago. Imports, 24,000 bales, against 28,000 last week, of which American, 14,000, against 8,000.

Forwarded, 42,000 bales, against 48,000, of which American, 28,000, against 29,000. Exports, 7,000, against 7,000, of which American, 2,000, against 4,000. Sales, 22,000, against 25,000, of which American, 12,000, against 15,000.

Erie Railroad Clerks Organize.

Six thousand clerks of the Erie Railroad have formed the Erie Clerks' Association to provide the machinery for settlement of grievances.

HAS ITS BEST HALF YEAR.

Lawyers Mortgage Company Earns $732,062, a Gain of $21,511.

The most successful six months in the history of the Lawyers Mortgage Company were reported yesterday by Richard M. Hurd, its President. Sales of guaranteed mortgages, including extensions, amounted to $33,128,558, and total outstanding mortgages to $187,055,020.

Net profits were $732,062, a gain of $21,511. There were $711,551 for the same period in 1923 and $552,644 in 1922.

Assets consisted of New York mortgages, $8,863,192; accrued interest receivable, $285,904; office buildings, $1,835,990; United States Treasury certificates, $1,011,812; cash, $1,988,814.

Dividend by Banking Concern.

The Equitable Eastern Banking Corporation has declared a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent., payable July 11 to stockholders of record June 30.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1924.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
811,327	932,200	1,016,561	318,200	806,643

Year to Date.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
122,970,814	136,705,949	144,311,108	98,743,140	130,086,107

1924 High.	Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Ask.
84¾	73¾	100	Adams Express (4)	83	83	83	83	−1¼	82	84
12½	6	100	Advance Rumely	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	−¼	5¼	6¼
81½	67¼	300	Air Reduction (4)	78½	78½	78½	78½	..	78	79
10½	4½	400	Ajax Rubber	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	..	6¼	7
75⅝	65	1,700	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	74	74	73¾	74	+⅛	74	74⅛
118	110	100	Allied Chem. & D. pf. (7)	118	118	118	118	+1¾	117	119
53⅝	41⅝	700	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	53	53	52½	52¾	−⅛	52⅞	53
17	7¼	500	Am. Agricult. Chemical	10⅝	10⅝	10	10	−⅝	10	11
49⅝	18⅝	300	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf	31½	31½	30¼	30¼	−⅞	29⅝	30½
33⅞	22¼	100	Am. Bosch Magneto	29	29	29	29	−1	28½	29
83⅝	76	400	Am. Brake Shoe & F. (5)	82	82	82	82	−⅛	81⅛	82
122⅝	95⅞	18,800	Am. Can (16)	113⅝	116	113¼	116	+2¼	116	116⅛
115⅞	109	300	Am. Can pf. (7)	114⅝	115	114⅝	115	..	114½	115
178	135¼	* 100	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	166	166	166	166	−⅝	166	167
23¼	14⅝	800	Am. Chicle (.)	21	23¼	21	23¼	+⅝	23	23⅝
111½	88	1,100	Am. Express (6)	110	110½	108⅝	110	+2	109½	110
107	63	6,000	Am. & F. Pow., 2d pf. (7)	103⅝	106⅝	103⅝	104⅝	+⅝	104½	105
108⅝	91½	1,000	Am. & F. Pow., full pd. (7)	103½	105⅝	103½	105	−1½	104	105⅝
65	50¼	100	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	56¼	56¼	56¼	56¼	−2¾	56½	57
96	86	200	Am. Ice (7)	89	89	89	89	−5	88	89½
25½	17⅝	1,100	Am. International	22	22	21⅞	21⅞	−⅛	21⅝	22
12¼	10	300	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	−⅛	10½	10⅝
22⅝	13⅝	1,900	Am. Linseed v.	18⅝	19⅝	18⅝	19⅝	+1⅛	19⅛	19½
45	30	900	Am. Linseed pf.	38	39½	38	39	+1⅝	39	39½
72⅞	70½	19,900	Am. Locomotive (6)	76⅝	79½	76⅝	79⅝	+3½	79½	79⅝
7⅞	5⅞	600	Am. Safety Razor (50c)	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	−½	6½	6⅝
67	57½	1,500	Am. Sm. & Ref. (5), ex d.	65	65⅝	65	65⅝	..	65⅝	65⅝
102½	96	100	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf. (7)	102½	102½	102½	102½	+⅛	102	106
40⅝	33⅞	300	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	35⅝	36⅞	35⅝	36⅞	+⅛	36	36⅝
104½	101¼	100	Am. Steel F. pf. (7)	103½	103½	103½	103½	−⅛	103	104
61⅛	35⅝	1,300	Am. Sugar Refining	43⅝	43⅞	43⅝	43⅞	..	43½	44⅛
99⅞	79	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf. (7)	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	+⅞	87	88⅝
28½	6⅝	3,100	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	8	8	6⅝	6⅞	−1⅛	6⅝	6⅞
69	27½	700	Am. Sumatra Tobacco pf.	31	31	27½	27½	−5⅛	25	28
130⅝	121⅛	4,700	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	123	123⅝	122⅝	123⅝	+⅞	123	123⅛
157	136½	200	Am. Tobacco (12)	144	144	144	144	−3⅝	143	144
153	135¼	800	Am. Tobacco, Class B (12)	138⅝	139⅝	138⅝	139⅝	+⅛	140	142
115⅛	40	2,200	Am. Water Works & Elec.	102⅛	108	102⅛	105	−3	105	106
99	68	800	Am. W. W. & E. pte.pf. (6)	95	95⅝	94	94	−3	93	94
78⅞	62	2,400	Am. Woolen (7)	71⅝	72	71⅛	71⅝	−⅝	71⅛	71⅝
8⅝	1½	5,700	Am. Writing Paper pf.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅛	5	−1⅛	4⅝	5
4½	2¼	1,400	Am. Writing Paper pf.ctfs.	3⅛	4½	3⅛	4	−⅛	3	4
41	28⅞	1,500	Anconia Copper	30	30⅞	30	30⅞	+⅛	30⅝	30⅞
34	25	300	Ann Arbor pf.	31⅛	31⅞	30	30	−⅛	30	35
34⅝	27⅝	400	Associated Oil (1½)	28	28	28	28	..	28	28¼
104⅝	97⅛	900	Atch., Top. & S. F. (6)	104⅛	104¼	103⅝	104⅛	..	104	104⅛
92½	86½	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. (5)	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	−⅛	90⅛	90⅝
2⅝	1⅝	200	Atlantic Birm. & At.	2	2	2	2	−⅛	1⅞	2
126	112	100	Atlantic Coast Line (18)	123⅛	123⅛	123⅛	123⅛	..	123⅛	123⅞
2⅛	1⅛	100	Atlantic Fruit ctfs.	1½	1½	1½	1½	−⅛	1½	1⅝
20⅞	10⅝	100	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	−⅛	19	19⅝
27⅝	12⅞	600	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I. pf.	25	25	24½	24⅝	−⅝	24⅛	25
149⅝	85⅝	5,200	Atlantic Refining (4)	88⅛	88½	87	88½	−⅝	88	88½
30	18⅝	2,400	Austin Nichols v.	21⅛	23	21⅛	22⅛	+⅛	22⅛	23
5⅛	1⅛	100	Auto Knitter Hosiery	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	−⅛	2⅛	2⅝
131	104⅝	16,700	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	114⅝	117	114⅝	116⅝	+1⅛	116⅝	116⅞
60½	52⅝	3,900	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	59	59⅝	59	59½	−⅛	59⅛	59⅝
59⅞	56⅝	200	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	59	59	59	59	..	58⅝	59
21⅝	18	1,700	Barnsdall Class A	20	20	19⅝	20	..	19⅝	20
327	299	25	Bank of Com. odd lot (16)	327	327	327	327	..	..	..
59	39⅝	100	Bayuk Cigars	41	41	41	41	+1	40	41
62⅞	45	1,700	Bethlehem Steel (5)	46	46½	46	46⅛	−⅛	46⅛	46½
97	89⅝	400	Bethlehem Steel pf. (7)	90⅝	91	90⅝	91	+⅛	90⅝	91
116	107¼	600	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	113⅝	114	112⅝	114	+1	113	114
22⅝	13½	1,600	Brooklyn-Man. Transit	22⅛	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	+⅛	22⅛	22½
70½	48⅝	700	Brooklyn-Man. Tr. pf. (6)	69	69⅝	69	69⅝	+⅛	68⅝	69
79⅝	56⅝	3,200	Brooklyn Union Gas (4)	78½	79⅝	78½	79⅝	+1½	77	79½
112⅞	97½	100	Burns Bros. (10)	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	+⅞	109	110
27	19⅝	100	Burns Bros. Class B (2)	25½	25½	25½	25½	−⅝	24	25½
20⅝	14	100	Butte & Superior	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+⅛	14½	15
23⅝	17	100	Butterick Co.	18	18	18	18	..	17⅝	19
87¼	84	100	California Packing (6)	84	84	84	84	−⅛	84	84½
25⅝	21⅝	2,900	Cal. Petroleum v. t. (4)	21⅝	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛	+⅛	21⅛	21⅝
107	94	100	Cal. Petroleum pf. (7)	95½	95½	95½	95½	−1⅛	95	97
5⅞	2½	200	Callahan Zinc & Lead	3½	3½	3½	3½	..	3½	3¾
54	52½	2	Canada So. odd lot (3)	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	..	53	55
150½	142⅝	1,000	Canadian Pacific (10)	148⅝	149	148⅝	149	+⅛	149	149⅛
27½	14	300	Case (J. I.) Thr. Mach.	19⅛	19	19	19	−2⅛	19	20½
17⅞	9⅝	300	Central Leather Co.	13⅛	13⅝	13⅛	13⅝	−⅛	13⅝	13⅞
49	29¼	300	Central Leather Co. pf.	46½	46½	46⅛	46½	−⅛	46	46⅞
48½	40⅝	700	Cerro de Pasco Cop (4)	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	..	46⅝	46⅞
60½	42⅝	1,100	Chandler Motor (6)	46⅝	47⅝	46⅝	47⅝	+1⅛	47	47½
85⅞	67⅝	17,400	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	82⅝	85½	82⅝	84⅝	+1⅛	84⅝	85¼
106⅞	95⅝	100	Do pref. (8%)	106½	106½	106½	106½	−⅛	106½	107
5⅞	3⅝	500	Chicago & Alton	4½	4½	4⅛	4⅛	..	4⅛	4⅝
12⅞	8⅝	600	Do pf.	11⅝	11⅝	10⅝	10⅝	−⅛	10⅝	11
30⅝	21	2,500	Chi. & East Illinois	29⅞	30⅝	29½	29⅝	−⅛	29⅝	30
51½	37	2,600	Do pf.	45½	48⅝	45½	46⅝	+⅞	46⅝	47⅝
6½	4	300	Chicago Great Western	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	−⅛	5⅛	5⅝
16⅝	10⅝	700	Do pf.	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	−⅛	15⅛	15⅝
18½	11⅝	300	Chi. Mil & St Paul	14½	14½	14⅛	14⅛	+⅛	14⅛	14½
30⅝	21⅝	1,800	Do pf.	24½	24⅝	24½	24⅝	+⅛	24⅛	24½
60⅝	49⅝	1,700	Chi & Northwestern (4)	57	58	57	58	+⅞	57⅝	58⅝
86	70⅝	100	Chicago Pneu Tool (5)	86	86	86	86	..	85½	..
31⅝	21⅝	3,100	Chi & N W & Pacific	30	30⅝	30	30⅝	..	30	30⅝
74	65⅝	300	Do pf (6)	73½	73⅝	73½	73½	+⅛	73½	74
38	29	200	Chi. St P. Minn & Om.	38	38	38	38	..	36½	38
61½	39	600	Chicago Yellow Cab	50	50	49	50	..	49½	50
28⅝	25⅝	2,100	Chile Copper (2½)	28⅛	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	..	28⅝	28½
77⅝	61	600	Coca-Cola (2)	73	73	73	73	+⅛	72⅝	73
49⅝	24¼	9,100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	46½	46⅝	46	46⅝	+⅛	46⅝	46⅞
36⅞	20	700	Colorado Southern	34	34	34	34	−⅛	34	35½
41½	33	9,000	Columbia Gas & El (2.60)	41⅛	41⅞	41	41½	+⅛	41⅛	41½
55⅝	44½	100	Columbian Carbon (4)	44½	44½	44½	44½	+⅛	44½	46⅞
65⅝	45½	300	Commercial Solvents A. (4)	62	62	62	62	−⅛	62	62⅝
56	35	1,100	Do B.	55	55½	55	55	+⅛	54	55⅞
66⅝	32⅝	1,700	Congoleum Co(3)	46⅝	46⅝	45¼	46⅝	+⅝	46⅝	47
35	30⅝	100	Com Invest Trust (63c)	35	35	35	35	+1	34½	35
98	93	100	Do pf (7)	96	96	96	96	−1	96	96⅝
22⅝	11⅝	100	Consolidated Cigar	16½	16½	16½	16½	−⅛	16¼	17
71⅞	60⅞	31,000	Consolidated Gas (5)	69⅝	71⅛	69⅝	70⅝	+1⅛	70⅝	70⅞
8	2⅝	1,800	Consolidated Textile	3½	3½	3½	3½	+⅛	3½	3½
60	43½	9,200	Continental Can (4)	53⅝	54⅝	53	54⅝	+1⅛	54½	54⅝
114	104½	100	Do pf (7)	110½	110½	110½	110½	+1⅛	109	110½
8⅝	6	500	Continental Motors (200)	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6½	−⅛	6½	6⅝
37⅝	31½	8,100	Corn Prod Refining (2)	33½	34⅝	33⅝	34⅛	+⅛	34½	34½
120⅞	115½	200	Do pf (7)	120	120	120	120	+⅛	119½	120
40½	23⅝	7,800	Cosden Co	26½	27	26½	27	+⅛	26½	27
71⅝	48	1,500	Crucible Steel (4)	54⅝	54⅝	54½	54⅝	+⅛	54½	54⅝
18	11⅝	900	Cuba Cane Sugar	13⅝	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	..	13	13¼
71⅞	53⅝	1,900	Do pf	60	61	59⅝	61	+⅝	60⅝	61⅛
38⅞	28⅞	1,300	Cuban Amer Sugar (8)	29⅛	29⅝	29⅛	29⅝	+⅝	29⅛	30
74½	52⅝	200	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	57	57	57	57	+⅛	57⅛	57⅝
32½	15	2,300	D Boone Woolen Mills (3)	15⅝	16	15	16	+⅛	15⅝	16
69½	41	24,300	Davison Chemical	55⅝	56⅝	53⅛	56	+3⅛	55⅞	56
120	104¼	110	Delaware & Hudson (9)	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	..	114	116
126⅞	110⅝	1,200	Del. Lack & Western (6)	121⅝	124	121⅝	124	+1½	123½	124
108⅞	102⅝	900	Detroit Edison Co (8)	104⅛	105	104⅛	104⅝	..	104½	104⅞
20⅝	15	300	Dome Mines (2)	16⅛	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	+⅝	16	16½
11⅝	9⅝	100	Douglas Pectin (1)	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	..	10⅛	10⅝
141⅞	112	2,300	Du Pont de Nemours (8)	126⅛	127⅝	126⅛	126⅝	..	126⅛	127⅛
89½	88	200	Du Pont de N. deb (6)	89	89	89	89	+1	88	89
112⅞	104½	300	Eastman Kodak (10)	107⅝	107⅝	107⅛	107⅛	−⅝	107⅛	107⅝
64	50½	100	Elec. Storage Bat. (4)	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	+⅛	57	57⅝
13⅛	11⅛	600	Elk Horn Coal	11⅝	12	11⅝	12	+⅝	11½	12⅝
115	105½	100	Endicott-Johnson pf (7)	108½	108½	108½	108½	+2	107½	108½
29⅝	20⅝	14,200	Erie	29⅛	29⅝	29⅛	29⅝	+⅝	29⅛	29⅝
37⅝	28⅝	2,900	Erie 1st pf	36⅞	37⅝	36⅞	37⅝	+⅝	36⅞	37
34½	25⅞	400	Erie 2d pf	34	34½	34	34½	+1	34⅛	34⅝
29⅝	25⅝	300	Fairbanks Morse (2.60)	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	+⅛	26½	27
81⅛	61	2,700	Famous Players L. (8)	79	79⅝	75⅝	79⅝	+⅝	79	79⅝
49⅝	41⅛	200	Fed. M. & S. pf (7)	44	44	44	44	−1	44⅛	45
13⅝	9½	3,000	Fifth Ave. Bus (64c) xd	12⅛	12⅝	11⅛	12⅝	..	12	12⅝
223⅛	163	100	Fisher Body (10)	180⅛	180⅛	180⅛	180⅛	+⅛	180	185
58⅝	44⅛	2,200	Fleischmann Co. (3)	56⅝	58⅝	56⅝	58½	+2	57⅝	58⅝
75⅝	66⅛	100	Foundation Co. (6)	70	70	70	70	+⅝	70⅛	71
13⅞	8	1,200	Freeport-Texas	9⅝	9½	9⅝	9½	+⅛	9⅝	9½
46⅝	35½	2,000	General Am. Tank Car (3)	38½	40⅝	38½	40⅝	+1	40⅛	41
96	92	200	GeneralAm.Tk. Car pf (7)	94	94½	94	94½	−1⅛	94	95½
46⅝	31⅝	7,100	General Asphalt	40⅛	42½	40⅛	42½	+2	42⅝	42⅝
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PLANS CORPORATION FOR FOREIGN LOANS

Proposed Concern to Advance Funds to Develop Industries Abroad, Promoter Says.

MANUFACTURERS TO HELP

Educational Campaign to Be Carried On to Interest American Investors in Foreign Securities.

What, it is asserted, will be the initial step in a broad-scale plan for the creation of a foreign loan market in this country, and one which, it is said, has the support of a half-dozen or more leading American manufacturers in basic industries, will be laid before the investment public soon in the form of a large debenture corporation whose purpose it will be to lend to nations at present unable to finance to the extent desired their own industries and developments.

The plan is being worked out here and, according to Franklin Remington, Chairman of the Board of the Foundation Company, the details may be expected before long. Mr. Remington declined to divulge the names of the manufacturers who are said to be interested in forming this corporation, explaining that these would be made public when the plan was in final shape for announcement. He said, however, that they would include "the leading American manufacturers of electrical supplies and railway equipment."

Mr. Remington made an address last month at Boston before the National Foreign Trade Council, of which James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation, is the head, in which he proposed that such a corporation be formed by manufacturers. Yesterday he said:

"Our foreign trade needs more help from the American banker, but most of all it needs more help from the American investor. Here you have to make very attractive inducements to get the American investor into foreign securities. Our investors at the present time do not understand foreign securities. And our American bankers will not buy them to offer here until they are certain they can be passed on to the investment public.

"An American Debenture Corporation is being planned and along with it is suggested that there be organized a corporation of foreign bondholders, would carry on an educational campaign to accustom the American public with foreign securities. It will go still further and be the means of supplying analytical information as to the merits of a proposed foreign loan to be sold here. In a sense this association or corporation will be a protective committee for the safeguarding of the American investor's investments, as the British corporation of bondholders does. The standing of this association would be very high, with full powers to blacklist a foreign security which failed to measure up to the requirements. The corporation of foreign bondholders would make records of existing outstanding bonds for purposes of comparison and analysis. It would use its good offices in cases where loans were in default or where it might develop that the loans might in future go by default."

The proceeds derived by foreign countries from loans placed in the United States would go for the purchase of American manufactured goods and American materials, Mr. Remington said. Detailed examination into the history of a large number of foreign loans made by Great Britain divulges few instances, according to Mr. Remington, in which money spent for manufactured articles was not spent on British products.

He explained that he was not speaking of loans made or to be made from refunding or other economic reasons, or for the purpose of helping these nations get on their feet who have been prostrated during the war. He meant, he said, loans for internal developments, for the building of railways, power plants, harbor improvements, sanitation and irrigation works, &c. The benefit to foreign trade, Mr. Remington asserted, and through that to industry in general, was an advantage which any forward looking nation must recognize.

The proposed debenture corporation is to be organized in cooperation with American bankers. Half of the capital would be taken, Mr. Remington has suggested, by the group of manufacturers. If the manufacturers comprising such a group are well known to the public for their financial strength and integrity, it should not be difficult, he said, to obtain from the investing public the other half of the capital required. Responsibility for the management of the corporation would rest with the manufacturers.

With the capital so acquired, the management would make its first purchase of foreign bonds issued solely for the purpose of purchasing American-made products, such as locomotives, rails, electrical machinery, cars, &c. These foreign bonds would be placed in trust and there would be issued against them as security the debentures or obligations of the debenture corporation.

WARNED NOT TO BUY STOLEN SECURITIES

National Surety Company Sends Out a Caution to Corporations and Individuals.

The National Surety Company sent out a warning yesterday to corporations and individuals, warning them that if they purchased stolen bonds, whether knowingly or unknowingly, they would run the risk of being held "accessory to the crime" in the theft of such bonds.

The warning was issued when the company learned, according to President E. A. St. John, that certain business concerns and persons had offered to purchase some of the several millions dollars of negotiable securities stolen from Wall Street financial houses. To play on the safe side, Mr. St. John said, all buyers of securities should make sure that title was clear.

"Our campaign of recovery has continued quietly but determinedly and every month or two a new lot of stolen or 'disappeared' bonds is recovered," he said. "Recently $150,000 of 'disappeared' bonds were returned to us. Because we had paid a Stock Exchange house for their loss under one of our surety policies, we have substantial interest in these returned bonds. The company has organized a Bureau of Recoveries to constantly warn stock brokers, investment houses, banks and investors generally not to buy stolen securities. By reason of this campaign of ours it has been dangerous for holders of stolen bonds to negotiate their sale."

The manner in which many of the stolen bonds are disposed of, he said, was through the thief selling them at "bargain rates" to some innocent buyer. Alfred Tyrrell and A. M. Birdsall, he said, are in charge of the Bureau of Recoveries and are watching all transactions in stolen bonds so as to prevent a free market for such bonds as had been expected by the thieves.

Ryan Heads Youngstown Concern.

William M. Ryan, formerly head of the Ryan Car Company, has been elected President of the Youngstown Steel Car Company.

WEEK'S NEW BONDS TOTAL $56,769,498

State and Municipal Issues Aggregated $20,269,489 and Foreign Loans $18,000,000.

$13,200,000 FOR UTILITIES

Several Preferred Stocks Feature the Offerings—Realty Mortgage Bonds Marketed.

The total of $56,769,498 new bond offerings this week fell below the $100,000,000 average of the preceding seven weeks. Last week's total was $101,340,000. A feature of the week was the offering of several issues of preferred stock by public utility companies. Financing by public utility companies, both through the sale of bonds and of preferred stock, has been a prominent factor in the market for new issues.

By groups the figures for this and last week compared as follows:

	This Week.	Last Week.
State and municipal	$20,269,489	$10,189,000
Railroad		11,838,000
Foreign	18,000,000	31,046,000
Public Utility	13,200,000	43,155,000
Miscellaneous	1,800,000	4,400,000
Industrial	1,500,000	16,000,000
Farm Loan		2,350,000
Totals	$56,769,498	$101,340,000

Two offerings of foreign bonds were made during the week and in both instances the bankers reported good demand. According to their reports, there has been excellent evidence so far this year that American investors, who have generally held fast to domestic securities, are losing some of their prejudices against foreign issues. The offering of $6,000,000 of Province of British Columbia bonds established a new gauge for that type of security. For the first time, an issue of $3,000,000 of these bonds was sold on a 4¾ per cent. coupon rate basis, offered to yield a shade above the 4.80 per cent. mark.

Considerable public utility financing remains to be done, according to bankers' reports. Three weeks ago they reported that virtually every public utility banking house was working on new issues; the situation today is little changed, although a substantial amount of this financing, about $82,000,000 in bonds alone, has been accomplished.

S. W. Straus & Co. are offering two issues totaling $500,000 of first mortgage 6 per cent. two and ten year serial coupon bonds of the Corey Arms, Inc., and Brooklina Realty Associates, Inc., the bonds being secured by the land and two apartment buildings in Boston.

M. M. Freeman & Co., Philadelphia, and Ludwig & Bauchle are offering $169,000 Perth Amboy (N. J.) 4¾ per cent. school bonds due July 1, 1926-1962, at prices to yield 4.25 to 4.35 per cent.

E. H. Rollins & Sons and Bond & Goodwin & Tucker, Inc., of San Francisco, announced yesterday the sale of their offering of $5,000,000 Los Angeles Gas and Electric Corporation preferred stock.

The West Side Trust Company of Newark, N. J., entered the highest bid yesterday for an offering by Essex County, N. J., of $958,000 of 4¼ per cent. hospital bonds; $144,000 of thirty-year 4½ per cent. park bonds, and $100,000 twenty-year and $200,000 twenty-nine-year 4½s.

Cambridge, Mass., awarded a $500,000 loan payable on Jan. 15 next, to the National Shawmut Bank of Boston at a discount of 2.36 per cent. plus a premium of $4.75.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1924.

	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
Day's Sales—					
United States Government bonds	$2,669,350	$3,599,750	$7,364,500	$3,399,500	$7,745,100
Other domestic bonds	7,340,500	3,413,000	7,566,000	2,783,000	1,810,000
Foreign bonds	2,082,000	827,000	2,329,000	947,000	978,000
Total all bonds	$12,091,850	$7,839,750	$17,259,500	$7,129,500	$10,533,100
Year to Date—					
United States Government bonds	$556,557,710	$467,755,510	$1,050,655,255	$1,034,343,430	$1,655,638,800
Other domestic bonds	1,119,977,700	909,744,150	1,070,209,200	453,816,200	312,109,000
Foreign bonds	263,456,700	276,322,900	357,493,800	164,342,700	163,975,300
Total all bonds	$1,938,992,110	$1,653,822,560	$2,478,358,255	$1,652,502,230	$2,131,723,100

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	High.	Low.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
105.1	Oct. 19,'23	86.4	June 2,'21	101.28	98.20	114 Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	101.13	101.16	101.10	101.16	—1	101.11	101.14	3.30
102.26	Oct. 19,'23	96.4	July 11,'21	101.20	98.20	Liberty 3½s, registered								
105.10	July 4,'23	93.00	May 15,'22	102.10	97.07	1 Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47						102.00		3.67
101.10	July 24,'23	92.30	May 19,'22	98.10	97.30	1 Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg.								
102.18	July 2,'23	91.12	May 20,'20	102.13	96.5	3 Lib. 2d cv. 4s, 1927-42	101.7	101.7	101.7	101.7	—5	101.7	101.13	3.54
100.20	June 18,'24	91.12	May 21,'20	100.24	96.5	1 Lib. 2d cv. 4s, reg.								
102.10	June 16,'24	90.00	June 4,'20	102.00	96.30	1 Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, 32-47						101.00	102.00	
102.12	June 27,'24	94.00	May 21,'20	102.12	96.5	98 Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	102.4	102.4	101.30	101.31	—3	101.31	102.3	3.56
102.1	June 26,'24	94.00	July 30,'20	102.1	96.4	1 Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.								
101.25	June 26,'24	91.12	May 20,'20	101.25	96.4	791 Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	101.12	101.16	101.9	101.11	—2	101.11	101.12	3.76
101.10	June 27,'24	92.11	Dec. 23,'20	101.10	96.7	1 Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	101.7	101.7	101.7	101.7	—5			
102.12	June 27,'24	92.20	Dec. 20,'20	102.12	96.5	555 Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	102.5	102.5	102.00	102.5		102.3	102.5	3.67
102.9	July 1,'24	92.12	May 19,'20	102.9	96.6	3 Lib. 1st 4¼s, reg.	102.00	102.00	102.00	102.00	—5			
100.18	June 16,'24	89.60	May 20,'20	102.18	94.8	905¾ Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	102.5	102.5	101.20	102.2	—1	102.2	102.3	3.98
102.13	June 16,'24	92.13	May 20,'20	102.13	96.20	1 Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.								
105.18	June 14,'24	96.1	May 21,'20	105.18	99.5	149 Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	104.22	104.22	104.18	104.22	—3	104.19	104.22	3.94
105.1	June 27,'24	99.30	Apr. 25,'23	105.1	99.13	1 Treasury 4¼s, registered								

Beginning March 22, 1923, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty Bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures at highest and lowest prices during 1924 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s, 1945	1.... 85¾	7s, 1942	1.... 65¼	19.... 32	s f 6s, 1972	Rep Bolivia	5s, 1948	Switzerland			
3.... 83¼	2.... 85¾	2.... 96	Framerican Industrial	2.... 91¾	2.... 85¾	1.... 91¾	2.... 98	Govt extl loan, temp			
2.... 83¼	3.... 85¾	3.... 86¾	Deer temp deb 7½s,	2.... 92¾	3.... 86¾	2.... 91¾	Rep Panama extnl sec s f 6½s, 1953	5.... 81¼			
s f 6s, ser A, temp 1957	2.... 85¼	20.... 83¾	1942	2.... 93¼	4.... 86¾	3.... 91¾	trust ctfs	10.... 81¼			
5.... 83¼	City of Lyons 6s, 1924	1.... 86¾	13.... 63¼	Kingdom of Norway s f 6s, 1940	5.... 87¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 100	25.... 96			
8.... 83	1.... 85¾	Dom Rep 5½s, 1942	French Gov 7½s, 1941	1.... 97¼	10.... 87¾	2.... 90¾	2.... 100¾	45.... 96			
40.... 82¾	Cy of Rio de Janeiro s f 6s, 1940	1.... 85¾	2.... 80¾	2.... 97¾	1.... 87¾	Rep Chile s f 6s, 1942	5.... 100¾	11.... 96¼			
7.... 82¾	1.... 85¾	term ctfs	3.... 80¾	Jurgens (Ant) Un Mar Wks 6s, 1947	2.... 98	1.... 87¾	Rep El Salvador s f 8s, 1948	34.... 96			
3.... 82	8.... 81	Dom of Canada 5s, 1926	10.... 80¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 97¾	2.... 98	Rep Uruguay s f 8s, 1946	Kingdom of Serb, Croat & Slovene 8s, 1962			
5.... 82¾	2.... 95¾	3.... 101¾	16.... 80¾	2.... 98	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	1.... 109¾	1.... 104¾			
7s, 1929	2.... 95¾	10.... 101¾	9.... 80¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	1.... 109	4.... 104¾			
5.... 103¾	2.... 95¾	1926	1.... 80¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	St Quentin 4s, 1937	U S of Brazil 15s, 1952			
1 (c) 103¾	1.... 95¾	5½s, 1929	1.... 80¾	Kingdom of Belgium 5s, 1925	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 102	1.... 109¾			
1.... 103¾	1.... 94¾	3.... 101¾	1.... 80¾	3.... 100¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	4.... 101¾	1929			
Austrian Govt s f 7s, 1943	1.... 94¾	10.... 101¾	1.... 80¾	5.... 100¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	1.... 101¾	1.... 109¾			
25.... 104	s f 6s, 1947	5s, 1931	1.... 80¾	5.... 100¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 101¾	1.... 109¾			
3.... 82	2.... 102¾	20.... 101¾	1.... 80¾	2.... 100¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	1.... 101¾	1.... 109¾			
1.... 82¾	2.... 102¾	2.... 101¾	1.... 80¾	11.... 100¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	1.... 101¾	1.... 109¾			
35.... 82	1.... 91¾	5s, 1936	1.... 80¾	1.... 100¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	1.... 101¾	1.... 109¾			
1.... 82¾	1.... 92	10.... 102¾	1.... 80¾	2.... 100¾	1.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	1.... 101¾	1.... 109¾			
7.... 82¾	City of Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1952	10.... 102¾	6s, 1945	15.... 100¾	14.... 83	Rep Colombia 6½s, 1927	1.... 101¾	1.... 109¾			
1.... 82	10.... 99¾	10.... 102¾	3.... 102	7½s, 1945	2.... 85¾	1.... 98¾	State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	1.... 109¾			
Chinese Ry 5s, 1951	5.... 99¾	5.... 102¾	1.... 102	1.... 105¾	6.... 85¾	Rep Cuba 5s of 1904	15.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
1.... 46¼	1.... 99¾	Dutch East Indies s f 6½s, 1933	2.... 102¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 84	4½s, 1949	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
Cy of Bergen 8s, 1945	1.... 99¾	1.... 102¾	1.... 102¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
1.... 100	1.... 99¾	2.... 102¾	2.... 102¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
11.... 110	1.... 99¾	Holland Amer 25 yr s f 6s, 1931	1.... 102¾	Kingdom of Hungary s f 7½s, 1944	2.... 84¾	Rep Finland s f 6s, 1945	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
Cy of Berne 8s, 1945	1.... 99¾	1.... 74	Jap Gov 4s sterling loan 1931	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
Cy of Bordeaux 6s, '34	Cy of Tokio 5s, 1952	1.... 74	1.... 102	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
1.... 86	1.... 97	2.... 102¾	2.... 102¾	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
1.... 85¾	2.... 96¾	2.... 102¾	2.... 102¾	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
Cy of Copenhagen 5½s, 1944	2.... 96¾	2.... 102¾	2.... 102¾	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
1.... 93	1.... 96¾	2.... 102¾	temp s f 6½s 1946	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
3.... 93¾	Danish Mun s f 8s, series A, 1946	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
5.... 93	1.... 109	1.... 92	1.... 92	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
1.... 92¾	2.... 108¼	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
Cy of Greater Prague 7½s, 1952	Dept of the Seine temp 6s, 1947	2.... 91¾	2.... 91¾	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
3.... 90¼	1.... 95¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			
Cy of Marseilles 6s, '34	2.... 95¾	2.... 91¾	2.... 91¾	1.... 105¾	2.... 84¾	1.... 97¾	1.... 99¾	1.... 109¾			

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y State 4s, 1962	All Cat L 1st 4s, 1932	2.... 123¾	Chi Ind & Lou 1st & gen 6s, 1966	7½s, 1927	5.... 60¾	Illinois Bell Tel 1st & ref 5s, 1956	5½s, ser C, 1953	5.... 61¼			
1.... 103	12.... 91¾	1.... 133	1.... 99¾	1.... 101¼	13.... 61	5.... 61¼					
N Y City 4½s, Nov 1957	Ts, 1930	Butt Rock & Pit con 4½s, 1951	Chi M & St P Gen 4s, Ser A, 1989	Consolidated Coal ref 5s, 1950	cv 5s, Ser D, 1963	1.... 97¾	1.... 93¾	10.... 61¼			
2.... 108	Lo & N col 4s, 1952	17.... 87¾	10.... 72¾	5.... 87¾	5s of '06.... 60¾	2.... 97¾	2.... 93¾	10.... 61¼			
1937	1.... 106¾	17.... 87¾	4s, 1925.... 79¾	Cons Tob s f 6s, 1951	10.... 60¾	22.... 97¾	5.... 93¾	10.... 61¼			
4.... 106¾	1.... 99	10.... 88	20.... 79	5 58	Erie & Jer s f 6s, 1955	3.... 97	1.... 93¾	10.... 61¼			
Alas Pub s f 8s, 1936	Atlantic Fruit 7s, 1934	Bur C R & Nth col trust 5s, 1934	20.... 79¾	Leg 1st & ref 6½s, Ser A, 1943	5s, 1963	1.... 97¾	1.... 97¾	10.... 61¼			
1.... 84	Columbia Tr Co ctfs	4½s, 1936	1.... 68¾	2.... 96¾	Fed L & Trac 6s, stpd, '43	1.... 97¾	1.... 97¾	10.... 61¼			
2.... 84	1.... 27¾	1.... 68¾	conv 6s, Ser B, 2014	2.... 96¾	1.... 95¾	1.... 97¾	Illinois Cent ext 4½s, 1951	5 (c) 58			
Am Ag Ch 7½s, 1941	Atlantic Ref deb 5s, 1937	Bush Ter Bldg 5s, 1960	10.... 68¾	10.... 96¾	1.... 95¾	1.... 97¾	3½s, 1953	31			
4.... 87¾	10.... 98	1.... 98¾	1.... 68¾	5.... 96¾	2.... 95¾	1.... 97¾	5 (c) 58	31			
4.... 87¾	Gal O & Elec 5s, 1937	98¾	ref 4½s, 2014	5.... 96¾	Fla Cent & P con 5s, 1943	1.... 97¾	ref 4s, 1955	31			
4.... 87¾	Balt & Ohio prior lien 4½s, 1925	53¾	5s, 1934	5.... 96¾	3.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	Lehigh Cent ext 4½s, 1941	1.... 96¾			
3.... 87¾	1.... 99¾	Calif Petrol temporary s f 6½s, 1933	1.... 99	Consumers Pwr un 5s, Ser C, 1952	Fonda, Johns & Gloversville 1st gen ref 4½s, 1952	10.... 96	2.... 96¾	2.... 96¾			
Am Chain s f 6s, 1933	151.... 99¾	98¾	1.... 99	5.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	4s, 1933	40.... 94¾			
5.... 95	gold 4s, 1948	Camaguey Sug 1st s f 7s, 1942	Chic & N W ex 4s, 1987	5.... 96¾	Ft Wh & B G 1st 4s, 1923	2.... 96¾	5½s, 1934	10.... 96¾			
5.... 94¾	5.... 87	2.... 94¾	5.... 94¾	4.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	Ill Cent & Chi St L & N O ref 5s, Ser A, 1963	1st & ref 5s, 1934	10.... 96¾			
Am Republics deb 6s, 1937	20.... 80¾	2.... 94¾	gen 5s, 1987	Cuba Cane Sug, conv 7s, 1930	Ft Wh & D 1st 5½s, 1961	2.... 96¾	1.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
1.... 92¾	conv 4½s, 1933	Canadian Gen Elec deb 6s, series A, '42	1st & ref 5s, 2037	1.... 94¾	8.... 105¼	2.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
4.... 92¾	1.... 88¾	8.... 105¼	1.... 95¾	2.... 94¾	Fran Sugar 1st s f 7½s, 1942, int ctfs	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
Am Smelt & Rf, 1st 5s, 1947	4.... 87¾	Canadian Nor 6½s, 1946	2.... 95¾	2.... 95¾	1.... 101¼	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
30.... 94	3.... 87¾	10.... 114	3.... 95¾	3.... 95¾	1.... 101¼	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
4.... 105¼	1.... 85¾	7s, 1940	3.... 95¾	4.... 99¾	Gen Baking 1st 6s, 1936	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
1.... 105¼	3.... 85¾	1.... 114	1.... 109¾	5½s, 1926	19.... 109¾	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
4.... 105¼	12.... 85¾	4.... 113¾	6½s, 1926	6.... 110¼	Gen Elec deb 5s, 1952	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
Am Sugar Ref 6s, 1937	5.... 85	1.... 114	1.... 116	7s, 1930	3.... 103	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
3.... 99¾	6s, 1923	Canadian Pac deb 4s, perp	6.... 110¼	Cumberld Tel 5s, 1937	1.... 101	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
3.... 100¼	5.... 102¾	2.... 80¾	7s, 1930	1.... 96¾	Goodrich B F 6½s, 1947	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
3.... 100¼	5.... 102¾	2.... 80¾	Chic Rys 5s, 1927	1.... 107¼	10.... 77¼	Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s, 1943	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾		
10.... 100¼	5.... 102¾	2.... 80¾	Chi R I & P Ry ref 4s, 1934	10.... 77¼	1.... 96¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	1.... 102¾	2.... 80¾	1.... 81¼	1.... 81¼	20.... 90	cv 5s, 1935	1.... 97¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾		
6.... 96¾	ref & gen 6s, 1965	Car Clinch & Ohio 5s, ser A, 1952	1.... 81¼	1.... 81¼	5.... 97	5.... 97	Goodyear Tire & Rub temp s f 8s, 1931	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾		
2.... 96¾	11.... 100¾	1.... 102	1.... 81¼	1.... 81¼	1.... 97¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
6.... 96¾	8.... 100¾	1.... 101¼	1.... 81¼	1.... 81¼	1.... 97¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
7.... 96¾	55.... 100¾	2.... 101¼	1.... 81¼	1.... 81¼	1.... 97¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
1.... 96¾	8.... 100¾	Cent of Ga Ry ref & gen 5½s, temporary, 1959	1.... 81¼	1.... 81¼	1.... 97¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
1.... 96¾	1.... 100¾	6s, 1959	1.... 81¼	1.... 81¼	1.... 97¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
col tr 5s, 1949	1.... 62	10.... 102¾	1.... 81¼	1.... 81¼	1.... 97¾	1.... 97¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
10.... 100¾	City of Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1952	1.... 100¼	6s, 1945	15.... 100¾	14.... 83	Rep Colombia 6½s, 1927	1.... 96¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾		
s f 5½s, 1943	10.... 102¾	3.... 102	7½s, 1945	2.... 85¾	1.... 98¾	1.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
1.... 102¾	4.... 100¾	1.... 105¾	1.... 105¾	6.... 85¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
1.... 102¾	2.... 102¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 85¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
2.... 102¾	City of Rio de Janeiro 8s, 1946	2.... 105¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 85¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
8.... 102¾	1.... 99¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 85¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
3.... 102¾	1.... 99¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 85¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
3.... 102¾	1.... 99¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 85¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
10.... 102¾	1.... 99¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 85¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
1.... 102¾	4.... 99¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 85¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
1.... 102¾	trust rects	2.... 105¾	2.... 105¾	2.... 85¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 98¾	2.... 96¾	10.... 96¾			
cv 6s, 1925	11.... 88¾	Holland Amer 25 yr s f 6s, 1931	1.... 74	Jap Gov 4s sterling loan 1931	1.... 102	1.... 102	1.... 102	1.... 102			
1.... 110¾	10.... 88	1.... 102¾	1.... 102¾	1.... 102	1.... 102	1.... 102	1.... 102	1.... 102			
2.... 110	2.... 89¾	2.... 102¾	2.... 102¾	1.... 102	1.... 102	1.... 102	1.... 102	1.... 102			
Am Water Wks & Elec col tr 5s, 1934	2.... 89¾	2.... 102¾	temp s f 6½s 1946	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾			
4.... 81¾	1.... 89¾	2.... 102¾	1.... 92	1.... 92	1.... 92	1.... 92	1.... 92	1.... 92			
Am Wr Paper 6s, 1939	1.... 89¾	2.... 102¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾			
10.... 50	1.... 89¾	Dutch East Indies s f 6½s, 1933	41.... 62	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾			
2.... 50¼	1.... 89¾	1.... 102¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾			
2.... 50¼	4.... 99	2.... 102¾	2.... 92	2.... 92	2.... 92	2.... 92	2.... 92	2.... 92			
1.... 51	1.... 89¾	2.... 102¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾			
1.... 52	1.... 89¾	Holland Amer 22 yr s f 6s, 1931	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾	1.... 91¾			
temp ctfs	1.... 89¾	1

ROCK ISLAND BUYS 185-MILE IOWA LINE

Agrees to Pay $2,758,000 in Bonds for the Keokuk & Des Moines Railroad.

LEASE PROVED TOO COSTLY

Negotiations for Purchase Began After the Rock Island Refused to Renew It.

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company agreed yesterday to take over the Keokuk & Des Moines, a 185-mile property, paying the bondholders of the Keokuk & Des Moines about $2,750,000 of 4 per cent. readjustment bonds of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific for the property.

The bondholders of the Keokuk & Des Moines are to proceed with the foreclosure proceedings on the Keokuk & Des Moines as planned. The sale should be held not later than the last of August or the first part of September. After the bondholders have acquired control of the property they will in turn deliver it to the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, that railroad paying the bondholders one readjustment 4 per cent. bond of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific for every Keokuk & Des Moines bond now held. The Rock Island has further agreed that it will refund to the bondholders any interest they lost since the regular payments on their bonds ceased.

Members of the committee of the bondholders of the Keokuk & Des Moines who negotiated the deal with the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific officials included F. J. Lisman, F. W. Matteson, Samuel Sloan and R. B. Lanier. The committee has been at work on a reorganization since last October, and it was stated yesterday that their work would be completed within one year of that time, barring unforseen delays.

The committee to protect the interests of the bondholders was organized when the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific refused to renew its forty-five-year lease, which expired Oct. 1, 1923. Under the terms of this lease the Rock Island paid to the Keokuk & Des Moines 25 per cent. of the gross earnings on the property. Officials of the Rock Island held that this sum was so great that the road could no longer afford to continue such a rental.

Then a temporary lease was made with the Rock Island whereby that railroad paid $10,000 a month for the use of the property.

WHEAT CROP MONEY GIVES WEST NEW LIFE

Marketing From Kansas Fields Begins and the Banks Receive Instant Benefit.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 11.—The prosperity of the Middle West is quickening with new life as the golden stream of Kansas wheat begins pouring through its arteries. The flow of new grain rapidly is being turned into cash. More than 600 carloads of wheat were received in Kansas City Monday. The average daily receipts now are running about 400 carloads, against 200 at the corresponding time last year. Receipts soon will amount to nearly 1,500 cars a day.

Liquidation of debts began almost with the sales of the first carloads of grain. Kansas City banks report numerous instances of partial liquidation by country banks in Kansas and Oklahoma in the last week. One large bank reports several liquidations of $25,000 or more each this week. Other banks report a similar prompt reducing of debts by country, banks.

In the face of a national shortage of 121,000,000 bushels of wheat compared to last year's crop, the Kansas City territory is blessed with a yield of nearly 86,000,000 bushels more than last year. Farmers are optimistic over the probability of higher prices in view of the national shortage.

EXCHANGE LISTINGS DECLINE THIS YEAR

Total for First Half $1,408,207,000, Against $1,884,144,000 in 1923.

Although the offering of new issues of bonds and stocks has been heavy in the last two months, the total of listings of new stocks and bonds on the New York Stock Exchange for the first half of 1924 was below the corresponding figures of both 1923 and 1922. The 1924 total for the half year was $1,408,207,440, representing a decrease as compared respectively, with the same periods of 1923 and 1922 of $475,936,540 and $159,425,340. The record half-year of new listings was made in 1917, when the listing of foreign bonds was exceptionally heavy.

The following table, compiled by Dow, Jones & Co., shows the listings by groups for the first half of the last four years:

	Year.	Bonds.	Stocks.	Total.
1924		$966,294,000	$451,913,000	$1,408,207,000
1923		1,009,802,000	874,342,000	1,884,144,000
1922		999,900,000	566,733,000	1,566,633,000
1921		778,404,000	496,422,000	1,274,826,000

The 1924 listings for the first half-year were composed of $271,524,000 of foreign bonds, including $100,000,000 of Dominion of Canada gold 5s; $223,104,000 railroad bonds, $323,823,500 public utility bonds, $113,542,300 industrial bonds, $24,000,000 industrial notes, $32,545,060 railroad stock, $112,337,715 public utility stock and $307,027,645 in industrial and miscellaneous stock.

RAILROAD'S INCOME UP.

Ann Arbor Earned $2 a Share on Its 5 Per Cent. Stock Last Year.

Net income of the Ann Arbor Railroad for 1923 was $80,005, equivalent to $2 a share earned on the $4,000,000 5 per cent. stock, compared with $46,170, or $1.15 a share, in 1922. The income account compares as follows:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
Oper. revenues	$5,602,575	$5,053,181	$5,122,111
Oper. exp., tax, &c.	4,757,683	4,330,441	4,468,493
Net oper. inc.	117,533	186,343	56,161
Net income	80,005	46,170	19,049

Total assets were $21,600,912, of which the road and equipment represented $19,634,121, the investment in affiliated companies $474,440, and materials and supplies $503,338.

Public Offering in Stores Merger.

Public offering of securities in connection with the recent acquisition of the P. H. Butler Company and the United States Stores Corporation is looked for by Pittsburgh bankers, according to information received yesterday from Pittsburgh.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

R. I. Outwater, of the firm of Outwater & Wells, leaves today on the Rotterdam for a two months' trip abroad.

Jerome B. Sullivan of the firm of Jerome B. Sullivan & Co. has been commissioned a Lieutenant Colonel, Signal Corps, National Guard, New York State. Mr. Sullivan served with distinction overseas during the war, receiving the Croix de Guerre.

Mayer & Heinen have issued for distribution to investors a special circular analyzing the investment position of the securities of the American Gas Company.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	67.36	66.47	67.04	+.29
25 industrials	113.16	112.28	112.91	+.34
50 stocks	90.25	89.37	89.97	+.32

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 10	90.62	89.88	89.88	-.50
July 9	90.58	89.59	90.16	
July 8	90.53	89.74	90.16	+.57
July 7	89.97	89.06	89.59	+.40
July 3	89.31	88.97	89.19	+.10
July 4	Holiday.			
July 5	89.29	88.47	89.08	+.10

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
July	90.62 July 10	88.47 July 5	89.97
1923	82.54 July 23	71.27 July 31	77.62
1922	84.50 July 31	79.80 July 5	83.57
1921	85.80 July 7	61.54 July 13	65.76
1920	96.08 July 9	79.37 July 27	79.96

YEARLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1924	90.62 July 10	82.96 Apr. 22	89.97
†1923	93.52 Mar. 6	75.82 July 5	79.98

Full Years.

	High.	Low.	Last.
1923	93.52 Mar. 6	75.16 Oct. 29	84.15
1922	85.06 Oct. 16	66.51 Jan. 10	83.56
1921	71.13 May 9	59.35 June 21	65.80
1920	94.01 Apr. 8	62.70 Dec. 22	67.92
1919	91.59 Nov. 5	80.73 Jan. 21	89.69

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	80.73	+.13	+.20	+4.49

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

July 10	80.88 +.10	July 3	80.48	-.06
July 9	80.68 -.11	July 2	80.54	+.04
July 8	80.80 +.09	July 1	80.59	-.06
July 7	80.71 +.18	June 30	80.64	-.06
July 5	80.53 +.05	June 28	80.70	+.04
July 4	Holiday.	June 27	80.66	+.08

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1924	80.88 July 10	76.95 Jan. 2	80.73
†1923	79.43 Jan. 3	75.05 July 5	78.24

Full Years.

	High.	Low.	Last.
1923	79.43 Jan. 3	75.05 Oct. 2	78.71
1922	82.54 Aug. 22	75.01 Jan. 3	79.12
1921	76.31 Nov. 29	67.56 June 30	75.37
1920	78.14 Oct. 21	65.37 May 21	66.88
1919	79.65 June 2	71.68 Dec. 7	72.09

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
10 Govt. issues	100.02	+.14	+1.00	+.25

DAILY RANGE OF 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

July 10	100.16 +.01	July 1	100.46 -.04
July 9	100.15 -.02	June 30	100.50 -.06
July 8	100.17 -.03	June 28	100.55 +.12
July 7	100.20 -.15	June 27	100.43 -.01
July 5	100.35 +.04	June 26	100.44 -.28
July 4	Holiday.	June 23	100.16 +.15
July 3	100.31 -.02	June 24	100.01 -.06
July 2	100.33 -.13	June 23	100.07

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1924	100.55 June 26	97.51 Jan. 5	100.02
†1923	100.14 June 7	96.92 Jan. 30	99.77

Full Year.

	High.	Low.	Last.
1923	101.14 June 7	96.92 Jan. 30	97.32

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

H. S. Kimball Heads U. S. Stores.

Harry S. Kimball has been made President and General Executive of United States Stores System, it was announced yesterday. He was formerly President of the Remington Arms Company and Vice President of the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Scrap Steel Higher.

The market for scrap steel was firmer yesterday, heavy melting steel being 50 cents higher, at $15.50 a ton at Chicago.

EXPERTS TO CONFER ON TRAIN CONTROL

Engineers of Railways and Manufacturers Invited to Meeting in September.

FINDINGS TO BE EXCHANGED

Roads Which Have Used or Experimented With Automatic Devices Will Tell Experiences.

In order that the railroads of the United States may have the best and safest automatic train control devices possible, experts representing railroads and manufacturing companies have been called into a conference at Swampscott, Mass., on Sept. 24. The conference, to which will be invited representatives of more than 1,000 railroads, will attempt to bring together all available information on the automatic control of trains so as to eliminate accidents, regardless of what may happen to the men in charge of the train.

One entire day and evening will be given to the discussion of the problems growing out of train control, and it is hoped to produce ideas that will be of assistance to all railroad men in solving the question of train control, which has so forcibly been put before them by the two orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission to install it without delay.

The conference is to be held under the direction of the Signal Division of the American Railway Association and will be the feature of a three-day session of that section. The program will be arranged under the direction of W. M. Vandershuis, Chairman; W. M. Post, First Vice Chairman; A. H. McKeen, Second Vice Chairman, and H. S. Balliet, Secretary.

The discussion of train control will be divided into three parts. In the first division will be papers by train control men from the roads already employing automatic control. The methods and the success of the various types of operation will be reviewed by the representatives of the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific.

A number of railroads have made extensive experiments with automatic train control. The second section of the program will be given over to them. Representatives of the Pennsylvania, the New York Central, the Southern Pacific, the Chicago & North Western and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe will speak.

So that all angles of the train control problem can be thoroughly discussed, the third part of the program will be given over to five-minute talks on the subject by representatives of railroads and train control companies.

The Illinois Central Railroad has placed a contract with the Union Switch and Signal Company for the installation of automatic train control on its main line between Champaign, Ill., and Branch Junction, a distance of 122 miles, all double tracked. Sixty locomotives are to be equipped with train control apparatus.

RETAIL TRADE HOLDS ITS RECENT GAINS

Best Reports Come From Wheat Districts, Where Grain Prices Have Risen.

Retail trade holds its recent gains, according to the weekly report of Bradstreet's, released yesterday, and the best reports of improvement have come from the wheat regions, where recent advancing prices of wheat stimulated activity. According to Dun's, there has been nothing yet to indicate a fundamental change in general business; but, it adds, "none is to be expected at this period." For the nineteenth consecutive week, more reductions than increases are shown in Dun's list of wholesale quotations; but the "excess of declines is, however, much narrower than in the recent past, and there is evidence that prices in some quarters have reached the point where sellers are not disposed to make additional concessions."

Revival of buying interest in certain textile divisions was noted by Dun's, which, in discussing the general situation, says:

"Working forces naturally have been affected by shutdowns or reduced operating schedules at manufacturing plants, and there have been some wage revisions; but no general complaint of unemployment is heard, and the public buying power remains very large."

Bradstreet's also reports a lower figure in the price index, with greater steadiness now appearing. Wholesale trade is reported still to be quiet, but improved feeling is noticeable.

"Trade reports the country over seem to point to continued caution in buying. It is stated, 'and numerous 'sales at retail point to efforts to reduce on stocks of Spring and Summer goods which did not move at the accustomed time.'"

Big Order by Standard of Indiana.

The Standard Oil Company of Indiana has placed an order with Cosden & Co. calling for the delivery of 10,000,000 gallons of gasoline from the mid-continent district. The placing of this order is expected to relieve the situation in that section of the country, the market for gasoline there having been weak for some time, due to the increased production and large surplus stocks.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945	82½	83
Argentine 6s, 1927	92½	93
Argentine 7s, 1927	102⅝	102⅞
Austrian Gov. 7s, 1943	9⅞	10
Belgium 6s, 1925	100⅛	100⅜
Belgium 7½s, 1945	105⅝	105⅞
Belgium 8s, 1941	106⅛	106⅜
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952	82½	83
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942	94⅝	95
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	106⅝	106⅞
City of Berne 8s, 1945	110⅛	110⅜
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	85	85½
City of Gt. Prague 7½s, 1952	89⅛	89½
City of F. Alegre 8s, 1961	95	95½
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	96½	96¾
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1952	97½	98
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	101⅛	101⅜
Dom. of Canada 6½s, 1923	100⅛	100⅜
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	101	101⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	100⅛	102⅝
Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947	73½	74
Rep. of Col. 6½s, 1928	96½	96¾
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942	98	98½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	105½	106
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926	103⅛	103½
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1946	103½	103¾
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952	91½	91¾
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951	47	48
City of Christiania 8s, '45	110	112
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944	63¾	64¼
City of Montevideo 7s, '52	91¾	92
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, 1951	98¾	99¼
Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s, 1947	91½	92
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	86	86½
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	91¾	92
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	87	87½
Rep. Cuba 5½s, 1953	97¾	98
Denmark 8s, 1945	111	111½
Dominican 5s, 1942	98½	99
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A, '46	100½	101
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46	100⅝	101
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	105½	106½
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	95½	96½
Dutch East Indies 5½s, '53	89¾	90
Dutch East Ind. 5½s, rects.	89¾	89½
El Salvador 8s, 1948	97½	98
Finland 7s, '51-'52-'53	97½	98
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	99¾	99¾
French Gov. 8s, 1945	102½	102¾
Finland 8s, 1945	97½	98
Hungary 7½s, 1944	67½	67¾
Italy 6½s, 1925	100½	100¾
Japanese 4s, 1931	73½	73¾
Japanese 4½s, 1933	77½	77¾
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser.	77½	77¾
Japanese 6½s, 1954	91½	92
Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953	85¾	85¾
Jurgens U. M. W. 6s, 1947	87½	88
City of Lyons 6½s, 1934	83½	83¾
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	86½	86¾
City of Soissons 6s, 1936	86½	86¾
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954	19	19½
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954	17	20
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945	33¾	34
U. S. of Mexico 6s, 1913	34½	35½
King. of Noth. 6s, 1972	95¾	96½
King. of Noth. 6s, 1964	95½	96½
King. of Norway 8s, 1940	110½	110¾
King. of Norway 6s, 1952	96½	97¼
King. of Norway 6s, 1943	97¼	97¾
King. of S. C. & S. 8s, 1942	83¾	84
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958	78¾	79
Paulista Ry. 7s, 1942	88½	89
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1947	84½	85
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941	103½	105¾
State of Rio Grande 8s, Sul 8s, 1946	101	102
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	98½	98
Rio Janeiro 6½s, 1947	84½	84½
Dom. Rep. 5s, 1958	81¾	82¼
Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942	90½	91
State of Sao Paulo 8s '36	99	99
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52	99½	99
Dept. of the Seine 7s, '42	89½	90
King. of Sweden 6s, 1939	101½	102
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940	112½	112¾
Swiss Gov. 5½s, 1946	97½	97¾
City of Tokio 5s, 1952	90½	91
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	104½	105¼
City of Zurich 8s, 1945	104½	105¼
Un. K. 5½s, 1929	100½	100¾
Un. K. 5½s, 1937	103½	104½
U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1937	90½	91½

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	103⅝	104⅝
2s, c, 1930	103⅝	104⅝
2s, r, 1936	95	95⅛
2s, c, 1936	97¼	97½
4s, r, 1925	100¾	101¼
4s, c, 1925	100⅝	101¼
Pan 2s, r, 1938	103½	105
Pan 2s, c, 1938	103½	105

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ad Rumely pf	36	55
Alaska Gold	1¼	1¾
Alaska J Gus	101	107
All Am C. 97	100	
Alle & W. 98		
All Realty		
ex div.	110	
Allis-Ch. M. pf	94	96
Am Bk N.	118	125
Do pf.	54	58
Am B Sug. ex div	39½	40½
Do pf.	73	76
Am C S & F Pdy pf	103	108
Am C & F pf	124	130
Am Chain, Class A	22½	22½
Am Chicle pf	65	80
Am J Cord, ex div	64	
Am Cot Oil ctfs	10	13
Do pf ctfs	30	
Am D S	4	4½
Am H & L	9	9½
Am Ice pf	78½	81½
Am L & F pf	83	
Am Snuff	140	142
Do pf	99	100
Am T & C	38	40
Am Tob pf	104	105½
Am W W & E Ry pf	86½	88
Am Wbl pf	95	96½
Am Wt pf	100⅝	101½
Am Zinc	7½	8
Do pf	25½	26½
Ann Arbor	11	16
Armour, Del. pf	86	87½
Arnold C.	8½	10
Art Metal, ex div	18½	17
Assets Rl	¼	½
Asso D. G. ex div	94½	95½
Do 1st pf	86	87
Do 2d pf	93	94
Atl R pf	114	114½
Atlas Pdr	48	50
Atlas P.	85½	87
Atlas T.	6	6½
Aut Vac M pf	83½	85
Auto Sales	2½	3½
Do pf	13	14½
Bald Lo. pf	115	116
B & A pf	90¾	91
Bar Leath.	18	24
Do pf	88	95
Barnsdall, Class B	12½	15
Bayuk Cig 1st pf	92½	98
Do 2d pf	95½	100
Beech Creek	27	30
B-Nut	52	52½
Do pf	108	
Beth S	89	
Do pf	103	109
Booth Fish	41¼	44½
Do 1st pf	31	
Brit E S	2½	3¼
Do 1st pf	30	
Brk Ed.	44	48½
Brown Sh.	44	48½
Do pf	89	90
Bruns Tar	2½	3
B & A P	41	42½
Do pf	72	75
Buff & S	110	116
Do pf	94	100
Burns Bros Cl A pf	96	100
Do pf	120	
Bush Ter.	62½	73
B Bldg pf	92½	95½
B C & Z.	4½	4¾
Caddo Oil	1¼	3
Cal & Ar.	43½	45
Cal & Hec.	14½	14¾
Case Plow	¼	1
Case (J I) pf	40	
C R R of N J	224	228
Cent R M.	27¼	27¾
Do pf	95	96¾
C'tain-Teed	26	28
Do 1st pf	70	76
C & A ofs.	3¼	4¼
Do pf ofs.	9	15
C & N W pf	106	107
C R I & P 7% pf	85½	86
Chi. Sh T. pf	72	73
Chi. Sh & Om pf	72	73
Chino Cop.	17¾	18
Cl & Pitts.	68	
C, C, C & St L	121¼	125
Do pf	82	
Do spec.	32	
Cin Pean.	65½	67½
Do pf	103	104
Coca-Cola pf	86½	95
Col Fy & I pf	95	
C & S 1st pf	55¾	55¾
Do 2d pf	49½	52½
Conley T F	9	10
Con Cigar pf	67	73
Cons Dist pf	91	94
Cont Ins	91	94
Cosden pf	87	91
Crex Carp	26	30
Cruc S pf	67	80
Cuba C. S pf	75	80
Cuban Sug pf	96½	98
Cuban D S	4½	4¾
Do pf	40	44
D P & Lt pf	93	94
Do pf	83	
D S S & A	1½	2½
Do pf	4½	5½
Dur Hosy	8	12
Dwns Bldg pf		65
Duq Lt 1st pf	106	109½
Do 1st pf	108½	
E L & S	13	13½
Elk H Coal pf	21	23
Emb Brant	9	10
Do pf	7½	10
Emp-John	61	61½
Erie & P	57	
Exch B'fst	16½	19½
Fam P pf	97	99
Fairbanks	2	3
Fed L & T.	70	81½
Do pf	74	78½
F M & S	103	104
Fid-P F I.	120	124
F B O, pf	99½	99½
Fisk Rub	4½	5½
Fox 1st pf	38½	42
Gardner M	4	4½
Gen Bak'g pf	118	
Gen Cigar pf	103¾	106
Do d pf	103½	105
Gen M 7% pf	96½	97½
Gen Refrac	35½	36
Gimbel Bros	49	51
Do pf	101½	102½
Glidden Co.	51½	53
Goldwyn P	13¾	14¾
Goodrich	18½	19
Gt W Sug pf	107	108½
G N Ore ctfs	27¾	27¾
G S & W	57	65
Greene Cn	12	13
Gusn Sug pf	90½	92½
G S S 1st pf	104½	104½
Hack Wat	18¾	
Hanna 1st pf	88	91
Do 1st pf	61½	63½
Homestake	42½	43
Hyd S pf	4½	9
I C I	12	12½
Indian Mot.	18	18½
Indiah Ref pf	4	7
Indian Ref pf	86	88½
Int-R	200	238
Do pf	106	
Int Bus M	94	95
Inland St.	34	34½
Do pf	101½	102½
Int Ag new	¼	1
Do pf	5	6
Int H pf	108	109½
Int N pf	96½	98
Int Pa pf	98	
Do pf sta	71	72
Int Rys of C pf	40	50½
Int Shoe	77½	78
Do pf	116½	116½
Intertype C	30	35
Iowa Cent	1½	2
Iron Prod	41	44
Do pf	104	
Jewel Tea	17	18
Do pf	89	92
Jol & Chi	120	
J & L pf	111½	114
Jordan M.	24¾	27
K C P & L pf	97½	98½
Lt 1st pf	95½	96½
Kan & G	¼	¾
Kayser (J)	23	25
Kelly-Sp T	7	9
6% pf	40	45
Do 8% pf	24	26
Kelsey Wh	78	82
Do pf	105	
K & D M	¾	1¼
Do pf	10	
Kinney Co.	62½	63½
Do pf	94	95½
Kresge (SS)	415	430
Do pf	111	
Kresge D. S	96	96½
Kress (S H)	290	300
Do pf	114	122
Lacl Gas	95	96
Do pf	75	80
Lorl, Inc.	6½	6½
L-W B 1st pf	103	105
Do 2d pf	96	98
McCrory pf	103½	105
McInt P.	15½	16
Mack Tr'ks	8	11
Do pf	61	72
M'kay Cos.	113½	115
Macy pf	95	
Mal'son pf	78¾	79
Mah Coal	700	1,000
Man B'ch	¾	1
Man R gtd	58	65
Man Shirt pf	110	115½
Manati Sug pf	73	80
Manila R C	93	94½
Mkt St Ry pf	18	24
Do 2d pf	26	31
Marlin R.	10¾	12¾
Martin-P	34	34½
Math Alk pf	90½	
M Dep Sta	25	
Do 1st pf	70	76
Mich Cent	415	500
Midv Stl	26	29
M & St L.	1¾	1¾
M, St P & S S M	37¾	41
Do pf	54	62
Mo Pac pf	52	60
M & B pf	73	
Mont Pow pf	107	110
Mor & Ess	76	78
Mull Body	11	12
Do pf		86
Nash Mot pf	100	100½
N C & St L	120	124
Nat C & S	55	58
Do pf	93	95½
Nat Dep S	38	38½
Nat Ex pf	78	82
Nat Ld pf	111½	113
Nat Rys of Mex pf	3	4½
Do 1st pf	1	1½
Nat Sup pf	106½	
Nat Tb pf	93	
N G & E pf	76½	82½
Nev Con Cop	13	13½
New Idria	2	2½
N Y Canl	24½	26
Do pf	97	99½
N Y L & W pf	99	102
N Y Ship	12	13½
N Y S Rys	25¾	
N Y Steam pf	94	
N Y W pf	73	78
Nor Cent	73	
O B & R	1	1½
Ohio Ft P	82	87
Ohio P & R	1¾	3
Onyx Hosy	17	19½
Do pf	82	84
Ont Min	5½	6¼
Orpt Cir pf	91½	94½
Otis Elev	67¾	67½
Do pf	100	111
Owens Bot pf	107	108
Pac C Ist pf	50	54
Do 2d pf	23	25
Pac Dev	¾	½
Pac Mail	9	10
Pac Tel pf	84	89
Do pf	93	95
Pan-Am B	3	4
Do pf	13	15
Penn M pf	74	75½
P & R C & I ctfs	47¼	47¾
Ph-J pf	77	83
Ph Hos	19	24
P-A pr pf	87½	60½
Do 2d pf	61	67
Ph L	95	
Pitts C pf	97½	99½
P, Ft W & C pf	125	
Do pf	139	140
Pitts S pf	98¾	97
P & W Va	27	28
Pullm Co	97	98
P R A Tob	50	60
Postum Cer	82½	83
Do pf	114	115
Pub Ser Corp pf	81½	84
Pullman	107½	108½
Pure O	8¾	9
Do pf	93	95
Ry Sec Corp pf	16	19
Rand M	32	33
Ray Con C	10¾	11
Reading pf	54½	55
Do 2d pf	38¾	39
Rem Type	39	41½
Do 1st pf		
Rep I & S pf	87¼	90
Do 2d pf	95	97
Rens & S	112	
Rep I & S	8	9
Do pf	86	88¾
Rern Tob	148	
Do pf	120	190¾
Rosario Min	10½	12
Ruf-R pf	55	70
Rutl'd pf	35	38
St L & S F pf	50	50¾
St L S W pf	101¼	102¼
Sears-R pf	115½	116
Seneca Cop	8¾	9
Shell Trans	35¾	36¼
Shell Un Oil pf	94	94½
Sher-W'ms 1st pf	100¾	
Simms Ma	6	
pf	97	97½
Sinclair Oil pf	84	89
S-S S & A pf	91	94
So P R S	65	72
Do pf	100	105
Spald's 1st pf	98	
Spicer Mfg	9	10
Do pf	67	79
Std G L pf	80	90
Stand Mill	40	50
Do pf		77
Stern Bros pf	25	35
Stromb C	64½	66½
Studeb Co pf	111½	113
Stup Steel	24	33½
Swts Co of Am	2	2¾
St J L Tr.	240	260
The Fair	101½	104
Tran & W	27¾	32
T C R T	45	50
Do pf		90¾
Und Bost	37½	39
Do pf	115	116
U B & P	49½	50½
Union Oil	4	4½
U T Car	113	115
U Drug 1st pf	48½	49½
Do 2d pf	60	65
Un Fruit	200	205
U C I P pf	91½	93½
U S Exp	4½	4¾
U S Hoff Mach	18	18¾
U S Tob	51¼	54
Do pf	106¾	
U P & R	15	16½
Do pf	63	65
Vanad C	22	23½
Van R 1st pf	61	67
Va-

AMERICAN MONEY SHIFTS TO LONDON

Bankers Find Higher Interest Rate Abroad Than in the New York Market.

STERLING STILL ADVANCING

British Withdrawals of Substantial Part of Deposits Regarded as Cause of Advance.

British bankers are withdrawing a substantial part of their deposits from New York, it was indicated yesterday, when inquiry was made into the causes for the recent advance of the pound sterling. The pound has moved up 4 cents since July 1, or from $4.32 to and around $4.36. New York institutions also are sending money to London, and, it was explained, the advance of the pound has been a natural consequence.

The movement was linked with the recent reduction in interest rates in New York City, and started soon after the latest reduction in the rediscount rate of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York to 3½ per cent. Bankers have been finding it difficult to place money in the New York market and have shifted part of their balances to the London market, in which rates are 5 per cent. or a fraction greater than in the New York market.

This transfer has been effected through the purchase in New York of sterling and the sale in London of dollars. Actual cost of making the transfer has been virtually nothing, a cablegram between New York and London institutions establishing the new credits wherever desired.

Illustrating the attractiveness of the London market was a reduction in call loan money rates here in the outside market. The Stock Exchange market continued steady at 3 per cent., but the supply of funds overflowed that market and went into the outside, where the rate was quoted at 1¾ per cent. In London, rates are around 4½ per cent., against prevailing rates of around 3 to 3½ per cent. in New York.

The upward movement in sterling, which came as a surprise considering the season of the year, was said to be a source of gratitude to British bankers, who have been perplexed over its failure to advance until recently. The attraction of money to London was said to be correcting an abnormal condition in the New York market, and the shift of funds has been welcomed on both sides of the Atlantic. London bankers have discussed the advisability of raising the official bank rate of England in order to encourage the movement, according to news dispatches received here, but New York bankers said that this would not be done.

The pound sterling will soon enter its period of dollar-accumulation incident to purchases of American crop commodities for English consumption. This buying usually starts in September and a month or two later reaches its height. No effort will be made to raise the pound sterling to par, it was believed, in view of this work ahead of the English currency.

Principal benefits accruing to London from the lowering of New York money rates below those of London have been seen in the withdrawal of British capital to London from the New York market; the attracting of foreign balances and the stimulation of speculation on the long side of sterling.

JUNE COPPER REPORT.

Calumet and Hecla Withholds Publication, Thus Delaying Figures.

The figures covering the production, sales and surplus stocks of copper metal of the producers in this country for June are expected to be delayed this month, according to statements made in the copper trade yesterday. This delay, it is understood, is due to the determination of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company to withhold the publication of such figures.

The publication of the monthly figures, in the opinion of some copper producers, has been responsible for the recent weakness in the copper metal market and its failure to move upward in spite of the constantly increasing demand for the metal during the first five months of the current year. The figures are compiled by the American Bureau of Metal Statistics, which furnishes such statistics only to its regular subscribers. The Engineering and Mining Journal in commenting on the situation says: "It is too early yet to say whether or not this is the beginning of the end of the compilation as it has been made for the last two or three years. The reason, it is said, is too much information is given to the consumers without any courtesies in return."

APPLICATIONS FOR LISTING.

Securities of Many Corporations Proposed to Exchange.

Application has been made to the New York Stock Exchange for permission to list the following securities:

McCrory Stores Corporation, 78,514 shares of Class B common stock without par value. Duquesne Light Company, $10,000,000 first mortgage 5½ per cent. collateral trust bonds, series B, due July 1, 1949. Republic of Bolivia, $3,000,000 additional external twenty-five-year refunding 8 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds due May 1, 1937. American Telephone and Telegraph, $151,187,500 additional capital stock on or after Aug. 1, 1924. Invincible Oil Corporation, 13,116 shares of additional capital stock without par value. Virginia Railway and Power Company, $715,000 additional first and refunding mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due July 1, 1934. American Type Founders Company, $4,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and $6,000,000 common stock. Compania Azucarera Antilla, S. A., $6,000,000 first mortgage fifteen-year 7½ per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, series A, due Jan. 1, 1939.

FORD SALES BREAK RECORD.

Total of 1,036,978 Cars Retailed in First Half of 1924.

Sales of Ford motor cars and trucks crossed the million mark in the first half of 1924, this being the high record for any six-month period. The total reported from the thirty-four American branches was 1,036,978, which were sold at retail, against 903,883 cars and trucks in the first half of 1923. The first half of 1923 was regarded as a banner period in automobile sales, and the first half of this year was slower, but the Ford record, as shown in figures from Detroit, failed to indicate any slack in 1924 business compared with 1923.

According to the report, Ford sales have shown so far this year a gain in every month over the corresponding month of last year. The June, 1924, figures reached the high mark at 170,747, which represented a gain of 10,000 cars over the sales for June, 1923.

BELGIUM FUNDING DEBT.

Plans to Pay Netherlands Interest on War Obligations.

The Kingdom of Belgium is taking steps to fund its debt to the Kingdom of the Netherlands, according to information received by Moody's Investors' Trade Service from its foreign department. Belgium owes the Netherlands 60,000,000 guilders, of which 47,000,000 represents principal and 13,000,000 back interest. The plan is to pay off the back interest this year and fund the principal amount into 15-year bonds bearing a 5 per cent. interest coupon.

The Belgian indebtedness represents cost of maintaining troops interned in Holland during the war. The new bonds are to be secured on Belgian Government obligations to be turned over to Holland, which agrees not to bring these bonds into the market unless Belgium fails to live up to her agreement.

COFFEE CONSUMPTION RECORD HERE BROKEN

Average Per Capita of 13.30 Pounds Against 11.63 the Year Before.

The consumption of coffee in the United States for the year ended June 30, 1924, established a new high record for all time, according to figures published yesterday. It also was estimated yesterday that the consumption of sugar in the first half of 1924 was 3.52 per cent. greater than in the corresponding period last year.

According to the usual compilation of sugar consumption made by Willett & Gray, specialists in sugar statistics, consumption in the first half of 1924 aggregated 2,664,972 tons, against 2,593,891 in the same period last year. The detailed figures for 1924 and 1923 follow:

	1924. Tons.	1923. Tons.
All U. S. refining ports, meltings and deliveries, refined value	2,319,675	2,355,417
Louisiana crop and domestic beet consumed, less amount included in above figure	459,497	417,974
Total	2,779,172	2,773,391
Less exports from all U. S. ports	*94,200	†179,700
Indicated consumption 6 months	2,684,972	2,593,691
Increase, tons	91,281	§79,263
Increase, per cent	3.52%	3.09%

*Estimated. †Corrected figures for 1923 and 1922. §Decrease.

Coffee consumption in the United States for the year ended June 30, 1923, amounted to 10,758,080 bags, against 9,660,041 bags for the previous year, an increase of 1,097,439 bags. Estimated in pounds instead of bags the consumption amounted to 1,463,372,225 pounds, or a per capita consumption of 13.30 pounds, against 1,277,596,950 pounds and 11.63 pounds, respectively.

WOOL MARKET STRONGER.

Quotations Advance About 2 Cents a Pound in Fortnight.

BOSTON, July 11.—The Commercial Bulletin will say tomorrow:

"The strength noted during the last two weeks in the American wool markets has not only persisted, but even has further strengthened during the past week, and quotations on the local market are about 2 cents a pound dearer in the grease all around, and occasionally a bit more, fine wools being especially strongly held. This is not due to any particularly better tone in the goods market, although there is a better tone there, too, doubtless in view of the settlement of the several garment makers' strikes and the general knowledge that the clothing market is not too well supplied.

"The foreign markets are stronger, more especially as regards merinos at London, while crossbreds are hardly changed from the opening decline. Foreign primary markets are steady. The new clip is moving steadily in the West, and prices show a hardening tendency throughout the West. Mohair is slow and hardly changed.

"The rail and water shipments of wool from Boston from Jan. 1, 1924, to July 10, 1924, inclusive, were 57,415,000 pounds, against 80,089,000 pounds for the same period last year. The receipts from Jan. 1, 1924, to July 10, 1924, inclusive, were 169,402,000 pounds, against 320,778,100 pounds for the same period last year."

METAL CORPORATION READY.

President Lissberger Announces Completion of Consolidation.

Benjamin Lissberger, President of the recently organized Federated Metals Corporation which was formed for the purpose of consolidating a group of nation-wide firms in the non-ferrous metals business, announced yesterday that all matters pertaining to the formation, consolidation and operation of the new company have been fully completed. The main office will be in the Woolworth Building.

In addition to Mr. Lissberger, the officers of the company are: Davis Blum of Chicago, Chairman of Directors; Vice Presidents, Ivan Reitler, Maurice Falk, Leon Falk, Henry Lissberger and Samuel Jacobson; Max Lissberger, Treasurer; I. A. Simon, Secretary; L. D. Waixel, Assistant Secretary.

Each of the companies concerned in the merger will continue to operate as heretofore, but as a branch of the parent company.

AMERICAN THREAD REPORT.

Net Profit for Year $1,501,544, Against $2,113,302.

The American Thread Company, Inc., has issued its report for the year ended last March 31, showing net profit of $1,501,544 after interest, depreciation, taxes and inventory adjustments, against $2,113,302 for the year before. The 1923 report of net profit showed earnings equivalent to $1.05 a share on the 1,200,000 shares of $10 par common stock after payment of the preferred dividends, against $1.55 a share in the preceding year.

After setting aside $100,000 for the pension fund and payment of dividends the company reported for 1923 a surplus of $82,317, against $492,778 the year before, and after $100,000 set aside as reserves for contingencies, against $500,000 the year before, there was shown a book-keeping deficit of $17,683, against a similar deficit the year before of $7,222. The company's profit and loss surplus totaled $2,744,372.

WRITING PAPER INQUIRY.

Readjustment of Finances to Follow Report of Investigators.

The committee of bankers representing the security holders of the American Writing Paper Company and the creditors and others interested in the affairs of that organization have completed their investigation into the affairs and physical condition of the property and it is expected that conferences will be started shortly looking toward the rehabilitation of the property and a readjustment of the company's capital structure.

No date has been set for the holding of the conferences, which will bring all interested parties together to discuss the capital adjustment, but with the investigation of the property completed, thus giving a basis of discussion, it is expected that it will be a matter of only a few months before a general agreement is reached.

WEEK DROPS IN DRY GOODS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Marshall Field, in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was somewhat behind last week but exceeded the volume of a year ago for the same week.

"Road sales totaled somewhat less than a week ago but exceeded by a considerable margin last year's record during the corresponding period.

"There were more customers in market than during the same period in 1923. "Collections were somewhat better than for the corresponding week last year."

Transue & Williams Sales.

The Transue & Williams Steel Forging Company reports net sales of $2,590,000 for the six months ended June 30 and net profit of $100,173. The balance sheet on June 30, 1924, showed net current assets of $926,000, excluding Government and other securities, and net current liabilities of $40,000.

EARNINGS.

Western Union Telegraph—

	1924.	1923.	1922.
May gross	$9,225,849	$8,408,546	$8,973,786
Oper. income	1,339,766	1,080,839	1,762,118
5 mos. gross	45,038,013	43,720,698	46,106,600
Oper. income	6,007,371	6,664,159	8,361,966

GOLD INFLUX BRINGS BIG DEPOSIT GAINS

June Total of $35,302,334,731, With Exception of February, Lowest for Year.

National City Bank Explains Reason for Recent Remarkable Increase Here.

COMMERCIAL LOANS DOWN

Report Indicates Bulk of Country's Investments Since March Were Made in New York.

The steady stream of gold coming into the United States from the rest of the world and not the current slackening of business has been the primary cause of the remarkable advance in bank deposits and bank resources in New York City, according to a conclusion reached by the National City Bank.

The institution, which now has deposits of nearly $850,000,000, sent out a supplement yesterday to its recent July Bank Letter under the heading "The Money Market: Influence of Gold Imports."

Deposits of Clearing House banks, according to the National City Bank, have increased by $526,358,000 from April 12 to the high figure of $4,824,142,000 on June 28. "It would be natural to attribute this increase mainly to the transfer of idle funds from the country, but the facts do not appear to support this view," according to the banks. "On March 26, 1924, which is about the date when commercial loans reached their highest point in 1924, loans classified as 'commercial loans' in these reporting member banks aggregated $7,997,853,000, and on June 18 the aggregate was $8,875,646,000, a decrease of $122,207,000. These comprise all other loans besides those made on stocks and bonds as collateral security.

"Between the same dates the total of all loans, discounts and investments in the same banks rose from $16,579,757,000 to $16,870,752,000, an increase of $291,025,000. Allowing for the decrease in commercial loans shown above, it is evident that loans on stocks and bonds, together with investments, increased in the sum of $413,232,000."

The analysis indicates that the increase of loans and investments in the country since March has been practically all in New York. "Outside of New York the decrease of commercial loans amounted to $26,423,000, while the increase in loans on stocks and bonds in investments was $350,532,000," the bank says. "This indicates that the reporting banks outside of New York have had no release of funds and apparently cannot have sent any large amount to New York. Such information is as is available tends to confirm this view."

In seeking an explanation for the growth in loans and investments on stocks and bonds as contrasted with little change in the rest of the country, the bank's report says that "they seem to have been largely created here by the loans of the New York banks, which would mean that their real source has been going to the banks rather than which have aggregated $197,000,000 since Jan. 1 and approximately $120,000,000 since April 1." This gold has been going to the banks, rather than to the Federal Reserve Bank and has resulted in making it possible for the banks to increase their own loans or investments from about seven to fourteen times the amount of these reserves, it is stated.

"In the past several years the effects of the inflow of gold have been offset in considerable degree by the action of the member banks in reducing the volume of rediscounts at the Reserve Banks, but at the present low ebb of rediscounts this influence is about exhausted," the report continues. "It is true that the temper of the public is against inflation, but the appeal of cheap money is very alluring, and the inevitable policy of banks now are operating under heavy fixed charges is to use their available earning power to the limit, even at low returns. This has been strikingly illustrated in the last three months, when commercial demands for credit were declining, by the increased loans upon stocks and bonds and increased purchases of bonds for their own account, as shown by the foregoing figures."

NO PORK DROP IN SIGHT.

Live Stock Specialist Forecasts High Prices for Years.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Prediction that hogs will sell up to around $10, and that there will be relatively no low prices for several years, is made by Everett C. Brown, a well-known live stock handler. Hogs advanced 10 and 20 cents on aggressive buying by shippers. The top was $7.65, the best since May 21, while the average price was $7.40, the best since May 22, and 65 cents above the low of last week. Shippers took 20 per cent. of the receipts, and large packers took hold freely.

Cattle were in good demand, and have recovered the loss early in the week. Top for light steers was $10.10 and best yearlings $10. Reports on the dressed beef markets were more favorable.

Lambs were strong to 25 cents higher on smaller receipts. The quality was plain, and the top on Westerns was $13.95, while natives reached $13.75.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.		Extension	.02
Ch. Virginia	.06	Florence	.02
Gould & Curry	.03	Harmill	.12
Justice	.15	High	.03
Mexican	.07	Marna	.02
Opby	.02	Nora	.02
Savage	.02	Silver King	.02
Sierra Nevada	.04	Smuggler	.09
Searchlight	.05	Sunbeam	.02
Union	.06	Sutherland	.02
TONOPAH.		Wedge	.02
Belmont	.50	Zone	.03
Cash Boy	.07	GOLDFIELD.	
Halifax	.06	Consolidated	.04
McNamara	.02	Crackerjack	.02
Midway	.03	Development	.03
New California	.07	Florence	.13
Rescue	.03	Jumbo Extn.	.02
Tonopah extn.	2.30	Kewanas	.03
Tonopah '76	.02	Lone Star	.03
West End	.33	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
DIVIDEND.		Boundary Min.	.07
Aladdin	.04	Bullwhacker	.30
Annex	.09	Eureka Hamilton	.02
Ben-Hur	.02	Nevada Hills	.36
Bevin	.09	Spring Mountain	.35
Divide Tonopah	.23	White Caps	.04

COLORADO SPRINGS.

Cresson	3¼	3¼	M. McKinney 3 3
Elkton	1	1	Portland 53 57
El Paso	6	11	Un. Gold M. 6 11
Empire Lee		3¼	Vindicator 3 6
Golden Cy.	126	132	R. Nicol 1 1
Granite	11¾	14	

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.
Spot				11.60	11.40
July	100	11.50	11.50	11.63	11.35
August				11.55	11.33
September	18,100	11.37	11.24	11.42	11.22
October	4,900	10.69	10.40	10.62	11.40
November	700	9.80	9.84	9.63	9.46
December	800	9.70	9.63	9.40	9.58
January	700	9.65	9.37	9.47	9.58
February				9.45	9.38
Total, 16,800.					

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	14.70	14.70	14.45	14.45	8.60
September	14.15	13.85	14.15	13.85	7.65
October	13.90	13.50	13.90	13.60	
November			13.70	13.45	
December	13.65	13.40	13.60	13.30	7.18
December	13.65	13.40	13.50	13.30	7.12
May	13.07	13.00	13.00	12.90	7.04

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	3.48	3.41	3.44	3.40	5.01
December	3.44	3.38	3.41	3.37	4.44
March	3.24	3.18	3.21	3.18	4.05
May	3.23	3.20	3.23	3.20	4.01

*Closing bid.

JOHN W. DAVIS.

Full-page portrait of Democratic candidate for President in This New York Times Rotogravure Picture Section tomorrow. Order from your newsdealer now—Adv.

TRADE SLACK SHOWN BY SMALL CLEARINGS

June Total of $35,302,334,731, With Exception of February, Lowest for Year.

An indication of the slowing down in business and seasonal curtailment of plant operation is contained in the June report of drawn checks on American banks at the principal clearing houses of the country, the total of $35,302,334,731 being 3.8 per cent. less than May, and, excepting February, smallest for year to date. In New York City the aggregate of $19,958,549,054 was 3.7 per cent. less than May, but 6.9 per cent. greater than June, 1923. Outside of the city the total of $15,343,785,677 was 3.9 per cent. below that for May and 5.6 per cent. under that for June, 1923.

This summary, compiled by The Financial Chronicle, further revealed that for the individual Federal Reserve districts for last month, compared with the previous month, Philadelphia, Minneapolis and San Francisco reported increased clearing, but elsewhere losses were found.

June clearings for the United States compared as follows with those of previous months and years:

Jun.	$35,302,334,731	Jul.	32,824,931,835,861
May	36,682,068,644	June, '22	34,117,477,446
Apr.	36,415,436,971	June, '21	29,685,706,633
Mar.	35,865,942,180	June, '20	36,442,722,175
Feb.	32,855,174,503	June, '19	32,225,489,000
Jan.	37,520,192,018	June, '18	27,318,479,571
Dec. '23	35,935,677,737	June, '17	26,734,285,084
Nov.	33,914,742,122	June, '16	29,658,997,438
Oct.	34,492,365,013	June, '15	21,111,428,176
Sept.	29,648,123,041	June, '14	23,848,023,898
Aug.	30,372,702,740	June, '13	23,892,996,905
July	32,062,972,812	June, '12	19,628,868,817

Comparison for last month, by Federal Reserve districts, with the same month a year ago, follows:

	June, 1924.	June, 1923.	Change.
Boston	$1,785,862,814	$1,848,870,856	— 3.1
New York	20,348,338,065	19,058,267,485	+ 6.7
Philadelphia	2,336,964,168	2,407,122,958	— 2.9
Cleveland	1,411,240,561	1,727,853,427	—12.3
Richmond	785,810,631	817,197,196	— 3.8
Atlanta	716,743,492	731,825,258	— 2.1
Chicago	3,764,808,530	3,871,462,756	— 2.7
St. Louis	278,919,768	306,225,338	— 9.0
Minneapolis	473,227,183	553,352,107	—14.4
Kan. City	581,520,763	1,157,731,211	—14.7
Dallas	387,260,326	356,068,327	+ 8.7
San Fran.	1,907,510,013	1,963,916,475	— 2.9
Total	$35,302,334,731	$34,824,931,835,861	+ 1.1
N. Y. City	19,958,549,054	18,675,477,650	+ 6.9
Outside N. Y. City	$15,343,785,677	$16,236,178,231	— 5.6

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY.

President Admits Dividend Will Be Passed, but Promises One Later.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, July 11.—Shareholders of the Detroit United Railway realize since the recent financing carried out by the company in New York that the dividend on the common stock was as good as passed. This was admitted by Elliott G. Stevenson, President, in a statement made after the board meeting held here this afternoon.

However, Mr. Stevenson has a cheering promise for his shareholders in the form of a preferred stock dividend in 1925 and 1926, equal to 7 per cent. per annum on the outstanding common stock, this to bear 4 per cent. for the first two years and 6 per cent. thereafter. This stock would be callable. This preferred stock dividend is subject to approval both of the shareholders and the Michigan Public Utilities Commission. Preferred stock will be issued to the extent of the retirement of the bonds through the sinking fund provision of $500,000 plus an additional $100,000. Mr. Stevenson stated that he believed that at the end of two years, if not before, the company would be able to resume cash dividends on the common stock.

SAVINGS BANKS. SAVINGS BANKS.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and Eighth Ave.

Interest Credited Quarterly

Dividend credited July 1, 1924 at the rate of **4%** per annum on accounts from $5 to $5,000 entitled thereon under the By-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 12th WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1st

Assets over - - - - - - - - $62,500,000
Surplus on par value over - - - - 8,200,000

Open Mondays from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. other days from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. holidays excepted.

Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage
Banking by Mail

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
WALTER E. BRINCKERHOFF, Secretary. CLARENCE L. BLANKLOCK, Treasurer.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK

206-212 West 34th Street Just West of 7th Ave.

Adjacent to Penn. and L. I. terminals. An unrivalled location, convenient for suburbanites and accessible from everywhere.

Has declared a Quarterly Dividend at the rate of **4%** PER ANNUM

Payable on and after July 21, 1924

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 15 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1, 1924

Bank open
MONDAYS and FRIDAYS
from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.
Saturdays, 9 A. M. to noon
Other days, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Write for Our Booklet "Banking by Mail"

THE BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANK

INCORPORATED 1857.

Cor. Pierrepont and Clinton Sts.—An Entrance also at 300 Fulton St.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND
At the Rate of 4% Per Annum

Will be credited to Depositors July 1, 1924 (payable after July 20) on all sums from $5 to $5,000 entitled thereto.

Deposits made on or before July 12 will draw interest from July 1.

DIVIDENDS CREDITED AND PAID QUARTERLY
ONE DOLLAR WILL OPEN AN ACCOUNT

Bank Open Daily at 9 A. M. (Except Sundays and Holidays) and on Monday Evenings from 5 to 7 o'Clock.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1924.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Allied Packers prior pf	26	26½	26½
500	Am G&E, new	74¾	74	74¾
1,590	Am Id & Tr	131½	126	131½
1,200	All Fruit Sugar, w i	1½	1½	1½
200	Austrian Cent Land Credit Bank, w i	52	52	52
110	Borden	124¾	122¾	122¾
500	Do rights	1¼	1¼	1¼
300	Brit-Am Tob, coupon	23¾	23¼	23¼
400	Bklyn City RR	13¾	13¾	13¾
200	Cent Castiron	32	32	32
300	ChildsCo, new	37½	37½	37½
113	Comwith Pwr	88	85	86
100	Cont Tobacco	23½	23½	23½
100	Cuba Co	54½	54½	54½
100	D & R G, new pf w w	24	24	24
100	DoehlerDiaC	15½	15½	15½
3,400	DubilierCond	42½	41	42½
500	Du Pont Cr	2¾	2¾	2¾
600	Durant Mtrs	17	16½	16½
50	E Penn Elec	32½	32½	32½
30	Elec Bat pf	102¾	102	102¾
10	Fed Sug of Canada	44½	44½	44½
2,100	Gen Motors, new w i	88¾	85¾	88¾
520	Gillette S R	28½	28½	28½
700	Ginter Co	28¾	28¾	28¾
200	Grand S, 10 & 25 Ct Strs	78¾	78	78
1,000	Hazeltine	22¾	21½	22
900	Hudson pf	38	37¾	38
700	Hud & Manh	21½	21	21½
100	Intercon Rub	2¾	2¾	2¾
700	Leh Pwr Sec	81½	80	81
12,500	Leh Val Coal cfts, new	35	34½	35
	Class A	1	1	1
16	Mid W Util	58	58	58
200	Onic Oil	60¾	60¾	60¾
100	Penn-Max P	28	28	28
150	Prairie Oil	204½	204½	204½
160	Prairie Pl	105	102¾	105
100	Carib Syn	8¾	8¾	8¾
180	Cities Serv	136½	135½	136½
200	Do pf	75¾	73¾	75¾
$2,000	Do C scrip	70	70	70
1,000	Do Pub Util	81	80	81
2,600	Creole Synd	6¾	6¼	6¼
100	Gulf Oil Pa	58	58	58
1,000	Hudson	8¾	8¾	8¾
100	Lone Pine	1¼	1¼	1¼
18,200	Lago Pet	4¾	4¾	4¾
4,000	Liv'ston Oil	14c	12c	14c
6,500	Liv'ston Pet	2¼	1¾	2¼
100	Mex Panuco	66c	66c	66c
300	Mt. Prod	18	17¾	17¾
10,400	Mut v t ctfs	10	9¾	10
100	McCrory Stor, B	87	87	87
115	Nat Tea	221½	219	221½
135	N Y Telep	112½	112	112½
300	N Y Transit	37	36½	37
10	Nor Sta Pow	93	93	93
500	Omnibus v t	17½	17½	17½
400	Do Ser A cum con pf w w	92½	91½	91½
100	Paige Detroit Motor Car	14	14	14
9,200	Radio Corp	4	4	4
300	Do new Cl A pf w i	40	40	40
200	Do pf	4½	4½	4½
700	RepublicCandy	60c	60c	60c
50	Repub Ry	38	38	38
6,000	Roxy Radio trust ctfs	9¾	9¾	9¾
300	SilicaGel, new v t ctfs	21½	21½	21½
10	Singer Mfg	146¾	146¾	146¾
1,000	South C & I	5c	5c	5c
10	Swift & Co	101½	101½	101½
100	Swift Inter	19¾	19¾	19¾
100	Tenn El Pwr 2d pf	65½	65½	65½
200	ThompsonRad io v t c	11½	11	11
25	Tidewater	49	49	49
1,100	Un Bakeries	71½	71	71½
200	Do pf	95½	94	94
300	Un Gas & El	34	33¾	33¾
100	Un Lt & P, Class A	83	83	83
100	U S & L & H	68c	68c	68c
100	Warw Bak A	93½	93½	93½
5,300	Do Cl B	23½	22½	23½
200	Do pf	87½	87½	87½
3,000	Ware Radio	17½	17	17½
175	Weber Steger	32	32	32
300	Yel Taxi, NY	22½	22	22

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
600	Anglo-Am	15	14¾	14¾
20	Cumb P L	130	130	130
50	Im O C com	99¾	99¾	99¾
700	Inter Pet	17½	17¼	17¼
1,000	N N Tran	84½	84½	84½
20	North P L	84	81	84
200	Onio Oil	60¾	60¾	60¾
100	Penn-Mex P	28	28	28
150	Prairie Oil	204½	204½	204½
160	Prairie PL	105	102¾	105

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	New Bradf	5	5	5
760	N Mexico L	6¼	6¼	6¼
3,000	Noble O&G	7c	6c	6c
1,000	Ohio O & G	90c	90c	90c
2,000	Penn Beaver	40c	36c	40c
500	Pennok	13¾	13¾	13¾
3,900	Red Bank	51½	50¾	51½
2,400	Reynolds	5½	5½	5½
	sub shares	5½	5½	5½
200	Ryan Cons	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,000	Salt C Prod	24	24	24
1,000	Sunstate	15c	15c	15c
600	Wilcox O&G	5	5	5
500	Woodly Pet	10	9¾	10
1,000	"Y" O & G	6c	6c	6c

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Alvarado	1	1	1
1,200	Black Oak	85c	84c	85c
1,900	Canario Cop	3¼	3	3
4,000	Cortez Silver	15c	14c	15c
200	CresCons Gold	5¾	5¾	5¾
7,000	Diamondfield B B (rcpt)	12c	10c	12c
1,000	Gold'n Zone	5c	5c	5c
1,000	Gold Zone Div	4c	4c	4c
32,000	Harmill Div	13c	10c	13c
12,000	Hawthorne	26c	24c	26c
4,000	Hollinger G	13¾	13¾	13¾
1,000	U S Cent'l	11c	11c	11c
20,000	Indep Lead	15c	12c	14c
81,900	Jib Con	85c	71c	80c
4,100	Kay Copper	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
4,000	LoneStarCon	4c	4c	4c
14,000	Mohican Cop	11c	10c	11c
1,000	Nevada Hills	34c	34c	34c
1,000	NYPercupine	21c	21c	21c
1,600	Ohio Cop	86c	81c	81c
1,600	Plym Lead	62c	60c	62c
100	Premier Gold	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
4,000	Red Warrior	35c	35c	35c
800	RockyMtnEm & Ref	1½	1½	1½
300	Do pf	1½	1½	1½
1,100	S & G & Pl	3¾	3¾	3¾
5,000	Spear M Gold	6c	6c	6c
5,500	Tech Hughes	1½	1½	1½
100	Tintic Std M	4¾	4¾	4¾
500	Ton Ext	2¾	2¾	2¾
200	Ton Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
900	Ton Belmont Dev	85c	83c	83c
100	Tri-B Smelt	5c	5c	5c

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3	Allied Pack s f 8s, '39	75½	75	75½
1	Do 8s	61½	61½	61½
5	Alum 7s, '33	107½	107¼	107½
23	Am G & E 6s, deb B, 2014	98¾	98¾	98¾
8	Am Thread 6s	103½	103½	103½
1	1925	102½	102½	102½
5	Anacon 5s, '29	103½	103½	103½
2	Anglo-L Cul 7s	102½	102½	102½
10	Antilla Sug Ser A 7½s, '39	97	96¾	97
1	Associated Oil 6½s, '32	79	79	79
2	A, G & W I col trust 5s, '30	58¾	58¾	58¾
1	Beaver'dale 7s	74½	74½	74½
5	Beth Steel 7s, '35	108¾	108¾	108¾
1	Can Nat Rys 7s, '35	110¾	110¾	110¾
11	Cities Serv O 6s	94½	94½	94½
2	Do D 7s, '66	95¾	95¾	95¾
1	Con G E L&P of Bal Ser D 5½s, '21	108	108	108
2	Do 8s	104¾	104	104¾
4	Con Text 8s, '41	72½	72½	72½
1	Detro

DELANEY ANSWERS ATTACK ON TUNNEL

Says Staten Island Project Won't Delay Work on Passenger Subways.

OUTLINES BOARD'S PLANS

Commissioner Harkness Denounces $75,000,000 Tunnel as a Gross Waste of Public Funds.

Replying to a criticism by Transit Commissioner LeRoy T. Harkness directed against the Hylan Administration's proposed $75,000,000 combined freight and passenger tunnel connecting Brooklyn with Staten Island, John H. Delaney, Chairman of the Board of Transportation, yesterday declared that nothing should be permitted to stand in the way of new and better subway facilities for the city's passenger traffic.

He was not impressed by the charge that the city's available credit would be so impaired by the demands made upon it by the Staten Island tunnel enterprise that there would be no funds left for advancing the far more vital necessities of new subway lines in Manhattan, Brooklyn and Queens.

"The new Board of Transportation," said Chairman Delaney, "is now concentrating all its forces upon a study of the two alternative routes proposed for the completion to East New York of the Fourteenth Street-Eastern District subway. We regard that as our primary duty and it is hoped that within a few weeks we shall have definite plans for that extension ready to report for the approval of the Board of Estimate.

"Next to that enterprise, to the completion of which the city stands bound under the dual contracts, we think the transit problems of primary and immediate importance are a line linking Brooklyn and Queens without the necessity of passing through Manhattan, as at present, and a Manhattan trunk line connecting Washington Heights with the Battery.

"It is the attitude of the Board of Transportation, and, I do not doubt, also of the Board of Estimate, that the advancement of these enterprises is of more immediate importance than the prosecution of any other plan of transportation or traffic, and I do not think the city will lack the necessary municipal credit to make, at least, a good start upon these improvements when the plans for them are perfected and approved."

Harkness Charges Waste.

The renewed criticism of the State Transit Commission directed against the Staten Island tunnel, the two shafts for which have just been completed at a cost of $2,000,000, was voiced in an interview with Commissioner Harkness, printed yesterday by an afternoon newspaper. That publication said, in part:

"The city, according to Arthur S. Tuttle, chief engineer to the Board of Estimate, is preparing to go ahead with the tunneling and this Fall will advertise for bids for the construction, expected to cost approximately $75,000,000.

"Since its inception by the legislative act on May 12, 1921, the project has been fought by the Transit Commission and the Port Authority, and has been rejected as unnecessary and railroads which enter the metropolitan district. Criticism of the tunnel was tersely summarized by Le Roy T. Harkness, member of the Transit Commission, as follows:

"'The spending of many millions on this ill-conceived project represents, to my mind, the grossest waste of public funds that I have seen in an experience of more than twenty years in municipal affairs.'

"According to Commissioner Harkness, transit construction in New York is now ten years behind and it would be at least five years until a subway would be ready for use were it started now.

"'If work on this tunnel is continued according to plans,' said Commissioner Harkness, 'the coat would consume a good part of what little there is now and prospectively available for transit construction and the completion dates for subways later to be built would be put off just that much longer. Meantime the number of people using our already overtaxed trains is increasing by 2,500 every day.'

Says Roads Won't Use Tunnel.

"Mr. Harkness pointed out the fact that the city not only had no assurance that the railroads would use the tunnel, but that, on the contrary, it was assured by the railroads that they would not use it. The Hylan Administration, through Mr. Tuttle, stoutly countered with the assertion that the tunnel is necessary to afford Staten Island passenger service, to give Brooklyn a freight and passenger terminal, to connect Greater New York and Long Island with Jersey City and Hoboken and to decrease waterfront congestion throughout the Port.

"Opponents of the project, declaring that the tunnel never should have been started, demand that the city, in greater need of rapid transit elsewhere and hard pressed for funds, postpone further work upon the tunnel and shift the scene of its activities. They declare the project is comparable to that other Hylan enterprise not 15ft from the Staten Island shaft for the tunnel, namely, the $30,000,000 airless docks at Stapleton."

Chairman Delaney, commenting upon the criticism, said that the "most urgent necessity for the Staten Island tunnel was not to give to 100,000 persons in Staten Island better passenger transit facilities, but to give prompt access into the heart of the city for the products carried on the trunk line railroads having their terminals on the New Jersey waterfront. Mr. Delaney cited the desperate plight in which New York found itself during the coal famine in the Winter of 1918, when fragile coal barges, virtually the sole means of transportation from the New Jersey docks to Manhattan and Brooklyn consumers, were blockaded by ice and, not infrequently, crushed and sunk in the harbor.

Concerning the financial aspects of the situation, Mr. Delaney said he had not specifically checked up the status of the city's credit since the Board of Estimate recently voted more than $40,000,000 for schools, terminal markets, sewers and other improvements. His impression was, however, that when he made his estimate some weeks ago that there would be approximately $50,000,000 available with which to make a start upon the most sorely needed of the new subway projects, the appropriations named had been foreseen and deducted from the available total.

He called attention to the fact that, while the sum of $75,000,000 might represent the ultimate cost of the Staten Island tunnel, appropriation of much smaller sums would suffice to keep the work progressing, without blocking an early beginning upon passenger subway work.

DISCUSS CLOAK AGREEMENT

Governor Smith's Commission to Consider It Next Tuesday.

The proposed agreement between the manufacturers and the union in the cloak and suit industry of New York city was submitted to the Governor's Advisory Commission yesterday afternoon at a conference attended by representatives of the workers and employers. Two points were opened for discussion, according to Samuel Blumberg, counsel for the jobbers, who explained that they were only minor in detail.

He explained that they had to do with the strike situation and to the duration of the collective agreement. In its final form the collective agreement contemplates a year's duration. Some of the conferees suggested that it would be advisable to have the agreement terminate in June, 1925, rather than on the first of July. No final action was taken on the proposed agreement because two of the members of the Governor's Commission were unable to be present at the conference. The commission meets again next Tuesday to consider the proposed draft of the agreement.

RULE FOR AUTO BEGINNERS.

Persons Learning to Drive to Receive 30-Day Permits.

Persons learning to drive an automobile in New York City will receive a thirty-day permit instead of the former ten-day permit. The Motor Vehicle Bureau, at 220 West Fortieth Street, announced yesterday that the change was due to the new motor vehicle law, which extends the period from ten to thirty days.

The application for the permit must be made out in writing on a form furnished by the Motor Vehicle Bureau. Every person driving a car under authority of one of these permits must at all times be accompanied by a licensed driver.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Trading Indicates a Demand for Private Houses in Manhattan.

OPERATOR IN TWO DEALS

Frank P. Gaillard Sells West Side Dwellings—Apartment Sales in Manhattan and the Bronx.

A demand for private dwellings was indicated by trading yesterday when several west side houses were acquired by new owners.

Frank P. Gaillard operator, sold the four-story American basement residence 125 West Eighty-eighth Street to Mrs. M. Rantanen, who will occupy the house after alterations are completed. The property was held at $32,500.

The same operator sold the house 132 West Ninety-eighth Street to F. Cannon, who has leased it for a long term of years to the present tenant. This is a four-story and basement residence, on a lot 17 by 100, between Columbus and Amsterdam Avenues, and was held at $27,000. The purchaser paid all cash.

Harry J. Schum & Son have sold for Millie Rosenberg to a client 307, 309 and 311 West Sixteenth Street, three three-story dwellings, on a plot 52.2 by 74.4, irregular. The purchaser intends to construct an apartment house on the plot.

L. J. Phillips & Co. have sold for William Knight to Dr. Alfred A. Richman, orthopedic surgeon, 50 West Seventy-fourth Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, 25 by 102.2, of fireproof construction. The doctor will use the house as his residence and office. The house is one of a row of similar type built by the Clark estate by day's labor.

Investors Buy Tenements.

The six-story apartments 145 and 147 West Twenty-seventh Street, 42.2 by 98.9, have been sold by Peter Blosetti to the W. and G. Holding Company.

Anna J. Doyle sold to Bertha Teitelbaum the six-story apartments, with stores, 196 to 202 Second Avenue, 51.6 by 120, near Twelfth Street, subject to $170,000 in mortgages.

George Steinman, Inc., have sold for M. Donner and others 67 Lenox Avenue, 25 by 100, a five-story tenement and stores, renting for $9,000. The property was held at $55,000. The purchaser is an investing client.

The Linro Realty Company, Benjamin Linsky, President, has purchased from Henry Felsenstein the five five-story flats at 314 and 316 and 322 to 326 East Eighty-second Street, each on a plot 25 by 102.2, and renting for a total of $30,000 a year.

Trading in the Bronx.

Mrs. Bertha Hof sold 342 East 146th Street, a five-story, 25 by 100 apartment house, consisting of ten suites, to an investing client of Charles Kuntze & Son. The premises rent for about $4,000 per annum and were held at $32,000.

The south side of McClellan Street, between Walton and Gerard Avenues, has been sold by the Andrew Freedman Home to Hazel E. Reynolds. The property has a frontage of 200 feet in the street and 556.1 feet in each avenue.

The Kistimmer Realty Company, Inc., sold the six-story apartments, with stores, northwest corner of Wilkins Avenue and 170th Street, 88 feet in the avenue and 107.4 feet in the street, to Michael Lichtenstein.

F. R. Blitz, R. Pfister and M. E. Sobel, as directors of the Silfreid Realty Corporation, purchased the southwest corner of the Concourse and 206th Street, 90 by 99, for improvement with store buildings.

Halle & Co. sold for Bertha Gaebel four-story single flat, 18 by 75, located at 108 East 122d Street, to Charles H. Dix.

Halle & Co. sold for Dora A. Downing three-story brownstone dwelling, 18.9 by 100, located at 27 West 126th Street, to Lampi Narop.

AUCTION SALES TODAY.

Building Lots Being Offered at Rye and in the Bronx.

At Rye 400 lots, composing the property known as Rye Beach Manor and formerly as the Cowles estate, are to be sold at absolute auction today at 2 P. M. on the premises by Joseph P. Day.

Today 519 lots in the East Bronx on and north of Allerton Avenue compose one of the offerings of real estate at auction.

The 519 Allerton Avenue, East Bronx, lots will be sold by Mr. Day on the premises.

Waterfront lots at Freeport, L. I., on Randall Bay and Freeport Bay, will be sold at auction by Joseph P. Day at 2 P. M. today on the premises. There are 393 lots.

NEW HEIGHTS PROJECT.

Old Amusement Park to Be Improved With Twelve Apartments.

The Park River Holding Corporation, headed by George M. Garsson, which purchased part of the site of the old Fort George amusement park recently, will improve the property at once with a group of twelve new apartment houses designed for the occupancy of 600 families in suites of three, four and five rooms.

The property is located between Amsterdam Avenue and the park adjacent to the Speedway, extending from 188th Street to 191st Street.

PREDICTS $10 HOG AGAIN.

Chicago Live Stock Man Says Expensive Corn Will Cause Rise.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Everett C. Brown, President of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange, indicated today that hogs would bring $10 a hundredweight before Oct. 1. He said:

"It is plainly evident that hog prices have seen bottom for this Summer. Today's market is 35 cents to 60 cents higher than Monday, with a broad general demand from both local packers and Eastern shippers.

"On the basis of the present price of corn matured hogs are worth at least $10 per hundred, and I would not be surprised to see that figure reached before Oct. 1. These good 90 and 220-pound pigs that are selling from 4½ to 5¾ cents per pound, if fed a little corn and grass by the hog feeder, will make more money in the next sixty to ninety days than anything he could handle.

"Hogs have been losing from $400 to $500 per car on the basis of the present price of corn. In other words, if the farmer had not fed his corn to the hogs but had sold it at the present market for corn he would be $400 to $500 better off.

"Hogs have always eventually reached a corn basis of values, and they are going to do it now. I do not think we will see as low prices for hogs during the next two or three years as we have seen this Summer."

Ohio Tin Workers Get Wage Cut.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 11.—Wages of sheet and tin workers were cut 10 cents a hundred pounds for the next two months under the bi-monthly settlement reached today. The current rate is $5.70 a hundred pounds. Last year at this time it was the same.

MORTGAGE LOANS PLACED.

Manhattan and Bronx Properties Financed.

Thomas J. O'Reilly has negotiated the following mortgage loans: For John H. Mittelman, on 290 Stanton Street, $18,000 at 5½ per cent. for five years; for Budmax Realty Corporation, on 38 and 40 East Thirtieth Street, $325,000 at 5½ per cent. for five years; for Sherman-Elwood Building Corporation, on 1,975 La Fontaine Avenue, $142,500 at 5½ per cent. for five years; for Charles C. A. Stoll, on 618 West 136th Street, $59,000 at 6 per cent. for five years; for Frank Licato, on 182 Park Row, $23,000 at 5½ per cent. for five years; for Frank Licato, on 16 Bowery, $20,000 at 5½ per cent. for five years; for Astoria Properties Company, Inc., on 63 Mills Street, Astoria, L. I., $200,000 at 6 per cent. for five years.

The following building and permanent loans: For Capitol Construction Company, on University Avenue and Fordham Road, $380,000 at 6½ per cent. for five years; for Murphill Realty Corporation, on 156-160 East Thirty-seventh Street, $240,000 at 5½ per cent. and 6 per cent. for ten years; for H. & S. Construction Company, on Seventh and Woolsey Avenues, Astoria, L. I., $240,500 at 6 per cent. for three years, standing; for Tathis Realty Corporation, on Fourth Avenue, Astoria, L. I., $51,000 at 6 per cent. for three years; for Esseyon Construction Company, on Ninth Avenue between Ditmars and Woolsey Avenues, Astoria, L. I., $131,750 at 6 per cent. for three years; for Eelwein Construction Corporation, on southeast corner 176th Street and Wadsworth Avenue, $160,000 at 6 per cent. and 5½ per cent. for ten years.

BUYING IN THE SUBURBS.

Arndt Residence in White Plains Sold to P. E. Landolt.

The residence of Abraham Arndt, in the Prospect Park section of White Plains, was sold by Prince & Ripley to P. E. Landolt of White Plains. The property is one of the finest small estates in White Plains. The house is of hollow tile and stucco construction with slate roof. It contains ten rooms and four baths and there is about one-acre of ground. The property was held at $75,000.

The Greenwich Academy has purchased on Hillside Drive, Greenwich, Conn., a tract of seven acres, which it will use for an athletic field.

Walter C. Douglas has sold his property on Lake Avenue to Reginald Roome, the property consisting of about one acre, with Colonial house of twelve rooms and a garage. The property was held at $30,000.

Arthur S. Todd has sold his residence which he recently built on Glenville Road to Frank S. Cornell, the property consisting of about one acre of land, with a new Colonial house and garage. The Cornell have taken possession of the property. These Greenwich sales were made through Thomas N. Cooke.

Negotiated $450,000 Loan.

Slawson & Hobbs were the brokers who negotiated for the Erco Realty Corporation, J. Malino, President, the loan of $450,000 for a fifteen-story apartment house at 326 and 328 West Eighty-sixth Street, which was underwritten by S. W. Straus & Co.

Rockville Centre Auction Today.

Rockville Centre Lawns, comprising 439 building lots and two stucco dwellings, will be sold today at public auction by William Kennelly, Inc.

The development adjoins the well-known Canterbury Hams development and the New Rockville Centre Golf and Country Club, with the Canterbury Golf and Country Club only a short distance away.

Auction Result.

IN THE BRONX EXCHANGE.

By Joseph H. Keyes.

Pratt Av, e s, 521 ft s of 233d St, 25x104.1x103.8, vacant; Kirkland Huske against Lillian Greenbaum et al.; Robert B. Alling, attorney; Jules M. Crane, referee, due $575.61; taxes, &c., $112.83; to the plaintiff for $700.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Superlative Opportunity
Plot 97.6 x 100.5
Excavated. Plans Approved
71-79 W. 45th St.
EASY TERMS.
F. H. REINEMAN, 159 West 25th St.
Telephone Watkins 1747.

Northeast Corner
9th Ave. and 50th St.
150 feet from Tex Rickard's new sports arena; "L" station corner. Best proposition on West Side.
BROKERS PROTECTED
J. K. MOORS 218 West 57th. Columbus 6565.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Scarsdale Estates
A colony of high class homes in Scarsdale, a section of surpassing natural beauty.
Two distinct and beautiful home communities to choose from, Greenacres and Greenridge, at Hartsdale Station.
You can select a single plot or acreage on a hill overlooking golf links or in a heavily wooded grove; we will build for you; also homes ready for occupancy.
Robert E. Farley, Pres.
342 Madison Ave., N. Y. C.
Murray Hill 7720.
Local Offices at
Hartsdale and White Plains Stations.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—East Side.

Immediate and October Occupancy
470 Park Ave.
S. W. Corner 58th St.
13 Rooms—4 Baths

929 Park Ave.
Between 80th and 81st Sts.
12 Rooms—4 Baths
One tenant to a floor

1045 Park Ave.
N. E. Corner 86th Street
6 Rooms—2 Baths

A. H. O'Brien
2299 Broadway
Bet. 82d and 83d Sts.
Endicott 6600.

Unfurnished—West Side.

HAVEN AV., 172D-173D STS.
Office, 135 Haven Ave.
3, 4 AND 5-ROOM APARTMENTS.
2 blocks west of Broadway, overlooking Hudson River; reasonable rent. Across the street from Tennis Courts.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc.
The Big Bronx Sale
TO-DAY
Sat. July 12th
at 2 P. M. on the Premises. Rain or Shine
is here
519 LOTS
on and near
Allerton Av.
in the East Bronx

Near the Allerton Ave. Subway Station and the Bronx and Pelham Parkway Station of the N. Y., Westchester & Boston Railway
In addition to the lots shown on the accompanying locality map there are about 200 business and residential lots in miscellaneous locations between the Bronx and Pelham Parkway, the Mt. Vernon city line, the White Plains Road subway and the N. Y., Westchester & Boston R'way. Make your own selection. Attend the sale and Buy "where you like, as you like, at the price you like!"
ABSOLUTE AUCTION
Properties of Louis Gordon Hamersley and Sound Realty Co.
519 ALLERTON AVENUE EAST BRONX LOTS
White Plains Road, Allerton Ave., Williamsbridge Road, Boston Road, Bronx Boulevard, Gun Hill Road, literally surrounded by 7 rapid transit line stations.
TO-DAY, Sat., July 12
On Premises, 2 P. M., Rain or Shine
70% ON MORTGAGE
Lawyers Title & Trust Co. POLICIES FREE
Attorneys: STEWART & SHEARER, 45 Wall St., N. Y. City.
STODDARD & MARK, 18 East 41st St., N. Y. City.
TO ATTEND SALE: Take East or West Side subways to East 180th St. station and then White Plains Road extension to Allerton Ave. station and walk east to Williamsbridge Road at 4 property; or take the N. Y., W. & B. R'way to Pelham Parkway and walk west to property.
67 Liberty Street New York City
Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc.
Telephone Cortlandt 0744

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc.
A. 2 P. M. TO-DAY Sat. July 12
on the Premises, Rain or Shine
"At Your Own Price"
FREEPORT, L. I.
On Randall Bay and Freeport Bay
393 Waterfront Lots
West Side, St. Marks, Casino and adjacent avenues
For All-Year Homes and Bungalows
In Immediate Vicinity of the
LIGHTS CLUB, THE CASINO
and the South Shore Yacht Club
—Boating—Bathing—Fishing—
Absolute Auction
70% On Mortgage
TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY
Policies Free
GEORGE MORTON LEVY, Atty., Freeport, L. I.
67 Liberty St. New York City
Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc.
Telephone Cortlandt 0744

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS
St. James Building
1133 Broadway (At 26th St.)
Light Units of Various Sizes
Agent on Premises.
Cronin Building
220 Fifth Ave. (At 28th St.)
Overlooking Madison Square.
Agent on Premises.
684 Broadway
(Cor. Gt. Jones St.)
Light Outside Space.
42-6 West 33d St.
Opposite McAlpin Hotel
Units of Various Sizes.
13 ASTOR PLACE—Alexander Hamilton Building
Very Light Offices—Showrooms at Reasonable Rentals.
Broadway & B. R. T. 8th St.
Subway Station Beside Building.
STORES
117 West 33d St.
Store and Basement.
14 x 88 x 26.
Immediate Possession.
13 East 30th St.
21 x 88
Possession Feb., 1925.
22-8 West 19th St.
TO
19-23 West 18th St.
Size 90 x 166 x 75
Basement Ceiling 16 Feet.
Possession Feb., 1925.
138-140 Center St.
with Basement.
Size 39 x 110.
Immediate Possession.
Also 6th floor, 43 x 100.
1261 Broadway Spearites Pennsylvania 6520

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

Avoid the Subway Crush
Live in the Residential Section of OLD CHELSEA
4-ROOM APARTMENTS
$85 to $95
In New Modern Building
N. W. Cor. 6th Av. & 19th St.
Ready for Occupancy.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS
Established 1818.
191 Ninth Av. Chelsea 5266

14 West 68th St.
(Near Central Park West)
Will lease apartments for one year with option of buying on cooperative basis and receiving 50% rebates.
Write or telephone 9261 Trafalgar for prospectus.
THE ROGER MORRIS
Elevator Apartments
3, 4 and 5 ROOMS.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.
400 WEST 160TH ST.
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS.
Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations.
PHONE WASHINGTON HEIGHTS 3000.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—Bronx.

Specious Outside
Corner, 2-3-4 Rooms with Foyers
Corner Valentine Ave. and 204th St., between Concourse and Mosholu Parkway.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

LIVINGSTON COURT
59-65 Livingston Street, Brooklyn
(Borough Hall Subway Station)
5 minutes to Wall Street
High-class elevator apartments
4-5-6 ROOMS
1-2 BATHS, RENT $1200 TO $2300
Possession now or Oct. 1
Apply on premises or Phone office, Vanderbilt 8110.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
MORTGAGE LOANS AND REALTY BOND ISSUES. WELLES CORPORATION, 170 BROADWAY.
FUNDS available for purchase money, second mortgages; brokers protected. I. Metzger & Co., 1,819 Broadway, Columbus 3380.
ATTORNEY has client with large fund for second mortgages exceeding $25,000. W 812 Times.
$365,000 TO INVEST immediately in building loans and second mortgages, small and larger amounts. V 870 Times Downtown.
I WILL buy second mortgage from $3,000 to $25,000; New York only. 48 Sq. 48 Union Square.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.
WANTED—First mortgage $8,500, 6 per cent. 3 years, first-class private dwelling; area of Manhattan; valuation $22,000. A. Gr. 23 Times Uptown.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Adventist

THE CITY TEMPLE,
120th St. and Lenox Av.
LOUIS K. DICKSON, Pastor.
Subject, Sunday night at 7:45 o'clock: "AFTER DEATH—WHAT? THE HUMAN SOUL AND SPIRIT ANALYZED."
Broadcast from Station WSAP (263 Meters)

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST,
West 57th St., Bet. 6th and 7th Aves.
Pastor, JOHN ROACH STRATTON,
at 11:30-8:00.

CENTRAL BAPTIST,
S. E. Cor. 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
Preaching at 11 A. M. by
Rev. H. GRATTON DOCKRELL,
Of Ossining, N. Y.

FIRST BAPTIST,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
Preaching by
REV. GEORGE DOUGLAS,
of Flushing, L. I.
11 A. M.—"THE WELL SPRING BY THE GATE."
8 P. M.—"THE LUTE WITH THE BROKEN STRINGS."
Men's Bible Class 10 A. M.
HORACE L. DAY, Teacher.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST,
Madison Avenue at 31st St.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister.
REV. CHARLES INGLIS, D. D., of London, Eng., preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

PARK AVENUE BAPTIST,
Park Avenue and East 64th Street.
Ministers { Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D. / Rev. Eugene C. Carder.
10 A. M. Bible Class for Men and Women.
11 A. M.—MR. CARDER, Subject: "NEIGHBORS IN GOD'S KINGDOM."

Christian Science

Authorized Christian Science Services and Meetings
are held in the following
NEW YORK BRANCH CHURCHES OF THE MOTHER CHURCH
The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts
SUNDAYS, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
WEDNESDAYS, 8 P. M.

FIRST	Central Pk. W. & 96th St.
SECOND	Central Pk. W. & 68th St.
THIRD	Park Av. & 43d St.
FOURTH	Ft. Wash. Av. & 173d St.
FIFTH	9 E. 42d St.
SIXTH	1501 Boston Rd., Bronx
SEVENTH	520 W. 113th St.
EIGHTH	103 E. 77th St.
NINTH	Town Hall, 131 W. 43d St.
TENTH	98 Waverly Pl.
ELEVENTH	2258 G. Concourse, Bronx
TWELFTH	39 W. 58th St.
THIRTEENTH	311 W. 23d St.
FOURTEENTH	446 W. 152d St.

NOTE:—Wednesday meetings in Fourth, Sixth and Eleventh Churches are at 8:15 P. M. Wednesday meeting in Ninth Church is at 12 noon. Second Sunday service in Seventh Church is at 4:30 P. M. Fourteenth Church has no Sunday evening service. Thirteenth Church has discontinued the Sunday evening service during the Summer.
The public is cordially invited.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.,
Park Av. and 34th St.
11 A. M.—JOHN HERMAN RANDALL: "A Cultural versus A Political Civilization."

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH,
BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
DR. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, Pastor.
REV. FRANCIS T. COOKE
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN,
142 West 81st St.
8:30 A. M.—Breakfast for Students.
11 A. M.—Dr. Idleman.

Divine Science

MICHAEL FANNING
speaks every Sunday at 11 A. M. at the HOTEL McALPIN, Broadway and 34th St.

Divine Science

ADDALENA MENZEL,
HOTEL GREGORIAN PARLORS,
Thirty-fifth, between 5th Av. and B'way.
Sun. 8—"Vital Health and Success Talks."
"The sick have been healed, characters redeemed and prosperity has come to those who practice the principles of these teachings." All welcome.

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST,
REV. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Waldorf-Astoria, Sunday, 11 A. M.
Speaker: Rev. HENRY VICTOR MORGAN, "THE MASTER POWER OF MAN."
Healing Meetings on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at Noon. Public Invited.

Interdenominational

GOSPEL TABERNACLE,
602 Eighth Av. (near 44th St.).
Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Founder.
Rev. ANTON CEDARHOLM, Assoc. Pastor.
10:45 A. M.—REV. LUCIUS B. COMPTON, The Southern Mountaineer Evangelist.
7:45 P. M.—REV. A. CEDARHOLM.

At the METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
129 WEST 39th St. "The LORD JESUS CHRIST is EXALTED as LORD and GOD."
Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesday, 8 P. M. Prayer Meeting.
Rev. George Shaw, Pastor.

Jewish

JEWISH SCIENCE.
RABBI MORRIS LICHTENSTEIN, Leader.
During July and August services will be held at the Centre, 166 West 72d St. Sunday, 11 A. M., and Wednesday, 8:15 P. M. PUBLIC CORDIALLY INVITED.

WEST SIDE BRANCH, CONGREGATION OHAB ZEDEK, 216 West 95th St. Joseph J. Schwartz, Rabbi. Saturday morning at 8 o'clock, Cantor Josef Rosenblatt and choir. Sermon: "Portion of the Week."

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 92d St.
11 A. M.—Rev. GEO. A. RUPLEY of India.

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St., Central Park West.
11.—The Rev. William Frese will preach.

Methodist Episcopal

CALVARY, 129th St. and 7th Av.
Dr. WILLIS P. ODELL, Pastor.
Rev. H. L. Wriston, D. D., of Boston, will preach at 11 and 8.

OLD JOHN STREET, 44 John St.
FRANCIS B. UPHAM, D. D., Minister.
11 Sunday. Each weekday, 1 o'clock.

MADISON AV. METHODIST, 60th St.
Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, D. D. } Ministers
Rev. John M. Pearson, D. D. }
11, Rev. Stephen Y. Mason, D. D., of Toledo.
8, Mr. Pearson.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE,
14th St. and 7th Av.
Rev. HOUGH HOUSTON, D. D., Minister.
DR. HARRY FARMER at 11 and 8.

ST. JAMES',
Madison Av. and 126th St.
REV. FRED W. STACEY, Minister.
Rev. W. A. Hudson preaches at 11 A. M.

ST. PAUL'S,
85th St. and West End Av.
RAYMOND L. FORMAN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., REV. F. WATSON HANNAN, D.D.

UNION METHODIST EPISCOPAL,
229 West 48th St., 50th St. subway station, 30 steps from Broadway.
A place where the old Gospel of God's Redeeming Grace is continuously preached.
11 A. M.—"The Cry of a Distressed Heart—God's Answer."
8 P. M.—"St. Paul's Psychology."
Rev. Robert J. Harrison, M. A., Minister.

New Thought

UNITY.
SCIENTIFIC CHRISTIANITY.
RICHARD LYNCH, President.
WISE BUILDING, 250 W. 57th St.
Sunday, 11 A. M. Address by AGNES M. LAWSON.
8 P. M. Frances G. Lord.
Public cordially invited.

New Thought

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
22 West 72d St.
Sunday, 8:15 P. M.—Mr. Fanning.
Mrs. Kendall, Miss Patch.
Daily Noon Meetings.
Mr. Sherman, Miss Springer.
Friday, 8:15 P. M.—Public Speaking Club at Branch Library, 69th St. and Amsterdam Av.

Presbyterian

BRICK,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill. / Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
Dr. HUGH BLACK will preach at 11.
NOON SERVICE every weekday (Except Saturday) at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN,
Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. WALTER LAURENCE BUCHANAN, D.D., Minister. The pastor will preach 11 A. M. Summer students are cordially invited.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN,
MADISON AV. AND 57TH ST.
Rev. DWIGHT W. WYLIE, D. D., LL. D., PASTOR.
11 A. M.—Rev. William Hiram Foulkes, D. D., Secretary "The Era Movement," pastor-elect Old Stone Church, Cleveland, Ohio.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street.
11 and 4:30—Services of worship.
Bishop Luther B. Wilson, Methodist Episcopal Church of New York City, preaches.
4—Organ recital by Harry Gilbert.
10—Men's and Women's Bible Class.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN,
5th Av., 11th and 12th Sts.
Ministers { Rev. George Alexander, D. D. / Rev. Harry E. Fosdick, D. D. / Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers.
11:00 A. M.—DR. ALEXANDER.
8:00 P. M.—Lawn Service (Weather Permitting). Rev. Thornton B. Penfield, Jr., Mid-Week Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

FORT WASHINGTON PRESBYTERIAN,
Broadway at 174th St.
Rev. JOHN McNEILL, Pastor.
Rev. William Taylor of Liverpool, England, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN,
West End Av. and 91st St.
11 A. M. Rev. Charles L. Goodell, D. D. Church closed until September.

HARLEM—NEW YORK,
Mt. Morris Park West and 122d St.
Preaching at 11 and 8 by Dr. W. L. McCormick of Philadelphia.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Corner South Oxford Street, Brooklyn.
Rev. Basil Douglas Hall will preach at 11 and 7:45. Morning—Holy Communion.

MADISON AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Northeast corner 73d St.
MINISTERS:
Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D.
Rev. Henry Pierson Fenison.
Rev. William Raymond Jeffrey.
Rev. George Stewart, Ph. D.
11 A. M.—Rev. Albert Parker Fitch, D. D.
8 P. M.—Dr. Fitch.

PARK AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Park Avenue and 86th Street.
Tertius Van Dyke, Pastor. 11 and 8.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS,
5th Av. and 136th St.
Rev. WILLIAM ALLAN, Minister.
11 A. M.—"Playing Second Fiddle."

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN,
South cor. 96th St. and Central Park West.
Rev. GEORGE J. RUSSELL, Pastor, 11.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam Av. at 105th St.
DR. EDWIN KEIGWIN, Pastor.
11 and 8—Rev. Arthur J. Brown, D. D., preaches. Grace M. E. Church Uniting.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam Av. and 86th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D.D., Pastor.
Rev. J. SIDNEY GOULD preaches 11 A. M. Topic: "Jesus—A Man's Man."

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 112th Street.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M. and 4 P. M.—Preacher, Rt. Rev. Henry J. Mikell, D. D.
Daily service, Holy Communion at 7:30 A. M.

Protestant Episcopal

CALVARY, 4th Av., 21st St.
Rev. CARROLL M. DAVIS, LL. D., Minister in Charge.
8—Holy Communion.
11 and 8—Preacher, Rev. H. L. Gibbs.

GRACE,
Broadway and 10th St.
Rev. W. RUSSELL BOWIE, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M. Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service and Sermon. Rev. Eliot White.
8 P. M.—Later Evensong and Sermon. Rev. Eason Cross.

HOLY APOSTLES, 9th Av. and 28th St.
Dr. Steen. Services 8, 10:30 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
5th Av. above 40th St.
Rev. HENRY DARLINGTON, D. D., Rector.
8, 11. Rev. Herbert J. Glover, Vicar.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
8th Avenue and 20th St.
8 A. M. and Noon—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Rev. Dr. Mottet.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
Rev. H. P. SILVER, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer. Sermon by REV. J. MANLY COBB, D. D.

ST. ANDREW'S STH AV. AND 127TH ST.
Services, 8-11 A. M.
Rev. A. E. RIBOURG, D. D., Rector.

ST. IGNATIUS'S CHURCH,
West End Avenue & 87th Street
Masses: 8, 11.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST,
11th St., West of 7th Av.
Rev. JOHN A. WADE, Rector.
Holy Communion 8. Service and Sermon, 11.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
135 West 46th St.
Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D.D., Rector.
Low Masses, 7:30, 9. Missa Cantata, 10:45. Preacher: FATHER PIERCE.
Vespers, 4. Week Days, Mass at 7.

ST. MARY'S, 521 West 126th St.
Rev. CHARLES BRECK ACKLEY, Rector.
Sunday Morning, 8, 9:30, 11.

Church of St. Matthew & St. Timothy
36 West 84th St.
Rev. A. H. Judge, D. D., Rector Emeritus.
Rev. Frederick Burgess, Jr., B. D., Rector.
8 and 11 A. M. (Rev. Charles H. Duncan).

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL,
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale.

9TH, 320 WEST—Private house, price $46,000, terms; 14 rooms and 6 baths; in A1 condition; immediate possession. Gatelier on premises.

IN the West 60s, 21-foot 4-story and base-ment; built deep, 32 rooms, 7 baths; net quickly. Wood, Delson Co., Inc., Broad-way, between 72d and 73d Sts. Endicott 6000.

$8,000 CASH buys 4-story and basement in the West 70s, at bargain price. Wood, Delson Co., Inc., Broadway, between 72d and 73d Sts. Endicott 6000.

Manhattan For Rent.

80S—Splendid opportunity; house, 14 rooms, 3 baths; 5 years' straight lease; rent $375. Moore, 156 West 72d.

TO LEASE, four-story dwelling on 56th St., west of 8th Av.; new building to be con-structed to suit payment; long term; an wonderful opportunity; no brokers. F 787 Times Downtown.

Bronx For Sale.

JESUP AV., 1,427—New 2-family brick, tax-exempt, 12 rooms; 2-car garage; porches; exclusive location, convenient to subways. Joseph Colonna, Jerome 2261.

RIVERDALE—Beautiful neighborhood, 7-room stucco house; garage, sun porch. Kingsbridge 1015.

SUMMIT AV., 1,020—Most beautiful, new, three-story private stucco house; fireproof four-car garage; wine cellar, beautiful sun parlor; two beautiful main bathrooms tiled to ceiling; Mott's latest fixtures, brass pipes throughout; house; separate needle bath shower room, extra servant's toilet and lava-tory; tiled kitchen, separate laundry room; beautifully decorated throughout with all lat-est modern improvements; not built for spec-ulation; overlooking Harlem River; five min-utes from "L" and subway; must be seen to be appreciated. Apply Foley, 1,051 Ogden Av., West Bronx. Phone Jerome 2832.

TWO-FAMILY HOUSES,
UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS,
Montgomery Av., corner 179th St.,
Two blocks west of University Av.

Seven rooms, sun parlor each floor, three-car garage, plot 52x100, separate showers, extra lavatory, tile kitchen, &c.; finest con-struction throughout; savings banks long term 5½ per cent. mortgage; liberal terms; inquire Montgomery Holding Corp. on prem-ises. Phone Bingham 1696.

BARGAIN FOR QUICK BUYER.
3 NEW 2-FAMILY.

Well built, tax-exempt houses, near Con-course, crosstown trolley and 1 block east of 167th St. station, Jerome Av. subway-elevated line.

GERARD AV., NEAR 167TH ST.
Builder at property, or 882 Prospect Av. Dayton 6000.

BEAUTIFUL 2-family houses for sale; par-quet floor, tiled kitchen and bathroom; 2-car garage. 1,811 Jesup Av., north of 175th St., Bronx.

THREE-FAMILY house, frame, three ad-joining lots; price $36,000. 2,004 Arthur Av.

Brooklyn For Sale.

4TH AV., 1941 (66th St.)—2-family brick; new; beautiful; double brick garage; tax exempt; 18 rooms, 3 porches; modern plumb-ing; near subway station. Phone Shore Road 2051W.

BOROUGH PARK SECTION—One-family 10-room stucco house, with 3 porches; lot 40x100; cold water system from cellar; ga-rage for two cars; price $12,000; must be seen to be appreciated. For full particulars call 1569 47th St., Brooklyn.

COZY cottage, detached, fireproof, tax ex-empt, five rooms, bath; two blocks Sea Beach express station; $2,500 cash, $5,500 mortgage; bargain. Telephone Benson-hurst 5351.

NINE rooms, all improvements, 2 lots, double garage. 2,273 86th St., Brooklyn.

Queens County For Sale.

QUEENS VILLAGE—Truly an exceptional offer; owner sacrifices; very attractive 6-room house on large plot in highly re-stricted residential community, near sta-tion, churches, stores and school; electricity, steam heat, hardwood floors throughout, ma-hogany floors upstairs; tile bath; built-in tub, shower, pedestal basin; individual driveway; macadam street, trees, sidewalks and curbs; asking $8,100, any terms within reason. F. J. Rogers, 6382 215th St., Queens, L. I. Phone Hollis 3452.

SPECIAL HOUSE BARGAINS.

One-Family Homes.	Two-Family Homes.
$300 CASH.	$1,000 CASH.
$25 Monthly Principal.	Easy Terms.

Steam, electricity, parquet floors, hot wa-ter, gas range, breakfast nook, tiled bath and kitchen; beautiful fixtures, artistic dec-orations; large plot; garage space with driveway; improved streets; open daily, ev-enings and Sundays. FROHWITTER, 90-50 Sutphin Boulevard, corner Jamaica Ave., one block from Jamaica station. Jamaica 5257.

$975 CASH buys 2-family brick house; en-closed porch and driveway. Wm. J. Cun-ningham, Inc., 937 24 Av., Astoria.

Long Island For Sale.

ADDISLEIGH — ST. ALBANS—Dutch Colo-nial home, 9 rooms, 3 baths, oak floors; excellent condition, exceptional heating plant; garage and chicken house; lawn and shrubs; adjoining golf course; highly re-stricted, 30 minutes Penn. station. Phone Jamaica 2166M.

BAYSIDE—Modern six-room frame house, sun parlor, enclosed porch, garage (to match); lot 40x100; steam heat, tax exempt; convenient to Long Island trains, school and bay; fireplace, screens, shrubbery, stove, icebox. Owner will sell direct for $11,000; easy terms. Telephone Bayside 1116-R.

BELLE HARBOR—Bathing, boating, fishing; tax exempt; beautiful, furnished bungalow, house, garage, or rent. Belle Harbor 2711.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.

Price $10,000, 7 rooms and bath, hardwood floors throughout; garage; on plot 40x100; tax exempt; small cash, easy terms.

J. THOMPSON SCOTT CO.,
KERBIN REALTY CO.,
B'way and 22d St., Flushing. Tel. Flush. 4084.
New York office, Room 403,
110 W. 34th St., N. Y. C. Lackawanna 2677.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.

Six rooms, tiled bath and kitchen, en-closed porch; lot 40x100; all latest improvements; on large plot; price $9,500; terms.

J. THOMPSON SCOTT JR.
B'way and 22d St. Tel. Flushing 4240-4518.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.

Beautiful corner cottage; large plot, beau-tiful residential section; garage; twenty minutes Penn. Station; $19,000; easy terms. Flushing 5020.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.

Beautiful Colonial home, select residential section, six rooms and bath; all improve-ments; $12,500; easy terms. Flushing 5020.

DOUGLASTON PARK—Eight rooms, three baths, hardwood floors, open fireplace, solarium, open porches, weather strips, screened, garage, vapor heat; large plot; wonderful weather view; splendid condition in every detail; this property is offered at a sacrifice and attractive terms; it is a bar-gain; phone for appointment; other attrac-tive listings in rentals, plots, &c., on North Shore. W. H. Holmes, Phone Bayside 1240J.

DOUGLAS MANOR—Sacrifice a beautiful small house, 6 comfortable rooms, every modern convenience; tiled kitchen, heated garage, large plot; bathing, fishing, tennis and every out-of-door diversion; asking $24,000; $3,500 in cash; an excellent buy. EDGEWORTH SMITH, Inc., Broadway and Douglaston Av. Phone Bayside 1316.

DOUGLAS MANOR—New house, small pay-ment; balance as rent. E. L. Wertheim, 58 West 40th. Phone Longacre 4614.

FOREST HILLS—Sacrifice, new tax exempt home, 8 rooms, 50x100; restricted location. Frey Beauty Shop, 1 Continental Av.

JAMAICA—Owner leaving town, sacrifice beautiful 8-room cottage, near main sta-tion and traffic lines; cannot be seen to be appreciated. Telephone Jamaica 4778-J.

KEW GARDENS—7 rooms, 2 baths, tax ex-empt; plot 50x125. Richmond Hill 9701.

LAWRENCE, L. I.—For sale, gentleman's place of over an acre, on valuable corner in exclusive location; 6 master's, 3 maids' bedrooms, 4 bathrooms; every modern im-provement, including electric ice machine, garage, flower and vegetable gardens; price reasonable. John F. Scott, 358 Fifth Av., New York.

LONG BEACH—$4,250; 6 rooms, stucco bungalow; all improvements; near station; small payment down; balance same as rent. Thomas F. Duffy, 44 West Park St., Long Beach.

LONG BEACH— Bargain; don't rent—buy; $500 cash gives immediate possession, new all-year stucco bungalow; balance $60 monthly. F. J. Koch, opp. station.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE.

Handsome new stucco residence, 9 large rooms, tiled bath, built-in tub, extra toilet, oak floors, fireplace, sun porch; plot 50x200; beautiful oak trees on plot, shady restricted street; convenient station, stores and school; builder will sacrifice at $10,500 owing to late season. See JOF agents, John J. Foy, Inc., 55 Front St. (opposite station). Telephone 1782.

ROOSEVELT Cottage Place and Raymond St., plot 50x128, 2-story and cellar, 1-fam-ily, hot water heat, electricity, parquet, 1-car garage; chicken house; beautiful home; price $5,000, cash $1,000; bargain. Amy G. C. O'Brien, 798 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 2900.

ALL-YEAR home, high, rolling country, multiplied scenery, 50 minutes from city, 10 Forest Hills; tennis, golf; 9 rooms, 2 baths; garage. Trafalgar 0998.

Long Island For Rent.

BALDWIN—Attractive stucco house; near beach; 4 bedrooms; garage. Clarke, 23 Hayes.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.

Beautiful Colonial home, select residential section, six rooms and bath; all improve-ments; $12,500; easy terms. Flushing 5020.

DOUGLASTON PARK—Eight rooms, three baths, hardwood floors, open fireplace, solarium, open porches, weather strips, screened, garage, vapor heat; large plot; wonderful weather view; splendid condition in every detail; this property is offered at a sacrifice and attractive terms; it is a bar-gain; phone for appointment; other attrac-tive listings in rentals, plots, &c., on North Shore. W. H. Holmes, Phone Bayside 1240J.

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Long Island For Rent.

BALDWIN—Attractive stucco house; near beach; 4 bedrooms; garage. Clarke, 23 Hayes.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.

For rent, furnished, tiled bath, garage; all improvements on large plot, $125 per month.

J. THOMPSON SCOTT JR.
B'way & 22d St. Tel. Flushing 4240-4518.

HEMPSTEAD—Attractive house, 6 rooms, bath, garage, $100. G. Hubbell, 1 Hilton Pla-ce Av., Garden City, L. I. Garden City 1198.

Westchester County For Sale.

CHAUTAUQUA and Pleasantville properties for sale or rent. Archer, 10 East 43d St. Vanderbilt 8064.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Westchester County For Sale.

GREENWOOD—Sacrifice, going West, beau-tiful modern home, near station; large plot, with gardens, fading parkway; bargain, $14,000. For quick sale; good terms. Address "Owner," Room 601, 17 West 50th St. Co-lumbus 0635.

HARTSDALE, N. Y.—Colonial house, new; 8 rooms large rooms, tile bath; all modern improvements; garage; terms to suit buyer. T. F. Reece, Central Av. Phone White Plains 2819 or Canal 7781.

HASTINGS and vicinity, houses, furnished and unfurnished, for sale and to let. De-vine. Telephone Hastings 201.

LARCHMONT MANOR.

$15,000, easy terms, 7-room Colonial home, modern construction, 2 baths; living room with fireplace, large porch; southern ex-posure, hot water heat, every modern ap-pointment; garage; well laid out plot right in the Manor with restrictions; all bathing privileges; conveniently located; a bargain; act quickly; come out and inspect this and other attractive offerings.

H. FRANKLIN BULL,
Collins Realty Bldg., 37 East Road,
Larchmont, N. Y. Tel. Larchmont 274.

LARCHMONT HOMES—Sound Shore inland, all prices; rentals, furnished, unfurnished. Dawing, 41 Boston Post Road, Larchmont. Telephone 466.

MOUNT VERNON—beautiful home; 88 Mo-ran Av.; stucco house; lot 50x150; price $15,000; living room, dining room, kitchen, 3 baths, 4 bedrooms, 1 maid's room, large, enclosed porch; steam, hot water, electricity; beautiful shrubbery; many other good fea-tures; must be seen to be appreciated. Owner, 242 North Columbus Av. Phone Hillcrest 10021.

MOUNT VERNON (Oakwood Heights)—Colo-nial; eight-room dwelling, substantially built; near stations, school and stores; re-stricted section; plot 75x140. Tel. Hillcrest 3058W. Marden, builder.

BARGAIN—Cozy 6-room house, splendid con-struction, modern throughout, 2 porches, double garage; owner leaving town; will sacrifice. Bretey, 39 Central Av., Ridge-field Park, N. J.

FOR SALE—7-room house, all improvements, ½ acre ground, berries, fruit, garden, hen house, garage. Owner, 276 Prospect Av., Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. Ridgewood 503W.

SEND for Baldwin's Bargain Bulletin of Homes; prices, terms and photographs. John A. Baldwin, Ridgefield Park.

SIX-ROOM house, for sale or rent, all mod-ern improvements. Inquire E. Weise, Harworth, N. J.

New Jersey For Rent.

QUAINT, small, studio bungalow on Fall-sades; unusual grounds, bathing, ga-rage. Fort Lee 106.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

New York State For Sale.

ORANGE LAKE, N. Y.—For sale, 7-room house, sleeping porch, large plange, acre of land, grape vine wall, fruits, beautiful flowers; all fenced in; furnished or un-furnished; 2-car garage; electric lights and all modern improvements; will sacrifice for quick sale; terms arranged. Address P. O. Box 27, Newburgh, N. Y., or 200 2nd St.

Connecticut and New England For Sale.

COLONIAL, modern, 4 bedrooms, bath, elec-tricity, heat, porches; stables, kennels, fruit, stream, 8 acres; $14,000. Richards, Darien, Conn.

Connecticut and New England For Rent.

CAPE COD—Eight new four-room bunga-lows, furnished; running water; on beach and boulevard; $30 week; $200 season. E. B. Knowles, Box 449, Provincetown, Mass.

Other Sections For Sale.

On concrete road 20 minutes from WASHINGTON, D. C.

elegant, hollow tile, 32-room residence on 27-acre poultry farm; 110 volt electric plant and all city conveniences; large barn; two laying houses, one of hollow tile, 35x22 ft., with total floor area of 9,000 sq. ft.; mam-moth incubator, brooder stoves, tractor, and all modern farm implements; trade name and good will of big business in table egg; price $50,000, on very liberal terms. Address C. H. B., 1,856 Third St., Washington, D. C.

HOUSES AND ESTATES WANTED.

WANTED to purchase brick or hollow tile house; location Douglaston Manor to Plan-dome, L. I.; must have four master bed-rooms; two bathrooms; two servants' rooms with bath; large plot and garage; maximum price $35,000; half cash. Address "T. P.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station.

SUMMER HOMES.

Brooklyn For Rent.

MANHATTAN BEACH—Breezy furnished room, private home, select neighborhood; for season; terms reasonable. Coney Island 2008.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY—3-5 room bungalows; furnished; all improvements; steps to beach; $150 up; till Nov. Apply 3,125 Em-mons Av. Coney Island 0805.

Staten Island for Rent.

FIVE rooms, newly, attractively furnished bungalow on Hewlett Bay; 10 minutes from Long Beach, 3 minutes to Bath (Rockaway station) but meets all trains; references re-quired. Address Wesley, 127 East 46th.

WATERFRONT, furnished bungalow, 5 rooms, bath; $330 to October. Phone Academy 1647.

Long Island For Sale.

ATTRACTIVE cottage, overlooking Lake Ronkonkoma; 6 rooms, water, electricity; 4 blocks from station; shady trees; bathing, fishing; $3,000; $500 down; $25 monthly. Browne, Ronkonkoma, L. I. 804 West 115th, New York.

Long Island For Rent.

BROADWAY-ON-THE-HILL, Flushing—For rent, furnished, seven-room house, August only; 10 minutes to Penn. station; 2 acres wood and fields near by; garage; abundant shade; screens throughout; references re-quired. Phone evenings, Flushing 3141R.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Whole or part of attrac-tively furnished house, 12 rooms, 3 baths; garage; also single or double rooms with adjoining bath. Regent 3148.

GARDEN CITY—Furnished house, July 15-Sept. 15, 11 rooms, 3 baths; 2-car garage; 1 acre ground; delightfully cool; $400 per month. Hughes Office, Real Estate and In-surance, Garden City 2206.

JAMESPORT, L. I.—Furnished bungalow, just completed, on Peconic Bay; Jamesport, L. I. E. R. Kirby, Jamesport, L. I.

LONG BEACH—Twelve rooms, 3 baths, fur-nished, block from ocean; suitable boarding house; also 4-room apartment and bungalow; greatest value at Long Beach. Byrne, 217 East Front St. Phone Long Beach 848.

LONG BEACH—Stucco house, newly fur-nished; seven rooms, enclosed porch, two baths; East Walnut St.; three blocks from ocean; reasonable. Long Beach 730.

LONG BEACH—Furnished apartments in new two-family houses; five rooms, enclosed porches; garage. 340 West Chester St.

LONG BEACH—Ocean front, modern 4-room apartment, elegantly furnished; reasonable. Phone Chelsea 2899 or Long Beach 9061.

LONG BEACH—Bungalow, six rooms, all improvements; moderate rental. Phone Spring 7067.

NEPONSIT (338 B. 144th St.)—Eight room house, furnished, garage. Belle Harbor 0637.

ROCKAWAY PARK—7 rooms or 3-room apartment; good location; near station. 438 Beach 131st. Belle Harbor 1517.

SEA GATE—Beautiful rooms; surf bathing, tennis; also yearly 5-room bungalow. Man-hattan Beach, Call Coney Island 2906.

SEA GATE—Two furnished rooms, private bathroom, kitchenette; near beach. Coney Island 3441.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY—Arcadia bungalows, 4-8 rooms, furnished; private beach, gas range, electricity; large porch, open; season or monthly; prices low. Phone Coney Island 4555.

TWO WEEKS' VACATION.

Ocean bathing; quaint log cabin or studio camps, furnished; tennis, canoeing, refined; references; $14 weekly up. Bay term. Hills Colony, Southampton, L. I.

SUMMER or longer, charming home, 2 acres, real country; 50 minutes from city, 10 Forest Hills; tennis, golf; 9 rooms, 2 baths. Trafalgar 0998.

ATTRACTIVE furnished bungalow near beach; 3 rooms; rent $125. Clarke, 23 Hayes.

WILL sacrifice beautiful home, 9 rooms, 2 baths, garage; between ocean and station. Telephone Long Beach 293.

OCEANSIDE, 20 Roff Av.—8 rooms; large kitchen, dining room, bath, $80.

Westchester County For Rent.

LAKE MAHOPAC.

Two nicely furnished cottages, all im-provements; waterfront rights; tennis court; near station; moderate terms; sea-sons season. Swarts, Lake Mahopac, N. Y.

MOUNT VERNON (Chester Hill)—Modern 8-room house, garage, summer, $150 month-ly. Telephone Hillcrest 8167.

PELHAM MANOR—Reduced season rental, attractively furnished house, 10 rooms, 3 baths; wide, cool veranda; beautiful sur-roundings; garage. 1,015 Edgewood Av. Tel. Pelham 1617.

PELHAM MANOR—For a small family or good reference we have an exceptionally cool and attractive home which can be rented completely furnished until Sept. 1. Phone Fish & Marvin, Pelham 1997.

RYE, N. Y.—Furnished house, entrance Westchester Biltmore Country Club; 3 baths, 10 rooms, one-car garage; Summer or lease by year. Phone Rye 984, corner High-land Rd. and Biltmore Av.

COMFORTABLY furnished modern home, lovely, rural; two minutes from station; until Labor Day. Harmon, Sterling Grove 1064F.

LACkawanna 1000

The telephone number of The New York Times has been changed to

LACkawanna 1000

SUMMER HOMES.

Westchester County—For Rent.

RENT furnished, Westchester County, new 8-room cottage, $300 for season; boating, bathing, fishing. Nat Tekulsky, Yorktown Heights.

COOL, quiet, comfortably furnished seven-room house for Summer months at at-tractive rental. Phone Tarrytown 1042 for information.

New York State For Sale.

COPAKE LAKE, Craryville, Columbia County—New built, furnished dwelling, all improvements, porches around house; front facing nine-mile lake; ideal bathing, boating and fishing; ten minutes from station; or will rent. Ludwig Hess, 4 West 118th.

FOR SALE—In the Adirondacks, log cabin and garage, 40 acres land, overlooking 10,000 acres; 2 miles from village; good hunting and fishing. Inquire Wm. T. Garnaz, La-marine, N. Y.

New York State For Rent.

FAWLING, N. Y.

For sale or rent, beautifully furnished gentleman's country home, 6 master's cham-bers; 3-car garage; large grounds; stable room for horses. Dunn, 5083 Trafalgar, or B. L. Haskins, 105 Fawling.

FURNISHED mountain cottages; easy ac-cess; ideal location; improvements; four rooms, $125 and $150 season; photos. Cedar-crest, Wawarsing, N. Y.

New Jersey For Rent.

LAKEHURST—Gorgeous location, garage, everything desired; ocean 1½ miles. Murray Hill 1641.

LAKE HOPATCONG—Furnished, lake front; bungalows, electric lights, running water; reduced rentals for July and August. E. C. Hulbert, P. O. Hopatcong, N. J.

LAVALLETTE—Comfortable cottage, over-looking ocean; August. Lester, 150 Rose-mont Av., Bronx.

PALISADES—Beautifully furnished 4 rooms; residential; reasonable. 1,311 Edgewood Lane, Cliffside 1386.

PARK RIDGE, N. J.—4-room house, fur-nished, all improvements; acre ground; 5 minutes from station; 40 minutes to New York. Phone Audubon 9144.

OVERLOOKING HUDSON—Beautiful suite, large living room, sleeping porch, private bath; handsomely furnished; elegant sur-roundings; half hour from Penn. Lee Ferry, $75 monthly to refined people. Phone Wadsworth 0120 Saturday or Fort Lee 49 Sunday.

PRETTY homelike bungalow, directly on shore; five rooms; fine bathing; very large porch; furnished, $300 weekly. Mundy, 89 Park Av., Maplewood, N. J.

Connecticut and New England For Sale.

RIVERSIDE, CONN. (Willowmere Av.), be-ing completed, 10-room house, 3 baths, ga-rage; beautiful grounds; ¼-acre waterfront property; schools, clubs; excellent trains. J. ROBERT ROSS, Architect, 830 Lexington Av. Rhinelander 3065.

RIVERSIDE, CONN.—Sale or rent, Hendrie Av., beautiful 8-room house, electricity, hot water heat; large grounds; excellent condition; commuting distance. Kaye, Riverside, Conn.

Connecticut and New England For Rent.

BAY VIEW, MILFORD, CONN.—For sale or for rent, season or month, 6 and 7 room furnished cottages; all improvements; garage and bath houses; 100 feet from beach; $450 to $550 per season. C. H. Hahn, 2 Orchard St., Bay View, Milford, Conn.

RIVERDALE, GREENWICH TOWNSHIP—Eight-room Colonial house; garage; one acre; 5 minutes walk from station or yacht club; July 15 to Sept. 15, $400. Phone South Beach 414.

PENOBSCOT BAY—Six rooms and bath, fur-nished; $300 for season; community dining room. Apply W. Mrs. J. Colton Deal, Eggemoggin, Little Deer Island, Maine.

SHORE COTTAGES to rent, Fairfield Beach, Connecticut; all improvements; shore front. Address C. B. M., P. O. Box 1031, Bridgeport, Conn. Phone Barnum 7408.

WILLOW COTTAGE for rent, Wellsbridge, N. Y., on Susquehanna; accommodate party of ten; fishing and bathing; $10 per week.

SUMMER HOMES WANTED.

FURNISHED house, some ground, garage, Westchester, small adult family; not to exceed $300 to Oct. 1. J. R. Blen, 240 West 98th. Riverside 5074.

DESIRED for balance of season, bungalow or house for two responsible couples; ten-nis, bathing, garage; commuting from city. Bendow, 216 West 48th St., city.

REFINED family desires furnished home, moderate, near beach, commuting distance, until Aug. 31. Loynes, 465 Central Park West. Academy 4061.

WOULD like to buy camp site; must have lake front; want about twenty acres. Del-man, 400 West 59th St.

LOTS AND LAND.

Bronx.

BUILDERS—Tremont and Devoe Avs., step from subway station; over 40 lots; several corners; pipe for 5-story houses; free and clear; easy terms. ESTATE LOUIS SACHS, 88 West 21st.

Brooklyn-Queens.

OCEAN PARKWAY, at Kings Highway; a beautiful plot, 80x150 feet, for residential purposes; highly restricted section; price $7,000; $3,000, balance first mortgage; will give reasonable subordination to builder. A. W. Wagner, 109 3d St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Hugueneot 1266.

Long Island.

GARDEN CITY corner plot, equal to 7½ city lots, near St. Paul's School and station; in the very choicest residential section; owner will sacrifice to quick buyer for $475 net; $300 cash required, balance monthly payments to suit; this is a real bargain. Phone or write Fred Dolan, 152 West 45d St., N. Y. C. Tel. Bryant 0082.

LONG BEACH—Lots for sale, Penn St., very reasonable; easy terms. Inquire 438 Broadway. Phone 1209 Long Beach.

OCEANSIDE—4 desirable lots, good location, near station; new development. Rector 6540.

New Jersey.

FOR SALE—One mile of Atlantic Ocean front, back to bay, New Jersey coast, 75 miles from New York; any one interested communicate with Dr. John A. Farrell, West Cheyney, Pa.

INVESTOR'S opportunity; will sell in a re-stricted location Long Beach, a plot for 300, all improvements; $300 down, $18 monthly. F 744 Times Downtown.

Other Sections.

FIVE ISLANDS, Me.—Two hundred acres of land, 1 mile sea coast. M. E. Bailey.

FARMS, GROVES and RANCHES.

New York State For Sale.

PAWLING — Gentleman's farm, about 60 miles out on Harlem R.R.; self-supporting; tennis court, swimming pool, golf course nearby. S 10 Times.

Other Sections.

FARMS, country stores; call or write for booklet. Burke Stone, Inc., 41 East 42d.

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

2D AV., 216—16.8x100; 3-story and bakery store; large oven in cellar; 4 rooms on floor; assessed $12,500; rents: $2,140; price $17,000. Inquire Louis Lent, 935 2d Av.

60TH ST., WEST—Five-story double flat, 25x100; steam heat, electric light in halls; average room rent $6; this property can be sold at a bargain price. Wood, Dolson Co., Inc., Broadway, 724-732 8th St. Endicott 6000.

INVESTORS' OPPORTUNITY.

STORE PROPERTY—MO STEAM HEAT.

$18,000 cash will purchase 10-family, 3-story walk-up on West 109d, east of Broad-way; mortgage standing; $6,000 first mort-gage for 10 years; rents over $6,700 per an-num; after expenses are paid will leave over $3,000; principals only. Wood, Dolson, Inc., Broadway, 724-732 8th St.

SIX-STORY, high class, elevator, size 100x50, Washington Heights corner, layout 2-3a, 2-2a, 2-5s; rent $43,000; first mortgage, $120,000, 5 per cent., 4 years; second mortgage, $18,000, 14 years, $6,000 cash, balance third mortgage; six years; average $12 per room. Bryant 10446.

FIVE-STORY WALKUP.

near 167th St. and subway; two lots, 100 feet; rent $15,000; price $90,000; cash $18,000; total payments $1,800 per year; take second, 10 years.

FREDK. SELLMAN & SONS,
5,311 Broadway. Endicott 8300.

$16,000 BUILDING—Five-story new flat, stores, 3-4-2, 2-3, $9.50 per room; rents $16,145; first mortgage only. Sellangia, 2,459 2d Av. Mott Haven 9114.

LAWYER, represents clients, has cold and hot water flats to sell at 3 times key ad-vance; rents; reasonable. Address L. A. Jef-fer, 350 Broadway, New York City.

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

RENTS, $2,000; price $180,000; six-story apartment house, near Broadway. BEAR-RUM, 505 8th Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 9126.

Grand Sections For Sale.

PHILA. Spring Apts., 8th St., 20 rooms with garage; 20 cars; good location. Ar-thony, 397 E. 11th St.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED.

$5,000 to invest—Tenements, flats, business property, leaseholds. L. R., 128 Times.

HOTEL PROPERTIES.

All Sections For Sale.

BARGAIN—Seven-story apartment hotel, midtown; income $35,000; net return $12,-840; I would buy myself if I had $15,000 cash. What say you? Peterson, 1,540 Broadway. Bryant 9807.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

42D, 546-552 WEST (near 9th Av.)—80x100, 4-story building; price $250,000; income $31,000 year. Apply Hughes & Hughes, premises. Longacre 9270.

FOR SALE or lease, new modern 1-story, concrete, corner factory building; large windows and 16 skylights; height interior suitable for any business; located on South-ern Boulevard. Apply 786 East 141st. Tele-phone Melrose 7678.

FACTORIES, ANY SIZE, ANYWHERE.
GAILLARD REALTY CO.,
100 EAST 42D ST. VANDERBILT 5820.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

6TH AV.—Loft building, lease 10 years, mid-town location; no brokers. Owner, Box 82, 1,347 Broadway.

36TH ST., East of 5th Av.—Entire building for rent; suitable dressmaker, interior deco-rator, art dealer or club; opportunity for right tenant; long lease. H. J. Sachs & Co., 32 West 21st St.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale.

FACTORIES, all dimensions in all sections, waterfront and railroad sidings. John E. Henry, 186 Montague St., Brooklyn. Main 7079.

TWO STORIES—Office and factory building for sale. Harwhl Waist Co., 206 Park Av., Brooklyn.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

FOR LEASE, with option to buy, 1-story brick building, 6,000 sq. ft.; also 2-story, 12,000 sq. ft.; floors concrete, high ceiling, on three streets, light three sides; unrestricted section L. I. City; Bantal 5260. Reilly 6196 Hunterspoint.

New Jersey For Rent.

UNION HILL, N. J.—Two floors, good light; top floor, 120x29; ground floor, 85x29; part or all; equipped for radio work; motor and line shaft, tools, drill press, screw machines, work benches and other tools, for sale or rent. Mutual Mineral Water Works, 111 Kossuth St. Union 4327.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

1ST AV. (cornet 38th St.)—Lofts, ground floor and basement; each contains 7,500 sq. ft.; light, heat, power, elevator; sprinklers, fire escape; immediate possession. Apply owner on premises. Telephone Lexington 0600.

6TH, 429 EAST—Light loft, 4,000 sq. ft., freight elevator, steam heat; five steam if desired. White House Laundry, Dry Dock 5260.

16TH ST., 133-137 EAST.
2d loft, 70x92; 3 elevators.
100 per seat, sprinkler; moderate rental.
Apply Owner, Y. Greene & Co.,
49 WEST 38TH ST., 3D FLOOR; SUPERINTEN-DENT ON PREMISES.

27TH ST., 304 EAST (8D AV.)—
Fifth loft, 2,500 sq. feet; good light; eleva-tor; manufacturing or storage; immediate occupancy; rent $2,400. Spotts & Starr, Inc. Bryant 4009.

29TH ST., 518 WEST—Lofts to lease, 95x100. Phone Owner, Chickering 5010.

STORAGE SPACE—UNUSUAL OPPORTU-NITY TO OBTAIN DESIRABLE STORAGE SPACE IN THE ASSEMBLING OF THE HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING, 30 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK; SPACE WELL LOCATED AND HEAVY DUTY ELEVATOR SERVICE TO STREET LEVEL; WILL LEASE FOR ONE YEAR OR LONGER TO DESIRABLE TENANT; BROKERS PROTECTED. REPLY BOX 173, 228 WEST 42D ST., NEW YORK CITY.

MANUFACTURING OR STORAGE.

Fireproof roof house, 8,000 ft., $2,500, 419 East 52d St., Cohoon Realty Co., Owner's Agents protected.

DESIRABLE lofts; owner, 2375 Bryant. 136 Bleecker St., also store, 22x100; 549 West 52d St., also 50x50; 343 W. 46th (fireproof semi-bas't), 84x100.

TO LEASE—Upper part 816 Avenue A, 3-story brick, 52x48; estate of John U. Brookman, 185 Broadway. Cortland 1081.

FIRST and third floors, Wm. S. Thom-son's Son, 318 West 14th St.

FLOOR suitable for service station or taxi company. Bingham 4953.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

12,000 SQUARE FEET, 100 per cent. light; sprinklers, elevator, heat furnished; drive-way; 50 per cent per square foot possess-ion Sept. 1. Staten For Factories, 160 Remsen St. Main 7366.

NICE, light corner floor, suitable for dentist or doctor; moderate rental; long lease ob-tainable. Inquire 5,318 10th Av. Brooklyn, cigar store. Phone Bayhorne 0140.

TWO FLOORS, 25,000 sq ft., with East River dock; live steam. Schuster & Lemke, Inc., 861 Vernon Av., L. I. City.

STORES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

7TH AV., 2,344 (at 132d)—Corner store, suit-able any kind of business. Goodwin & Goodwin, 200 Lenox Av.

8TH ST. (Madison Av.)—Corner store, 3 entrances, 3 show windows; long lease; reasonable rent; can be split up. Inquire Hotel Madison, 21 East 27th St.

113TH, 142 WEST—Store 21x7; immediate possession; $25.

125TH, 4 EAST—Part of store with fixtures and 4 large window; must be suitable ladies' specialties; opportunity.

BROADWAY, 3,898, (corner 163d)—Adjoin-ing blocks of new houses being completed; great future; choice corner, store connected with large light basement store by inside and outside stairway; two lavatories; $250 monthly; want offer.

BROADWAY, 3,604—Light basement suit-able for business. Premises or Murray Hill 8622.

LEXINGTON, 1,470 (corner 86th)—Suitable grocery, haberdashery, druggist, stationery, confectionery, laundry; $125.

COLUMBUS AV. AND 86TH—Newly altered stores.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

BROADWAY, Brooklyn—Double window store (good for any business); apartment above; rent reasonable. J. Polansky, 1,239 Broad-way, Jefferson 9838.

OFFICES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

8TH AV.—Private furnished offices, $25 to $50; including telephone, stenographic ser-vices. 246 8th Av. (28th). First floor.

41ST, 145 WEST (northeast corner Broad-way)—Offices, $45 and up; immediate pos-session. Supt., Room 511, Bryant 9866.

42D, 101 WEST—Large front office, facing Public Library; immediate possession. Ap-ply

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition.

WEDNESDAY, 12 P. M.—Situations, Situations Wanted, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.
THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT.—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with real photographs, matrices or drawings.
FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Editorial Section.
FRIDAY, 8 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, Real Estate Opportunities.
TODAY, SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to exclusion.

Daily Edition.

Advertisements for daily editions may be received until 4 P. M. on the preceding publication.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum space 2 lines.	Agate line of 8 words
Situations Wanted	45c
Furnished Rooms; Rooms Wanted	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	50c
Pets Wanted	55c
Lost and Found	55c
Real Estate	60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	60c
Country Board	60c
For Sale	65c
Automobile Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Mortgage Loans	70c
Employment Agencies	80c
Business Opportunities	$1.00
	Per Word.
Buyers Wants, Offerings to Buyers	15c
Rooms Exchange (Business)	15c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.
Errors Avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.
Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.
Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Continued from preceding page.

188TH, 525 WEST—Six large, light rooms, front; all improvements; $80. Inquire Superintendent on premises.

142D ST., WEST (230 Convent Av.)—New high-class elevator apartments, just completed, 3-4-5-6 rooms, 1-2 baths; immediate occupancy. Inquire premises. Bradhurst 8221.

143D ST., 617 WEST—Six and seven room apartments in modern elevator apartment house; light, airy rooms; rental $90 to $115. Apply Superintendent on premises.

143D, 519 WEST—6 large, light rooms, all improvements, elevator; reasonable rent.

144TH, 510 WEST (off Broadway)—Very choice elevator apartments, 4-5-6 rooms, all improvements; elegantly decorated; buses, subway, trolley, "L"; open inspection. Supt.

144TH, 615 WEST—Five light rooms, near Riverside; improvements; $75. Inquire Superintendent, or Nehring, 1,441 St. Nicholas Av.

146TH, 424 WEST—6 rooms; refined neighborhood; low rental. Inquire Supt.

146TH, 502 WEST—7 large, light, airy rooms, parquet floors; all improvements.

148D, 640 WEST (facing Riverside Drive, overlooking Palisades Park)—3, 4, 5 rooms. Inquire Superintendent.

158TH, 509 WEST (near Broadway)—New elevator apartment house; 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms; very conveniently located; rent reasonable. Apply Superintendent.

160TH, 520 WEST.
Four beautiful light rooms; $60; all improvements. Harris Exchange, agents. Wadsworth 8033.

160TH, 601 WEST—5-6-7-8 large rooms, large foyer, 2 baths; modern 10-story elevator apartment, facing Broadway.

161ST ST. (between Fr. Washington Av. and Riverside Drive)—Elevator apartment, 4-5-6-7 rooms. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st. Phone Wadsworth 6385.

161ST, 681 WEST (cor. R'way)—7-8 rooms, 2 baths; brand new elevator; janitor's apartment, ground floor. Inq. Supt.

163D, 619 WEST—3-4-5 large, light rooms; all modern improvements.

163D, 600 WEST (corner Broadway)—High-class elevator apartment, 4 rooms, $65.

164TH ST., 615 WEST—4 rooms on second floor, front; beautiful garden apartment; immediate occupancy; concession for Summer months. Call Caledonia 3850. Mr. Relman.

166TH ST., 470 WEST—5-6 rooms, elevator; full service; reasonable.

168TH, 601 WEST (corner Broadway)—Select neighborhood; elevator apartment; 6 extra large, light rooms. Superintendent on premises.

171ST ST., 640 WEST—5 large, light, airy rooms; all improvements; $80. Apply Supt.

176TH, 580 WEST—4 rooms, all improvements. Supt.

178th St., 711 West—5 large, light, airy rooms; all improvements; $80. Apply Supt.

179TH, 815 WEST.
Five beautiful corner rooms; rent, $75; Harris Exchange, Managing agent, Wadsworth 3033.

180TH, 575 WEST.
4 and 5 rooms overlooking Hudson, paneled and stippled walls; $70 up.

180TH, 719 WEST—High-class elevator apartments, 4-5-6; $65-$105.

181ST ST., 867 WEST (The Duncraggan), adjacent Riverside Drive.
Four, five large, beautiful rooms; quiet, well-kept house; most desirable location in Manhattan; moderate rent. See Resident Superintendent, or KEMPE & CO., 87 West 90th St.

181ST ST., 575 WEST (Sterling Towers), directly abutting Riverside Drive.
TWO, FOUR, FIVE ROOMS; exceptionally large, light and well arranged; ideal location; very reasonable rent. RESIDENT SUPERINTENDENT, OR KEMPE & CO., 87 WEST 90TH ST.

181ST, 880 WEST—Four and six rooms, high class elevator apartment; river view; reasonable rent.

188TH, 550-565 WEST—3-4-room apartments; walk-up; all improvements; $53 to $75. Inquire Superintendent, on premises, or Gorman Management Corp., 1,569 St. Nicholas Av.

188TH, 111 WEST—3 and 5 room apartments, all modern improvements. Superintendent on premises.

189TH, 540 WEST—4 outside rooms, first floor, $75. Atwood.

AMSTERDAM AV., 1,109 (114th St.)—Five rooms; all improvements; reasonable. Superintendent.

AUDUBON AV., 185 (corner 174th St.)—4 rooms, all improvements, reasonable.

BROADWAY, 4,848 (Academy St.)—New building, 3-4 rooms, $60-$80; concession; immediate possession. Supt. or Vanderbilt 1460.

BROADWAY, 3,117 (corner 124th)—Elevator apartment, 3-4-5-6 rooms; all improvements; Apply superintendent.

BROADWAY, 3,117, opposite 124th St., Apt. 12—Sun-room, elevator apartment to sublet, furnished or unfurnished.

CLAREMONT AV., 180—$85 per month; Light, airy, elevator apartment; 5th floor, one block from the Drive at 124th St.; early occupancy; inspection between 10 and 4 daily. Apartment 55.

CLAREMONT AV., 180—5-6-7 rooms, elevator; convenient location; reasonable rent.

CONVENT AV., 470 (151st)—Elevator apartments, 3-5-6 beautiful rooms; all light, $70, $95, $120; plenty closets.

DYCKMAN ST., 303—5-7 ROOM WALK-UP APARTMENT; LATEST IMPROVEMENTS; LARGE, LIGHT. SUPERINTENDENT.

EDGECOMBE AV., 385—3-4-5 room elevator apartments; opposite park, near 155th St. station; convenient travel; reasonable.

ELWOOD ST., 79 (Between Nagle and Broadway, 2 blocks south Dyckman station)—3, 4 extra large rooms, just completed; reasonable rent. Agent on premises.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 454 (Nathan Hale)—New four-six-nine rooms, three baths; $80 to $200; also doctor's apartment, nine rooms, ground floor. Murray Hill 5960. Washington Heights, 1395.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., southwest corner 178th; high-class elevator, just completed; now ready for occupancy. Apply on premises.

GREENWICH VILLAGE — Just remodeled, five and six rooms, all improvements; $115-$150; liberal concession. Sheridan Square subway, 61 Grove St. Agent on premises.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—4 rooms, kitchen, bath; modern; excellent neighborhood; $65. Spring 5162.

MORNINGSIDE AV., (103)—Seven-room modern, bath, electric; steam heat. See janitor.

NORTHERN AV., 105 (The Trossachs, just north of 181st St., 1 block to Drive)—6 BEAUTIFUL LARGE ROOMS; all outside, sunny rooms, commanding unexcelled view of Hudson and Palisades. Apply Superintendent on premises, or KEMPE & CO., 87 WEST 90TH ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790 (156TH TO 157TH)
7 rooms, 2 baths.
9 rooms, 3 baths.
10 rooms, 3 baths.
Immediate and October possession.
RIVIERA APARTMENTS.
Tel. Billings 2906. Resident Manager.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 345-365 (at 159th St.)—High class elevator apartment, 3-4-5-6 room apartments to lease. Inquire Superintendent, or Friedman-Wolfe Realty Co., 960 Riverside Drive. Phone Wadsworth 5385.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (109th)—Beautiful apartment, 10 rooms, 3 baths, very large reception room; newly reconstructed and decorated; open for inspection; reasonable. Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 705—Six rooms, corner, sun parlor; also elevator apartment, eight rooms, separate entrance; fireproof. Murray Hill 5680. Audubon 8804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 835 (north of 158th)—2, 4, 5 and 6 rooms; new elevator building. Apply Superintendent, premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910—Elevator apartment, 4 rooms, $110; 7 rooms, $125.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

87TH, NICHOLAS PLACE, 75—FOUR ROOM HIGH-CLASS WALK-UP APARTMENT; ALL LATEST IMPROVEMENTS; LOW RENT. SUPERINTENDENT.

87TH ST., NICHOLAS AV., 862—Very desirable, 3 rooms, southern exposure; available from August 1; reasonable rent; 12:30 to 3 and after 6. West.

87TH ST., NICHOLAS PLACE, 87 (105th St. Station)—2-3 rooms, elevator, reasonable.

45 TIEMANN PLACE.
Block south of 125th St. Subway Station.
2 and 3 rooms, bath.
Elevator. Moderate rentals.

WEST END AV., 838 (southeast cor. 101st St.)—3 rooms, 2 baths, and 2 rooms, 2 baths; most up-to-date and attractive apartment on west side; immediate occupancy.

WEST END AV., 752 (97th)—7 rooms, newly decorated; all improvements; $140.

WEST END AV., 712 (96th)—7 rooms; good location; all improvements; $115.

THE GARNELL,
55 WEST 66TH ST. (ADJ. PARK).
Modern elevator FIREPROOF BUILDING.
5 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, $150.
Outside apartment; newly decorated; permanent light assured; exceptionally desirable. Premises of

KEMPE & CO., 87 WEST 90TH ST.

ELEVATOR BUILDINGS.
94th, 311 West—5 rooms.
124th, 534 West—2, 3, 5 rooms.
124th, 537 West—3, 5 rooms.
Concession given.
VAN BUREN REALTY CO., Owners.
2 East 48th. Vanderbilt 2956.

PANMURE ARMS,
595 Riverside Drive (corner 128th St.)
6 EXTRA LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS;
BEST VALUE ON THE DRIVE;
a charming apartment; abundant closet space; unexcelled service. Call premises or KEMPE & CO., 87 WEST 90TH ST.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,187—SIX ROOM WALK-UP APARTMENT; LATEST IMPROVEMENTS; LARGE, LIGHT. SUPERINTENDENT.

CLAY AV., CORNER 166TH.
BEAUTIFUL 3-4 ROOMS.
Corner apartment house, new building; reasonable rent. Apply 378 East 165th.

DAWSON ST., 786—Parlor floor and basement; good location for doctor; modern improvements. Dayton 4147.

FAIRMOUNT PLACE, 875—Beautiful 3-room and bath, all improvements, first floor of 2-family house; must be seen to be appreciated.

GRAND AV., 2,075—3 rooms, new house; $57; concessions. Fordham 2226.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,884.
East Side, south of 199th St.
Three, four, five rooms, new building.
Two short blocks from subway.
Beautiful location; reasonable rent.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,425 (171st St.)—Three, four, five rooms; reasonable rentals. Agent on premises.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,964 (corner 179th St.)—2, 3, 5 rooms; rents reasonable. Apply Supt.

LEGGETT AV., 972 (corner Beck St.)—3 rooms, bath, electric light, hot water, steam; reasonable.

MORRIS AV., 2,911 (179th)—3-5 rooms, facing street; fireproof, elevator apartment.

MOSHOLU PARKWAY, 170 (and Concourse)—Seven rooms, garage; distinctive, three-family residence.

ROCHAMBEAU AV., 3,525—New building north of Dunhill Road, 4-5 large rooms to lease, large foyer and closets; sun all day; southern exposure; rents very reasonable; concessions to Sept. 1; near Mosholu Parkway, facing Jerome Av. subway and 4th and 181st St., two blocks from Van Cortlandt Park golf links.

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,815 (near Tremont Av.)—2-3-4 rooms; reasonable rent.

CHISWICK CHAMBERS,
170th St. and Davidson Av.,
Southwest corner.
170th St. Station Jerome Av. Subway.
WEST BRONX.
2 and 3 room apartments that are equivalent to 4 and 5 rooms; with Murphy Beds, dinettes, dressing alcoves; and 24-hour elevator service. Save rent by using your rooms full time. Also conventional apartments of 2 and 3 rooms. Agent on premises, or write

DEBROSE REALTY CORP.,
183 E. Burnside Av.
Fordham 10005.

WONDERFULLY LOCATED APARTMENTS
2-4-5 ROOMS.
High altitude; unexcelled view.
New building; 2,547 Sedgwick Av., southwest corner Kingsbridge Road; convenient Jerome Av. express and "L" line.
MURRAY HILL ALEXANDER, Corp. Agents.

MARGUERY HALL,
320 East 176th St. (Mount Hope Section).
Just completed. Every modern imp.
REASONABLE RENTS. FINE LOCATION.
Convenient to Concourse, stores, &c. Subway, "L" and railroad stations.
AGENT ON PREMISES or Murray Hill 6419.

NEW CORNER BUILDING,
GUN HILL ROAD AND TRYON AV.
2-3-4-5 ROOMS.
MODERATE RENT.
Near Jerome Av. subway and 3d Av. "L."

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

CONGRESS ST., 171 (near Clinton)—Five rooms, bath, electric, heat; quiet house.

OCEAN PARKWAY, 1,647.
Beautiful apartment, now ready; express station Brighton line. Phone Dewey 9502.

STERLING PLACE, 430—5 rooms and bath, newly decorated, near park and subways; $70. Hartman.

5 ROOMS and bath, steam, $65, all improvements; near subway. Bensonhurst 5070.

Unfurnished—Queens.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—Elevator apartments, five rooms or five rooms and sun parlor; large and light; typical of the beautiful garden apartment homes that have made this community the most desirable place in which to live; $150 monthly. The Queensboro Corporation, Renting Department, Phone Havemeyer 2800.

KEW GARDENS.
New 3-4-5 room all outside apartments, select improvements, children's playground, tennis court on premises; moderate rental. KEW HALL APARTMENTS, on Queens Boulevard at Kew Gardens. Telephone Virginia 2440.

14 MINUTES FROM 42D ST.
Enjoy life in a garden apartment, every modern convenience.
CRYSTAL GARDENS,
Astoria.
Choose your apartment now for the Fall.
4 rooms, $65.
5 rooms, $75.
6 rooms, $85.
Renting office open every day at 257 Hoyt Av., Astoria. Directions: Take Lex. R. R. train to 59th St. (Central R. R. M. T.), from Times Square, or 2d Av. "L" from 57th St. (Astoria line to Hoyt Av.)
SEND FOR BOOKLET

Unfurnished—Long Island.

JACKSON HEIGHTS
RENTING & SALES CO.
Choice collection 2-3-4-room Apts.
New building, nearing completion.
Well appointed, luxurious, spacious.
Fresh air gardens; moderate rental.
Jackson Cooperative Apts. for sale.
Heights Furnished Apts. for rent.
Tisch Bldg., 37 Polk Av., at 35th St.
HAVEMEYER 4581, JACKSON HEIGHTS.

KEW GARDENS (Kew Hall)—Five rooms, sale or rent in cooperative Garden Court; elevator apartment, top floor; adjoins tennis club; 1 block from station; all outside rooms; attractively decorated; facing southeast; 16 minutes from Penn. station; references required; shown by appointment. Richmond Hill 3070. Apt. 6N.

4 ROOMS, bath, back and front porches, all improvements; rent $57; references required. 154 98th St., Corona, L. I.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

YONKERS (316 Woodworth Av., near station)—Five rooms, bath, porch; park, river outlook; best neighborhood; $70-$75. Phone 4072W or Van Rhijndelaer.

Furnished APARTMENTS.

South Yonkers—Excellent 3 or 7 rooms and bath, 3d floor, all improvements; desirable tenants only; immediate occupancy; lease, $70 and $85. H. Romaine Ryan & Co., 906 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y. Telephone 2758-9.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J. (21 Trinity Place, corner Myrtle Av.)—New apartments, four, five, six rooms and baths; all modern improvements; immediate possession. Apply on premises, or H. A. Langhein, 24 Branford Place, Newark, N. J. Phone Market 8122, or your own agent.

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE

GOOD, sanitary space available in fireproof building for storage of any kind of merchandise on reasonable basis; very suitable for manufacturers, agents or brokers; every courtesy; attended truck service. Penn Pier Warehouse Co., 260 West St., Canal 6466.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO., 247 West 59th—Store furniture, also moving, at lowest rates in city. Telephone Endicott 8151.

RETURN load moving system, 2 loads anywhere from Utica, N. Y., immediately. Sterling 6067.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

23D, 152 EAST (Apt. 19, Gramercy)—Attractive front room, electric, elevator, telephone.

27TH-MADISON AV. (Hotel Madison)—Summer rates; beautiful outside rooms with private bath, $14 weekly; rooms with running water, $10.50 for one or two people, daily, $1.50 up. Madison Square 1784.

27TH, 23 EAST (MARTHA WASHINGTON)—100 ROOMS, FIREPROOF; A WOMAN'S HOTEL—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $11 TO $15 WEEKLY FOR ONE PERSON, $17.50 TO $21 WEEKLY FOR TWO; ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 WEEKLY FOR ONE; $24.50 AND $27 WEEKLY FOR TWO.

27TH, 128 EAST—Double front, also single room; modern conveniences. Apt. 2.

30TH (146 Lexington Av.)—Single room; business people; running water; $8.50; references.

30TH, 132 EAST—Large front room, $7; smaller, $6; electricity, phone; gentleman; quiet.

30TH ST., 30 EAST.
ATTRACTIVE, NEWLY DECORATED ROOM.

36TH (36 Park Av.)—Attractively furnished large, airy, double room, private bath, twin beds; one flight; very reasonable.

36TH ST., 34 EAST—Attractive single, double rooms; running water; private baths.

48TH—Large room; for 1 or 2 gentlemen; single, $12; double, $15; reference; private family. Phone Vanderbilt 8892.

49TH ST., 31 EAST (Hotel New Weston)—Attractive outside single rooms with running water; convenient to bath; special Summer rates. Plaza 0366.

52D, 18 EAST—ATTRACTIVE DOUBLE, 1 BATH; PLAZA 1168.

55TH, 18 EAST—Single, inexpensive, cool; private house; telephone.

57TH, 321 EAST—Modern, single, double, every convenience; quiet house; central.

59TH AND 5TH AV. (HOTEL NETHERLAND)—LIGHT, AIRY ROOMS, WITH RUNNING WATER, ON BACHELOR FLOORS; SHOWER AND TUB BATH ON FLOOR; $15 WEEKLY.

59TH AND 5TH AV. (HOTEL NETHERLAND) — LARGE, QUIET, DOUBLE ROOMS AND BATHS, $35 PER WEEK.

60TH, 41 EAST—Large or small room, adjoining bath; Hesperi 3169.

70TH—Independent outside room, kitchenette, remodeled house; women; Summer concessions. Endicott 8033.

70D ST. (at Madison Av.)—Hotel Ashton—Newly decorated, furnished rooms with use of bath, $13 weekly up; rooms with private bath, $18 weekly up; buses, surface cars, subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

90TH, 124 EAST—Large, airy room, housekeeping; all conveniences; near subway; phone.

MADISON AV., 226 (41st St.)—Nicely furnished, cool room; reasonable rate; lady or gentleman. Billy Ams.

MADISON AV., 189—Attractive single, double rooms; running water; private baths.

"ALLERTON HOUSE."
Club residence for men, conveniently located, affording every comfort of home, with surprising service. Rates include club; rates $10 to $20 a week for approved residents only.
45 EAST 65TH ST. 143 EAST 80TH ST.
23 EAST 38TH ST. 302 WEST 22D ST.

HOTEL BELMORE,
46TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AV.
VERY ATTRACTIVE SINGLE, $8 UP; WITH BATH, $12 UP; DOUBLE, $12 UP; WITH BATH, $16 UP; SUMMER RATES.

West Side.

11TH ST., 21 WEST—Cool, reasonable rooms for gentleman; refined private house.

11TH, 16 WEST—Rooms; suitable one or two people; select house.

22D, 421 WEST—Large front room, private bath, electricity; suitable two-three.

31ST ST., 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $13 WEEKLY; LARGE, QUIET, DOUBLE ROOMS, TWIN BEDS, RUNNING WATER, $24 WEEKLY FOR TWO; SINGLE ROOMS WITH BATH, $23 WEEKLY UP.

37TH ST., 42 WEST.
HOTEL GREGORIAN.
Large, cool rooms, with private bath; single $3 daily, double $4 day up; every room an outside room.

43D ST., 255 WEST.
HOTEL TIMES SQUARE (just off B'way).
SEPARATE FLOORS FOR WOMEN.
NEW YORK'S CHOICEST HOTEL.
1,000 rooms, with bath or connecting bath, $2 and $3 daily, $12 to $18 weekly; double rooms with bath, $4 to $4.50 daily, $24 to $27 weekly.
TELEPHONE IN EVERY ROOM.
TEL. LACKAWANNA 0900.

43D ST., 127 WEST (HOTEL WOODSTOCK)—COMFORTABLE ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, OR BACHELOR FLOOR; BATHS ON FLOOR; $11 WEEKLY.

46TH, 322 WEST—Cool, clean, quiet, hot, cold water, electricity; no transients.

47TH ST., 108 WEST—RALEIGH HALL, A RESIDENCE FOR MEN.
Attractively furnished rooms with, without private bath or shower; club advantages and accommodations with hotel service.
RATES FROM $10 WEEKLY.

47TH, 53 WEST—Attractive large room; private baths; single and skylight; conveniences; gentleman.

47TH, 37 WEST—Large room, suitable one or two business women; reasonable.

49TH ST., 45 WEST—Large and small, very desirable rooms; references.

51ST, 33 WEST—12-story apartment hotel, single rooms, bath, $50 to $60 per month.

54TH ST. AND BROADWAY (HOTEL CUMBERLAND)—MODERN, LIGHT ROOMS, WITH RUNNING WATER, $17.50 WEEKLY SINGLE, $21 WEEKLY DOUBLE.

55TH, 108 WEST (APT. 1).
Attractive large room, running water, next bath; references.

56TH, 216 WEST, corner Broadway—Nicely furnished front rooms; elevator. Apt. 3.

58TH (near 5th Av.)—Single front room, $9. Phone Plaza 8108.

61ST, 21 WEST—In bachelor's apartment; hot water, electricity, bath; on parlor floor; "silent block"; $9. O'Donnell, Columbus 9578.

65TH (NORTHEAST CORNER BROADWAY, HOTEL SIDNEY)—ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; $2 PER DAY UP.

70TH, 325 WEST—Elegant accommodations, phone, running water; single, double; reasonable.

70TH, 244 WEST—Attractive room, bath, $14; small, kitchenette, reasonable; medium room, $8.

70TH, 200 WEST—Attractive double front room adjoining bath; reasonable; refined home.

70TH ST., 300 WEST (HOTEL GEORGIA)—FOR WOMEN, $10 WEEKLY; HOTEL SERVICE.

70TH (2,025 Broadway)—Medium-sized room, $8; also suite. Apt. 2F.

70TH, 135 WEST—Attractive, cool rooms; private baths; $14 up; single; lavatory.

71ST, 242 WEST—Cool, comfortable outside rooms; kitchen privileges; Summer rates. C. McCann, Apartment 62.

71ST, 200 WEST—Large double, private bath, kitchenette, single $7, medium $8.

71ST, 242 WEST (1E)—Attractive, large; 3 windows; bath; reasonable; smaller, $6.

71ST, 23 WEST—Delightful location; near park; medium-sized rooms; $8-$10.

71ST, 118 WEST—Large, cool room, private bath, shower; also smaller room.

72D, 325 WEST—Extra large room, suitable for 3; also studio; reference.

72D, 293 WEST—Attractive double front, twin beds, bath; also single; references.

72D, 216 WEST—Large, beautiful room, private bath; single room; business persons.

72D ST., 130 WEST—Unusually attractive outside room; private family; references.

72D, 263 WEST—Attractive room; private bath; kitchenette, electricity; phone; reasonable; reference.

73D, 108 WEST—Unusually attractive, cool, double and single rooms; refined surroundings.

73D, 68 WEST—1-2 rooms, private bath, kitchenette; new furniture; reasonable.

73D, 140 WEST—Cool; will rent large room; gentleman; refined home; references.

74TH, 33 WEST—Spacious room; private bath; perfectly appointed house; breakfast optional.

74TH, 145 WEST—Large room, southern exposure; Summer rates.

74TH, 105 WEST—Large and small rooms, select house; private bath; reference.

75TH, 132 WEST—Medium rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen; select house; references required.

75TH, 26 WEST—Attractive rooms, with every convenience, refined, quiet home.

76TH, 116 WEST (Columbus, Amsterdam)—Single, double rooms, baths; $8, $9, $10.

76TH, 327 WEST—Charming room; running water; with, without bath; Summer rates.

77TH, 148 WEST—Medium-sized front rooms; adjoining bath; electricity; $8-$10.

78TH, 144 WEST—Rooms (unusually large), second floor; private bathroom; kitchenette.

78TH, 44 WEST—Front basement; also other rooms; twin beds; private baths.

79TH, 237 WEST—Front parlor; private bath, $14; small, bath adjoining, $7.50.

79TH, 43 WEST—Large or small; private baths, electricity; telephone; French family.

79TH, 108 WEST—Newly decorated double front room; kitchenette; modern conveniences; skylight.

79TH, 154 WEST—Large room, kitchenette, bath; suitable 3; single room, $7.

79TH, 242 WEST—Front room, adjoining bath; $7 weekly; near subway; reference.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

79TH, 122 WEST—Beautiful large sun-room apartment, kitchenette, private bath; piano.

80TH ST., 225 WEST (corner Broadway)—Beautiful furnished room; cool, river view; large bath; elevator apartment; gentlemen; reasonable. McCarthy.

80TH, 136 WEST—Large, luxuriously furnished; private bath; discriminating guests appreciate difference.

80TH, 132 WEST—Exceptionally desirable front basement; private bath, kitchenette; cool, clean.

80TH, 236 WEST (Riverside Drive)—Double room, for Columbia students; women.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—ROOMS FROM $8 PER DAY OR $10.50 PER WEEK; ROOMS WITH BATH, FROM $2.50 PER DAY OR $15 WEEKLY FOR ONE; $3.50 PER DAY OR $18 WEEKLY FOR TWO.

81ST, 123 WEST.
Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements.

81ST, 134 WEST.
Comfortable room; private family; references essential.

81ST, 178 WEST—Adjoining bath; electricity, running water; $6, $7, $8. Hill.

82D, 136 WEST (The Gables)—Large and small outside rooms, with, without bath; all improvements; moderate weekly rates; restaurant.

82D, 32 WEST—Attractive double, medium rooms, private baths, shower; exceptional. Owner.

82D, 115 WEST—Large room, decorated; adjoining bath; kitchenette; private house.

83D, 28 WEST—Newly decorated single, double rooms, twin beds, private and connecting, bath, $6.50, $10, $12, up.

83D, 34 WEST.
Attractive front parlor; all conveniences.

84TH, 3 EAST—Large and medium rooms, twin beds, private and connecting baths, electricity, phone, $10-$12 up.

84TH, 339 WEST—Large outside double room; private family. Endicott 3260.

84TH, 328 WEST—Beautiful, newly decorated large front room; twin beds; conveniences.

86TH, 849 WEST (3 East)—Comfortable room; reasonable; private family. Schuyler 9681.

85TH ST., 34 WEST—Double, single rooms, private baths, kitchenette; reasonable; exclusive.

85TH, 330 WEST—Furnished medium size room adjoining shower bath; reasonable. Childress.

85TH, 204 WEST—Large front room with kitchen; Summer rates. Wood.

85TH, 308 WEST—Parlor suite, separate entrance; reasonable. Karr, Schuyler 8575.

87TH, 253 WEST—Large furnished room with bath; also small room; reasonable.

87TH, 300 WEST—Single, outside room; 1 flight. Collins.

87TH, 327 WEST (Apt. 5)—Cool front room, single; electricity, shower; $6.

87TH, 100 WEST—Comfortable, medium room, bath, $6; private; one flight. Hanly.

87TH, 49 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE; $12 UP.

87TH, 204 WEST—Charmingly furnished rooms; running water; shower; community kitchen.

87TH, 206 WEST—Well furnished 2 rooms in modern elevator apartment; reasonable. Ferrin.

87TH, 21 WEST—Attractive rooms, bath; electricity, phone; $10 to $18 weekly.

88TH, 132 WEST—Studio and living room; other large rooms; with bath.

88TH, 270 WEST—Attractive room, bath adjoining; Summer rates.

87TH, 306 WEST—Single room, running water, $7; double room, 2 outside windows, kitchen privileges, $10.

87TH, 46 WEST—Attractively furnished, newly decorated room, private bath; conveniences.

87TH, 21 WEST—Rooms, with or without kitchenette, bath; also single room.

87TH, 342 WEST—Large room, private bath and kitchenette; $18; skylight, $5.

88TH ST., 143 WEST—Desirable large front room, all conveniences; small room; gentleman.

88TH, 323 WEST—Remodeled basement with yard, private bath; beautifully arranged; reasonable.

88TH, 32 WEST—Comfortable large room, nicely furnished; bath adjoining; complete kitchenette.

89TH, 53 WEST—Large hall room, bath-room floor; electricity; quiet, clean; phone. Owner.

89TH, 314 WEST (Riverside)—Large rooms, private baths; Summer rates, $12 and $14.

89TH, 56 WEST—Large room, with private bath; $15; double, with kitchenette.

89TH, 322 WEST—Large room, piano, fine bed, sublet month or longer.

89TH, 330 WEST—Large, well-furnished room, twin beds, private bath, reasonable.

89TH, 301 WEST—Attractive front rooms, adjoining bath, twin beds, running water.

90TH, 12 WEST—Beautiful large rooms, kitchenette, private bath, all improvements; reasonable.

91ST (Broadway)—Two separate rooms, $7-$8; suitable friends. Telephone 2456 Riverside.

91ST, 51 WEST—Beautiful rooms, double, single, private bath; reasonable.

92D, 61 WEST—Exceptionally clean room; private bath, twin beds, electricity; reasonable.

92D, 321 WEST (Apartment 1 east, corner Riverside)—Handsome furnished room, $9.

93D, 129 WEST—Elegantly furnished large, small rooms, private baths, running water, parquet floors, electricity, newly furnished throughout.

93D, 307 WEST—Beautiful, medium, large, light rooms, Summer rates; board optional; southern exposure. Apt. 3. Riverside 3970.

94TH (696 West End Av.)
One large, one small room; gas, electricity, running water, every convenience.

94TH ST., 315 WEST—Nice airy room; $8; elevator apartment, 8B.

94TH, (700 West End Av.)—Large, comfortable double room, $12.50. Stadelal, 6W.

96TH, 110 WEST—Magnificently furnished single and double rooms; private baths; running water, phone; real home comforts; good concessions to permanent tenants.

96TH, 856 WEST—Comfortable room, high-class apartment; business woman; $8. Walsh.

95TH, 310 WEST—Large, airy, cool; convenient transportation; bath; gentleman. Apt. 21.

96TH, 310 WEST (Apt. 61)—Large, cool front room. Phone Riverside 0300.

96TH, 316 WEST, Apt. 42—Pleasant room, private family. Riverside 4072.

96TH, WEST—Outside room; unobstructed view; furnished; $7.50; reference. Riverside 1349.

97TH, 1 WEST (facing Central Park)—Elegantly furnished front rooms, running water, hotel service, elevator; $8 up weekly.

97TH ST., 110 WEST—Large front room, kitchenette, hot water, phone; suitable couple or 2 women. Riverside 4454.

97TH, 316 WEST—Room, running water, private family. Apartment 3-B.

98TH, 250 WEST—Desirable large room, kitchenette, bath, electricity; subway; single $6.

98TH (2,626 Broadway)—Attractive outside rooms, running water, newly furnished, elevator apartment, 7th floor.

99TH, 304 WEST (TW)—Attractive, cool rooms; shower, night elevator; $9-$15.

99TH, 304 WEST (TW)—Attractive, clean, cool front rooms, shower; $9-$15.

101ST (849 West End Av., 6B)—Attractive, cool, comfortable; every convenience; reasonable.

101ST (845 West End Av.)—Attractive, cool; running water; $8. Apt. 1.

102D, 244 WEST (Broadway)—Large room; suitable two friends; bath, kitchenette; references.

102D, 316 WEST—Attractive, large, cool room, with kitchenette, $20. Riverside 10094.

103D, 74 WEST—Airy corner room; suitable (two); improvements; conveniences; reasonable. Evans.

103D, 118 WEST—Cool, comfortable room, telephone, electricity; all conveniences; $6. Mollhenbey.

104TH, 246 WEST (Broadway)—Delightful room, private, lavatory, elevator; private family. Sweezey.

106TH, 108 WEST—Clean quiet room, $9; use kitchen, phone, elevator. Harriett.

107TH, 249 WEST (Apt. 21)—Large, well-furnished, $8; front sitting room and bedroom, $16; breakfast optional.

108TH, 318 WEST—Beautiful front parlor, kitchenette, private bath; other rooms with running water.

108TH, 330 WEST—Beautiful, cool, double room; light housekeeping; also small single.

109TH, WEST (block from 110th St. subway)—Twin bedroom, connecting living room; exceptional; light, sunny kitchen; elevator apartment; couple preferred; $16 each. Academy 0611.

109TH ST., 601 WEST—Beautiful light, airy, modern improvements; private family; suitable 2 gentlemen, Apt. 4C. Cathedral 8316.

110TH, 503 WEST (Apt. 31)—Business, professional women, kitchen privileges. Cathedral 8316.

111TH ST., 530 WEST—Light, comfortably furnished, improvements; gentleman. Apt. 3E.

111TH ST., 526 WEST—Large, attractively furnished room, adjoining bath; modern elevator building; no other roomers. Apt. 2E.

112TH, 511 WEST—Double, single, light, heat, immediate; kitchen privilege. Apt. 7.

112TH, 312 WEST—$8-$9; clean, quiet; parlor, kitchenette; water, electricity. Cathedral 4317.

112TH, 604 WEST (Apt. 15)—Beautiful single room; gentleman; very reasonable.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

113TH, 535 WEST (3E)—Room, twin beds, lavatory, 2 closets; lovely view.

118TH, 541 WEST (Apt. 19)—Large, cozy, double room, three windows; ladies.

115TH, 617—Dainty cool room with refined family; $10. Armstrong, 3633 Cathedral.

118TH ST., 948 WEST — Large room, in private house, suitable for two.

119TH, 549 WEST—Clean, light, single or double, with or without bath.

116TH, 606 WEST (TE)—4 front, connecting, single; opportunity for business women.

116TH ST., 263 WEST—Large front parlor, twin beds; all improvements. Panowski.

116TH, 433 WEST (6)—Room, suitable 1-2, lavatory; elevator. Cathedral 9287.

118TH ST., 310 WEST.
HOTEL CECIL.
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATH, FROM $10 PER WEEK UP, INCLUDING FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH, 420 WEST—Attractive, comfortable room; 2 young men; $9; references. (53).

123D, 547 WEST (Apt. 19)—Extra large cool front; two beds; reasonable.

125TH, 27 WEST—Two-room suite, light, airy; kitchenette, small, conveniences. Frank.

125TH, 549 WEST (Broadway)—Delightfully comfortable double room, adjoining bath; $10. Fullerston.

130TH ST. (51 Hamilton Place)—2 blocks Broadway subway; beautiful, large, outside; running water; private; reasonable. Drummond, 3 South.

144TH, 309 WEST—Desirable, adjoining bath; $10; hall $7; large $50. Fusner.

147TH, 461 WEST—Beautiful rooms, running water, gas, electric; davenport, piano; suitable 1-2 gentlemen; reason

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Pressure is high in the regions of Bermuda and relatively high in the Middle and South Atlantic States, the Northern Rocky Mountain region and on the North Pacific coast. The disturbance that was central over Manitoba Thursday evening has advanced to Ontario, a trough extending southward to Texas. Pressure is also low over Newfoundland and has again fallen in the Canadian Northwest during the last twenty-four hours. Showers and thunder storms have occurred in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, the Plains States and at widely scattered points in the North Rocky Mountain region.

It has become somewhat warmer in the Lake region and the Southwest, while temperatures have fallen slightly in the Northern Plain States and Saskatchewan.

The outlook is for generally fair weather Saturday in the Middle and North Atlantic States and for fair weather and thunder storms Sunday. In other portions of the country east of the Mississippi River the indications are for unsettled weather, with local showers and thunder storms Saturday and Sunday. Temperature changes will be unimportant.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer readings and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.:

Stations.	Temperature. High.	Temperature. Low.	Barometer.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Abilene	90	76	29.88	..	Pt. cl'dy
Albany	82	62	29.96	..	Clear
Atlanta	86	70	30.00	.04	Cloudy
Atlantic City	86	68	30.02	..	Clear
Baltimore	88	70	30.00	..	Clear
Bismarck	78	62	29.82	..	Clear
Boston	84	68	30.04	..	Clear
Buffalo	74	60	30.00	..	Clear
Charleston	88	76	30.06	1.18	Cloudy
Chicago	82	66	29.88	..	Pt. cl'dy
Cincinnati	80	60	29.92	..	Clear
Cleveland	78	60	29.98	..	Clear
Denver	94	60	29.96	..	Pt. cl'dy
Detroit	82	60	29.96	..	Clear
Galveston	92	80	29.94	..	Clear
Helena	84	56	29.76	..	Clear
Indianapolis	84	66	29.94	..	Pt. cl'dy
Jacksonville	94	76	30.08	.02	Rain
Kansas City	90	68	29.92	.08	Cloudy
Los Angeles	80	60	29.86	.00	Clear
Milwaukee	80	54	29.84	..	Clear
Minneapolis	78	58	29.88	..	Clear
St. Paul	88	64	29.88	..	Rain
New Orleans	88	76	29.94	.04	Cloudy
New York	84	60	30.00	..	Clear
Oklahoma	90	72	29.72	..	Cloudy
Philadelphia	86	70	30.02	..	Clear
Pittsburgh	84	60	30.00	..	Clear
Portland, Me.	84	62	29.86	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	78	52	29.88	..	Clear
Salt Lake City	94	62	29.78	..	Cloudy
San Antonio	94	74	29.82	..	Clear
San Diego	72	54	29.90	..	Clear
San Francisco	62	54	29.94	..	Clear
Seattle	72	52	29.92	..	Clear
St. Louis	84	70	29.88	..	Cloudy
Tampa	92	76	..	.01	Rain
Washington	88	68	30.02	..	Clear

Northern New England, Southern New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Fair Saturday, Sunday probably showers and thunderstorms; not much change in temperature.

District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland—Fair and moderately warm Saturday, Sunday becoming unsettled, with showers and thunderstorms.

Western Pennsylvania and Western New York—Showers and thunderstorms probably Saturday and Sunday; not much change in temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORD.

Official Temperatures.

8 AM.	74	12 M.	77	8 PM.	88
9 AM.	68	1 PM.	79	7 PM.	84
10 AM.	72	2 PM.	79	8 PM.	82
11 AM.	77	3 PM.	80	9 PM.	79
10 AM.	74	4 PM.	81		
11 AM.	76	5 PM.	82		

Average temperature yesterday, 76.
Average same date last year, 78.
Average same date 40 years, 74.
High yesterday, 94, at 7 P. M.; low, 68, at 6 A. M.

Barometer—6 A. M., 30.04; 8 P. M., 30.
Humidity—6 A. M., 68; 8 P. M., 40.
Wind—8 A. M., northwest, velocity 18 miles; 8 P. M., west, velocity 10 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., clear; 8 P. M., clear.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Forecast:

North Carolina—Fair and moderately warm Saturday, Sunday becoming unsettled, with showers and thunder storms.

South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, extreme Northwest Florida and Alabama—Local showers and thunder storms Saturday and Sunday.

Tennessee, Kentucky and Ohio—Local showers and thunder storms Saturday, Sunday thunderstorms in east and fair and cooler in west.

Illinois—Scattered showers and thunder storms Saturday, Sunday; generally fair in north, possibly showers in south; not much change in temperature.

Indiana—Scattered showers or thunder storms Saturday and Sunday, except generally fair Sunday in north; not much change in temperature.

Lower Michigan—Scattered showers or thunder storms Saturday or Saturday night, Sunday, generally fair and slightly cooler.

Upper Michigan—Showers or thunder storms Saturday; cooler in northwest. Sunday, generally fair.

Wisconsin—Generally fair in northwest, showers or thunder storms in east and south, slightly cooler northwest. Sunday, generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Missouri—Thunder storms Saturday, followed by generally fair Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Kansas—Fair Saturday, preceded by showers or thunder storms in east and south; slightly cooler in northwest. Sunday, generally fair.

Minnesota—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; rising temperature Sunday.

North Dakota—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; somewhat warmer.

South Dakota—Mostly fair Saturday and Sunday; somewhat cooler Saturday in extreme east; warmer Sunday.

Nebraska—Mostly fair Saturday, except probably thunder showers in southeast; slightly cooler in southwest. Sunday, partly cloudy.

Kansas—Mostly fair Saturday and Sunday, except thunder showers early Saturday in east portion; slightly cooler Saturday in east and north.

Montana—Mostly fair Saturday and Sunday; somewhat warmer Saturday.

Wyoming—Local showers and thunder storms Saturday. Sunday, mostly fair and somewhat warmer.

Eastern Texas—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; thunder storms in north portion Saturday night and Sunday.

Western Texas—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; probably showers in north and west portions.

Fire Record.

A.M.	Loss.
1:06—1,791 Madison Av.; John Woodruff	None
1:45—24 Mangin St.; not given	Not given
1:15—304 W. 14 St.; George Busse	Trifling
1:02—245 E. 75 St.; Dan Danchin	Trifling
3:50—289 Hudson St.; not given	Not given
6:15—215 Rose St.; not given	Trifling
11:05—48 W. 10 St.; canvas cover of an automobile owned by William Hachman	Not given
11:00—61 Suffolk St.; William Kerchraum	Trifling
11:20—403 Pearl St.; awning; occupant, Alders & Ehter	Not given
11:50—8 Av., between 128 and 129 Sts.; vacant lot, not given	None
P.M.	
12:05—118 E. 33 St.; horse drawn truck, not given	Trifling
12:20—26 Madison St.; not given	Not given
12:30—1 E. 11 St.; Isaac Zimmerman	Not given
1:10—Roosevelt St. and East River; scow, foot E. 8 St.	Trifling
1:20—612 W. 115 St.; Consolidated Cosdult Co.	Not given
1:35—1,206 Broadway; Weldon Realty Co.	Trifling
1:40—110 St. and Central Park W.; auto; not given	Trifling
2:50—144 St. and Carroll Pl., the Bronx; C. Moss	Not given
3:32—411 E. 138 St., Bronx; M. Baum	Not given
4:20—972 Gerard Av., Bronx; J. O'Leary	Not given
8:00—118 Sullivan St.; C. Diorio	Not given
8:10—648 Morris Av., Bronx; Moses & Co.	Not given
8:25—801 E. 22 St.; Bliss Building Co.	Trifling
6:15—242 Canal St.; not given	Slight
8:20—381 E. 3 St.; S. Berns	None
8:40—246 W. 127 St.; R. Deval	Not given
9:05—59 Greenwich St.; Allen Bros.	Not given
9:10—311 Rivington St.; Samuel Wiesman	Slight
9:20—128 Pitt St.; M. Kaufman	Not given
9:20—351 E. 76 St.; Benscende	Not given
9:32—115 E. Houston St.; not given	Slight

Fire Department.

Chief Kenlon made these announcements yesterday:

Application blanks are forwarded for examination for promotion to the rank of Lieutenant in this department. Applicants will fill out and sign the first sheet only. Care will be exercised in giving date of appointment, which will be as a probationary fireman. Cards are also forwarded enclosed sheets which will be filled out, as per instructions and in manner specified under heading, "Notice to applicants." Applications and cards will be forwarded to this office (not folded or rolled) on Tuesday, July 15, 1924.

Special leaves of absence are granted to Engineer Adolph M. Rveen, Eng. Co. 69, for 10 hours from 6 P. M., July 12; Abraham S. Lichtman, Eng. Co. 93, for 8 hours, from 6 A. M., July 12.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The War Department published these orders today:

Quartermaster Corps.

Kimball, Maj. A. E., to New York and sail about Sept. 4 for Panama.

Riley, Maj. F. J., to New Cumberland, Pa.

Van Cortlandt, Capt. C. W., to Ft. Strong.

Kenny, Capt. T., to Philadelphia, Q. M. C. school.

Infantry.

James, Maj. L. E., to Command and Gen. Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth.

Sutherland, Maj. S. J., assigned to 24th Inf.

Baade, Maj. F. W., is attached to 12th Inf., Camp Meade.

Pirtle, Capt. J. J., to St. John's Coll., Annapolis.

Miscellaneous.

Whitfield, Lt. Col. R., Adj. Gen., to Ft. Sam Houston.

Larkin, Maj. T. B., C. of E., to his proper station, Pittsburgh.

Dusenbury, Maj. J. S., C. A. C., to Command and Gen. Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth.

Leaves.

Jewett, Lt. Col. H. C., C. of E., 1 mo.

Ely, Lt. Col. M. J., Gen. Staff, 1 mo.

Seals, Maj. C. H., Inf., 2 mos.

Ayer, Maj. W. F., Inf., 1 mo. est.

Crawford, Maj. M., Jr., Inf., 1 mo.

Reeve, Capt. A. P., F. A., 1 mo.

Crowell, Capt. H. T., Inf., 2 mos.

McCaskey, Capt. E. W., Jr., Inf., 4 mos.

Smith, 1st H. R., Inf., 27 days est.

Reserve Corps Orders.

Second Corps Area.

At headquarters, Governors Island, Second Corps Area, U. S. A., Brig. Gen William S. Graves issued this order yesterday:

Training Camp Orders.

Capt. John A. Burchell, Inf.-O.R.C., to active duty with the 306th Infantry, effective July 15, for fifteen days' training at Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.

REVOCATIONS.

Special orders assigning these officers to duty, Nos. 127, 128 and 129 (training are revoked): 1st Lts. Raymond T. Cross, Inf.-O.R.C.; George F. Gaylock, Inf.-O.R.C.; John C. Kelly, Inf.-O.R.C.; Duncan T. Memory, Inf.-O.R.C.; Morris Michaels, Inf.-O.R.C.; 2d Lt. Robert G. Dunne, Inf.-O.R.C.; Capt. Daniel F. Prendergast, Inf.-O.R.C.; 2d Lts. Adolph G. D. Novak, Inf.-O.R.C.; Frank Lee Mayo, Inf.-O.R.C.; 1st Lts. Clifford J. Minner, Inf.-O.R.C.; Robert L. Hoadley, Ord.-O.R.C.; 2d Lts. John T. Gaughran, Qm.-O.R.C.; Charles F. Eckhart, Inf.-O.R.C.

Miscellaneous.

Relieved from their several assignments or attachments for reasons indicated:

2d Lt. Henry Finger, F. A., O. R. C., 17th Brig., 8th Div., moved to 2d C. A.; Capt. Floyd H. Dew, Q. M., O. R. C., Special Troops, XII Corps Ch. "A," 82d Brig., 41st Div., moved to 7th C. A.; 1st Lt. John A. Duffy, Q. M., O. R. C., 1st Army 84th Mot. Rep. Bn., moved to 2d C. A.; 2d Lt. Harold R. Tuttle, Ord., O. R. C., 302d Ord. Co., 4th Army, moved to 5th C. A.; 2d Lt. Francis W. Spalding, Ord., O. R. C., 302d Ord. Co., 77th Div., transferred to B. A.; Maj. Hugo G. Loeser, Fin., O. R. C., Fin. Attached List, 1st Army Hdqrs.; 1st Army Hdqrs. transferred to B. A.; 2d Lt. Joel H. Johnson, M. R. C., 306th Inf., 77th Div., moved to 9th C. A.; Maj. Raymond C. Hill, Med., O. R. C., Hdqrs. 302d Engr., 77th Div., transferred to B. A.; Capt. George J. Fouser, Q. M., O. R. C., 302d Mot. Rep. Bn., 4th Army, moved to 4th C. A.; 2d Lt. Frank C. Mann, Vet., O. R. C., 624 Wagon Train, XIII Army Trains, Pet. Rec., N. Y. N. G.; 1st Lt. Edward F. Leonard, Med., O. R. C., 302d Med. Regt., 77th Div., moved to 2d C. A.; 2d Lt. Carl S. Dehlgreen, A. S., O. R. C., G. H. Q. A. S., 81th Hdqrs. Squad., moved to 8th C. A.; Capt. Clark A. Tilleston, A. S., O. R. C., 306th Ord. Co., 77th Div., moved to 4th C. A.; 1st Lt. William T. Janes, Inf., O. R. C., 291st Inf., 98th Divn., member N. Y. N. G.; 1st Lt. Cornelius O'Connor, F. A., O. R. C., Corps Arty. XII Corps, moved to 9th C. A.; 2d Lt. Lloyd E. Sanderson Jr., Inf., O. R. C., 307th Inf., 77th Divn., member N. Y. N. G.; 2d Lt. John R. Farley, Q. M., O. R. C., Cor A, 334th M. R. Bn., moved to 1st C. A.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The Bureau of Navigation published these orders today:

COMMANDERS.

Hileman, J. L., Court A. R., to recg. ship at San Francisco.

Giffen, R. C., to recg. ship at Puget Sound.

Abbott, J. S., to command the Aroyone.

Best, C., to Staff Comdr.-in-Chief Asiatic fit.

Staton, A., to command the Asheville.

LIEUT. COMMANDERS.

Lockwood, C. A., Hanson, E. W., Fenn, H. K., Sheldon, L., to recg. ship at San Francisco.

Pratt, L. L., to Nav. Hosp., Boston.

Vogelsang, W. A., to Marine Barr., Quantico.

Ashton, J. M., to Nav. Sta., Cavite, P. I.

Woodson, S. M., to the Black Hawk.

Casto, D. H., to the Huron.

LIEUTENANTS.

Holloway, J. L., Wright, J., Coney, C. E., Cook, S., Brown, A. U., Crichton, R. B., Deans, M. A., Stahl, M. H., Holander, B., Dey, W. P., Young, W. B., McKenna, W. H., and White, H. B., to recg. ship at San Francisco.

Pellows, A. K., to Nav. Med. Schl., Washington.

LaSalle, H. J., to Nav. Hosp., Puget Sound.

Spears, T. W., to Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J.

Henderson, G. W., to the Dobbin.

Cooper, J. F., to the Huron.

Connally, J. M., to the Huron.

Bull, H. L., to the Montana.

Hart, G. G., to the Vega.

Kaveny, J. J., to the Penguin.

Smith, S. E., to the Rainbow.

Gray, J. F. W., to Nav. Hosp., Mare Island.

Hudson, G. F., to the Huron.

Gostnell, C. A., to the Aroyenda.

Grassie, H. J., to the Helena.

Dugger, G. W., to the Peary.

Palle, G., to Nav. Sta., Cavite, P. I.

Smith, S. E., to the Black Hawk.

Clements, F. H., to the Aroyenda.

Harding, M. S., to the Pruitt.

Redman, J. R., and Sabin, H. P. A., to the Sacramento.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

(Time indicated is Daylight Saving Time.)

	THE TIDES. Sandy Hook. A.M.	P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	P.M.	THE SUN. Rises. A.M.	Sets. P.M.
High water	4:31	5:00	4:21	5:14	4:26	6:55	5:34	8:23
Low water	10:41	11:20	11:03	12:41	12:48	1:00		

Steamships Arrived Yesterday

Steamer.	From.	Date.	Steamer.	From.	Date.
SERENGARIA	Southampton	July 4	*STAVANGEREN	Port Antonio	June 27
MANCHIONEAL	Port Antonio	July 4	ADVISER	Tampico	July 3
*SEMIL TRAVELER	Baltimore	July 5	SUTERMCO	Colon	July 3
VILA	Baracoa	July 8	CITY MONTGOMERY	Savannah	July 3
MAASDAM	Rotterdam	June 27	HAMILTON	Norfolk	July 7
FAWNEE	Rotterdam	June 28	DJAMBI	Boston	July 7
CITY OF LINCOLN	Boston	July 6	KENTUCKIAN	Los Angeles	June 19
OCEAN PRINCE	Oran	June 21	JONANCY	Norfolk	July 3
EASTERN PLANET	Colon	July 8	ARCTURUS	Boston	July 10
RINGBORG	Miramichi	June 28	EL LLAO	New Orleans	July 5
SONGA	Bahia Honda	July 6	EL ALBA	Galveston	July 5
ABRON	Gibraltar	June 27	SAN JACINTO	Galveston	July 5

Incoming Steamships

Steamer and Line.	Sailed From.	Date.	Will Dock.
*PORT ST. GEORGE, Furness	Hamilton, July 10	Today	W. 56th St.
*VOLENDAM, Holland-Am.	Rotterdam, July 2	Today, P.M.	5th St., Hbkn.
*SIERRA VENTANA, N. Gar. L.	Bremen, July 1	Today	5th St., Hbkn.
DENIS, Booth-American	Para, July 1	Today	23d St., Bkln.
LUOSAL, U. S. Nav. Co.	Lulea, June 29	Today	Claremont, NJ
*BALTIC, White Star	Liverpool, July 2	Sunday	W. 19th St.
*FASTORES, United Fruit Co.	Trujillo, July 5	Sunday	Pier 3, NR.
BENJAMIN BREWSTER, Hague	Hamburg, June 28	Sunday	Bayonne.
MIEKIANDA, Walker & Dally	San Pedro, June 21	Sunday	Bayonne.
*MOUNT CLAY, United Amer.	Hamburg, July 2	Monday	W. 46th St.
*DULIJO, Dalla Ambr.	Genoa, July 1	Monday	W. 57th St.
*LAPLAND, Red Star	London, July 5	Monday	W. 30th St.
*MARTINIQUE, Colombian	Savanilla, July 4	Monday	Cuylers Alley.
*PONCE, N. Y. & P. R.	San Juan, July 9	Monday, A.M.	Hamilton Av.
*SANTA THERESA, Grace	Valparaiso, June 15	Monday, A.M.	Hamilton Av.
*SAVOIE, French	Havre, July 8	Monday	W. 15th St.
LAMPO, A. L. Hague	Monopoli, June 24	Monday	Bayonne.
*ITALY MARU, Suzuki	Hakodate, June 23	Monday	Unassigned.
FRANCIS MARU, U. S. Nav. Co.	Lisbon, June 28	Monday	Stapleton, S.I.
*SCYTHIA, Cunard	Liverpool, July 5	Tuesday	W. 14th St.
*ASSYRIA, Anchor	Glasgow, July 5	Tuesday	W. 14th St.
*MAJESTIC, White Star	Southampton, July 6	Tuesday	W. 17th St.
*SANTA OLIVIA, Pacific Mail	San Francisco, June 7	Tuesday, A.M.	Hamilton Av.
*ZULIA, Red D.	La Guayra, July 7	Tuesday	Putman St.
NORTHWYNN MILLER, F.-W.	London, June 27	Tuesday	Charles Lane.
PORT HAMILTON, Furness-W.	Quebec, July 10	Tuesday	W. 55th St.
*MANCHURIA, Pan-Pacific	Honolulu, June 26	Wednesday	W. 45th St.
*PRES. HARDING, U. S.	Southampton, July 5	Wednesday	23d St., Hbkn.
HAMPTON ROADS, R. M. Hague	San Pedro, June 23	Thursday	Bayonne.
*SEMIDALA, United Fruit Co.	Santa Marta, July 8	Thursday	Fletcher St.
*PANAMA, Panama R. R.	Cristobal, July 7	Thursday	W. 24th St.
*YORCK, Nor. Ger. Lloyd	Bremen, July 5	Thursday	7th St., Hbkn.
*THEMISTOCLES, Greek	Patras, June 30	Thursday	Atlantic Av.
*PORT VICTORIA, Furness	Hamilton, July 5	Thursday	W. 56th St.

*Carries mail. †Reported by radio yesterday.

Outgoing Passenger and Mail Steamships

The following table shows the destination of steamers, when their mails close (at the General Post Office and the City Hall Stations), when they sail, location of piers and points for which they carry mail.

SAIL TODAY.

MOMERIC, Southampton (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 17th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).

SERENGARIA, Southampton (mail closes 1:00 P. M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), West 18th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (mainly Britain and Ireland (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Great Britain, France and the countries mentioned in Notes "A" and "B" below.

AMERICA, Bremen (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 26 St., Hoboken.
Great Britain, Ireland, Bergen, South Africa, Madeira, Cape Verde Islands and Sierra Leone (other countries specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Switzerland and the countries mentioned in Notes "A" and "B" below.

ROTTERDAM, Rotterdam (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 5th St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Netherlands.

MARTHA WASHINGTON, Trieste (mail closes 6:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 1 Bush, Brooklyn.
Azores Islands and Portugal (Italy, Greece and Yugoslavia specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Azores Islands, Portugal, Greece and Yugoslavia. Supplementary mail closes at 6:00 P. M. and will be dispatched by rail to Boston, Mass.

COLUMBIA, Glasgow (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 24th St.
Ireland (North only) and Scotland; also parcel-post mails for Scotland.

CERDIC, Liverpool (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 18th St.
Irish Free State (other countries specially addressed, via Liverpool); also parcel-post mails for Irish Free State.

DROTNINGHOLM, Gothenburg (mail closes 9:30 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), West 57th St.
Sweden, Norway and Finland (other countries specially addressed; also parcel-post mails for Sweden.

COMTE VERDE, Genoa (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), West 55th St.
Italy, Bulgaria, Greece, Malta, Turkey and Yugoslavia; also parcel-post mails for Italy.

MINNETONKA, London (sails 10:00 A. M.); carries no mails; West 16th St.

ORBITA, Hamburg (sails 12:00 M.); carries no mails; Morton St.

PATRIA, Marseilles (sails 12:00 M.); carries no mails; 21st St., Brooklyn.

U. S. A. ST. MIHIEL, Cristobal (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), Army Base.
Canal Zone, Panama, El Salvador (points, etc.), Nicaragua, (except east coast), Amapala City, Choluteca (also points as for Nacaome, Tegucigalpa and Yuncaran) in Honduras, Cauca and Narino Departments of Colombia and Ecuador (other parts of Honduras specially addressed).

ROSALIND, St. Johns (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), Java St., Brooklyn.
Newfoundland.

CALAMARES, Port Limon (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Rector St.
Costa Rica (Jamaica, etc., specially addressed).

SIDONEY, Havana (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Wall St.
Cuba (specially addressed).

BOLIVAR, St. Vincent (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 2 Jay St., Brooklyn.
St. Lucia, Kingstown, Antigua, Montserrat, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia and Barbados (St. Thomas, St. Croix, Nevis, St. Martins, St. Eustatius, Guiana, Grenada, St. Vincent and Trinidad specially addressed).

MARIANA, San Juan (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Hamilton Av., Brooklyn.
Porto Rico (Virgin Islands).

CARACAS, Puerto Cabello (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Furman St.
Curacao and Venezuela (Porto Rico specially addressed).

ZEVINES, Puerto Castilla (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Fulton St.
Tamarindo, Guanaja (Bay Islands only) (mail closes 12:00 M.); British Honduras, ports of Puerto Castilla and Trujillo in Honduras (Cuba and other parts Honduras specially addressed).

IROQUOIS, Barahona (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), Hamilton Av.
Turks Island and Dominican Republic.

SPES, Barahona (mail closes 2:30 P. M.; sails 4:00 P. M.), West 20th St.
Turks Island and Dominican Republic.

SAIL MONDAY.

SABLE I., St. Johns (mail closes 8:00 P. M.).
Newfoundland (parcel-post and specially addressed).

SAIL TUESDAY.

SIERRA VENTANA, Bremen (mail closes 6:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), 6th St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).

PITTSBURGH, Hamburg (mail closes 11:00 A. M.; sails 2:00 P. M.), West 52d St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (parcel-post mails for Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Switzerland and the countries mentioned in notes "A" and "B" below.

CITY OF BRISTOL, Calcutta (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 3 Bush.
Egypt (parcel-post and specially addressed).

BONHEUR, Buenos Aires (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), 14th St., Hoboken.
Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay (specially addressed).

SARDINIAN PRINCE, Buenos Aires (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), 4 Bush.
Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay (specially addressed).

GEN. W. C. GORGAS, Cristobal (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), West 37th St.
Haiti, except Cape Haitien and Port de Paix (Canal Zone and Panama specially addressed).

COSTA RICA, Mail, via Port Limon (mail closes 3:00 P. M.).

F. P. Mail to Boston, Mass.

NOTE A—Parcel-post mail via England to Aden (including Kamaran and Perim), Afghanistan (Kabul), Albania (certain places), Ascension, Belgian Congo (Katanga and Eastern Provinces and the territories of Ruanda and Urundi), British Central Africa (Nyasaland Protectorate), British India, British Somaliland, Cameroons (British, and French zone), Cape Verde Islands, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, French India (specially addressed), Gambia, Gold Coast Colony, Ireland (North), Kenya and Uganda, Macao (China), Madeira, Mauritius, Mesopotamia (Iraq) including Koweit, Muscat, Oman, Nigeria (British), Lagos and Tetuan only, Nigeria, Nyasaland Protectorate, Palestine, Pemba, Persia, Portuguese India, Portuguese Timor, Portuguese West Africa, St. Helena, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Tanganyika Territory, Tibet, Togoland (British), Trans-Jordania (territory east of Jordan River), Turkey in Europe, Turkey in Asia and Zanzibar.

NOTE B—Parcel-post mails via France to Abyssinia, Algeria, Cameroons, Corsica, Dahomey, French Equitorial Africa, French Guinea, French establishments in India, French Indochina (Annam, Cambodia, Cochinchina, Laos and Tonkin), French Post Offices in China, French Morocco, French Somaliland, Gambia, Guinea (French), Ivory Coast, Niger and Upper Volta), Madagascar, Ivory Coast, Grand Liban (Lebanon), Madagascar and dependencies (Madagascar, Ste. Marie de Madagascar, Nossi-Be, Comoro Islands, Mayotte, Gde. Comore, Anjouan and Mohell, Mauritania, Monaco, Morocco (French), New Caledonia and dependencies, Niger Territory, Reunion, Senegal, Togoland (French), Syria (French), (Beirut, Damascus, Aleppo and the Western and Eastern Zone), Tunis.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
A. L. KENT, Los Angeles	July 12	11 A.M.	S. M. HAUPTMAN, Los Angeles	July 16	8 A.M.
BEATRICE, San Juan	July 12	2 P.M.	KALMO, Mexico	July 16	10 A.M.
BOWES CASTLE, Savanilla	July 12	3 P.M.	PENNSYLVANIAN, Los Angeles	July 17	4 P.M.
CY. OF ST. JOSEPH, Naples	July 12	12 M.	GULANA, Barbados	July 17	11 A.M.
INDEPEND. HALL, Havre	July 12	12 M.	MONTE RICO, San Juan	July 17	12 M.
JESSMORE, Belfast	July 12	3 P.M.	SANTA OLIVIA, Los Angeles	July 17	12 M.
PORTO RICO, Havana	July 12	3 P.M.	ESSEQUIBO, Valparaiso	July 17	12 M.
GALILEO, Hull	July 12	10 A.M.	NEVISIAN, Antwerp	July 17	1 P.M.
EXETER CITY, Bristol	July 12	11 A.M.	AMERICAN SHIPPER, Leghorn	July 17	12 M.
LAURA, Trieste	July 12	4 P.M.	SANTA ROSALIA, Buenos Aires	July 17	12 M.
DARIAN, Manchester	July 12	9 A.M.	PRINZ DER NIEDERLANDEN, Copenhagen	July 17	1 P.M.
KNIGHT TEMPLAR, Kobe	July 12	10 A.M.	DEN, Port au Prince	July 18	3 P.M.
RHODE ISLAND, Dundee	July 14	9 A.M.	MURANO, Santos	July 18	3 P.M.
NOLLAND MARU, B. Aires	July 14	9 A.M.	COMMODORE ROLLINS, Kingston	July 18	12 M.
ANGELINA, Seville	July 15	3 P.M.	SANTAREM, Santos	July 18	3 P.M.
STEEL TRAVELER, Los Angeles	July 15	9 A.M.	TOSTO, San Domingo City	July 18	3 P.M.
FAVORITA, Kingston	July 15	3 P.M.	CITY OF WINCHESTER, Sydney	July 18	9 A.M.
FERDINANDA, GIOVANNI, Genoa	July 16	1 P.M.	SANTA EULALIA, Havana	July 18	3 P.M.
TROLLEHOLM, Gothenburg	July 16	12 M.			
BANKA, Malavia	July 16	3 P.M.			
EGLANTINE, Rotterdam	July 16	12 M.			
SAROOXIE, Bordeaux	July 16	12 M.			
METAPAN, Kingston	July 16	11 A.M.			
LALANDE, Rio de Janeiro	July 16	10 A.M.			

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
OLYMPIC	Cherbourg	July 11
HANSA	Hamburg	July 11
PARS, VAN BUREN	Alexandria	July 5
CRISPFIELD	Gibraltar	July 10
EBROS	Gothenburg	July 11
LUCANIA	Barcelona	July 11
SCHODAGE	Bordeaux	July 7
CABO HATERAS	Genoa	July 9
STEEL VOYAGER	Bombay	July 10
GANFA	Suez	July 10
LUETGOW	Plymouth	July 10
NARRAGANSETT	Hull	July 10
BANKDALE	Marseilles	July 10
VARDULIA	London	July 10
CAPE ANN	Colon	July 10
CLARE	Colon	July 10
LAKE FLAXTERY	Colon	July 10
TUSCANIA	Funchal	July 11
FORT LINCOLN	Brisbane	July 10
CYNTHIANA	London	July 11

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
VIENA	Antwerp	July 5
MINERIC	Colombo	July 10
GAELIC PRINCE	Yokohama	July 10
ATLANTA CITY	Aden	July 10
CYCLOPS	Talcah	July 10
W. C. TEAGLE	Colon	July 10
SILKOLA	Colon	July 10
STEAMER DOLLAR	Colon	July 10
CITY OF MADRID	Gibraltar	July 10
DRONGRE	Barrow	July 11
CALIFORNIA	Glasgow	July 11

Transcontinental Air Mail.

The newly established transcontinental air mail service is operated in both directions daily, leaving Hazelhurst Field (New York) at 11 A. M., Eastern Standard Time, and San Francisco at 6 A. M., Pacific Time. The plane carry mail for intermediate points as well, including Cleveland, Chicago, Omaha, Salt Lake City, etc. Mail for points not on the air route is forwarded by mail trains from the nearest air mail station.

The New York closing time on weekdays for this mail is 8:30 A. M., Daylight Saving Time, from the General Post Office and 8 A. M. or a little later at the air mail letter box, painted red, white and blue, which are located in various parts of the city. The closing time at the box in Times Square is 8:00 A. M. The closing time on Sundays and holidays is 9 A. M. at the General Post Office and 7:45 A. M. at the Times Square box.

Thursday's transcontinental air mail from San Francisco arrived at Hazelhurst Field at 5:40 P. M. yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—Thursday's transcontinental air mail from New York arrived here at 5:40 P. M.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the General Post Office and City Hall Post Office Stations, New York, at 6 P. M. daily, as follows:

Philippine Islands (letter mail only); also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via Seattle ..... MINN'S AUSTRALIA July 12
Hawaii and specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco ..... KOREA MARU July 12
Hawaii, also specially addressed correspondence for other destinations, via San Francisco ..... PRES. POLK July 14

Business Opportunities

Bank and business references required. $100 reward for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money fraudulently through announcements in The New York Times.
Telephone Lackawanna 1000.

CAPITAL WANTED.

PARTNER WHO CAN INVEST ABOUT $20,000 in oldest established soda water plant in city; substantial returns first year; greatest opportunity ever offered to right man; no curiosity seekers need answer; man who can devote his entire time to business. X 2301 Times Annex.

PARTNER WANTED, INVEST $1,000 TO $10,000; general contracting and building business; established 31 years; experience unnecessary. John J. X. Hickey, 305 West 39th St.

PARTNER WITH CAPITAL; LARGE BUSINESS proposition in producing field. P 378 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

CAPABLE EXECUTIVE, ACTIVE SERvices; will invest capital for expansion in established business; give details in reply; principals only. X 2317 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

REPRESENTATIVE FOR CUBA, WITH thorough knowledge of the textile line, residing in Cuba, would take charge of one exclusive agency of fabrics in general line from manufacturer; can furnish best references and financial guaranty; only sound propositions will be considered. Write C. Vives, 461 Eighth Av., Room 1410, New York City.

EXPERIENCED SALESGIRLS WANTED by Boston manufacturer of complete line of curtains, scarfs, &c. F 797 Times Downtown.

TO SELL OUTRIGHT TEN CENT PATented novelty hat and coat hanger; can be carried in vest pocket; manufacturing cost. H. J. A., 603 Times Downtown.

WILL BUY FOR CASH GENERAL MERchandise suitable for drug and department store trade, job lots or discontinued stock. What have you to offer? S 32 Times.

NATIONAL SALES ORGANIZATION wants additional specialty or novelty. W 136 Times.

FOR SALE.

Restaurants and Tea Rooms.

ONE OF LARGEST AND MOST PROSPEROus restaurant businesses on Jersey coast may be bought by responsible party; advantageous lease available. Write X 2344 Times Annex.

Hotels and Furnished Room Houses.

SACRIFICE HOTEL AND THREE COTtages on Hudson river; main road to New York and North; now opened; owner compelled to sell. Address John M. Rooney, Nyack, N. Y.

Garages.

LEADING GARAGE AND STORES, 100X150; favorable lease; 12 years incorporated; general automobile business; all traffic to Connecticut and New England. Ford, 576-582 Main St., New Rochelle, New York.

GARAGE WITH VALUABLE AGENCY; space 40 cars; owner retiring; rent $7,500; security, $2,000; capital required, $3,500; experience in this line necessary. G., Box 49, Long Island City.

FOLLOW "MAIER" FOR GOOD GARAGES. 100 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 0248.

Leases.

BROADWAY 3,885 (COR. 183D ST.)—Adjoining block of new houses being completed; great future; choice corner; store connected with large, light basement store by inside and outside stairway; 2 lavatories; $350 month; want offer.

Miscellaneous.

GROCERY AND BUTCHER BUSINESS, with post office and property; Summer resort doing paying business; three garages; very reasonable; present owner going in hotel business; must sell. X 2319 Times Annex.

CLOTHING BUSINESS, WELL ESTABlished, on principal street Syracuse. Address Will, 714 McBride St., Syracuse, N. Y.

BUSINESS SERVICE.

MY SALES LETTERS BRING RESULTS because they are scientifically written. Durant, 200 West 41st St. Penn. 0162.

FINANCING—LOANS.

AUTO OWNERS—QUICK LOANS WHILE IN YOUR POSSESSION. LOWEST RATES. NO PUBLICITY. DEALS MADE SAME DAY. PEERLESS FINANCE CORPORATION, 1,780 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 5742.

COMMERCIAL FINANCING.
Advances on accounts and merchandise. Consult our principals with your financial problems in strictest confidence.
WORMSER & CO.,
96 5th Av. Stuyvesant 3300.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS OBTAIN LOANS while using cars; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2383.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received until midnight. Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

LOST.

BAG—Lost on Union Turnpike, Jamaica, between Hillcrest Golf Club and Flatbush; black Boston bag containing golf suit and shoes; suitable reward. Address W. M. Billmeier, 620 East 26th, Brooklyn. Phone Mansfield 3316.

BAG, lady's, containing sum of money, keys, eyeglasses; reward. Phone Morningside 6310.

BAG, black satin, money, keys, lorgnette, glasses; keep money. Blackman, Cathedral 1066.

BAG—Black, envelope bag, 116th, 7th-8th Ave, Friday, about 6:30; reward. University 4120.

BRIEF CASE, Lexington Av. subway, containing imitation pearls of no great value to finder; but would entail exceptional hardship to loser, who is a working girl; reward. Madison Square 1741.

CANE, with inscription, presented J. H. Elliott, &c., taxi, Madison Square, Tuesday evening; reward. Phone Murray Hill 8179.

GLASSES, Oxford, on Friday, Broadway, between Bretton Hall-86th St.; reward. Return Bunney, 401 Edgecombe Av. Audubon 0882.

LATCH key, with good luck piece on end; reward $10. Murray Hill 3886.

SPECTACLES, shell rimmed, near Riverside and 105th St. Phone Wadsworth 0310.

SUITCASE, initials E. H. Z., containing women's apparel, taken from platform, 5th Av. bus, Tuesday, July 8; liberal reward; no questions asked. Elizabeth Zachry, Lenox 9780.

WALLET—Old wallet, Masonic cards, personal papers, railroad pass, money; suitable reward. Communicate B 164 Times.

WALLET marked D. W. G., containing photos, money. Return to 326 West 58th St.

WALLET, 8th Av. bus, containing keys, money; liberal reward. S 20 Times.

Jewelry.

BAR pin, diamond and platinum, 54th and Madison Av., to Ambassador Hotel, taxi to West 54th, Wednesday evening, July 9; liberal reward. Phone Rhinelander 8839.

BAR PIN—Diamonds and platinum, Madison Square Garden, Hotel Lafayette, or Grand Central Terminal, July 2; reward. Room 2020, 105 East 45th.

BAR PIN, platinum, one diamond, between Hotel Pennsylvania, Bradhurst Theatre, taxi, Thursday, July 10; reward. 80 5th Av.

BRACELET, diamond platinum, June 12, 59 Fentonia, or neighborhood Pennsylvania Hotel, taxicab or Hotel Knickerbocker; reward $95. Tuplis & Harding, 522 5th Av.

BROOCH, diamond horseshoe, vicinity Washington Square or 12th St., Stuyvesant 1653.

EASTERN STAR PIN. Name engraved, Adaline Mosier Brunk; B. R. T., Sunday; reward. W 403 Times.

LOCKET, round, gold, face designed, lost; reward. L. Jerome, 1170 Broadway.

PIN, diamond studded; initials S. M. R.; reward. Room 508, 39 West 34th.

RINGS, diamonds, 4, and 2 brooch, lost July 7, southbound subway train between 168th and Pennsylvania Station; liberal reward for its return; no questions asked. Phone John 3019.

RING, platinum, large diamond surrounded by small ones, Coney Island Wednesday night; very liberal reward. Phone Flatbush 4695 or Becker, Rector 6706.

$250 REWARD
for return of platinum and diamond wristlet watch, engraved on back Jean A. Frazier; lost at Studio Club July 3. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 48th St.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

CAT, gray angora; reward. Keogh, 66 Central Park West.

POLICE DOG, Alsatian, sable and black; owner's name and address on collar; liberal reward for return. B. F. Fitch, 80 Dayton Av., Greenwich, Conn.

POLICE DOG, large; name Baz; since July 6; reward. Shah, 48 Prospect Av., Larchmont. Phone Larchmont 516.

POODLE, white male, July 1; liberal reward. Phone Washington Heights 2142.

FOUND.

LOST, strayed and homeless animals. Bide-a-Wee Home, 410 East 59th.

MAYER CHALLENGES CRITICS OF COURTS

Federal Judge Upholds Right of the Judiciary to Conduct Receiverships.

ASKS BAR FOR SUPPORT

Fourteen Lawyers Praise His Work in New York Railways Receivership.

On the occasion of winding up the receivership of the New York Railways Company in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals yesterday afternoon lawyers for the bondholders, for the creditors, for the claimants of damages and other parties in interest rose, one after another, and paid tribute to Judge Julius M. Mayer for his conduct of the receivership and his services in salvaging some $40,000,000 worth of property from the wreckage of the system.

Lawyers of high standing testified that the work of Judge Mayer was a masterpiece of brilliant business administration and a triumph of judicial workmanship in the disentanglement of overlapping equities, claims and interests which had previously made the affairs of the company an intricate maze.

The lawyers who joined in praising the Court were Frank D. Pavey, Joseph P. Cotton, Samuel Seabury, Edwin S. Sunderland, Mansfield Ferry, Harold A. Content, Charles W. Miller, Bronson Winthrop, Harold C. McCollum, Charles P. Howland, R. K. Prentice, Wilson B. Brice, James D. Ewing and Henry V. Poor.

Judge Mayer Expresses Gratitude.

After the shower of compliments was over Judge Mayer paused for some moments, and then expressed his gratitude. In the course of his address Judge Mayer took occasion to defend the receivership in which vast properties have come under the legal and business direction of United States Judges in New York.

The judicial policy under which great public utilities and other properties worth a large fraction of a billion dollars came under the administration of a few Federal Judges has been criticized recently, and the speeches in praise of Judge Mayer were regarded partly as a reply to these criticisms.

Judge Mayer indirectly discussed these criticisms in his reply. He challenged objectors to work out a system of administering properties in receivership which will separate the business matters from the legal issues so that the Court can concern itself with points of law alone.

Taking up the subject of attacks on courts and judicial policies, Judge Mayer suggested that the bar should interest itself in such attacks and take the responsibility for preventing the public from being misled "by the uninformed."

Court Replies to Criticism.

"When I speak of the uninformed," he continued, "I include two classes as utterly different as the North and South Pole.

"I include the academic student or teacher of the law who knows nothing whatever about practical affairs and who with insufficient data assumes to criticise constructive efforts, and who in his cloistered environment knows nothing whatever of the driving, pulsing life of a great community of which the court is a part when it administers affairs of this character. Then there is the other type, the demagogue, whose main object is to attack and never to build."

Coming to his proposal that the bar should establish machinery for defending judges against ignorant or demagogic attack, Judge Mayer continued:

"My purpose is to emphasize as strongly as I know how that, until some one comes forward with a sounder method of dealing with a subject matter of this character, the bar should not leave the contentious side of the question to the Judge. When a professor of a law school or any other person assumes to pass upon the subject without any knowledge of it, it is time that the bar took it into its hands to protect the courts and the Judges, because the Judge cannot enter into a personal controversy, and the bar has been supine in failing affirmatively to take up the cause of the courts against the academicians, whom I regard as infinitely more dangerous than the demagogues, because you can dispose of the demagogue readily, but the academician has his following of those who do not understand.

"As indicated by my emphasis, I feel very strongly on this subject and I challenge the bar and may perhaps have some part in assisting a little later on, when we have that sort of criticism, from certain quarters, to meet it fully and openly, and not to leave a Judge or set of Judges here or elsewhere to combat what sits plainly fallacious."

Joy E. Hedges, who has been receiver of the New York Railways Company, relinquishes his post this morning and the receivership is terminated except in certain technical respects, in which for legal reasons the receivership must be continued a little longer. Hugh J. Sheeran, assistant to Mr. Hedges, will succeed Mr. Hedges while the technical receivership remains in force.

Defends Judicial Receivership.

In his general defense of the policy of judicial receiverships and of the work of the Federal courts in this city, Judge Mayer said:

"Out of the great mass of receiverships with which the Judges of the United States District Court have dealt, the ones perhaps of the greatest importance are those, first, which had to do with great commercial enterprises whose position was made unfortunate or difficult through the sudden changes of the war, and, secondly, the great utilities not only here but other utilities elsewhere, managed through jurisdictional reasons from the Federal Court here, of which the National Railroad of Haiti is a very interesting and striking example.

"Now, what are courts organised for? They are organized as the last resort, an impartial tribunal where questions of life, liberty and property are involved. No one fails to appreciate the important relations of the courts to life and liberty, but from time to time there are those who fail to understand that property is an important element in the life not only of an individual but of a nation. It is the desire to acquire property, which is one of the mainsprings of human activity, and there is no man of right view and mind so humble who does not at least desire to acquire a home for himself. When, therefore, you move on from this humble man to those who through greater efforts or greater skill acquire more property, you are reaching in one way or another practically every human being in the entire nation.

"Great enterprises are built with money, and the money is the money in one form or another of the people at large. There is the person who directly invests in the property, but even those who do not invest are vitally interested to see that the property is successful so that it may pay its obligations in taxes and in other ways to the nation, the State and the particular governmental subdivision in which that property operates.

Aid for Public Utilities.

"When that property touches the public interest, as do public utilities, it has a very wide relation, as every one knows or should know. When such a property falls into difficulties the main purpose should be to reconstruct it; because the property performs a vital public function, and economists and courts alike appreciate the necessity of keeping in sound financial condition or restoring to sound financial condition any type of property which performs a public service.

"Now, how shall that be done? Those who are familiar with the practical requirements of administration know the value of the work that the courts have done, the great work that has been done in respect of interstate carriers by great Judges, of whom Judge Sanborn, Judge Hook and others are striking examples. In this jurisdiction a great work was done by Judge Lacombe in the old Metropolitan receivership, and he blazed the way in many directions by establishing and developing practices that had to do not only with questions of law as such but also with administrative properties. And my contemporaries have done their full share in this jurisdiction in one direction or another in this important work.

"These affairs are, of course, very burdensome to courts and judges, but courts and judges do not exist to avoid responsibilities or burdens. The theory of paid boards of administrators has been disposed of with many illustrations. Whether such a method would be constitutionally sound is very doubtful, but practically it would be of no real service. You can not select receivers and counsel for receivers by some sort of automatic method; you must have individual entity, and none of the lawyers in this case could have done the work he has done so competently unless all around the circle there had been high equipment in respect of this kind of subject matter.

Upholds Courts in Business.

"I am tempted always when any one has a criticism to the effect that the courts should not deal with business to ask the critic to state a definite method which is better than this tried method of dealing with the subject matter, and I have as yet found nowhere at the hands of any one a concrete suggestion. I have throughout my entire life and now always entertained utter contempt for the critic who is not able to state affirmatively how an alleged evil can be corrected.

"I am imposing on your patience because I want to make this of record. Let us see about the courts. Is there any reason to be ashamed because the courts as a part of their duty do something more in cases of this character than to pass upon questions of law? Is there any finer tribute can be paid to any institution than the tribute that it builds or rescues? If you descend to an almost schoolboy illustration, you are grateful to him who takes something that is in disrepair and restores and rebuilds it. Why wouldn't that same appreciation apply to the court? It has in your case because you understand. But in some quarters it is supposed in some way that the court descends from the bench when it plays its part in helping to build up great properties, and particularly those that are of public usefulness and value."

CITY WINS DISPUTE OVER A BOUNDARY

Court Decides Tax Case Against Hempstead—Much Property Affected.

Justice Leander B. Faber of the Queens Supreme Court yesterday handed down a decision establishing the boundary between the City of New York and the Town of Hempstead. The case decided is that of Elbert J. Decker against the city and the town.

Decker sought to prevent the city from levying taxes on his property, bounded on the north by an inlet of Jamaica Bay, known as Mott Basin, on the west by Bay Street and on the east by property of the Elstone Park Realty Company. Justice Faber finds that the city has a right to levy the taxes, as the Decker property is not within the town.

The decision will affect other properties similarly situated in many localities of the former Village of Far Rockaway.

The city insisted that the boundary line was either the shore line along Mott Basin or some point in the channel north of the shore line. The plaintiff and the Town of Hempstead held that the boundary was that designated as such on the final map of the city, Section 226. The amended charter of the city states that the part of the Town of Hempstead which was annexed to the city was "bounded on the east and north by the east and north bounds of the former Village of Far Rockaway," so that the question at issue was as to the location of the east and north lines of the former Village of Far Rockaway.

HEARST FAILS TO APPEAR.

Disregards Order to Testify Before Trial of Leon $10,000 Suit.

William Randolph Hearst disregarded a Supreme Court order yesterday by failing to testify, before trial, in the suit for $10,000 brought against him by Maurice Leon, a lawyer, for alleged services in procuring for the Hearst papers a restoration of news despatches from France and England in the Spring of 1918. Mr. Hearst's examination was ordered by Supreme Court Justice Frank L. Young, in White Plains, on Thursday.

One hour and ten minutes after the time scheduled for Mr. Hearst's examination before Thomas F. Keenan, a notary public, in the law office of Evarts, Sherman, Choate & Leon, at 60 Wall Street, the non-appearance was noted on the record. After a short hearing, which showed that the court's order had been served upon William A. DeFord, Mr. Hearst's counsel, Mr. Leon announce that he would take steps to have the publisher cited for contempt of court early next week unless Mr. Hearst should make his appearance in the interim.

"I can't quite understand how a man of Mr. Hearst's responsibilities could disobey a court order and lay himself open to a charge of contempt," Mr. Leon said.

After several clerks had testified to the service of the papers, and another had stated that he had searched for Mr. Hearst in the Supreme Court in New York, believing the defendant may have forgotten where his examination was to have been held, Mr. Marsh said:

"We have duly proved the service of this order upon the attorney for the defendant, William Randolph Hearst, and that Mr. Hearst has not appeared here in compliance with this order. I request that you make a certificate that there has been a default on the part of Mr. Hearst to appear, in order that such may be made the basis for a motion to cite Mr. Hearst for contempt or for any other motions that may be made."

In the complaint, Mr. Leon states that he spent the months of March and April, 1918, in attempting to have Great Britain and France restore to the International News Service its mail, wireless and cable privileges which had been denied it since January, 1918. The new rights were obtained in May of the same year. Mr. Leon contends that $10,000 is a "reasonable value" of his services.

In his answer Mr. Hearst denied that the lawyer had the service restored and contended that he never even represented him.

LIQUOR AND CHINESE SEIZED

Smuggling Expedition Halted by Bullets at the Vermont Border.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., July 11.—A rum-running and Chinese smuggling expedition on the Canadian border was broken up by customs officials at Newport, Vt., who stopped two automobiles by revolver shots, it was learned today. Four Chinamen and the two alleged principals of the party were brought to the county jail here, the latter giving their names as Arthur S. Paige and Edward V. St. Aubin, both of Lowell, Mass., were ordered held with the aliens for the Federal Grand Jury next October.

The tires and gasoline tanks of the smugglers' cars were punctured by the customs men's bullets before their capture. Thirty cases of liquor were found in the two cars.

PICTURE OF JOHN W. DAVIS.
Thousands will preserve the life-size portrait of John W. Davis, Democratic Nominee for President, in Sunday's Rotogravure-Picture Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES. It is worth framing.—Advt.

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Wilson's First Nomination

Behind the Scenes at the Democratic Convention of 1912

The July Issue of Current History Magazine contains the inside story of how Woodrow Wilson won his first nomination despite the strong opposition of politicians. F. Parker Stockbridge, the author of this illuminating chapter of political history, managed Mr. Wilson's publicity campaign when he first decided to become a candidate.

Mr. Stockbridge was his intimate and confidential associate. His article shows the entire truth of the entrance into national politics of the Great War President. The turmoil of the present Democratic Convention makes this story of the greatest interest.

A thoroughly critical and brilliant exposure of the menacing evils of *the religious and racial prejudices in the United States*, by the Justice of the Appellate Court of Illinois, Frank Johnston, Jr. This article is followed by another, of equal significance, on the changing conception of government in America, and the departure from the ideals of the Fathers, by the former Attorney General of Alaska, Hon. J. H. Cobb.

Dr. Albert Bushnell Hart, of Harvard University, Chairman of the Current History Board of Associates, writes the story of the Republican Convention, and includes therein *a verbatim copy of the Republican platform.*

The World History of the past month is told by thirteen university professors of history, each of whom specializes in the area assigned to him.

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